## Roll number:

Name:

J. Hime Charth

## MA1150 - Differential Equations

Date: May 27, 2023

Time: 120 minutes, 09:30 AM - 11:30 AM

Maximum Marks 40

Note. Begin writing by making an index on the first page (Q.No and Page numbers in two coloums).

- - (a) Solve the initial value problem:

(3 marks)

- 6y'' y' y = 0, y(0) = 10, y'(0) = 0.
- (b) Find the general solution of ODE:  $x^2y'' 7xy' + 7y = 0$  on  $(0, \infty)$ .
- (c) Suppose that  $\mu(x, y)$  is an integrating factor of ODE  $-y + x \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$ . For every statement below, (2 marks) decide whether they are True or False (No justification required). For each correct answer (+1)mark), wrong answer (-.5 mark), and in case of no attempt (0 mark).
  - (i)  $\mu(x, y)$  must be a function of x only;
  - (ii)  $\mu(x, y)$  must be a function of y only,
  - (iii)  $\mu(x,y)$  must be of the product form P(x)Q(y) only, where P and Q are functions of x and y
  - (iv) None of the above are True.

(4 marks)

Q.2 Answer the following:

(a) Consider the following ODE for y(x):

(4 marks)

$$y' + \sin^2(x+y) = 0.$$

- (i) Is it linear or non-linear?
- (ii) Is it Separable or non-separable?
- (iii) Convert the ODE into IVP by setting the initial condition  $y(x_0) = y_0$  for some  $x_0, y_0 \in \mathbb{R}$ . What can you say about the existence and uniqueness of solutions to the given initial value problem?
- (b) Solve the initial value problem and find the interval of validity:

(3 marks)

$$y' = y^2 \cos x, \quad y(0) = \sqrt{2}$$

(c) Assuming that  $p(x) \not\equiv 0$ , state conditions under which the linear equation

(2 marks)

$$y' + p(x)y = f(x)$$

is separable. If the equation satisfies these conditions, solve it by the separation of variables method.

## 2

Q.3 Answer the following:

- (a) Let A,B,C,D>0 be positive constants with  $B^2>4AC$ . For the following ODE Ay''+By'+Cy=D.
  - (i) Find a particular solution;

(3 marks)

- (ii) Find the general solution y(x),
- (iii) How does y(x) behave when  $x \to +\infty$ .
- (b) Suppose  $f_1(x)$ ,  $f_2(x)$ ,  $g_1(x)$ , and  $g_2(x)$  are continuous on open interval (a,b) and the equations  $y'' + f_1(x)y' + g_1(x)y = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad y'' + f_2(x)y' + g_2(x)y = 0$ have the same solutions on (a,b). Show that  $f_1(x) = f_2(x)$  and  $g_1(x) = g_2(x)$  on (a,b). (4 marks)
- (c) Compute the Wronskian of the given functions  $y_1 = e^x \cos x$  and  $y_2 = e^x \sin x$ . Check whether  $y_1$  and  $y_2$  are linearly independent on  $\mathbb{R}$ .

Q.4 Answer the following:

(a) Solve the initial value problem

$$y'' - 4y' - 5y = 9e^{2x}(1+x), \quad y(0) = 2, \quad y'(0) = -10.$$

(4 marks)

(b) Find  $\phi_1$ ,  $\phi_2$ ,  $\phi_3$  and  $\phi_4$  the first 4 Picard's iterations for the following ODE

$$y' = x + y, \quad y(0) = 0.$$

(3 marks)

Q.5 Answer the following

(a) Find conditions on the constants A, B, C, D, E, and F such that the ODE

$$(Ax^{2} + Bxy + Cy^{2}) dx + (Dx^{2} + Exy + Fy^{2}) dy = 0$$

is exact.

(2 marks)

(b) Find an integrating factor for 
$$(3xy + 6y^2) + (2x^2 + 9xy) \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$
. (4 marks)