Question	Set	(Text	FIL)
			Set-

1	'n	
1	1	4
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odd number of lines from toot file - friends . Tet

Au def display - oddLines ():

print (" Displaying odd number of lino:")

display-oddlines()

Or, 8,2, Write a program in python to show world with manimum length from a text file -"Demo.txt"

Aus: def display-Max Word ():

statement 2

statement3

statement 4

#statement 5

print ("Maximum length word &", max_word)
print ("The length of max word s", max)

display_HaxWord ()

maximon length,

(a) len(w)>=max, (b) len(w) (= Max, (c) len(w)>may, (d) 1m() > max

(v) file in blank in statement 5 the file? (a) file. close(), (b) file. Close(), (v file. close(), end ()

print (" The Number of Me/My words so, count)
Count MeMy ()

Scanned with CamScanner

state wout 5

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- B. LOAII in the blank in statements to write the mode to open file
 - (i) fill in the blank in statements to read lines of file / to read lines of file as list,
 - (a) file. readline (), (wfile. readlines (), (v readlines (),
 - is started with P/P-letter,
 - (a) line [0] == 'p', (b) line [0] >= 'p', (c) line [0]= 'p'
 - (iv). fill in the blank in statement 4 to print line of file
 - (a) print (Line), (b) print (line), (c) Print (line)
 (d) Print (Line)
 - (a) file. Closer, (b) file. closer, (e) closer, (e) ends
- Or, 8,2 () fill in the blank in statements to write mode of opening the file (a) a (b) ab (c) w (d) r
 - ata from the file
 - (d) File. Read (), (e) file. read (), (e) file. Read (), (d) read. world e)
 - (iii) fill in the blank in statement 3 to read data world by world,
 - (d) Str. (b) str. Split (), (c) str. split (),
 (d) split. read ()
 - (iv) fill in the blank in state ment 4 which will count total number of word Me or My'

 (a) w == 'Me', w = 'Hy' (b) w == 'me', w == 'Hy', (c) w == 'He', w == 'Hy'

 (d) w = 'Me', w = 'Hy'

(a) file. close (), (b) file. close (), (efile. Closecy, (a) closecy,

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8,1, Same as Set-2, 0-0R, 9,2,
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OY

Q.2, Write a function AMCount () in P4thon, which should read each character of a text file STORY. TXT, should count and display the occurrence of alphabets A and M (including small cases a and m too)

output should be: A or a: 4 M or m; 2

Aus: def AM count ():

file=open ("STORY-TXT") _____ # statement 1 count1 = count2 = 0

str = file. en=""/ch=O for eh in str; # state ment 2

if ch == 'A' or _ count 1 = Count 1 +1

or ch == 'm' : count2 = count2+1

state menta

state ment 3

statement 5

print ("A ora:", count1) print (" M or m: ", count2)

AMCount ()

Set- 9

Bil. Write a program to count the number of upper-case alphabet prisent in text file "PYTHON. TXT"

Aw: - def count Upper ():

ch=""/ch=0
file=Open ("PYTHON.TXT", ____) # statement 1

count = 0

statement 2

str= file.____

for chin str :

: #statement3

statement 4

print (" Number of upper-can alphabet " ", count) countUpper ()

MCQS

00,02 fill in the blank in statement I which specify mode of opening file

(a) a (b) w (1) rb (d) r

- (i) fill in the blank in statement 2 to read data from file (a) file-Read(), (b) file. read(), (c) file. readlinecy (d) file . readlines (), (e) readlines (), (f) readline (g) read ()
 - (iii) fill in the blance in statements which counts the number of character of in file

(a) eh = |a| , (b) ch == 'A' , (1) ch = a' (2) ch == a'

- (10) fill in the blance in statement 4 which counts the number of character 'M' in file (a) ch = 'M' (b) ch >= 'M', (c) ch == 'M', (d) eH == 'M'
- @ fill in the blank in statement 5 to close the file
- (a) File, Close (), (b) file elose (), (c) end(), &) closed

Set-4 HCQO

- Q11, 1 Write mode of opening file in statement 1? (a) a (b) r (c) w (d) ab (e) rb (f) wb (8) rt
 - (i) fill in the blank in statement 2 to read data from the file (a) file. Read (), (b) File. read (), (c) file. read, (d) read. world
 - (ii) fill in the blank in statements which will create a condition to crout
 - (a) eh. Is upper() == true (b) ch. isupper() == False
 - (e) ch. isupper () = True, (a) ch. isupper ()
 - (e) ch. islower () == False
 - @ Write in blank in statement 4 to close file
 - (a) file. end () , (b) file. Close () (c) file. close,
 - (d) file. close ()

Set-4 Q. 2. Write a function which takes on input and output Ov file. It copies all lines which starts with vowels from input file to output file, def copyline Vower (infile, outfile): # state ment ! fin = open (Infile, _) # state ment 2 fout = open (outfile, # statement 3 L=fin. line ": / Line = 0 L: : # statement 9 fout. write (line) # statement 5 # state ment 6 Copy Line Vowel ("story. tut", "story 2. tut") Set-5 Q1, Write a function Longline () that accepts on file name and prints the file's longest line with its length, Ans: def Long Line (file Name) , *file Name = STORY. TXT . file=open (fileName,) # statement 1 str = file. # state ment 2 max = len (str [o]) max_line = str[0] line = " / line = 0 for line in str: # statement 3 max = len (line) max-line = line # statement 9 print (" The long est line: ", max-line) print (" The length of manimum langth line: ", max) Long Line ("STORY, TXT")

- or D2. 1) Write the mode of opening file in statement 1?
 - (a) ab (b) rt (c) r (d) w (e) wt (f) rb
 - (i) Write the mode of opening file in statement 2?
 - las w les r (c) a (d) wt (e) wb (f) rt
 - (ii) fill in the blanks in statements which reads lines/ which reads lives as list from the file,
 - (a) fin. readline (), (b) fin. Readlines (),
 - (e) fin. readlines (), (v fout. readlines ()
 - write in the blank of statement 5 to close the file-infile
 - (a) fout. close (), (b) fin. Close (), (c) fin. close () (d) fin. Close e), (e) close (), (f) end ()
 - fill in the blank in statement 6 to close the file - outfile
 - (a) fout. Close (), (b) fin. close (), (c) fout. elose () (d) close (), (e) end ()
 - (iv) All in the blank in statement 4 that will display all the line starting with vowel (character),
 - (a) Line[0] == "AEIOUaeiou", (b) line[0] In "AEIOUaeia"
 - (c) line[0] in "AEIOUaeiou" (d) line[0] = "AEIOUaeiou"

McQ:

(a) T, (b) Wb, (c) ab, (d) a, (e) Tt, (f) wt, (g) Tb

- (1) file / which read lines as list from file
 - (a) file. Readlines (), (b) file. readlines (),
 - (e) file, readlines (), (e) fil, readline (),
 - (e) file readline
- (ii) fill in the blank in statement 3 which will select

 I line of maximum length from file,

 (a) Len (line) > max (b) len (Line) > = max

 (c) len (line) > = max (d) len (line) > max
 - (d) file. eloxeco, (e) closeco, (d) end co

OY,

and copies all lines that do not start with a lower case letter from first file into second,

rem_Lower ("DIARY.TXT", "DIARY2.TXT")

B, 1, Write a program to display all the records in a file "python. tet" along with line/record number,

Au: def DisplayLine()

f = open ("python.txt",) # statement 1

L = f. # statement 2

for i in rangle (len (L));

print ("Line/Record Number;", i+1,

statement

Displayline ()

or, 0, 2, 1) Write mode of opening the file in statement ? (5) (a) y (b) W (c) a d) rt (e) ab (f) wb (g) rb (11) write mode of opening the second file instatements? (a) a (b) W (c) r (d) wb (e) ab (f) wt (ii) Fill in the blanks in statement 3 to read lines from file/ to read lines of file as list, (a) fin. readlines (), (b) fin. Readlines (), (e) fin. readlines (), (d) fin. readline () (e) fin. read (), (f) fout readlines () (Fill in the blank to write line in second file in statement 4 (a) Fout. Write (line), (b) fout. write (line), (e) fin. write (line), (d) fout. write (Line) (fill in the blank in statement 5 to close the first file (a) fout. close(), (b) fin. close(), (c) fin. Close(), (d) close (), (e) fout. end (), (f) end () (i) fill in the blank in statement 6 to close the second file (a) fin. close(), (b) fout. Close(), (c) Fout. Close(), (d) fout-close (), (e) close(), (f) end()

O,1, (i) Write mode of opening file in statement 1 (a) r, (b) w, (c) a, (a) wb, (e) rt, (f) ab

- (i) fill in the blank in statement 2 to read lines from file/ to read lines of file as list
 - (a) Fin. Readlines (), (b) fin. Readlines (),
 - (c) fin. readlines (), (d) fin. read ()
 - (e) readlines (), (f) fin. readline ()
- (ii) fill in the blank in statement 3 to print odd line from file
 - (a) e[i], (b) L[i], (e) L[1], (d) L(i)
- (in) fill in the blank in statement 4 to close the file
 - (a) F. closec), (b) F. close (), (c) f. close (),
 - (d) f. elose (), (e) dose (), (f) end ()

Or, 0,2 A text file "PYTHON. TET" contains alphanumeric text. Write a program text reads this text file and prints only the numbers or digits in the file

ANS !

Metaod-1:

def Display Digit ():

f = open ("PYTHON. TXT",) # statement 1 str = f. # statement 2

wl = # statement 3

print (" Pisplaying only numbers/digits of file: ")

w=" "/w=0

for w in wl:

for chin w:

print (ch) # statement 5

Display Digit ()

Method -2 :

dof Display Digit ():

f = open (" PYTHON. TXT", "x")

str= f. read ()

print (" pisplaying only number digits of files")
ch=" " / ch=0
for chin str :

if ch. is digit () == True:

print (ch)

f. close ()

Display Digit ()

Or, 8,2, method-1-program-

(1) Write mode of opening file in statement1 (e) r, (b) a, (c) w, (d) rb, (e) rt, (f) ab, (8) wt

(ii) Fill in the blank in statement 2 to read data from file (a) file. Read (), (b) file. read (), (c) file. read (), (d) file readline (), (e) file, readlines ()

(ii) fill in the blank in statement 3 to read data word by word from file,

(a) Str. Split (), (b) str. Split (), (c) str. split (), (d) split. word ()

(iv) fill in the blank in statement 4 which will print digit from file

(a) w. digit () == True, (b) w. is digit ()

(c) w. is digit = True, (d) W. isdigit () = = True

(e) w. isdigit = false

@ All inter blank in statements to close the file (in statements to close the Tite () f. close (),
(a) F. close (), (b) f. Close (), (d) close (), (e) end () Oil Write a function that takes in two text film and copies all lines from first file to second, baring the lines starting with "a",

Ans: def CopyLine (infile, outfile):

fin = open (infile, _____) # statement 1

fout = open (outfile, _____) # statement 2

L = fin.

line = " / line = 0

for line in L :

if line [o] = = "A" or # statement 3

fout.

#statement of

Copyline ("STORY1-TXT", "STORY2-TXT")

0,2, write a program to count the words "to" and "the" present in a text file "pythen: text"

Ans: def Count-Word C):

W=" "/w=0

file=open ("python.txt",) #statement 1

str=file. # statement 2

statement 3

C1 = C2 = 0

for w in wl:

C1 = C1 + 1

if or #statement 6

print ("Number of word to/Toe", c)
print ("Number of word the/The!", (2)

Count Word ()

04

- OA (b) Y (OW (d) It (e) ab (f) WE (g) Wb (h) at
 - (ii) Write the mode of opening second file-outfile in statement 2 (a) W (b) wt (c) a (d) r (e) rt (p) rb (g) wb (h) ab
 - (iii) fill in the blank in statement 3 which read lines from the first file / which read lines as list from file
 - (a) Fin. Readlines (), (b) Fin. readlines (),
 - (fin. Readlines (), (Fin. readline (),
 - (e) fin. readlines (), (9) fout. readlines ()
 - (iv) fill in the blank in statement 4 which displays lines starting with 'a from file
 - (a) Line[0] == a', (b) Line[0] = a,
 - (e) Line [o] == à', (d) Line [o] == À'
 - (e) line[1] == 'a'
 - (v) Fill in the blank to write line starting with 'A'/a' from first infile to second file outfile in statement 5
 - (a) Fout. write (line), (b) fout. Write (Line)
 - (e) fin. write (line), (d) fout. write (line)
 - (d) write (line)
 - (VI) fill in the blank is in statement to close first file-
 - (a) Fout. close (), (b) fout. alose (),
 - (e) fin. close (), (d) fin. close (),
 - (e) finelose (), (f) fine end (),
 - (vii) fill in the blank in statement 7 to close the second file outfile
 - (a) Fout. close (), (b) fout. close (),
 - (c) fin. close (), (d) close (,, (e) end ()

- or, 8,2 Write mode at opening file in + statement 1 (8)(a) a (b) r (o rt (d) ab (e) wb (f) at (g) wt
 - (ii) fill in the blang in statement 2 to read data from file (a) File. Read (), (b) file. Read (), (e) file. read (). (d) file. readline (), (e) file. readlines ()
 - (iii) fill in the blank in statement 3 to read the data word by word
 - (a) Str. split (), (b) Str. split (), () str. Split (), (d) str. split(), (e) siplit. read ()
 - (N) fill in the blank in statement 4 which will count the number of word 'to' to in the file
 - (a) W == 'To', W == to', (b) W = To', w = 'to',
 - (e) w == to', w == to', w == to', w == To' (e) w=(to', w==(to'
 - (1) fill in the blank in statements which will count the number of world 'The' / 'the' in the file
 - (a) W == 'The', W == 'to', (b) W = The, w= the
 - (e) W>= The, w== the, d) w== The, w== the,
 - (e) w == 'the', w == 'The'
 - (vi) fill in the blank in statement 6 to close the file
 - (a) file. Close (), (b) file. close (), (c) file. Close (),
 - (d) file-close(), (e) close(), (f) end()

O.I. Write a function word4() in python that displays 4 letter words present in a tent file "myfile-test"

Aus: def word4 ():

Word4 ()

8,2 - Write a python function word3() that displays
3 letter words in a text file "myfile.txt")

L. same on 8,1,

a text file "story. txt"

Aus: def filterWord5():

court = 0

for win we:

print (" Number of 5 letter words & count)

FilterWord 50)

Q.I.D. write mode of opening file in statement 1 (a) + (b) +b (c) a (d) W (e) wt (f) +t (8) at, (h) wb

- (i) All in the blank in statement 2 which will read data from file
 - (a) File. Read (), (b) File. read (), (c) file. read (),
 - (d) file. Read (), (e) file-readlines, (f) file. readlines()
- All in the blank in statement 3 to read data of (iii) file world by world
 - (a) Str. Split (), (b) str. Split (), (c) str. split (), (d) str. split (), (e) split . word e)
- (iv) fill in the blank in statement 4 which will display the word having a characters,
 - (a) len (w) = 4, (b) len (w) >= 4, (c) len (w) <= 4,
 - (d) len (w) == 4, (e) Len (w) == 4
 - 11 in the blank in statement 5 to close the file (a) File. Close (), (b) File. closec), (e) file. Close (), (d) file.close (), (e) close(), (f) file. end ()

set-8 Mca:

- Or, Q.3, (i) Write mode of opening file in statement 1 (a) w, (b) a, (e) r, (d) wb, (e) at, (f) rt, (g) ab
 - (i) fill in the blank in statement 2 to read data from file (a) F. Read (), (b) F. read (), (c) f. Read (), (d) foread (), (e) foread line (), (f) foread lines ()
 - (iii) fill in the blank in statement3 to read data word by word
 - (a) Str. Split(), (b) str. Split(), (c) str. split(), (d) split. word ()
 - (i) fill in the blank in statement of which displays the word having
- (a) len (W) == 3, (b) len (w) = 3, (c) len (w) == 3, (d) len (w)>=3, (e) 1en () == 3, (f) Len(w) == 3

(a) F. Close (), (b) f. Close (), (c) f. close (),
(d) f. end (), (e) close (), (f) end ()

10

Q11, Your teacher has given you a method / function filter Words () in python which read lines from text files NewsLetter. TXT, and displays those words, which are lesser than 4 characters

Aw! def filk, Words ():

filterWords ()

- a, 1, (1) Write mode at opening file in statements.
 - From the file
 - (a) file. Reade), (b) file. read(), (e) read. lines(),
 (d) readlines()
 - (a) Line. Split(), (b) Line. split, (c) line. split(),

 (d) split. word()
 - (a) len(e) == 4, (b) len(e)>=4, (c) len(e)<=4,