

Assignment 8

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Question

Let x be a negative binomial random variable with parameters r and p . Show that as $p \rightarrow 1$ and $r \rightarrow \infty$ such that $r(1-p) \rightarrow \lambda$, a constant, then

$$\Pr(x = n + r) \rightarrow e^{-\lambda} \frac{\lambda^n}{n!}$$

where $n=0,1,2,\dots$

Solution

We know that

$$\Pr(X = k) = \binom{k-1}{r-1} p^r q^{k-r} \quad (1)$$

where $k=r, r+1, \dots$

Let $k=n+r$ so that

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Pr(X = n + r) &= \binom{n+r-1}{r-1} p^r q^n \\
 &\text{where } n=0,1,2,\dots \\
 &= \frac{(n+r-1)!}{(n)!(r-1)!} p^r (1-p)^n \\
 &= \frac{(n+r-1)(n+r-2)\dots(r)}{n!} \frac{\{r(1-p)\}^n p^r}{r^n} \\
 &= \frac{\lambda^n}{n!} \left\{ \left(1 + \frac{n-1}{r}\right) \dots (1) \right\} \left\{ 1 - \frac{r(1-p)}{r} \right\}^r \\
 &= \frac{\lambda^n}{n!} \left\{ \prod_{k=1}^n (1 + (n-k)r) \right\} \left(1 - \frac{\lambda}{r} \right)^r \quad (2)
 \end{aligned}$$

Now,

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{r \rightarrow \infty} \Pr(X = n + r) &= \frac{\lambda^n}{n!} \left\{ \lim_{r \rightarrow \infty} \prod_{k=1}^n \left(1 + \frac{n-k}{r} \right) \right\} \lim_{r \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{\lambda}{r} \right)^r \\ &= \frac{\lambda^n}{n!} \times 1 \times e^{-\lambda}\end{aligned}\quad (3)$$

So,

$$\Pr(x = n + r) \rightarrow e^{-\lambda} \frac{\lambda^n}{n!}$$

as $p \rightarrow 1$ and $r \rightarrow \infty$

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E:\>python assignment_8_AI1110.py  
lmda**5*exp(-lmda)/120
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Figure: python output