

COMP 6721 Report

Spam Detector using Naïve Bayes Approach

Date: April 26, 2020

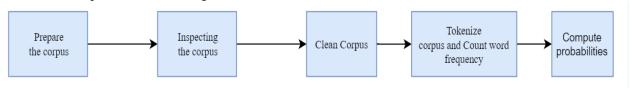
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Analysis

In order to calculate the accuracy, precision, recall and F1-measure for Spam & Ham Class as well as a confusion matrix, series of steps performed to generate classification result such as Common Aspect of Text Mining and Naïve Bayes Classifier Approach.

1. Common Aspect of Text Mining:



2. Naïve Bayes Classifier Approach:

- Step 1: Build the Vocabulary of words by separating Spam and Ham from training Data.
- Step 2: Store Vocabulary of words in a file.
- Step 3: Train Classifier on Vocabulary.
- Step 4: Evaluate Performance on Test data.
- Step 5: Display Confusion and Evaluation Matrix

Confusion Matrix:

	SPAM	HAM
SPAM	336	6
HAM	6	394

Evaluation Matrix:

• Accuracy: $\frac{TP + TN}{TP + TN + FP + FN}$

• Recall: $\frac{TP}{TP+FN}$

• **F1-Score**:
\[\frac{\text{TP + FP}}{2 * Recall * Precision} \]

Recall + Precision

Accuracy	91.25
Precision	98.24
Recall	84
F 1	90.566

In our model, there is high probability of getting mail in SPAM class due to very high precision. It was also found that in our model, around 16 % of a mail is predicted as HAM class instead of SPAM due to lower recall.

References

- [1] https://www3.nd.edu/~steve/computing_with_data/20_text_mining/text_mining_example.html#/
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- [3] https://medium.com/coinmonks/spam-detector-using-naive-bayes-c22cc740e257
- [4] https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Naive_Bayes_spam_filtering