Hsynchronous Java Script

@code With Simman

we don't have the clata right away JavaScript is a single threaded language, it knows nothing of the Dutside world

Promises

A promise is an object that may produce a single value sometime in the future.

either a resolved value

or a reason why it's not resolved/rejected

3 states of a promise

* fulfilled

* pending

* rejected

But, we already have callbacks, why promises? Promises were introduced in ESG and are a bit more powerful, let's see how

Create a promise:-

takes a parameters either resolve/reject

new promise const promise = new Promise ((resolve, reject)=) { if (some Condition) resolve ("worked") else reject ("something went wrong")

create

```
How to run the promise?
               2) get the result & code With Simran
 promise. then (result =) console log(result));
Once promise is resolved
                                 3) use the result
     or rejected
Output: worked (assuming some condition is true)
Chaining in Promises:- > Samas & return results + 33
   promise. then (result1 =) result1 + (2)
   · then (result 2 => console log (result 2))
    worked
 Explanation: the first then() gave us the result
      and it got passed on the to second . then()
     This in chaining in promises.
  What if an error occurs in any of . then()?
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  promise
     .then (...)
      ·then(···)
                             you can catch the error.
                             using catch
      itnen (...)
      · catch (()=) console. (og('error'));
  · catch will only catch error of · then () & before it.
  Af you have . then () after . catch () it wont a catch
  the error [Try adding throw throw in . then []
```





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Promises are great for asynchronous programming
* we cant store a promise in a variable
* we can doithen () on a promise which can
   get executed when the promise returns
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  Combining promises:
  const promise1 = new Promise ((resolve, reject) =) {
           set Timeout (resolve, 500, 'Hi P1')
  const promise 2 = new Promise ((resolve, reject) +) &
          set Timeout (resolve, 1000, 'HiPa')
  const Promise_3 = new Promise (cresolve, reject) =) {
         set Time out L resolve, 5000, 'Hi P3')
  To combine all these promises, we can use Promise all
   Promise.all ([promise1, promise2, promise3])
         ·then ((values >> { console.10g(values); })
  * It takes an array of promises as an arrangument
   > ["Hi P1", "Hi P2", "Hi P3"]
   A Returns an array of resolved values
** This result is returned after 5000 ms
```

