```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
void bubbleSort();
void insertionSort();
void selectionSort();
void mergeSort();
void quickSort();
void display(int,int []);
int linearSearch();
int binarySearch();
void MergeSort(int [],int );
void Merge(int [],int [],int, int [],int);
void sort(int [],int ,int );
int partition(int [],int ,int);
int BinarySearch(int[], int, int, int );
int main() {
  int choice:
  bool check=true:
```

```
cout << "1. Bubble Sort " << endl:
cout << "2. Insertion Sort " << endl:
cout << "3. Selection Sort " << end !:
cout << "4. Merge Sort " << endl;
cout << "5. Quick Sort " << end !;
cout << "6. Linear Sort " << end !:
cout << "7. Binary Sort " << endl;
cout << "8. Exit " << end !:
while(check){
   cout << "Enter the choice: ":
  cin>>choice:
  switch (choice){
     case 1:
         bubbleSort();
        break:
     case 2:
        insertionSort();
        break:
```

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case 3:
          selectionSort();
          break:
       case 4:
          mergeSort();
          break;
       case 5:
          quickSort();
          break;
       case 6:
          if(linearSearch()!=-1)
            cout << "Number is present at:
"<<li>!"<<li>!"<<endl;</td>
          else
                  cout << "Number is not
present "«endl;
          break:
       case 7:
```

```
if(binarySearch()!=-1)
            cout << "Number is present at:
"<<binarySearch()<<endl;
          else
                  cout << "Number is not
present "«endl;
          break:
       case 8:
          check= false:
          break:
       default:
          cout << "Enter correct choice: ";
  return 0:
void bubbleSort(){
  int temp, count=1;
```

```
int size:
cout << "Enter the size: ":
cin>>size:
int list[size];
cout << "Enter list to be sorted: " << endl;
for(int i=0;i<size;i++)</pre>
   cin>>list[i];
cout << "Before Sorting: " << endl;
for(int i=0;i<size;i++){</pre>
 cout<<li>t[i]<<" ";
}while(count!=size){
count=1:
for(int i=1;i<size;i++){</pre>
   for(int j=i-1;j<i;j++){
       if(list[j]>list[i]){
          temp=list[j];
          list[j]=list[i];
          list[i]=temp;
```

```
} else
                count++;
 cout << "\nBy Bubble Sort: " << endl;
  display(size, list);
void display(int size,int arr[]){
  for(int i=0;i<size;i++){</pre>
     cout<<arr[i]<<" ";
  cout << endl:
}
void insertionSort(){
  int size;
  cout << "Enter the size: ":
  cin>>size;
```

```
int list[size];
cout << "Enter list to be sorted: " << endl;
for(int i=0;i<size;i++)</pre>
   cin>>list[i];
  int temp;
for(int i=1;i<size;i++){</pre>
for(int j=0;j<i;j++){</pre>
 if(list[j]>list[i]){
   temp=list[i];
  for(int k=i;k>j;k--){
    list[k]=list[k-1];
         list[j]=temp;
cout << "\nBy Insertion Sort: " << endl;
display(size, list);
```

```
void selectionSort(){
  int size,min,temp,pos=0,count=0;
  cout << "Enter the size: ":
  cin>>size;
  int list[size];
  cout << "Enter list to be sorted: "<< endl:
  for(int i=0;i<size;i++)</pre>
     cin>>list[i];
  for(int i=0;i<size;i++){</pre>
     min=list[i];
  for(int k=i;k<size-1;k++){</pre>
        if(min>list[k+1]){
           min=list[k+1];
           pos=k+1;
           count=1;
     }if(count!=0){
```

```
count=0;
     temp=list[i];
     list[i]=min;
     list[pos]=temp;
     cout << "After " << i << "loop" << endl;
     display(size, list);}
  }
  display(size, list);
void mergeSort(){
  int size:
  cout << "Enter the size: ";
  cin>>size:
  int list[size];
  cout << "Enter list to be sorted: " << end |;
  for(int i=0;i<size;i++)</pre>
     cin>>list[i];
  MergeSort(list, size);
```

```
void MergeSort(int *A,int n) {
  int mid,i, *L, *R;
  if(n < 2) return; // initial condition.
  mid = n/2; // find the mid index.
 // create left and right subarrays
 // mid elements (from index 0 till
mid-1) should be part of left sub-array
  // and (n-mid) elements (from mid to
n-1) will be part of right sub-array
 L = (int*)malloc(mid*sizeof(int));
 R = (int*)malloc((n-mid)*sizeof(int));
 for(i = 0; i<mid; i++) L[i] = A[i]; //
creating left subarray
 for(i = mid;i<n;i++) R[i-mid] = A[i]; //
creating right subarray
  MergeSort(L,mid); // sorting the left
subarray
```

```
MergeSort(R,n-mid); // sorting the
right subarray
  Merge(A,L,mid,R,n-mid); // Merging L
and R into A as sorted list.
 free(L);
 free(R);
void Merge(int *A,int *L,int
leftCount,int *R,int rightCount) {
  int i,j,k;
 // i - to mark the index of left
aubarray (L)
 // j - to mark the index of right
sub-raay (R)
 // k - to mark the index of merged
subarray (A)
  i = 0; j = 0; k = 0;
 while(i<leftCount && j< rightCount) {</pre>
```

```
if(L[i] < R[j]) A[k++] = L[i++];
     else A[k++] = R[j++];
  while(i < leftCount) A[k++] = L[i++];
  while(j < rightCount) A[k++] = R[j++];</pre>
  display(leftCount+rightCount,A);
}
void quickSort(){
  int size:
  cout << "Enter the size: ";
  cin>>size:
  int list[size];
  cout << "Enter list to be sorted: " << endl;
  for(int i=0;i<size;i++)</pre>
     cin>>list[i];
  sort(list,0,size-1);
}
int partition(int arr[], int low, int high){
```

```
int pivot = arr[high];
  int i = (low-1); // index of smaller
element
  for (int j=low; j<high; j++){
     // If current element is smaller than
or
     // equal to pivot
     if (arr[j] <= pivot){</pre>
       <u>i++</u>;
       // swap arr[i] and arr[j]
        int temp = arr[i];
       arr[i] = arr[j];
       arr[j] = temp;
  // swap arr[i+1] and arr[high] (or pivot)
  int temp = arr[i+1];
  arr[i+1] = arr[high];
```

```
arr[high] = temp;
  return i+1;
void sort(int arr[], int low, int high){
  if (low < high){
    /* pi is partitioning index, arr[pi] is
      now at right place */
     int pi = partition(arr, low, high);
    // Recursively sort elements before
    // partition and after partition
    sort(arr, low, pi-1);
    sort(arr, pi+1, high);
  display(high+1,arr);
int linearSearch(){
  int size:
  cout << "Enter the size: ":
```

```
cin>>size:
  int list[size];
  cout << "Enter the sorted list " << endl;
  for(int i=0;i<size;i++)</pre>
     cin>>list[i];
  int num:
  cout << "Enter the number to be
searched: ":
  cin>>num:
  for(int i=0;i<size;i++){</pre>
     if(list[i]==num) {
        return i+1;
  return -1;
int binarySearch(){
  int size:
```

```
cout << "Enter the size: ":
  cin>>size:
  int list[size];
  cout << "Enter the sorted list "<< endl:
  for(int i=0;i<size;i++)</pre>
     cin>>list[i];
  int num:
  cout << "Enter the number to be
searched: ":
  cin>>num:
 return BinarySearch(list, 0, size - 1,
num);
}
int BinarySearch(int arr[], int I, int r, int
x){
  if (r>=1){
     int mid = 1 + (r - 1)/2;
     // If the element is present at the
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// middle itself
    if (arr[mid] == x)
       return mid:
    // If element is smaller than mid,
then
    // it can only be present in left
subarray
    if (arr[mid] > x)
       return BinarySearch(arr, I, mid-1,
x);
    // Else the element can only be
present
    // in right subarray
    return BinarySearch(arr, mid+1, r,
x);
  // We reach here when element is not
present
```

```
// in array
return -1;
}
```