Lab cycle 2

1) Write a PL/SQL code to accept the text and reverse the given text. Check the text is palindrome or not

```
Code:

DECLARE s VARCHAR2(10) :=

'malayalam'; l VARCHAR2(20); t

VARCHAR2(10);

BEGIN

FOR i IN REVERSE 1..Length(s)

LOOP l := Substr(s, i, 1); t := t ||''||l;

END LOOP;

IF t = s THEN

dbms_output.Put_line(t ||''||' is palindrome');

ELSE

dbms_output.Put_line(t ||''||' is not palindrome');

END IF;

END;
```

Output:

2) Write a program to read two numbers; If the first no > 2nd no, then swap the numbers; if the first number is an odd number, then find its cube; if first no < 2nd no then raise it to its power; if both the numbers are equal, then find its sqrt.

```
Code:
DECLARE a INTEGER
 :=5; b INTEGER
 :=4; temp
 INTEGER:=0; c
 INTEGER; d
 INTEGER :=2;
 cube INTEGER;
BEGIN
 IF a > b THEN
   temp :=a;
   a :=b; b :=
   temp;
   DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('After the swapping the a value is '||a ||' and b value is '||b);
   IF MOD(b,d) !=0 THEN cube
    :=a* a * a;
    DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('cube of a is:'||cube);
   ELSE
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('The first number is even:');
   END IF;
 ELSIF a < b THEN
   c :=a **b;
   DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('power is:'||c);
 ELSIF a =b THEN
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('sqare root of a is:'||(SQRT(a)));
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('sqare root of b is:'||(SQRT(b)));
```

END IF;

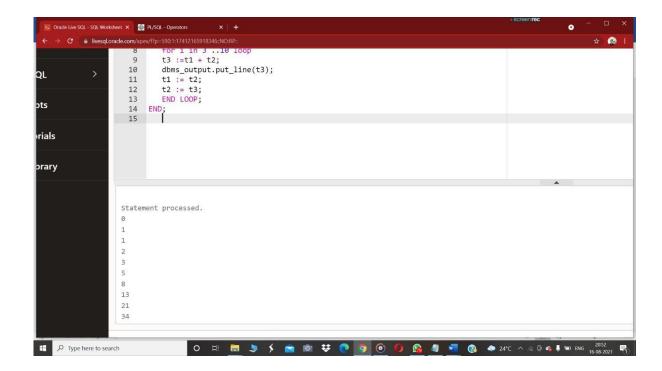
Output:

```
Statement processed.

After the swapping the a value is 4 and b value is 5 cube of a is:64
```

3) Write a program to generate first 10 terms of the Fibonacci series.

```
Code:
DECLARE t1 NUMBER
    :=0; t2 NUMBER
    :=1; t3 NUMBER
    ;
BEGIN
    dbms_output.put_line(t1);
    dbms_output.put_line(t2);
    for i in 3 ..10 loop
    t3 :=t1 + t2;
    dbms_output.put_line(t3);
    t1 := t2;
    t2 := t3;
    END LOOP;
END;
Output:
```



4) Write a PL/SQL program to find the salary of an employee in the EMP table (Get the empno from the user). Find the employee drawing minimum salary. If the minimum salary is less than 7500, then give an increment of 15%. Also create an emp %rowtype record. Accept the empno from the user, and display all the information about the employee.

PL/SQL CODE:

```
create table EMP(emp_no int primary key,emp_name varchar(20),salary int);
insert into EMP values(101,'arun',50000); insert into EMP
values(102,'arun',6500); insert into EMP values(103,'arun',7500);

DECLARE emp1
EMP%rowtype;
sal EMP.salary%type;

BEGIN

SELECT salary INTO sal FROM EMP WHERE emp_no = 102;
IF sal <= 7500 THEN

UPDATE EMP SET salary = salary+salary* 15/100 WHERE emp_no = 102;
```

```
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE ('NO INCREMENT');

END IF;

SELECT * into emp1 FROM EMP WHERE emp_no = 102;

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE ('Name: '||emp1.emp_name);

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE ('employee number: '||emp1.emp_no);

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE ('salary: '|| emp1.salary);

END;
```

OUTPUT:

Statement processed. Name: arun employee number: 102 salary: 8596

5) Write a PL/SQL **function** to find the total strength of students present in different classes of the MCA department using the table Class(ClassId, ClassName, Strength);

Table creation And insertion

```
create table class(cls_id varchar(20),cls_name varchar(20),Strength int); insert into class values('MCA21','S2A',59); insert into class values('MCA21','S2B',58); insert into class values('MCA20','S5A',40); insert into class values('MCA20','S5B',34);
```

function code:

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION findTotalStrength

RETURN NUMBER IS

s_count NUMBER(20):=0;

BEGIN

SELECT sum(strength) INTO s_count FROM class;

RETURN (s_count);
```

END;

Function Output:

Function created.

Function call

```
DECLARE c

NUMBER(5):=0;

BEGIN

C:= findTotalStrength();

DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('Totel students in mca department is:'||c);

END;
```

Output:

Statement processed.

Totel students in mca department is:191

6) Write a PL/SQL **procedure** to increase the salary for the specified employee. Using empno in the employee table based on the following criteria: increase the salary by 5% for clerks, 7% for salesman, 10% for analyst and 20 % for manager. Activate using PL/SQL block.

procedure code

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE increSalary

IS

emp1 emp%rowtype;

```
sal emp.salary%type; dpt
emp.emp dpt%type;
BEGIN
SELECT salary,emp dpt INTO sal,dpt FROM emp WHERE emp no = 104;
 IF dpt ='clerk' THEN
  UPDATE emp SET salary = salary+salary* 5/100;
 ELSIF dpt = 'salesman' THEN
  UPDATE emp SET salary = salary+salary* 7/100;
 ELSIF dpt = 'analyst' THEN
  UPDATE emp SET salary = salary+salary* 10/100;
 ELSIF dpt = 'manager' THEN
  UPDATE emp SET salary = salary+salary* 20/100;
 ELSE
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT_LINE ('NO INCREMENT');
 END IF;
 SELECT * into emp1 FROM emp WHERE emp no = 104;
 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE ('Name: '||emp1.emp_name);
 DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('employee number: '||emp1.emp no);
 DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('salary: '|| emp1.salary);
 DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('department: '|| emp1.emp dpt);
END;
```

table creation

```
create table emp(emp_no int,emp_name varchar(20),salary int,emp_dpt varchar(20)); insert into emp values(101,'arun',50000,'salesman'); insert into emp values(102,'appu',6500,'manager'); insert into emp values(103,'ammu',7500,'clerk'); insert into emp values(104,'anitha',7500,'analyst');
```

```
calling function
```

```
DECLARE
BEGIN
 increSalary();
END;
```

Output:

Statement processed. Name: anitha employee number: 104 salary: 8250 department: analyst

7) Create a cursor to modify the salary of 'president' belonging to all departments by 50%

Table creation and insertion command:

```
create table emp(emp_no int,emp_name varchar(20),salary
                                                                      int,emp_dpt
varchar(20),dsgt varchar(20));
insert into emp values(101, 'arun', 50000, 'sales', 'president');
insert into emp values(102,'appu',6500,'Ac','president');
insert into emp values(103, 'ammu', 7500, 'HR', 'manager');
insert into emp values(104, 'anitha', 7500, 'Ac', 'snr grade');
insert into emp values(105, 'anitha.c', 7500, 'HR', 'president');
```

Cursor code:

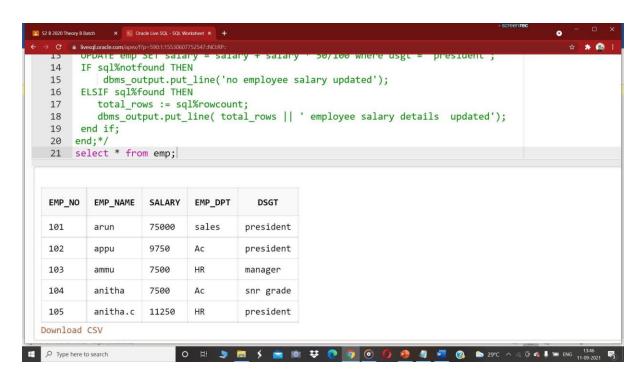
```
DECLARE
  total_rows number(2);
  emp1 EMP%rowtype;
BEGIN
UPDATE emp SET salary = salary + salary * 50/100 where dsgt = 'president';
IF sql%notfound THEN dbms_output.put_line('no
  employee salary updated');
```

```
ELSIF sql%found THEN total_rows
:= sql%rowcount;
dbms_output.put_line( total_rows || ' employee salary details updated');
end if;
end;
```

output:

Statementprocessed.

3 employee salary details updated



8) Write a **cursor** to display list of Male and Female employees whose name starts with S.

Table creation and insert command:

```
create table emp(emp_no varchar(20),emp_name varchar(20),salary int,emp_dpt varchar(20),gender varchar(10));
insert into emp values('101','arun',50000,'sales','male');
insert into emp values('102','sandeep',6500,'Ac','male');
insert into emp values('103','ammu',7500,'HR','female');
```

```
insert into emp values('104','snitha',7500,'Ac','female');
insert into emp values('105', 'anitha.c', 7500, 'HR', 'female');
Cursor code:
DECLARE
CURSOR emp1 is SELECT * FROM emp WHERE emp name like ('s%'); emp2
emp1%rowtype;
BEGIN open
emp1;
loop
 fetch emp1 into emp2; exit
 when emp1%notfound;
 dbms_output.put_line('employee information: '||' '||emp2.emp_no || ' ' ||
emp2.emp_name | | ' ' | | emp2.salary | | ' ' | | emp2.emp_dpt | | ' ' | | emp2.gender);
end loop; dbms_output.put_line('Totel number of rows:'||emp1%rowcount);
close emp1; end; output:
Statement processed.
employee information: 102 sandeep 6500 Ac male
```

9) Create the following tables for Library Information System: Book: (accession-no, title, publisher, publishedDate, author, status). Status could be issued, present in the library, sent for binding, and cannot be issued. Write a **trigger** which sets the status of a book to "cannot be issued", if it is published 15 years back.

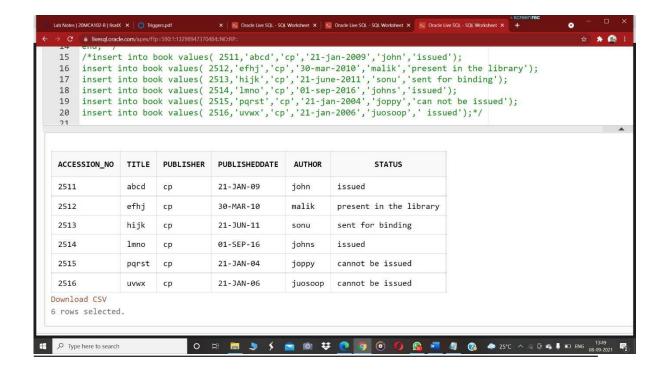
Table creation:

Totel number of rows :2

employee information: 104 snitha 7500 Ac female

create table book(accession_no int , title varchar(20), publisher varchar(20), publishedDate date, author varchar(20), status varchar(30)); **Trigger code:**

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER search1
before insert ON book FOR EACH
ROW
declare temp
date;
BEGIN select sysdate into temp from
dual; if inserting then
 if :new.publishedDate < add months(temp, -180) then
    :new.status:='cannot be issued';
 end if;
end if;
end; inserting
command:
insert into book values (2511, 'abcd', 'cp', '21-jan-2009', 'john', 'issued');
insert into book values (2512, 'efhj', 'cp', '30-mar-2010', 'malik', 'present in
the library');
insert into book values (2513, 'hijk', 'cp', '21-june-2011', 'sonu', 'sent for
binding');
insert into book values (2514, 'lmno', 'cp', '01-sep-2016', 'johns', 'issued');
insert into book values(2515,'pqrst','cp','21-jan-2004','joppy','can not be
issued');
insert into book values( 2516, 'uvwx', 'cp', '21-jan-2006', 'juosoop', 'issued');
SELECT * FROM book; Output:
```



10) Create a table Inventory with fields pdtid, pdtname, qty and reorder_level. Create a trigger control on the table for checking whether qty<reorder_level while inserting values.</p>

Code:

create table inventory(pdtid number primary key, pdtname varchar(10), qty int,reorder_level number);

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER checking

before insert ON inventory

FOR EACH ROW declare

BEGIN if

inserting then

if:new.qty >:new.reorder_level then

:new.reorder_level:=0;

end if:

end if;

end;

insert into inventory values(101, 'pencil', 100, 150);

insert into inventory values(112, 'tap', 50, 100); insert

into inventory values(121, 'marker', 200, 150); insert into inventory values(151, 'notbook', 500, 250); select

* from inventory;

Output:

