

Probability & Random Variables

AI1110

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Question

I toss three coins together. The possible outcomes are no heads, 1 head, 2 heads and 3 heads. So, I say that probability of no heads is $1/4$. What is wrong with this conclusion?

Solution

\Rightarrow Assuming the coin tosses to be independent

The narrator of the Question has concluded that the probability of the no heads(zero heads) is $\frac{1}{4}$, by assuming that it is one of the four possibilities :
{no heads, 1 head, 2 heads and 3 heads}

But his/her assumption is wrong because it does not cover the entire sample space of three coin tosses.

Let P be the probability of no heads in the outcome.

To find the probability of no heads we need to find out the sample space of three coin tosses.

That is :

{*HHH, HHT, HTH, THH, TTT, TTH, THT, HTT*}

\Rightarrow Probability of no heads = $\frac{\text{number of outcomes with no head}}{\text{total number outcomes}}$

$\Rightarrow P = \frac{1}{8}$