

3. What is the difference between OOP and POP?

POP does not have any access specifier. OOP has access specifiers named Public, Private, Protected, etc. Data Moving In POP, Data can move freely from function to function in the system. In OOP, objects can move and communicate with each other through member functions.

Difference Between Procedure Oriented Programming (POP) & Object Oriented Programming (OOP)

	Procedure Oriented Programming	Object Oriented Programming
Divided Into	In POP, program is divided into small parts called functions .	In OOP, program is divided into parts called objects .
Importance	In POP,Importance is not given to data but to functions as well as sequence of actions to be done.	In OOP, Importance is given to the data.
Approach	POP follows Top Down approach .	OOP follows Bottom Up approach .
Access Specifiers	POP does not have any access specifier.	OOP has access specifiers named Public, Private, Protected, etc.
Data Moving	In POP, Data can move freely from function to function in the system.	In OOP, objects can move and communicate with each other through member functions.
Expansion	To add new data and function in POP is not so easy.	OOP provides an easy way to add new data and function.
Data Access	In POP, Most function uses Global data for sharing that can be accessed freely from function to function in the system.	In OOP, data cannot move easily from function to function, it can be kept public or private so we can control the access of data.
Data Hiding	POP does not have any proper way for hiding data so it is less secure .	OOP provides Data Hiding so provides more security .
Overloading	In POP, Overloading is not possible.	In OOP, overloading is possible in the form of Function Overloading and Operator Overloading.
Examples	Example of POP are : C, VB, FORTRAN, Pascal.	Example of OOP are : C++, JAVA, VB.NET, C#.NET.

