MAD & PWA LAB EXP- 6

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Set Up Firebase with Flutter for iOS and Android Apps

<u>Firebase</u> is a great backend solution for anyone that wants to use authentication, databases, cloud functions, ads, and countless other features within an app.

In this article, you will create a Firebase project for iOS and Android platforms using Flutter.

Prerequisites

To complete this tutorial, you will need:

- A Google account to use Firebase.
- Developing for iOS will require XCode.
- To download and install Flutter.
- To download and install <u>Android Studio</u> and <u>Visual Studio Code</u>.
- It is recommended to install plugins for your code editor:
 - o Flutter and Dart plugins installed for Android Studio.
 - o Flutter extension installed for Visual Studio Code.

Creating a New Flutter Project

This tutorial will require the creation of an example Flutter app.

Once you have your environment set up for Flutter, you can run the following to create a new application:

flutter create fooddeliveryapp

Navigate to the new project directory:

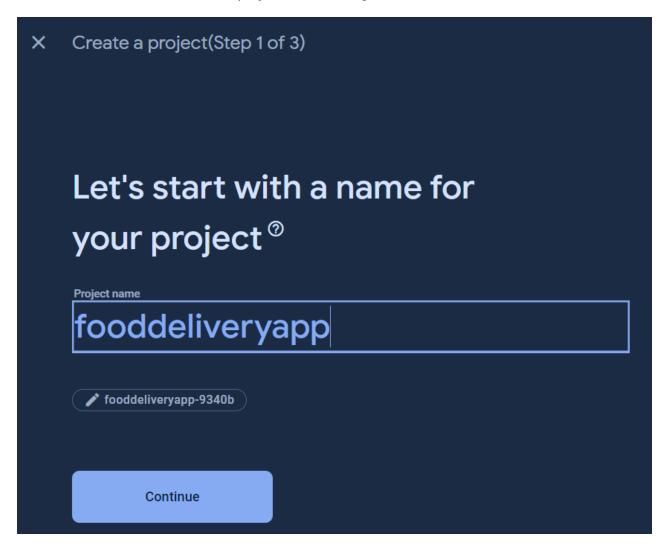
cd fooddeliveryapp

Using flutter create will produce a demo application that will display the number of times a button is clicked.

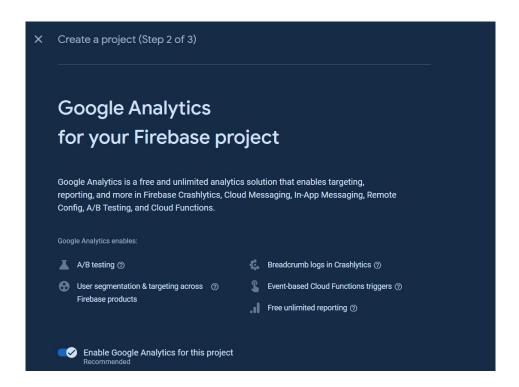
Now that we've got a Flutter project up and running, we can add Firebase.

Creating a New Firebase Project

First, log in with your Google account to manage your Firebase projects. From within the Firebase dashboard, select the Create new project button and give it a name:

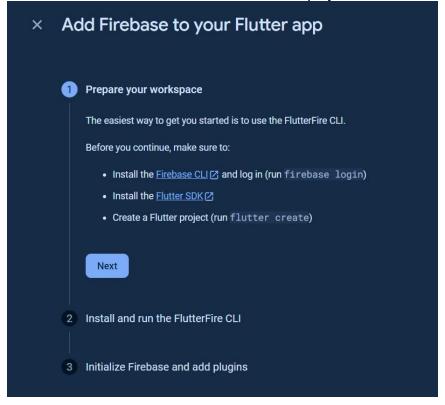


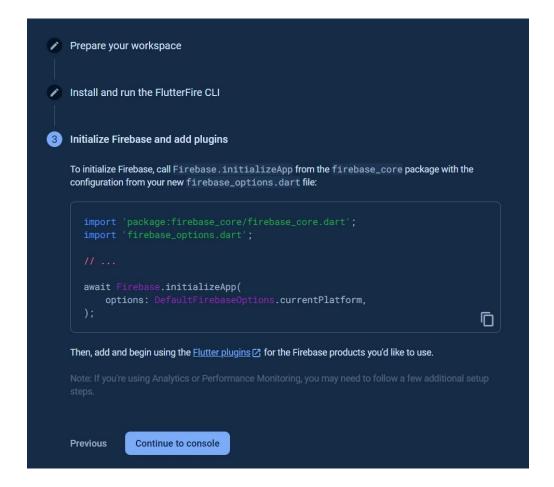
Next, we're given the option to enable Google Analytics. This tutorial will not require Google Analytics, but you can also choose to add it to your project.



if you choose to use Google Analytics, you will need to review and accept the terms and conditions prior to project creation.

After pressing Continue, your project will be created and resources will be provisioned. You will then be directed to the dashboard for the new project.





Adding Android support:

Registering the App

The most important thing here is to match up the Android package name that you choose here with the one inside of our application.

The structure consists of at least two segments. A common pattern is to use a domain name, a company name, and the application name:

```
com.example.fooddeliveryapp
```

Once you've decided on a name, open android/app/build.gradle in your code editor and update the applicationId to match the Android package name:

```
android/app/build.gradle
...
defaultConfig {
    // TODO: Specify your own unique Application ID
(https://developer.android.com/studio/build/application-id.html).
    applicationId 'com.example. fooddeliveryapp
'
...
```

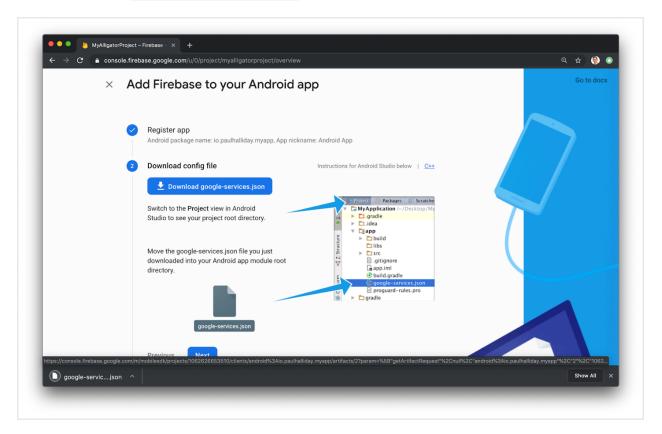
```
}
```

You can skip the app nickname and debug signing keys at this stage. Select Register app to continue.

Downloading the Config File

The next step is to add the Firebase configuration file into our Flutter project. This is important as it contains the API keys and other critical information for Firebase to use.

Select Download google-services.json from this page:



Next, move the google-services.json file to the android/app directory within the Flutter project.

Adding the Firebase SDK

We'll now need to update our Gradle configuration to include the Google Services plugin.

Open android/build.gradle in your code editor and modify it to include the following:

```
android/build.gradle
buildscript {
  repositories {
    // Check that you have the following line (if not, add it):
```

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```
google() // Google's Maven repository
}
dependencies {
    ...
    // Add this line
    classpath 'com.google.gms:google-services:4.3.6'
}

allprojects {
    ...
    repositories {
        // Check that you have the following line (if not, add it):
        google() // Google's Maven repository
    ...
}
```

Finally, update the app level file at android/app/build.gradle to include the following:

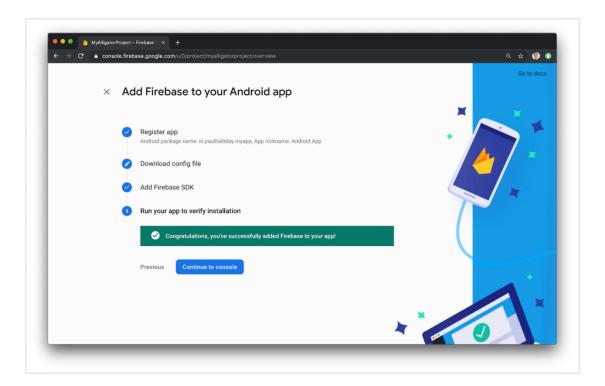
```
android/app/build.gradle
apply plugin: 'com.android.application'
// Add this line
apply plugin: 'com.google.gms.google-services'

dependencies {
    // Import the Firebase BoM
    implementation platform('com.google.firebase:firebase-bom:28.0.0')

    // Add the dependencies for any other desired Firebase products
    // https://firebase.google.com/docs/android/setup#available-libraries
}
```

With this update, we're essentially applying the Google Services plugin as well as looking at how other Flutter Firebase plugins can be activated such as Analytics.

From here, run your application on an Android device or simulator. If everything has worked correctly, you should get the following message in the dashboard:



My Dependencies used in Food Delivery app using Firebase in Pubspec.yaml

```
versions available, run
dependencies:
  flutter:
   sdk: flutter
  curved_navigation_bar: ^1.0.3
  firebase_core: ^2.25.4
  firebase_auth: ^4.17.4
  cloud_firestore: ^4.15.4
  flutter_stripe: ^10.0.0
  random_string: ^2.3.1
  shared_preferences: ^2.2.2
  image_picker: ^1.0.7
 ●firebase_storage: ^11.6.5
  cupertino_icons: ^1.0.2
  http: ^1.2.0
dev_dependencies:
  flutter_test:
    sdk: flutter
```

Conclusion

In this experiment, we learned how to set up and ready our Flutter applications to be used with Firebase.

Flutter has official support for Firebase with the <u>FlutterFire</u> set of libraries.