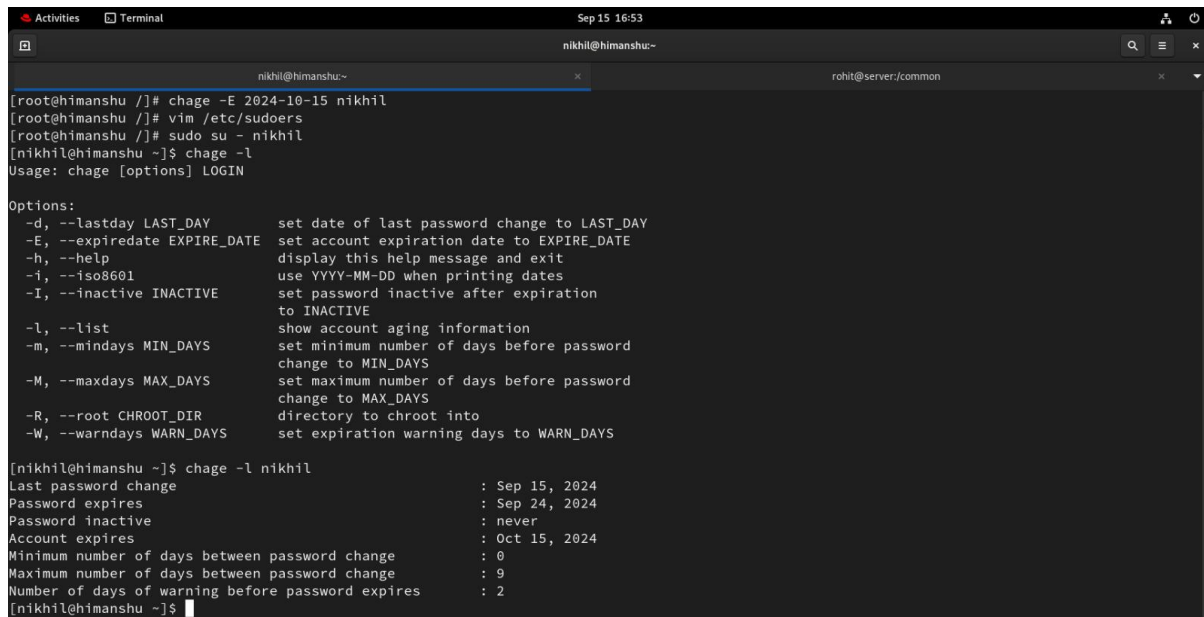


Assignment – User Management

- 1) Create user "nikhil" with home directory set as "/home/nikhil"
 - a) nikhil user should have "/bin/sh" shell for his environment
 - b) His password should expire in 9 days and 2 days before password expiry, he should get warning. User account must expire in 1 month from creation date
 - c) Give him root privileges to start/stop cron daemon.

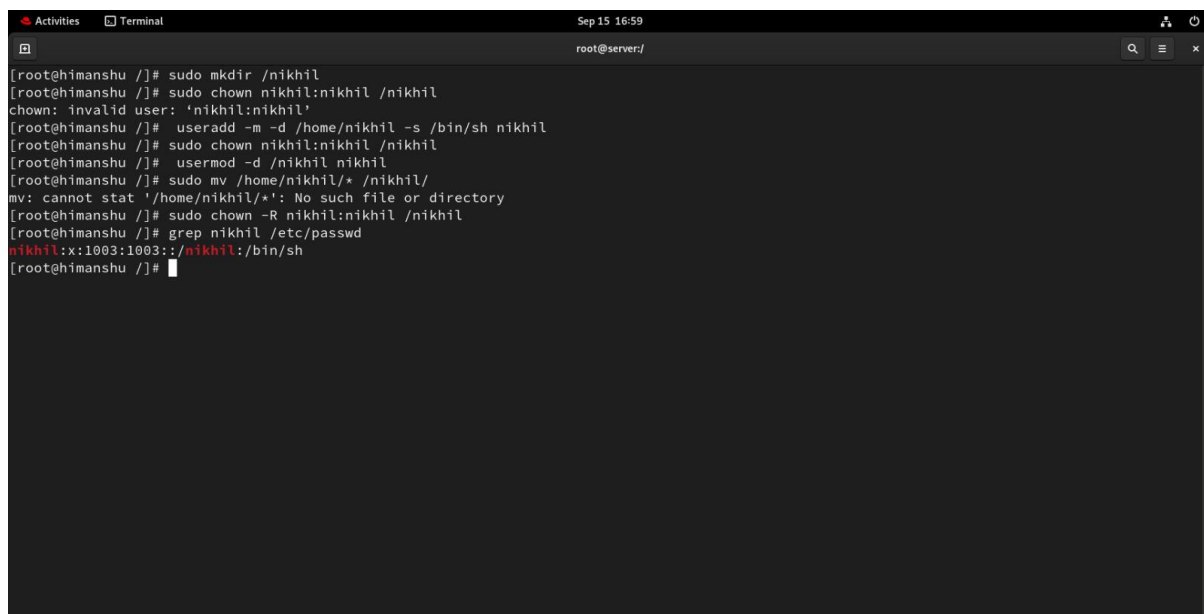


```
[root@himanshu ~]# chage -E 2024-10-15 nikhil
[root@himanshu ~]# vim /etc/sudoers
[root@himanshu ~]# sudo su - nikhil
[nikhil@himanshu ~]$ chage -l
Usage: chage [options] LOGIN

Options:
  -d, --lastday LAST_DAY      set date of last password change to LAST_DAY
  -E, --expiredate EXPIRE_DATE set account expiration date to EXPIRE_DATE
  -h, --help                  display this help message and exit
  -i, --iso8601               use YYYY-MM-DD when printing dates
  -I, --inactive INACTIVE     set password inactive after expiration
                              to INACTIVE
  -l, --list                  show account aging information
  -m, --mindays MIN_DAYS      set minimum number of days before password
                              change to MIN_DAYS
  -M, --maxdays MAX_DAYS     set maximum number of days before password
                              change to MAX_DAYS
  -R, --root CHROOT_DIR       directory to chroot into
  -W, --warndays WARN_DAYS    set expiration warning days to WARN_DAYS

[nikhil@himanshu ~]$ chage -l nikhil
Last password change           : Sep 15, 2024
Password expires               : Sep 24, 2024
Password inactive              : never
Account expires                : Oct 15, 2024
Minimum number of days between password change : 0
Maximum number of days between password change : 9
Number of days of warning before password expires : 2
[nikhil@himanshu ~]$
```

- 2) Inside folder "/", create new home directory as "nikhil" (/nikhil) and setup this folder as a home directory for user "nikhil"



```
[root@himanshu ~]# sudo mkdir /nikhil
[root@himanshu ~]# sudo chown nikhil:nikhil /nikhil
chown: invalid user: 'nikhil:nikhil'
[root@himanshu ~]# useradd -m -d /home/nikhil -s /bin/sh nikhil
[root@himanshu ~]# sudo chown nikhil:nikhil /nikhil
[root@himanshu ~]# usermod -d /nikhil nikhil
[root@himanshu ~]# sudo mv /home/nikhil/* /nikhil/
mv: cannot stat '/home/nikhil/*': No such file or directory
[root@himanshu ~]# sudo chown -R nikhil:nikhil /nikhil
[root@himanshu ~]# grep nikhil /etc/passwd
nikhil:x:1003:1003:/:nikhil:/bin/sh
[root@himanshu ~]#
```

```
Activities Terminal Sep 15 16:51
root@server:/ — vim /etc/sudoers
root@server:/ — vim /etc/sudoers
root@server:/common

# Defaults    env_keep += "HOME"

Defaults    secure_path = /sbin:/bin:/usr/sbin:/usr/bin

## Next comes the main part: which users can run what software on
## which machines (the sudoers file can be shared between multiple
## systems).
## Syntax:
##
##     user    MACHINE=COMMANDS
##
## The COMMANDS section may have other options added to it.
##
## Allow root to run any commands anywhere
root    ALL=(ALL)        ALL
nikhil  ALL=(root) NOPASSWD: /bin/systemctl start cron, /bin/systemctl stop cron

## Allows members of the 'sys' group to run networking, software,
## service management apps and more.
# %sys ALL = NETWORKING, SOFTWARE, SERVICES, STORAGE, DELEGATING, PROCESSES, LOCATE, DRIVERS

## Allows people in group wheel to run all commands
%wheel  ALL=(ALL)        ALL

## Same thing without a password
# %wheel    ALL=(ALL)        NOPASSWD: ALL

## Allows members of the users group to mount and unmount the
## cdrom as root
##
:wq
```