Zowe CLI and VSAM

An unlikely, but powerful combination



15 steps



THE CHALLENGE

You interact with the mainframe through a series of transactions. You issue a request to view the jobs, another to view data sets, another to issue a command. Behind the scenes, the open source framework, Zowe, is working to link the mainframe's capabilities with easy-to-use APIs, commands, and libraries. Simply put, you can tap into a Z system from just about anywhere, using a wide variety of tools and platforms.

BEFORE YOU BEGIN

This challenge will make most sense if you've already completed all of the Part 2 challenges, as it uses a little bit of everything from there. Nothing is required, but we will make assumptions about what you know at this point.

MTM> zowe

DESCRIPTION

Welcome to Zowe CLI!

1. INSTALLING ZOWE CLI

We've been using the Zowe Explorer plugin for VS Code throughout this contest, but Zowe does much much more, and is responsible for bringing so much more to the mainframe.

To be clear, you're installing Zowe CLI on your own computer, not on the mainframe. You'll use Zowe CLI to interface with Zowe and z/OSMF which is running on the mainframe, but you'll be driving most of this challenge from your own computer.

Linux users may need to do a bit of exploring to find what works on your specific system, but it should look closer to the Mac steps, just substituting your correct shell profile file.

```
MTM >mkdir ~/.npm-global
MTM >npm config set prefix '~/.npm-global'
MTM >echo "export PATH=~/.npm-global/bin:$PATH" >> .zprofile
MTM >source .zprofile
MTM >npm i -g @zowe/cli
/Users/masterthemainframe/.npm-global/bin/bright -> /Users/master
themainframe/.npm-global/lib/node_modules/@zowe/cli/lib/main.js
/Users/masterthemainframe/.npm-global/bin/zowe -> /Users/masterth
emainframe/.npm-global/lib/node_modules/@zowe/cli/lib/main.js
> @zowe/cli@6.20.0 postinstall /Users/masterthemainframe/.npm-glo
bal/lib/node_modules/@zowe/cli
> node ./scripts/validatePlugins
Since you re-installed Zowe CLI, we are re-validating any plugins
No plugins have been installed into your CLI application.
+ @zowe/cli@6.20.0
added 113 packages from 87 contributors in 15.706s
MTM >
```

2. ZOWE CLI INSTALL FOR MAC

In order to use node packages in the operating system, we need to load them into an .npm-global directory which we can be accessed by regular users. These steps will set that up, tell npm (Node Package Manager) to use it, and include that in the normal list of places it looks for programs to run. For users of MacOS Catalina, these should do the trick.

1: mkdir ~/.npm-global

2: npm config set prefix '~/.npm-global'

3: echo "export PATH=~/.npm-global/bin/:\$PATH" >> .zprofile

4: source .zprofile

5: npm i -g @zowe/cli

```
PS C:\Users\JeffreyBisti> cmd
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.18363.1016]
(c) 2019 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\JeffreyBisti>npm i -g @zowe/cli
C:\Users\JeffreyBisti\AppData\Roaming\npm\bright -> C:\Users\JeffreyBisti\AppData\Roaming\np
e modules\@zowe\cli\lib\main.js
C:\Users\JeffreyBisti\AppData\Roaming\npm\zowe -> C:\Users\JeffreyBisti\AppData\Roaming\npm\
modules\@zowe\cli\lib\main.js
 > @zowe/cli@6.22.0 postinstall C:\Users\JeffreyBisti\AppData\Roaming\npm\node_modules\@zowe\
 > node ./scripts/validatePlugins
Since you re-installed Zowe CLI, we are re-validating any plugins.
No plugins have been installed into your CLI application.
 + @zowe/cli@6.22.0
updated 4 packages in 14.432s
C:\Users\JeffreyBisti>zowe
```

3. NPM SETUP FOR WINDOWS

On Windows, we're first going to switch to cmd from PowerShell, then install zowe zli using npm, the Node Package Manager. This should work for most users, though your output may look slightly different than what you see in the screenshot.

1: type cmd (this will change the shell to cmd from PowerShell)

1: npm i -g @zowe/cli

2: zowe

Still stuck? Hop into the Slack channel for guidance







```
DESCRIPTION

Welcome to Zowe CLI!

Zowe CLI is a command line interface (CLI) that provides a simple streamlined way to interact with IBM z/OS.

For additional Zowe CLI documentation, visit https://zowe.github

For Zowe CLI support, visit https://zowe.org

USAGE

zowe <group>
where <group> is one of the following:
```

4. A FOUR LETTER COMMAND

Now that we're all set up, grab yourself a fresh terminal, and type the command **zowe**. Just like that, all by itself.

You'll get back a description, a listing of command groups, and options. We'll be spending a lot of this challenge going through these command groups, and a lot of them should sound somewhat familiar. Go to <u>zowe.org</u> to learn more.

5. BUILDING PIECE BY PIECE

You've been using the functionality of Zowe to issue commands and do all sorts of things through VS Code. In this challenge, we're just using the standalone CLI component to do things in a different way, which can be useful in some situations.

For example, to see what else can be done in the *console* group, type the command **zowe console** and then hit enter. You can see there is the option to issue commands, as well as collect responses. Those are two more command groups within console.

6. EXAMPLES ARE GOOD DOC

- Submit the JCL in the data set "ibmuser.cntl(deploy)":

- Submit the JCL in the file "iefbr14.txt":

\$ zowe zos-jobs download output JOB00234

an automatically generated directory.:

\$ zowe zos-jobs submit local-file "iefbr14.txt"

- Download all the output of the job with job ID JOB00234 to

- View status and other details of the job with the job ID

\$ zowe zos-jobs submit data-set "ibmuser.cntl(deploy)"

- Submit the JCL in the data set "ibmuser.cntl(deploy)", wait for the job to complete and print all output from the job:

\$ zowe zos-jobs submit data-set "ibmuser.cntl(deploy)" --vasc

Use the command **zowe zos-jobs --help-examples** for a nice listing of zowe commands you can use related to z/OS jobs. The output goes on beyond what's captured in the screenshot above, and there are plenty of variations made available.

We're starting with the basics, don't worry, this will get a little more exciting in just a few more steps.

console.

"TELL ME MORE ABOUT ZOWE. IS THIS AN IBM THING OR....?"

Zowe is an open source project for z/OS, aimed at making the platform more accessible to users who aren't starting out with years and years of mainframe experience. The Zowe project contains contributions from individuals as well as companies in the mainframe community. These include the VS Code plugin, a number of APIs, and the Zowe CLI which you're about to explore.

Zowe is a project of <u>Open Mainframe Project</u>, which is a project managed by the <u>Linux Foundation</u>. It is not an IBM product, though IBM is a contributor and supporter, and continues to advocate for Zowe as a strategic model for bringing new capabilities and users to the mainframe platform.

One of the best ways to get connected to employers and people in-the-know is to pay attention to what's happening in these communities and help out whenever you see an opportunity.



EXAMPLES





7. FORMAT FOR JSON

Enter the command **zowe zos-jobs list jobs**You get back a listing of actively running z/OS jobs that you have access to look at. Kinda neat.

Now, issue the same command with **--rfj** (Response Format JSON) after it. Now you get the FULL output, and the output is in JSON format, which can be much more easily interpreted by programs that handle JSON format.

Read more about JSON below.

"WHAT ABOUT JSON?"

Why do we need JSON when the original output made perfect sense to us?

JSON stands for JavaScript Object Notation, and it's just a way of nesting the attributes of something into an object so it can be fully represented whenever it's accessed. It tends to be a little more lightweight and flexible than another file format with a similar goal you may have heard about, called XML.

In many programming languages, you can simply load in a JSON object, and then use *dot notation* to access the various attributes of that JSON object, saving valuable time when programming, compared with the manual task of writing parsers to extract information from regular output.

```
MTM> zowe zos-files list ds Z99999.ZOWEPS -a
dsname: Z99999.ZOWEPS
blksz: 6160
       MASTERV.CATALOG
        2020/08/28
        3390
dsorg:
       PS
        ***None***
extx:
mvol:
        ***None***
       CYLINDERS
used:
        VPWRKA
        VPWRKA
```

8. ALLOCATE AND LIST

Let's put this to use. Take a look at the *files* command group and use that to allocate (create) a sequential data set named **ZXXXXX.ZOWEPS** (with your own userid, of course)

Then use another zowe cli command to show the attributes of the data set you just created. They should look similar to above.

```
dsname: Z99999.ZOWEPS
blksz: 9600
       CATALOG.ZOS1
cdate: 2020/07/14
       3390
      PS
       ***None***
extx:
lrecl:
       120
       NO
migr:
       N0
      ***None***
recfm:
       FB
       15
sizex:
spacu: CYLINDERS
       VPWRKB
vols:
       VPWRKB
```

9. FULLY CUSTOMIZED

So now you know yet another way of creating and looking at data sets. Thing is, we made that using a default set of values, and one of the great things about data sets is how customizable they are. Delete that data set (with another files command) and use the help (or online documentation at zowe.org) to re-create that sequential data set with some customized attributes.

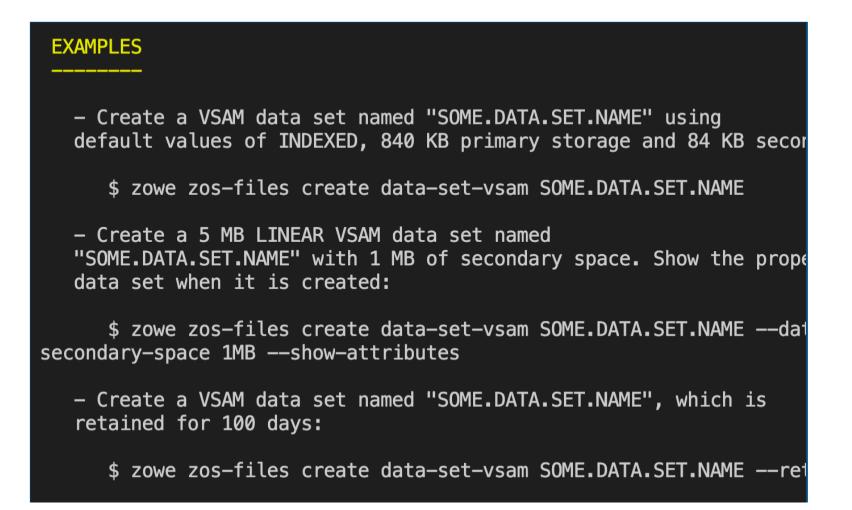
First, we want the Record Size to be 120 instead of the default 80 (we got some long records), and we want a block size of 9600.

When you get it, you'll see a different readout for the Block Size and Record Length (LRECL), like in the screenshot above.









10. THE KEYS TO YOUR DATA

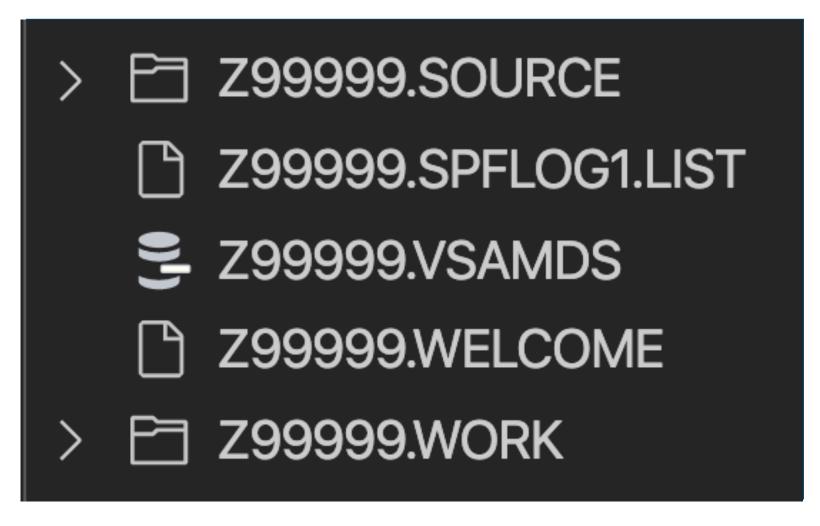
One type of data set you have have seen in the Zowe menus is **VSAM**, and it deserves special attention. VSAM is not used for things like storing JCL or "Welcome to the Mainframe" messages. Its time to shine is when an application needs to access records as quickly and efficiently as possible. In fact, without special software to interpret VSAM files, you can't open them up in a normal editor, but applications happily eat those files right up.

It's all about efficiency in data access. Read more below.

HERE I AM. ALLOCATE ME LIKE VSAM.

VSAM is complicated, and this little grey box is not going to give you years of experience working with VSAM data sets, but it will tell you that if you want that mainframe job, do all the reading and practicing with VSAM data sets that you can. They are a core component of any big mainframe company.

For now, know that there are four main types of VSAM data sets, KSDS (key sequenced), ESDS (entry-sequenced), RRDS (relative record), and Linear (LDS). KSDS and ESDS are the most common, and the difference comes down to how each record gets stored and accessed. KSDS means that you reference a key (like looking up an account number) and getting the information for that account as the record. ESDS stores data in a sequential order, for data that is likely to be read one after the other in a particular order. That's enough for now, but if you're still hungry, here's some more to consider.



11. BUILD A VSAM DATA SET

You're getting good at allocating data sets. Make a VSAM data set called ZXXXXX.VSAMDS on the VPWRKC volume. Refer to the <u>Zowe online help</u> for a guide to the command.

When done, look at its attributes (you know how) and you'll notice something pretty interesting; it looks like there are THREE data sets here. Plus, if you load it up in VS Code, you'll see a snazzy new icon. Curious yet? Let's proceed.

```
1IDCAMS SYSTEM SERVICES

0

REPRO -

INFILE(INPUT) -

OUTDATASET(Z99999.VSAMDS)-

ERRORLIMIT(6)

0IDC0005I NUMBER OF RECORDS PROCESSED WAS 1000

0IDC00001I FUNCTION COMPLETED, HIGHEST CONDITION CODE WAS 0

0

0IDC0002I IDCAMS PROCESSING COMPLETE. MAXIMUM CONDITION CODE WAS 0
```

12. LOAD IT UP WITH RECORDS

Next, we're going to load it up with records. You can use the data in MTM2020.PUBLIC.RECORDS or you can have some fun and make your own. Mockaroo.com has a nice data generator you can try out, though a few notes:

- 1) The first column must be in order
- 2) Omit any blank records/rows
- 3) You'll want leading zeroes for keys, otherwise it may not see them as being in order when you go to import.

Next, grab the text file provided with this challenge, and download it to your personal workstation, placing it in the folder or directory you're currently working from. You'll have to adjust the output data set to point to your VSAM data set.

Then, use **zowe jobs submit If "repro.txt"** to submit that JCL directly from your machine, through the Zowe CLI. You'll get a nice little animation, and a job number. Check that job number and make sure it ran.





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REPRO

z/OS DFSMS Access Method Services Commands SC23-6846-01

The REPRO command performs the following functions:

- Copies VSAM and non-VSAM data sets. » If the data set is a version 2 PDSE with generations, only the current generation of each member is copied. «
- Copies catalogs
- Copies or merges tape volume catalogs
- Splits integrated catalog facility catalog entries between two catalogs
- Splits entries from an integrated catalog facility master catalog into another integrated catalog facility catalog
- Merges integrated catalog facility catalog entries into another integrated catalog facility user catalog.

13. LET'S TAKE INVENTORY

Let's talk about what we just did. The JCL runs <u>IDCAMS</u>, which is primarily used to manage VSAM data sets. Within IDCAMS, we're using the <u>REPRO</u> command to load a sequential data set into a VSAM-formatted data set. There's a LOT of complexity happening here that we don't see, but just like before, there's plenty of opportunity to dial in exactly how you want that copy to happen, including cryptographic parameters.

The data is the same, but it is now structured fundamentally different, indexed by key, and able to be referenced much more efficiently by programs (including ones written in REXX)

In reality, this data is not indexed very well, since each line is its own key, but if we dive into the <u>particulars of building a VSAM cluster</u>, you can see how the keys and record size can be specified.

-LISTING OF DATA	SET -Z9999	99.VSAMI	DS			
0KEY OF RECORD -	0013547197	770 I	HUBERT	DEMONGEOT	87–89971	L83 #D230E7
001354719770	HUBERT	DEMONG	E0T	87-8997183	#D230E7	1GKMCCE34AR94
0KEY OF RECORD -	0013595814	104	AGNESE	FARRANCE	56-411006	50 #9A9D61
001359581404	AGNESE	FARRAN	CE 5	6-4110060	#9A9D61	SCFAB01A76G165
0KEY OF RECORD -	0013621997	763	STEPHEN	TODHUNTE	R 79–5179	9893 #906724
001362199763	STEPHEN	TODHU	NTER	79–5179893	#906724	WBAUT9C57BA3
0KEY OF RECORD -	0013692130	908 I	REAGEN	MCILWRICK	01–14057	738 #619A1B
001369213008	REAGEN	MCILWR:	ICK	01–1405738	#619A1B	JTEBU5JRXF518
0KEY OF RECORD -	0013843801	ا 151	BENNY	LAMBIS	83–6731093	#586AEC 2
001384380151	BENNY L	_AMBIS	83–6	731093 #5	86AEC 2C3	BCCAEG5FH726459
0KEY OF RECORD -	0013983102	239 I	RAHAL	PENNYCORD	14-488197	73 #03E5B3
001398310239	RAHAL F	PENNYC0I	RD 1	4–4881973	#03E5B3	WBAVC73508A963
0KEY OF RECORD -	0013994064	186 <i>i</i>	ARIDATH	A TOSELAN	D 01-9975	5566 #69E914
001399406486	ARIDATHA	T0SE	LAND	01-9975566	#69E914	JM1GJ1T68E11
0KEY OF RECORD -	0014014055	570 (ORALLE	KIMMINS	66-8864767	7 #6198F7
001401405570	ORALLE	KIMMIN	S 66	-8864767	#6198F7 S	SAJWA4GB7EL9541
0KEY OF RECORD -	0014090843	356 I	LYNNE	COLLCOTT	94-7549269	9 #5B0003
001409084356	LYNNE (COLLCOT	T 94	–7549269	#5B0003 1	LB3CC5FB8AN6801
WKEA UE DECUDU -	001/127622	270 1	DOLIN/TNI	ADNIAI DT	05_620/912	2 #00A5/F

14. PRINTING OUT RECORDS

We're going to use one more IDCAMS command to look at our output, the aptly-named PRINT command and check out this example (hint) and pay attention to the CHARACTER parameter (hint hint) if you want your output to look like the above screenshot. You'll be putting together information from several sources here, so think about what you have, and what you want. You want to print out that VSAM data set in character format. Does that help? Don't be afraid to stop by the Slack channel for some help.

zowe files ls ds Z99999.ZOWEPS Z99999.ZOWEPS

zowe files ls ds Z99999.VSAMDS Z99999.VSAMDS.DATA Z99999.VSAMDS.INDEX

zowe files ls ds Z99999.OUTPUT.VSAMPRNT Z99999.OUTPUT.VSAMPRNT

15. MAKE IT COUNT

We've taken quite a journey here today. We started out learning about Zowe CLI features and got an education in VSAM and IDCAMS.

To complete this, we're looking for 3 things:

- 1) Your **ZXXXXX.ZOWEPS** sequential data set
- 2) Your ZXXXXX.VSAMDS VSAM data set
- 3) The first 20 lines of output from your PRINT copy/pasted into a sequential **ZXXXXX.OUTPUT.VSAMPRNT** data set. Make sure to include the header, the information before the data, in that.

NICE JOB! LET'S RECAP

You came into this challenge *probably* not knowing what ZCLI is, and are leaving knowing not only how to get around in Zowe CLI, but a little bit about VSAM and IDCAMS.

You've probably also noticed the level of instruction starting to shift from "here's a command" to "figure this out". Welcome to Level 3, this is how we roll here.

We also aren't going to spell out that you need to submit the CHK job any more. You've figured that out by now, hopefully. We're in Level 3 now, we expect a lot more of you.

NEXT UP...

Now that Zowe CLI is set up, any remaining challenge are up for grabs.





