

Ques 1 Adam is working in a IT company. He has been given a task to reduce the load of a system by killing some of the run in linux operating system which commands will he use?

- (a) Kill Processes by name
- (b) Kill a process based on the process name
- (c) Kill a single process at a time with the given process ID.

① `Ps -ef :-` To display all running processes in system

② `Killall Process-name:-` Kill all running with given name

③ `Pkill Process name:-` Kill processes by matching their name or pattern.

④ `Kill PID :-` Safely terminates one specific process.

⑤ `Kill -9 :-` forcefully kill a process (used ~~if it~~ when it is stuck)

⑥ `Sleep 300 & :-` To create a dummy process for testing

⑦ `killall sleep :-` To terminate all process with the same name.

Ques 2 write a program for process creation in C.

a) Orphan Process

① Orphan process:- created when the parent process terminates before the child process. the child process continues execution and is adopted by the system.

② nano orphan.c \Rightarrow To create and write a C program for orphan process.

③ gcc orphan.c -o orphan \Rightarrow To compile the C program.

④ ./orphan \Rightarrow To execute the compiled program.

⑤ ps -ef | grep orphan \Rightarrow To verify the running orphan process.

b) Zombie process:-

① zombie process:- created when the child process terminates but the parent process does not call wait(). The child remains in the zombie state until the parent exits.

② nano zombie.c \Rightarrow To create the zombie process program.

- ① `gcc zombie.c -o zombie` \Rightarrow To compile the zombie program.
- ① `./zombie` \Rightarrow To execute the zombie process program.
- ① `ps -el | grep z` \Rightarrow To check the zombie process status.

Ques 3 create the process using `fork()` system call

- Child Process creation
- Parent Process creation
- PPID and PID

① `fork()` \Rightarrow This is used to create a new process. After `fork()`, both parent and child process execute independently.

① `nano . fork.c` \Rightarrow To create a C program using `fork()`

① `gcc fork.c -o fork` \Rightarrow To compile the fork program

① `./fork` \Rightarrow To execute the program and observe parent and child processes

① PID \Rightarrow Process ID which is a unique number assigned to each running process by a operating system.

② PPID \Rightarrow ~~Parent~~ Parent process ID which is the process ID of the parent process that created the current process.