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# Chapter 3

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### 3.1 File List

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# Chapter 4

## Module Documentation

### 4.1 Driver unit version 1

Main file of the driver unit.

#### Files

- file [board.h](#)  
*Board specific defines.*
- file [init.c](#)  
*Initialization routines for the driver unit.*
- file [init.h](#)  
*Initialization routines for the driver unit.*
- file [main.c](#)  
*Main file of the driver unit.*

#### 4.1.1 Detailed Description

Main file of the driver unit.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2008-04-06

```
#include "driver_unit/main.h"
```

## 4.2 Driver unit version 2

Main file of the driver unit.

### Files

- file [board.h](#)  
*Driver unit board defines.*
- file [init.c](#)  
*Initialization routines for the driver unit.*
- file [init.h](#)  
*Initialization routines for the driver unit.*
- file [main.c](#)  
*Main file of the driver unit.*

### 4.2.1 Detailed Description

Main file of the driver unit.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2009-03-16

```
#include "driver_unit_v2/main.h"
```

## 4.3 Event QUEUE library

### Files

- file [event\\_queue.c](#)  
*Event queue.*

### 4.3.1 Detailed Description

**Author:**

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-01-25

```
#include "event_queue.h"
```

## 4.4 Front panel

### Files

- file [antenna\\_ctrl.c](#)  
*Antenna control functions.*
- file [antenna\\_ctrl.h](#)  
*Antenna control functions.*
- file [band\\_ctrl.c](#)  
*Band control functions.*
- file [band\\_ctrl.h](#)  
*Band control functions.*
- file [board.h](#)  
*Front panel board defines.*
- file [computer\\_interface.c](#)  
*Interface towards the computer.*
- file [computer\\_interface.h](#)  
*Interface towards the computer.*
- file [display.c](#)  
*The serial interface to configure the device and control it.*
- file [display.h](#)  
*The serial interface to configure the device and control it.*
- file [ds1307.c](#)  
*Main file of the front panel.*
- file [ds1307.h](#)  
*Realtime clock.*
- file [eeprom.c](#)  
*EEPROM functions.*
- file [eeprom.h](#)  
*EEPROM functions.*
- file [eeprom\\_m24.c](#)  
*EEPROM hardware functions.*
- file [eeprom\\_m24.h](#)  
*EEPROM hardware functions.*
- file [errors.h](#)



*List of error codes.*

- file [event\\_handler.c](#)  
*Event handler of various things.*
- file [event\\_handler.h](#)  
*Event handler of various things.*
- file [init.c](#)  
*Initialization routines for the front panel.*
- file [init.h](#)  
*Initialization routines for the front panel.*
- file [interrupt\\_handler.c](#)  
*Handles different external interrupts.*
- file [interrupt\\_handler.h](#)  
*Handles different external interrupts.*
- file [led\\_control.c](#)  
*Front panel LED control functions.*
- file [led\\_control.h](#)  
*Front panel LED control functions.*
- file [main.c](#)  
*Main file of the front panel.*
- file [menu.c](#)  
*Menu system.*
- file [menu.h](#)  
*Menu system.*
- file [pictures.h](#)  
*Pictures which can be viewed on the display.*
- file [powermeter.c](#)  
*Power meter.*
- file [powermeter.h](#)  
*Power meter functions.*
- file [radio\\_interface.c](#)  
*Radio interface, such as PTT AMP, PTT Radio, CAT etc.*
- file [radio\\_interface.h](#)  
*Radio interface, such as PTT AMP, PTT Radio, CAT etc.*

- file [remote\\_control.c](#)  
*Remote control of the openASC box.*
- file [remote\\_control.h](#)  
*Remote control of the openASC box.*
- file [rotary\\_encoder.c](#)  
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*Sequencer.*
- file [sub\\_menu.c](#)  
*Antenna sub menu functions.*
- file [sub\\_menu.h](#)  
*Antenna sub menu functions.*
- file [usart.c](#)  
*USART routines.*
- file [usart.h](#)  
*USART routines.*

## Defines

- `#define GLCD_LEFT 0`
- `#define GLCD_ON_CTRL 0x3E`

### 4.4.1 Detailed Description

#### Author:

Mikael Larsson, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/main.h"
```

## 4.4.2 Define Documentation

### 4.4.2.1 `#define GLCD_LEFT 0`

```
#include "glcd.h"
```

#### Overview

This library (or API) allows you to draw dots, lines, boxes, circles, and text on most monochrome graphic LCDs. An easily expandable font file (5x7-pixel characters) is provided for all basic ASCII characters (0x20-0x7F hex, 32-127 decimal). An expandable graphic font file is provided for defining specialty characters or custom icons. Because this library is designed to work with many different kinds of LCDs, it needs a graphic LCD driver such as [ks0108.c](#) to enable it to talk to the LCD.

#### Note:

For full text-output functionality, you may wish to use the `rprintf` functions along with this driver.

Definition at line 46 of file `glcd.h`.

### 4.4.2.2 `#define GLCD_ON_CTRL 0x3E`

```
#include "front_panel/ks0108.h"
```

#### Overview

This display driver performs the basic functions necessary to access any graphic LCD based on the KS0108 or HD61202 controller chip. For more advanced functions, use this driver in conjunction with [glcd.c](#). KS0108/HD61202 displays typically range in size from 64x32 pixels to 128x128 pixels and up to 3" square. To determine whether a display is compatible, you should look for the above controller chips to be mounted on the PC board attached to the display glass. The controller chips are about 1/2" x 3/4" and have 80+ pins. On larger displays, you may also see slave LCD driver chips with the numbers KS0107 or HD61203. The display will likely have an 18 or 20-pin interface. The interface from the LCD to an AVR processor does not require any additional hardware. If you can locate a datasheet for your display, that plus the information in the [ks0108conf.h](#) file should be all you need to get hooked up.

Definition at line 49 of file `ks0108.h`.

Referenced by `glcd_init()`.

## 4.5 General I/O card

Main file of the General I/O card.

### Files

- file [board.h](#)  
*General I/O board defines.*
- file [init.c](#)  
*Initialization routines for the General I/O card.*
- file [init.h](#)  
*Initialization routines for the General I/O card.*
- file [main.c](#)  
*Main file of the General I/O card.*

### 4.5.1 Detailed Description

Main file of the General I/O card.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-05-18

```
#include "general_io/main.h"
```

## 4.6 I2C Serial Interface Function Library (i2c.c)

```
#include "i2c.h"
```

### Overview

This library provides the high-level functions needed to use the I2C serial interface supported by the hardware of several AVR processors. The library is functional but has not been exhaustively tested yet and is still expanding. Thanks to the standardization of the I2C protocol and register access, the send and receive commands are everything you need to talk to thousands of different I2C devices including: EEPROMS, Flash memory, MP3 players, A/D and D/A converters, electronic potentiometers, etc.

### About I2C

I2C (pronounced "eye-squared-see") is a two-wire bidirectional network designed for easy transfer of information between a wide variety of intelligent devices. Many of the Atmel AVR series processors have hardware support for transmitting and receiving using an I2C-type bus. In addition to the AVRs, there are thousands of other parts made by manufacturers like Philips, Maxim, National, TI, etc that use I2C as their primary means of communication and control. Common device types are A/D & D/A converters, temp sensors, intelligent battery monitors, MP3 decoder chips, EEPROM chips, multiplexing switches, etc.

I2C uses only two wires (SDA and SCL) to communicate bidirectionally between devices. I2C is a multidrop network, meaning that you can have several devices on a single bus. Because I2C uses a 7-bit number to identify which device it wants to talk to, you cannot have more than 127 devices on a single bus.

I2C ordinarily requires two 4.7K pull-up resistors to power (one each on SDA and SCL), but for small numbers of devices (maybe 1-4), it is enough to activate the internal pull-up resistors in the AVR processor. To do this, set the port pins, which correspond to the I2C pins SDA/SCL, high. For example, on the mega163, `sbi(PORTC, 0); sbi(PORTC, 1);`.

For complete information about I2C, see the Philips Semiconductor website. They created I2C and have the largest family of devices that work with I2C.

Many manufacturers market I2C bus devices under a different or generic bus name like "Two-Wire Interface". This is because Philips still holds "I2C" as a trademark. For example, SMBus and SMBus devices are hardware compatible and closely related to I2C. They can be directly connected to an I2C bus along with other I2C devices and are generally accessed in the same way as I2C devices. SMBus is often found on modern motherboards for temp sensing and other low-level control tasks.

## 4.7 Internal communication routines

### Files

- file [internal\\_comm.c](#)  
*The internal communication routines.*
- file [internal\\_comm\\_commands.h](#)  
*The internal communication commands.*
- file [internal\\_comm\\_rx\\_queue.c](#)  
*The internal communication RX QUEUE.*
- file [internal\\_comm\\_rx\\_queue.h](#)  
*The internal communication RX QUEUE.*
- file [internal\\_comm\\_tx\\_queue.c](#)  
*The internal communication TX QUEUE.*

### 4.7.1 Detailed Description

When using these routines for the internal communication it's important to initialize the pointers for the transmit and receive data before any of the other functions are used. This is done by using the void `internal_comm_init(void (*func_ptr_rx)(UC_MESSAGE), void (*func_ptr_tx)(char))`; where `func_ptr_rx` and `func_ptr_tx` should point the functions which take the argument of [UC\\_MESSAGE](#).

Doing it this way makes the routines adaptable to different hardware, you just change the routine for TX and RX of data.

When a message has been received it will be added to the RX queue and by polling communication by using `internal_comm_poll_rx_queue(void)` if there is a message in the queue it will get sent to the routine which was specified in the initialization routine.

You will also need to poll the `internal_comm_poll_tx_queue()` at x intervals so that messages are sent when the tx queue isn't empty.

## 4.8 Motherboard

Main file of the motherboard.

### Files

- file [board.h](#)  
*Motherboard defines.*
- file [computer\\_interface.c](#)  
*Interface towards the computer.*
- file [computer\\_interface.h](#)  
*Interface towards the computer.*
- file [init.c](#)  
*Initialization routines for the motherboard.*
- file [init.h](#)  
*Initialization routines for the motherboard.*
- file [main.c](#)  
*Main file of the motherboard.*
- file [usart.c](#)  
*Motherboard USART routines.*
- file [usart.h](#)  
*Motherboard USART routines.*

### 4.8.1 Detailed Description

Main file of the motherboard.

**Author:**

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-01-25

```
#include "motherboard/main.h"
```

## 4.9 A/D Converter Function Library (a2d.c)

### Defines

- `#define ADC_PRESCALE_DIV2 0x00`  
*0x01, 0x00 -> CPU clk/2*
- `#define ADC_PRESCALE_DIV4 0x02`  
*0x02 -> CPU clk/4*
- `#define ADC_PRESCALE_DIV8 0x03`  
*0x03 -> CPU clk/8*
- `#define ADC_PRESCALE_DIV16 0x04`  
*0x04 -> CPU clk/16*
- `#define ADC_PRESCALE_DIV32 0x05`  
*0x05 -> CPU clk/32*
- `#define ADC_PRESCALE_DIV64 0x06`  
*0x06 -> CPU clk/64*
- `#define ADC_PRESCALE_DIV128 0x07`  
*0x07 -> CPU clk/128*
- `#define ADC_PRESCALE ADC_PRESCALE_DIV64`
- `#define ADC_PRESCALE_MASK 0x07`
- `#define ADC_REFERENCE_AREF 0x00`  
*0x00 -> AREF pin, internal VREF turned off*
- `#define ADC_REFERENCE_AVCC 0x01`  
*0x01 -> AVCC pin, internal VREF turned off*
- `#define ADC_REFERENCE_RSVD 0x02`  
*0x02 -> Reserved*
- `#define ADC_REFERENCE_256V 0x03`  
*0x03 -> Internal 2.56V VREF*
- `#define ADC_REFERENCE ADC_REFERENCE_AVCC`
- `#define ADC_REFERENCE_MASK 0xC0`
- `#define ADC_MUX_MASK 0x1F`
- `#define ADC_CH_ADC0 0x00`
- `#define ADC_CH_ADC1 0x01`
- `#define ADC_CH_ADC2 0x02`
- `#define ADC_CH_ADC3 0x03`
- `#define ADC_CH_ADC4 0x04`
- `#define ADC_CH_ADC5 0x05`
- `#define ADC_CH_ADC6 0x06`
- `#define ADC_CH_ADC7 0x07`



- #define `ADC_CH_122V` 0x1E  
*1.22V voltage reference*
- #define `ADC_CH_AGND` 0x1F  
*AGND.*
- #define `ADC_CH_0_0_DIFF10X` 0x08
- #define `ADC_CH_1_0_DIFF10X` 0x09
- #define `ADC_CH_0_0_DIFF200X` 0x0A
- #define `ADC_CH_1_0_DIFF200X` 0x0B
- #define `ADC_CH_2_2_DIFF10X` 0x0C
- #define `ADC_CH_3_2_DIFF10X` 0x0D
- #define `ADC_CH_2_2_DIFF200X` 0x0E
- #define `ADC_CH_3_2_DIFF200X` 0x0F
- #define `ADC_CH_0_1_DIFF1X` 0x10
- #define `ADC_CH_1_1_DIFF1X` 0x11
- #define `ADC_CH_2_1_DIFF1X` 0x12
- #define `ADC_CH_3_1_DIFF1X` 0x13
- #define `ADC_CH_4_1_DIFF1X` 0x14
- #define `ADC_CH_5_1_DIFF1X` 0x15
- #define `ADC_CH_6_1_DIFF1X` 0x16
- #define `ADC_CH_7_1_DIFF1X` 0x17
- #define `ADC_CH_0_2_DIFF1X` 0x18
- #define `ADC_CH_1_2_DIFF1X` 0x19
- #define `ADC_CH_2_2_DIFF1X` 0x1A
- #define `ADC_CH_3_2_DIFF1X` 0x1B
- #define `ADC_CH_4_2_DIFF1X` 0x1C
- #define `ADC_CH_5_2_DIFF1X` 0x1D
- #define `ADC_PRESCALE_DIV2` 0x00  
*0x01,0x00 -> CPU clk/2*
- #define `ADC_PRESCALE_DIV4` 0x02  
*0x02 -> CPU clk/4*
- #define `ADC_PRESCALE_DIV8` 0x03  
*0x03 -> CPU clk/8*
- #define `ADC_PRESCALE_DIV16` 0x04  
*0x04 -> CPU clk/16*
- #define `ADC_PRESCALE_DIV32` 0x05  
*0x05 -> CPU clk/32*
- #define `ADC_PRESCALE_DIV64` 0x06  
*0x06 -> CPU clk/64*
- #define `ADC_PRESCALE_DIV128` 0x07  
*0x07 -> CPU clk/128*
- #define `ADC_PRESCALE` `ADC_PRESCALE_DIV64`

- `#define ADC_PRESCALE_MASK 0x07`
- `#define ADC_REFERENCE_AREF 0x00`  
*0x00 -> AREF pin, internal VREF turned off*
- `#define ADC_REFERENCE_AVCC 0x01`  
*0x01 -> AVCC pin, internal VREF turned off*
- `#define ADC_REFERENCE_RSVD 0x02`  
*0x02 -> Reserved*
- `#define ADC_REFERENCE_256V 0x03`  
*0x03 -> Internal 2.56V VREF*
- `#define ADC_REFERENCE ADC_REFERENCE_AVCC`
- `#define ADC_REFERENCE_MASK 0xC0`
- `#define ADC_MUX_MASK 0x1F`
- `#define ADC_CH_ADC0 0x00`
- `#define ADC_CH_ADC1 0x01`
- `#define ADC_CH_ADC2 0x02`
- `#define ADC_CH_ADC3 0x03`
- `#define ADC_CH_ADC4 0x04`
- `#define ADC_CH_ADC5 0x05`
- `#define ADC_CH_ADC6 0x06`
- `#define ADC_CH_ADC7 0x07`
- `#define ADC_CH_122V 0x1E`  
*1.22V voltage reference*
- `#define ADC_CH_AGND 0x1F`  
*AGND.*
- `#define ADC_CH_0_0_DIFF10X 0x08`
- `#define ADC_CH_1_0_DIFF10X 0x09`
- `#define ADC_CH_0_0_DIFF200X 0x0A`
- `#define ADC_CH_1_0_DIFF200X 0x0B`
- `#define ADC_CH_2_2_DIFF10X 0x0C`
- `#define ADC_CH_3_2_DIFF10X 0x0D`
- `#define ADC_CH_2_2_DIFF200X 0x0E`
- `#define ADC_CH_3_2_DIFF200X 0x0F`
- `#define ADC_CH_0_1_DIFF1X 0x10`
- `#define ADC_CH_1_1_DIFF1X 0x11`
- `#define ADC_CH_2_1_DIFF1X 0x12`
- `#define ADC_CH_3_1_DIFF1X 0x13`
- `#define ADC_CH_4_1_DIFF1X 0x14`
- `#define ADC_CH_5_1_DIFF1X 0x15`
- `#define ADC_CH_6_1_DIFF1X 0x16`
- `#define ADC_CH_7_1_DIFF1X 0x17`
- `#define ADC_CH_0_2_DIFF1X 0x18`
- `#define ADC_CH_1_2_DIFF1X 0x19`
- `#define ADC_CH_2_2_DIFF1X 0x1A`
- `#define ADC_CH_3_2_DIFF1X 0x1B`
- `#define ADC_CH_4_2_DIFF1X 0x1C`
- `#define ADC_CH_5_2_DIFF1X 0x1D`

## Functions

- void `a2dInit` (void)
- void `a2dOff` (void)  
*Turn off A/D converter.*
- void `a2dSetPrescaler` (unsigned char prescale)
- void `a2dSetReference` (unsigned char ref)
- void `a2dSetChannel` (unsigned char ch)  
*sets the a2d input channel*
- void `a2dStartConvert` (void)  
*start a conversion on the current a2d input channel*
- u08 `a2dIsComplete` (void)  
*return TRUE if conversion is complete*
- unsigned short `a2dConvert10bit` (unsigned char ch)
- unsigned char `a2dConvert8bit` (unsigned char ch)

### 4.9.1 Detailed Description

```
#include "a2d.h"
```

#### Overview

This library provides an easy interface to the analog-to-digital converter available on many AVR processors. Updated to support the ATmega128.

### 4.9.2 Function Documentation

#### 4.9.2.1 unsigned short `a2dConvert10bit` (unsigned char *ch*)

Starts a conversion on A/D channel# *ch*, returns the 10-bit value of the conversion when it is finished.

Definition at line 88 of file a2d.c.

Referenced by `a2dConvert8bit()`.

#### 4.9.2.2 unsigned char `a2dConvert8bit` (unsigned char *ch*)

Starts a conversion on A/D channel# *ch*, returns the 8-bit value of the conversion when it is finished.

Definition at line 104 of file a2d.c.

References `a2dConvert10bit()`.

#### 4.9.2.3 void a2dInit (void)

Initializes the A/D converter. Turns ADC on and prepares it for use.

Definition at line 34 of file a2d.c.

References a2dSetPrescaler(), and a2dSetReference().

#### 4.9.2.4 void a2dSetPrescaler (unsigned char *prescale*)

Sets the division ratio of the A/D converter clock. This function is automatically called from [a2dInit\(\)](#) with a default value.

Definition at line 56 of file a2d.c.

Referenced by a2dInit().

#### 4.9.2.5 void a2dSetReference (unsigned char *ref*)

Configures which voltage reference the A/D converter uses. This function is automatically called from [a2dInit\(\)](#) with a default value.

Definition at line 62 of file a2d.c.

Referenced by a2dInit().

## 4.10 Character LCD Driver for HD44780/SED1278-based displays (lcd.c)

```
#include "lcd.h"
```

### Overview

This display driver provides an interface to the most common type of character LCD, those based on the HD44780 or SED1278 controller chip (about 90% of character LCDs use one of these chips). The display driver can interface to the display through the CPU memory bus, or directly via I/O port pins. When using the direct I/O port mode, no additional interface hardware is needed except for a contrast potentiometer. Supported functions include initialization, clearing, scrolling, cursor positioning, text writing, and loading of custom characters or icons (up to 8). Although these displays are simple, clever use of the custom characters can allow you to create animations or simple graphics. The "progress bar" function that is included in this driver is an example of graphics using limited custom-chars.

The driver now supports both 8-bit and 4-bit interface modes.

For full text output functionality, you may wish to use the `rprintf` functions along with this driver

## 4.11 BUS communication

### Files

- file [bus.c](#)  
*The communication bus protocol used in the openASC project.*
- file [bus\\_commands.h](#)  
*Global commands for the WMV communication bus.*
- file [bus\\_ping.c](#)  
*The communication bus ping control.*
- file [bus\\_ping.h](#)  
*The communication bus ping control.*
- file [bus\\_rx\\_queue.c](#)  
*FIFO queue for the RXed messages.*
- file [bus\\_rx\\_queue.h](#)  
*FIFO queue for the RXed messages.*
- file [bus\\_tx\\_queue.c](#)  
*FIFO queue for the TXed messages.*
- file [bus\\_tx\\_queue.h](#)  
*FIFO queue for the TXed messages.*
- file [bus\\_usart.c](#)  
*Driver unit USART routines.*
- file [bus\\_usart.h](#)  
*BUS usart routines.*

### 4.11.1 Detailed Description

#### Author:

Mikael Larsson, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "wmv_bus/bus.h"
```

# Chapter 5

## Class Documentation

### 5.1 BUS\_MESSAGE Struct Reference

```
#include <bus.h>
```

#### Public Attributes

- unsigned char [from\\_addr](#)  
*From which address the bus message was sent.*
- unsigned char [to\\_addr](#)  
*To which address the bus message should be sent.*
- unsigned char [checksum](#)  
*The checksum of the message.*
- unsigned char [flags](#)  
*Different flags.*
- unsigned char [cmd](#)  
*The command of the message.*
- unsigned char [length](#)  
*The length of the data sent in the message.*
- unsigned char [data](#) [BUS\_MESSAGE\_DATA\_SIZE]  
*The variables wanted to be sent.*

#### 5.1.1 Detailed Description

BUS message structure

Definition at line 224 of file bus.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- `wmv_bus`/[bus.h](#)



## 5.2 bus\_status\_struct Struct Reference

```
#include <bus.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- unsigned char [frame\\_counter](#)  
*Counter which keeps track of which frame (slot) we are in.*
- unsigned char [ext\\_addr](#)  
*The address of this device.*
- unsigned int [lower\\_limit](#)  
*The lower limit of the time slot.*
- unsigned int [upper\\_limit](#)  
*The upper limit of the time slot.*
- unsigned char [device\\_count](#)  
*Nr of devices on the bus.*
- unsigned int [device\\_count\\_mult](#)  
*Nr of devices are  $\times 4$  so we don't need to do the division.*
- unsigned int [flags](#)
- unsigned char [char\\_count](#)  
*The char count of the received message.*
- unsigned char [send\\_count](#)  
*The number of times the last message was sent.*
- unsigned char [prev\\_char](#)  
*The previous character received.*
- unsigned char [wraparounds](#)  
*The number of wrap arounds.*

### 5.2.1 Detailed Description

The bus status structure

Definition at line 262 of file bus.h.

### 5.2.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 5.2.2.1 unsigned int bus\_status\_struct::flags

See details in defines

Definition at line 276 of file bus.h.

Referenced by `bus_allowed_to_send()`, `bus_check_tx_status()`, `bus_init()`, `bus_is_master()`, `bus_message_acked()`, `bus_message_nacked()`, `bus_resend_message()`, `bus_reset_rx_status()`, `bus_reset_tx_status()`, `bus_send_message()`, `bus_set_is_master()`, and `ISR()`.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- `wmv_bus/`[bus.h](#)

## 5.3 bus\_struct\_ping\_status Struct Reference

Struct which contains information of the bus ping information.

```
#include <bus_ping.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- unsigned char [addr](#)  
*The address of the device.*
- unsigned char [device\\_type](#)  
*The type of device it is, see [bus.h](#) for details.*
- unsigned int [time\\_last\\_ping](#)  
*The time since the last ping did occur in ms.*
- unsigned char [flags](#)  
*Flags, see defines above.*
- unsigned char [data](#) [2]  
*Data from the device, content varies depending on device\_id.*

### 5.3.1 Detailed Description

Struct which contains information of the bus ping information.

Definition at line 20 of file [bus\\_ping.h](#).

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [wmv\\_bus/bus\\_ping.h](#)

## 5.4 computer\_comm\_struct Struct Reference

Computer interface communication struct.

### Public Attributes

- char \* [tx\\_buffer](#)  
*The serial tx buffer.*
- char \* [tx\\_buffer\\_start](#)  
*The start of the serial tx buffer.*
- unsigned int [tx\\_buffer\\_length](#)  
*The length of the data in the buffer.*
- char \* [rx\\_buffer](#)  
*The serial rx buffer.*
- char \* [rx\\_buffer\\_start](#)  
*The start of the serial rx buffer.*
- unsigned char [data\\_in\\_tx\\_buffer](#)  
*Different flags.*
- unsigned char [flags](#)  
*Flags for computer comm, defined in this file.*
- unsigned char [command](#)  
*The current command.*
- unsigned char [length](#)  
*Length of the data field.*
- unsigned int [count](#)  
*Current byte count.*

### 5.4.1 Detailed Description

Computer interface communication struct.

Definition at line 184 of file computer\_interface.c.

### 5.4.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 5.4.2.1 unsigned char computer\_comm\_struct::command

The current command.

The command.

Definition at line 200 of file `computer_interface.c`.

Referenced by `computer_interface_parse_data()`, and `ISR()`.

#### 5.4.2.2 `unsigned int computer_comm_struct::count`

Current byte count.

Number of bytes received.

Definition at line 204 of file `computer_interface.c`.

Referenced by `ISR()`.

#### 5.4.2.3 `unsigned char computer_comm_struct::flags`

Flags for computer comm, defined in this file.

Various flags.

Definition at line 198 of file `computer_interface.c`.

Referenced by `computer_interface_activate_setup()`, `computer_interface_deactivate_setup()`, `computer_interface_is_active()`, `computer_interface_parse_data()`, and `ISR()`.

#### 5.4.2.4 `unsigned char computer_comm_struct::length`

Length of the data field.

Data length.

Definition at line 202 of file `computer_interface.c`.

Referenced by `computer_interface_parse_data()`, and `ISR()`.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following files:

- `front_panel/computer_interface.c`
- `motherboard/computer_interface.c`

## 5.5 driver\_status\_struct Struct Reference

```
#include <board.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- unsigned char [driver\\_output\\_owner](#) [20]  
*The address of the device that last changed the status of the output \*/.*
- unsigned char [driver\\_output\\_type](#) [20]  
*The type of message that activated the output.*
- unsigned long [driver\\_output\\_state](#)  
*The state of the driver output if it's high or low.*
- unsigned char [flags](#)  
*Flags.*
- unsigned char [driver\\_output\\_new\\_owner](#) [20]  
*The address of the device that last changed the status of the output \*/.*
- unsigned char [driver\\_output\\_new\\_type](#) [20]  
*The type of message that activated the output.*
- unsigned char [ptt\\_interlock\\_input](#) [7]

### 5.5.1 Detailed Description

Structure of the driver output status. It contains information of which address an output was activated/deactivated from last and also it's status

Definition at line 116 of file board.h.

### 5.5.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 5.5.2.1 unsigned char driver\_status\_struct::ptt\_interlock\_input[7]

PTT interlock input, byte1 = input 1, byte2 = input 2...byte7 = input 7 0 = not active, If not 0 then the value does correspond to the address of the openASC box, so 5 for example means address 5 corresponds to that ptt interlock input

Definition at line 50 of file main.h.

Referenced by `bus_parse_message()`.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following files:

- driver\_unit/[board.h](#)
- driver\_unit\_v2/[main.h](#)

## 5.6 EVENT\_MESSAGE Struct Reference

Event message used for timing of events.

```
#include <event_queue.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- void(\* [func](#) )(void)  
*The function we wish to run at the specified time.*
- unsigned int [time\\_target](#)  
*The target time where we wish to event to occur.*
- unsigned char [id](#)  
*The event id, can be used to drop a certain type of messages.*

### 5.6.1 Detailed Description

Event message used for timing of events.

Definition at line 30 of file [event\\_queue.h](#).

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [event\\_queue.h](#)

## 5.7 powermeter\_struct Struct Reference

Struct which contains information of the power meter status.

```
#include <powermeter.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- unsigned int [curr\\_fwd\\_pwr\\_value](#)  
*Current forward power in watts.*
- unsigned int [curr\\_ref\\_pwr\\_value](#)  
*Current reflected power in watts.*
- unsigned int [curr\\_vswr\\_value](#)  
*VSWR represented as an integer, 152 means 1.52:1 in SWR.*
- unsigned char [pickup\\_addr](#)  
*Address of the power meter pickup.*
- unsigned int [text\\_update\\_rate](#)  
*The update in ms of the text on the display.*
- unsigned int  [bargraph\\_update\\_rate](#)  
*The update rate in ms of the bargraph.*
- unsigned int [vswr\\_limit](#)  
*The VSWR limit of when the radios PTT should be deactivated and the device set into ERROR mode.*

### 5.7.1 Detailed Description

Struct which contains information of the power meter status.

Definition at line 27 of file `powermeter.h`.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- `front_panel/powermeter.h`



## 5.8 PS2\_\_STRUCT Struct Reference

Struct of the PS/2 interface status.

```
#include <main.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- unsigned char [started](#)  
*To see if we have started to read a keyboard command.*
- unsigned char [bit\\_count](#)  
*Number of bytes we have received.*
- unsigned char [data](#)  
*The actual data received.*
- unsigned char [data\\_ready](#)  
*Flag to indicate that data is ready.*
- unsigned char [transmit](#)  
*Flag to indicate that we are transmitting.*
- unsigned char [parity](#)  
*The parity byte.*
- unsigned char [tx\\_data](#)  
*Transmit data.*
- unsigned char [prev\\_cmd](#)  
*Previous command.*

### 5.8.1 Detailed Description

Struct of the PS/2 interface status.

Definition at line 37 of file main.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- motherboard/[main.h](#)

## 5.9 rx\_linked\_list Struct Reference

The structure of the RX circular buffer.

```
#include <internal_comm_rx_queue.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- [UC\\_MESSAGE message](#) [INTERNAL\_COMM\_RX\_QUEUE\_SIZE]  
*The list of messages.*
- unsigned char [first](#)  
*The index of the first message in the list.*
- unsigned char [last](#)  
*The index of the last message in the list.*
- [BUS\\_MESSAGE message](#) [BUS\_RX\_QUEUE\_SIZE]  
*List of bus messages.*

### 5.9.1 Detailed Description

The structure of the RX circular buffer.

Definition at line 32 of file `internal_comm_rx_queue.h`.

### 5.9.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 5.9.2.1 unsigned char rx\_linked\_list::first

The index of the first message in the list.

The first item in the list.

Definition at line 36 of file `internal_comm_rx_queue.h`.

Referenced by `int_comm_rx_queue_add()`, `int_comm_rx_queue_drop()`, `int_comm_rx_queue_dropall()`, `int_comm_rx_queue_get()`, `int_comm_rx_queue_init()`, `int_comm_rx_queue_is_empty()`, `rx_queue_add()`, `rx_queue_drop()`, `rx_queue_dropall()`, `rx_queue_get()`, `rx_queue_init()`, and `rx_queue_is_empty()`.

#### 5.9.2.2 unsigned char rx\_linked\_list::last

The index of the last message in the list.

The last item in the list.

Definition at line 38 of file `internal_comm_rx_queue.h`.

Referenced by `int_comm_rx_queue_add()`, `int_comm_rx_queue_dropall()`, `int_comm_rx_queue_init()`, `int_comm_rx_queue_is_empty()`, `rx_queue_add()`, `rx_queue_dropall()`, `rx_queue_init()`, and `rx_queue_is_empty()`.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following files:

- [internal\\_comm\\_rx\\_queue.h](#)
- [wmv\\_bus/bus.h](#)

## 5.10 struct \_\_antenna Struct Reference

Structure of an antenna.

```
#include <antenna_ctrl.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- unsigned int `struct_size`  
*The size of this structure.*
- unsigned char `sub_menu_type` [4]  
*The type of sub menu it is.*
- unsigned char `antenna_text_length` [4]  
*The length of the text for the antennas.*
- char `antenna_text` [4][ANTENNA\_TEXT\_SIZE]  
*The text for the antennas.*
- unsigned char `antenna_flag` [4]  
*Antenna flags.*
- int `antenna_direction` [4]  
*The direction of the antennas.*
- unsigned int `antenna_comb_allowed`
- unsigned char `antenna_output_length` [15]  
*The length of the antenna output strings.*
- unsigned char `antenna_comb_output_str` [15][ANTENNA\_OUTPUT\_COMB\_SIZE]
- unsigned char `rotator_addr` [4]  
*The address to the rotator which controls the antenna.*
- unsigned char `rotator_sub_addr` [4]  
*The SUB address to the rotator which controls the antenna.*
- unsigned int `rotator_max_rotation` [4]  
*The number of degrees the rotator can turn, this might be for example 450 degrees for YAESU.*
- unsigned int `rotator_min_heading` [4]  
*The minimum heading of the rotator, this can also be negative numbers if starting point is not at 0 degrees.*
- unsigned char `rotator_delay` [4]  
*The delay from a rotation has occured to it can start to rotate again (in seconds).*
- unsigned char `rotator_flags` [4]  
*The rotator flags.*

- unsigned char [rotator\\_view\\_360\\_deg](#)  
*Does the rotator have 360 degree view? Should it show 0-360 degree or start\_point + rotation, maybe 90 - 500 deg.*
- unsigned char [default\\_antenna](#)  
*The default antenna index (0-3).*

### 5.10.1 Detailed Description

Structure of an antenna.

Definition at line 55 of file antenna\_ctrl.h.

### 5.10.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 5.10.2.1 unsigned int struct \_antenna::antenna\_comb\_allowed

This is used to show what antenna combinations that are allowed Bit0 = ANT 1 Bit1 = ANT 2 Bit2 = ANT 3 Bit3 = ANT 4 Bit4 = ANT 1 + ANT 2 Bit5 = ANT 1 + ANT 3 Bit6 = ANT 1 + ANT 4 Bit7 = ANT 2 + ANT 3 Bit8 = ANT 2 + ANT 4 Bit9 = ANT 3 + ANT 4 Bit10 = ANT 1 + ANT 2 + ANT 3 Bit11 = ANT 1 + ANT 2 + ANT 4 Bit12 = ANT 1 + ANT 3 + ANT 4 Bit13 = ANT 2 + ANT 3 + ANT 4 Bit14 = ANT 1 + ANT 2 + ANT 3 + ANT 4

Definition at line 85 of file antenna\_ctrl.h.

Referenced by antenna\_ctrl\_comb\_allowed(), antenna\_ctrl\_get\_comb\_allowed(), antenna\_ctrl\_set\_comb\_allowed(), and computer\_interface\_parse\_data().

#### 5.10.2.2 unsigned char struct \_antenna::antenna\_comb\_output\_str[15][ANTENNA\_OUTPUT\_COMB\_SIZE]

The antenna output strings which contains what outputs that should be activated when the antenna combination is chosen

Definition at line 90 of file antenna\_ctrl.h.

Referenced by antenna\_ctrl\_get\_output\_comb(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_ant\_data\_to\_bus(), antenna\_ctrl\_set\_output\_comb(), and computer\_interface\_parse\_data().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- front\_panel/[antenna\\_ctrl.h](#)

## 5.11 struct \_\_band Struct Reference

Struct of band data.

```
#include <band_ctrl.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- unsigned int [struct\\_size](#)  
*The size of this structure.*
- unsigned int [low\\_portion\\_low\\_limit](#)  
*The low limit of the lower portion of the band.*
- unsigned int [low\\_portion\\_high\\_limit](#)  
*The high limit of the lower portion of the band.*
- unsigned int [high\\_portion\\_low\\_limit](#)  
*The low limit of the higher portion of the band.*
- unsigned int [high\\_portion\\_high\\_limit](#)  
*The high limit of the higher portion of the band.*
- unsigned char [band\\_high\\_output\\_str\\_length](#)  
*The length of the high output str.*
- unsigned char [band\\_low\\_output\\_str\\_length](#)  
*The length of the low output str.*
- unsigned char [band\\_high\\_output\\_str](#) [BAND\_OUTPUT\_STR\_SIZE]  
*These outputs are activated when you enter the high area of a band.*
- unsigned char [band\\_low\\_output\\_str](#) [BAND\_OUTPUT\_STR\_SIZE]  
*These outputs are activated when you enter the low area of a band.*

### 5.11.1 Detailed Description

Struct of band data.

Definition at line 29 of file [band\\_ctrl.h](#).

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [front\\_panel/band\\_ctrl.h](#)

## 5.12 struct \_band\_limits Struct Reference

Struct of the band limits.

```
#include <band_ctrl.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- unsigned int [low\\_portion\\_low\\_limit](#)  
*The low limit of the lower portion of the band.*
- unsigned int [low\\_portion\\_high\\_limit](#)  
*The high limit of the lower portion of the band.*
- unsigned int [high\\_portion\\_low\\_limit](#)  
*The low limit of the higher portion of the band.*
- unsigned int [high\\_portion\\_high\\_limit](#)  
*The high limit of the higher portion of the band.*

### 5.12.1 Detailed Description

Struct of the band limits.

Definition at line 51 of file [band\\_ctrl.h](#).

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [front\\_panel/band\\_ctrl.h](#)

## 5.13 struct \_coupler\_settings Struct Reference

Struct which contains information of the coupler.

```
#include <input.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- unsigned char [coupler\\_name](#) [COUPLER\_NAME\_LENGTH]  
*The name of the coupler.*
- unsigned int [fwd\\_scale\\_value](#) [10]  
*The value which the read RMS voltage should be multiplied with.*
- unsigned int [ref\\_scale\\_value](#) [10]  
*The value which the read RMS voltage should be multiplied with.*
- unsigned int [power\\_limit](#)  
*The power limit of the coupler, high (in watts).*
- unsigned char [pickup\\_type](#)

### 5.13.1 Detailed Description

Struct which contains information of the coupler.

Struct which contains information of the pickup type.

Definition at line 28 of file input.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following files:

- powermeter/display\_unit/input.h
- powermeter/sensor\_unit/input.h



## 5.14 struct\_eeprom\_table Struct Reference

The EEPROM table.

```
#include <eeprom.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- unsigned int [struct\\_size](#)  
*The size of this structure.*
- unsigned int [antenna](#) [9]  
*The start address of the antenna structure in the EEPROM memory.*
- unsigned int [band](#) [9]  
*The start address of the band structure in the EEPROM memory.*
- unsigned int [rx\\_antennas](#)  
*The start address of the RX antenna structure in the EEPROM memory.*
- unsigned int [settings](#)  
*The start address of the setting structure in the EEPROM memory.*
- unsigned int [radio\\_settings](#)  
*The start address of the radio settings structure in the EEPROM memory.*
- unsigned int [struct\\_ptt](#)  
*The start address of the sequencer.*
- unsigned int [antennal\\_sub\\_menu](#) [9]  
*The sub menus of antenna 1.*
- unsigned int [antenna2\\_sub\\_menu](#) [9]  
*The sub menus of antenna 2.*
- unsigned int [antenna3\\_sub\\_menu](#) [9]  
*The sub menus of antenna 3.*
- unsigned int [antenna4\\_sub\\_menu](#) [9]  
*The sub menus of antenna 4.*
- unsigned int [rx\\_antenna\\_sub\\_menu](#) [10]  
*The sub menus of the rx antennas.*
- unsigned int [runtime\\_settings](#)  
*Runtime settings, such as backlight level etc.*

### 5.14.1 Detailed Description

The EEPROM table.

Definition at line 38 of file `eprom.h`.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- `front_panel/eprom.h`

## 5.15 struct \_menu\_option Struct Reference

Struct of a menu option.

```
#include <menu.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- char \* [text](#)  
*Menu option text.*

#### 5.15.1 Detailed Description

Struct of a menu option.

Definition at line 29 of file menu.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- front\_panel/[menu.h](#)

## 5.16 struct \_\_menu\_\_text Struct Reference

Menu text structs.

```
#include <menu.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- unsigned char [pos](#)  
*Position nr in the menu system.*
- char \* [header](#)  
*Header text.*
- [struct \\_\\_menu\\_\\_option](#) \* [options](#)  
*Pointer to the options.*
- unsigned char [option\\_count](#)  
*Number of options.*
- unsigned char [option\\_type](#)

### 5.16.1 Detailed Description

Menu text structs.

Definition at line 35 of file menu.h.

### 5.16.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 5.16.2.1 unsigned char struct \_\_menu\_\_text::option\_type

Which kind of option 0 = regular option 1 = numbers 2 = nothing

Definition at line 49 of file menu.h.

Referenced by `menu__show__text()`.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- `front_panel/`[menu.h](#)

## 5.17 struct \_ptt Struct Reference

PTT Sequencer struct.

```
#include <sequencer.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- unsigned int [struct\\_size](#)  
*The size of this structure in bytes.*
- [struct\\_ptt\\_sequencer\\_computer](#)  
*The PTT SEQUENCER for the computer input.*
- [struct\\_ptt\\_sequencer\\_footswitch](#)  
*The PTT SEQUENCER for the footswitch input.*
- [struct\\_ptt\\_sequencer\\_radio\\_sense](#)  
*The PTT SEQUENCER for the radio sense input.*
- unsigned char [ptt\\_input](#)

### 5.17.1 Detailed Description

PTT Sequencer struct.

Definition at line 105 of file sequencer.h.

### 5.17.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 5.17.2.1 unsigned char struct \_ptt::ptt\_input

Bit 0 = Footswitch

Bit 1 = Radio sense lower floor

Bit 2 = Radio sense upper floor

Bit 3 = Computer RTS

Bit 4 = Inverted radio sense

Bit 5 = Inverted Computer RTS

Bit 6 = Inhibit polarity (0=active low, 1=active high)

Definition at line 122 of file sequencer.h.

Referenced by `computer_interface_activate_setup()`, `computer_interface_parse_data()`, `sequencer_computer_rts_activated()`, `sequencer_computer_rts_deactivated()`, `sequencer_footsw_pressed()`, `sequencer_footsw_released()`, `sequencer_get_radio_sense()`, `sequencer_get_rts_polarity()`, and `sequencer_get_sense_polarity()`.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- `front_panel/sequencer.h`

## 5.18 struct \_ptt\_sequencer Struct Reference

All the delays are divided with 10 so 100 is really 1000 ms which makes the maximum delay 2550 ms.

```
#include <sequencer.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- unsigned char [radio\\_pre\\_delay](#)  
*The delay before the radio is PTTed after the input PTT has been activated.*
- unsigned char [radio\\_post\\_delay](#)  
*The delay after the input PTT has been released and the radio PTT is released.*
- unsigned char [amp\\_pre\\_delay](#)  
*The delay before the amp is PTTed after the input PTT has been activated.*
- unsigned char [amp\\_post\\_delay](#)  
*The delay after the input PTT has been released and the amp PTT is released.*
- unsigned char [inhibit\\_pre\\_delay](#)  
*The delay before the inhibit is activated after the input PTT has been activated.*
- unsigned char [inhibit\\_post\\_delay](#)  
*The delay after the input PTT has been released and the inhibit pin is released.*
- unsigned char [antennas\\_post\\_delay](#)  
*The delay after the input PTT has been released and the antennas are switched.*
- unsigned char [active](#)  
*Flags on which sequencer variables that are enabled.*

### 5.18.1 Detailed Description

All the delays are divided with 10 so 100 is really 1000 ms which makes the maximum delay 2550 ms.

Definition at line 83 of file sequencer.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [front\\_panel/sequencer.h](#)

## 5.19 struct \_radio\_settings Struct Reference

Radio settings struct.

```
#include <radio_interface.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- unsigned int [struct\\_size](#)  
*The size of this structure.*
- unsigned char [radio\\_model](#)  
*Which model of the radio.*
- unsigned char [interface\\_type](#)  
*Which kind of interface to detect band.*
- unsigned char [baudrate](#)  
*Baudrate of the radio, used in serial mode.*
- unsigned char [stopbits](#)  
*Number of stop bits, used in serial mode.*
- unsigned char [civ\\_addr](#)  
*If it's an ICOM, what is the CI-V address to the radio.*
- unsigned char [ptt\\_mode](#)  
*What kind of PTT mode, inhibit, static etc.*
- unsigned char [ptt\\_input](#)
- unsigned char [poll\\_interval](#)
- unsigned char [cat\\_enabled](#)  
*The CAT is enabled.*

### 5.19.1 Detailed Description

Radio settings struct.

Definition at line 93 of file radio\_interface.h.

### 5.19.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 5.19.2.1 unsigned char struct \_radio\_settings::poll\_interval

The interval to poll the band information from the radio, this should be set in 10th ms, so for example 100 means 1000ms.

Definition at line 116 of file radio\_interface.h.

Referenced by `computer_interface_parse_data()`, `radio_interface_get_poll_interval()`, and `radio_interface_set_poll_interval()`.

### 5.19.2.2 unsigned char struct \_radio\_settings::ptt\_input

From which input should we monitor the radio PTT? Bit 0 = Radio sense lower floor Bit 1 = Radio sense upper floor Bit 2 = Inverted sense pin (if this is set the box will sense PTT as LOW)

Definition at line 113 of file radio\_interface.h.

Referenced by computer\_interface\_parse\_data(), radio\_interface\_get\_ptt\_input(), and radio\_interface\_set\_ptt\_input().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- front\_panel/[radio\\_interface.h](#)



## 5.20 struct \_radio\_status Struct Reference

The radio status struct.

```
#include <radio_interface.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- unsigned int [current\\_freq](#)  
*The radios current frequency.*
- unsigned int [new\\_freq](#)  
*The radios new frequency.*
- unsigned char [current\\_band](#)  
*The radios current band.*
- unsigned char [box\\_sent\\_request](#)

#### 5.20.1 Detailed Description

The radio status struct.

Definition at line 122 of file `radio_interface.h`.

#### 5.20.2 Member Data Documentation

##### 5.20.2.1 unsigned char struct \_radio\_status::box\_sent\_request

Variable which is set if the openASC box has sent a request to the radio, used to know if we can just redirect the data from the radio to the computer or if it should be thrown away

Definition at line 131 of file `radio_interface.h`.

Referenced by `radio_communicaton_timeout()`, `radio_get_cat_status()`, and `radio_interface_init()`.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- `front_panel/radio_interface.h`

## 5.21 struct \_runtime\_settings Struct Reference

Settings like status but which should be saved into the EEPROM.

```
#include <main.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- unsigned char [lcd\\_backlight\\_value](#)  
*The value of the LCD backlight, 0-100%.*
- unsigned char [amplifier\\_ptt\\_output](#)  
*Amp PTT output status, 1 = ON, 0 = OFF.*
- unsigned char [radio\\_ptt\\_output](#)  
*Radio PTT output status, 1 = ON, 0 = OFF.*
- unsigned char [inhibit\\_state](#)  
*Show if the device is inhibited or not.*
- unsigned char [band\\_change\\_mode](#)  
*Band change mode.*

### 5.21.1 Detailed Description

Settings like status but which should be saved into the EEPROM.

Definition at line 272 of file main.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- front\_panel/[main.h](#)

## 5.22 struct \_rx\_antennas Struct Reference

Struct which contains information of the rx antennas.

```
#include <antenna_ctrl.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- unsigned int [struct\\_size](#)  
*The size of this structure.*
- unsigned char [name\\_length](#) [10]  
*The length of the antenna names.*
- char [name](#) [10][RX\_ANTENNA\_NAME\_LENGTH]  
*RX antenna name.*
- unsigned char [output\\_length](#) [10]  
*RX antenna output str length.*
- char [output\\_str](#) [10][RX\_ANTENNA\_OUTPUT\_STR\_LENGTH]  
*RX antenna output str.*
- unsigned char [band\\_output\\_length](#) [4]  
*The length of the band output data.*
- char [band\\_output\\_str](#) [4][RX\_ANTENNA\_BAND\_OUTPUT\_STR\_LENGTH]  
*Band output str.*

### 5.22.1 Detailed Description

Struct which contains information of the rx antennas.

Definition at line 37 of file antenna\_ctrl.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- front\_panel/[antenna\\_ctrl.h](#)

## 5.23 struct \_\_setting Struct Reference

Settings struct.

```
#include <main.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- unsigned int [struct\\_size](#)  
*The size of this structure.*
- unsigned char [network\\_address](#)  
*This device address on the communication bus.*
- unsigned char [network\\_device\\_count](#)  
*The number of devices on the bus.*
- unsigned char [network\\_device\\_is\\_master](#)  
*Device is the master unit.*
- unsigned char [ext\\_key\\_assignments](#) [17]  
*The external keypad assignments.*
- unsigned char [powermeter\\_address](#)  
*The powermeter address.*
- unsigned int [powermeter\\_vswr\\_limit](#)  
*The powermeter VSWR alarm limit (250 means 2.5:1).*
- unsigned int [powermeter\\_update\\_rate\\_text](#)  
*The powermeter update rate on the display text (0 means it's disabled, both text and bargraph).*
- unsigned int [powermeter\\_update\\_rate\\_bargraph](#)  
*The powermeter update rate on the display bargraph.*
- unsigned char [ptt\\_interlock\\_input](#)

### 5.23.1 Detailed Description

Settings struct.

Definition at line 197 of file main.h.

### 5.23.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 5.23.2.1 unsigned char struct \_\_setting::ptt\_interlock\_input

Which PTT input of various boards this openASC box is configured to use, this is sent out in PING messages and is saved in the various boxes so that they are aware of which TX ACTIVE input they should listen to 0 = None, 1-7 inputs

Definition at line 219 of file main.h.

Referenced by computer\_interface\_parse\_data().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- front\_panel/[main.h](#)

## 5.24 struct \_\_status Struct Reference

This struct only contains information that is temporary.

```
#include <main.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- unsigned int `buttons_current_state`  
*The current state of the buttons.*
- unsigned int `buttons_last_state`  
*The last state of the buttons.*
- unsigned char `ext_devices_current_state`  
*The current state of the ext devices.*
- unsigned char `ext_devices_last_state`  
*The last state of the ext devices.*
- unsigned char `selected_ant`  
*Bit 0-3 = TX, Bit 4-7 = RX.*
- unsigned char `selected_band`  
*The currently selected band.*
- unsigned char `new_band`  
*The variable for changing to a new band.*
- unsigned char `current_band_portion`  
*CURRENT Band portion selected.*
- unsigned char `new_band_portion`  
*NEW Band portion selected.*
- unsigned int `new_beamheading`  
*The variable for the new beamheading.*
- unsigned char `function_status`  
*The status of different functions, like rx ant etc, see defines above.*
- unsigned char `current_display_level`
- unsigned char `current_display`
- unsigned char `selected_rx_antenna`
- unsigned char `knob_function`
- unsigned char `antenna_to_rotate`
- unsigned char `rotator_step_resolution`
- unsigned char `last_rx_antenna`
- unsigned char `sub_menu_antenna_index`
- unsigned int `curr_fwd_ad_value`

*Current A/D value for the forward power.*

- unsigned int `curr_ref_ad_value`

*Current A/D value for the ref power.*

- unsigned int `curr_fwd_power`

*Current forward power (in Watts).*

- unsigned int `curr_ref_power`

*Current reflected power (in Watts).*

- double `curr_vswr`

*Current VSWR.*

### 5.24.1 Detailed Description

This struct only contains information that is temporary.

Definition at line 223 of file main.h.

### 5.24.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 5.24.2.1 unsigned char struct \_status::antenna\_to\_rotate

Which antenna to rotate

Definition at line 260 of file main.h.

Referenced by `event_poll_buttons()`, `event_pulse_sensor_down()`, `event_pulse_sensor_up()`, `event_rotate_button_pressed()`, `event_tx_button1_pressed()`, `event_tx_button2_pressed()`, `event_tx_button3_pressed()`, and `event_tx_button4_pressed()`.

#### 5.24.2.2 unsigned char struct \_status::current\_display

0 = openASC logo, 1 = antenna info, 2 = menu system, 3 = shutdown view

Definition at line 253 of file main.h.

Referenced by `band_ctrl_change_band()`, `display_update_radio_freq()`, `event_internal_comm_parse_message()`, `event_poll_buttons()`, `event_pulse_sensor_down()`, `event_pulse_sensor_up()`, and `event_update_display()`.

#### 5.24.2.3 unsigned char struct \_status::current\_display\_level

0 = openASC logo, 1 = curr band level, 2 = sub menu

Definition at line 251 of file main.h.

Referenced by `band_ctrl_change_band()`, `display_show_rx_ant()`, `display_show_set_heading()`, `display_show_sub_menu()`, `display_update()`, `event_poll_buttons()`, and `event_sub_button_pressed()`.

#### 5.24.2.4 unsigned char struct \_status::knob\_function

Knob function

Definition at line 258 of file main.h.

Referenced by event\_poll\_buttons(), event\_pulse\_sensor\_down(), event\_pulse\_sensor\_up(), event\_rotate\_button\_pressed(), event\_rxant\_button\_pressed(), and set\_knob\_function().

#### 5.24.2.5 unsigned char struct \_status::last\_rx\_antenna

The last RX antenna used

Definition at line 265 of file main.h.

Referenced by event\_rxant\_button\_pressed().

#### 5.24.2.6 unsigned char struct \_status::rotator\_step\_resolution

Rotator resolution chosen

Definition at line 262 of file main.h.

Referenced by event\_pulse\_sensor\_down(), event\_pulse\_sensor\_up(), and main().

#### 5.24.2.7 unsigned char struct \_status::selected\_rx\_antenna

The currently selected RX antenna, -1 if none selected

Definition at line 256 of file main.h.

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_change\_band(), event\_pulse\_sensor\_down(), event\_pulse\_sensor\_up(), event\_rxant\_button\_pressed(), event\_set\_rx\_antenna(), event\_update\_display(), and main().

#### 5.24.2.8 unsigned char struct \_status::sub\_menu\_antenna\_index

The sub menu antenna index we are changing

Definition at line 268 of file main.h.

Referenced by event\_pulse\_sensor\_down(), event\_pulse\_sensor\_up(), event\_sub\_button\_pressed(), and main().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following files:

- front\_panel/[main.h](#)
- powermeter/display\_unit/input.h
- powermeter/sensor\_unit/input.h



## 5.25 struct\_sub\_menu\_array Struct Reference

Struct of a sub menu with the type array.

```
#include <sub_menu.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- unsigned int [struct\\_size](#)  
*The size of this structure.*
- unsigned char [direction\\_count](#)  
*Number of directions.*
- unsigned char [direction\\_name](#) [8][SUB\_MENU\_ARRAY\_NAME\_SIZE]  
*The directions.*
- unsigned char [output\\_str\\_dir\\_length](#) [8]  
*The length of the output str.*
- unsigned char [output\\_str\\_dir](#) [8][SUB\_MENU\_ARRAY\_STR\_SIZE]  
*The output strings of the different directions.*

### 5.25.1 Detailed Description

Struct of a sub menu with the type array.

Definition at line 29 of file sub\_menu.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- front\_panel/[sub\\_menu.h](#)

## 5.26 struct \_\_uc\_com Struct Reference

```
#include <internal_comm.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- unsigned char [flags](#)  
*Various flags, defined in this file.*
- unsigned char [checksum](#)  
*The checksum.*
- unsigned char [char\\_count](#)  
*Number of characters received.*

### 5.26.1 Detailed Description

Variables used for the communication between the two uCs

Definition at line 106 of file `internal_comm.h`.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [internal\\_comm.h](#)

## 5.27 tx\_linked\_list Struct Reference

The structure of the TX circular buffer.

```
#include <internal_comm_tx_queue.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- [UC\\_MESSAGE message](#) [INTERNAL\_COMM\_TX\_QUEUE\_SIZE]  
*A UC\_MESSAGE.*
- unsigned char [first](#)  
*first position in the list*
- unsigned char [last](#)  
*last position in the list*
- [BUS\\_MESSAGE message](#) [BUS\_TX\_QUEUE\_SIZE]  
*The bus messages.*

### 5.27.1 Detailed Description

The structure of the TX circular buffer.

Definition at line 26 of file internal\_comm\_tx\_queue.h.

### 5.27.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 5.27.2.1 unsigned char tx\_linked\_list::first

first position in the list

The first position in the list.

Definition at line 30 of file internal\_comm\_tx\_queue.h.

Referenced by `int_comm_int_comm_tx_queue_init()`, `int_comm_tx_queue_add()`, `int_comm_tx_queue_drop()`, `int_comm_tx_queue_dropall()`, `int_comm_tx_queue_get()`, `int_comm_tx_queue_is_empty()`, `tx_queue_add()`, `tx_queue_drop()`, `tx_queue_dropall()`, `tx_queue_get()`, `tx_queue_init()`, and `tx_queue_is_empty()`.

#### 5.27.2.2 unsigned char tx\_linked\_list::last

last position in the list

The last position in the list.

Definition at line 32 of file internal\_comm\_tx\_queue.h.

Referenced by `int_comm_int_comm_tx_queue_init()`, `int_comm_tx_queue_add()`, `int_comm_tx_queue_dropall()`, `int_comm_tx_queue_is_empty()`, `tx_queue_add()`, `tx_queue_dropall()`, `tx_queue_init()`, and `tx_queue_is_empty()`.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following files:

- `internal_comm_tx_queue.h`
- `wmv_bus/`[bus.h](#)

## 5.28 UC\_MESSAGE Struct Reference

```
#include <internal_comm.h>
```

### Public Attributes

- unsigned char [checksum](#)  
*The checksum of the message.*
- unsigned char [cmd](#)  
*The command of the message.*
- unsigned char [length](#)  
*The length of the data sent in the message.*
- unsigned char [data](#) [UC\_MESSAGE\_DATA\_SIZE]  
*The variables wanted to be sent.*

### 5.28.1 Detailed Description

uC message structure, used for communication between the uCs

Definition at line 94 of file `internal_comm.h`.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [internal\\_comm.h](#)



# Chapter 6

## File Documentation

### 6.1 driver\_unit/board.h File Reference

Board specific defines.

#### Classes

- struct `driver_status_struct`

#### Defines

- `#define FLAG_TXRX_MODE_ENABLED 0`
- `#define ADDRESS_PORT PORTD`  
*Address input port \*/.*
- `#define ADDRESS_BIT0 4`  
*Address input BIT 0 port offset \*/.*
- `#define ADDRESS_BIT1 5`  
*Address input BIT 1 port offset \*/.*
- `#define ADDRESS_BIT2 6`  
*Address input BIT 2 port offset \*/.*
- `#define ADDRESS_BIT3 7`  
*Address input BIT 3 port offset \*/.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_1 2`  
*Driver output 1 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_2 3`  
*Driver output 2 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_3 2`

*Driver output 3 port offset.*

- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_4 3`  
*Driver output 4 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_5 4`  
*Driver output 5 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_6 5`  
*Driver output 6 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_7 6`  
*Driver output 7 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_8 7`  
*Driver output 8 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_9 7`  
*Driver output 9 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_10 6`  
*Driver output 10 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_11 5`  
*Driver output 11 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_12 4`  
*Driver output 12 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_13 3`  
*Driver output 13 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_14 2`  
*Driver output 14 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_15 1`  
*Driver output 15 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_16 0`  
*Driver output 16 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_17 0`  
*Driver output 17 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_18 1`  
*Driver output 18 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_19 2`  
*Driver output 19 port offset.*



- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_20 3`  
*Driver output 20 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_STATUS_OFF 0`  
*Driver status for output OFF.*
- `#define DRIVER_STATUS_ON 1`  
*Driver status for output ON.*

### 6.1.1 Detailed Description

Board specific defines.

**Author:**

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2008-04-06

```
#include "driver_unit/board.h"
```

Definition in file [board.h](#).

### 6.1.2 Define Documentation

#### 6.1.2.1 `#define FLAG_TXRX_MODE_ENABLED 0`

Flag to indicate if the TX/RX mode is enabled

Definition at line 112 of file `board.h`.

## 6.2 driver\_\_unit\_\_v2/board.h File Reference

Driver unit board defines.

### 6.2.1 Detailed Description

Driver unit board defines.

**Author:**

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2009-03-16

```
#include "driver_unit_v2/board.h"
```

Definition in file [board.h](#).

## 6.3 front\_panel/board.h File Reference

Front panel board defines.

### Defines

- `#define LED_TX_BUTTON1_BIT 7`  
*Bit offset of TX button 1 LED.*
- `#define LED_TX_BUTTON2_BIT 5`  
*Bit offset of TX button 2 LED.*
- `#define LED_TX_BUTTON3_BIT 3`  
*Bit offset of TX button 3 LED.*
- `#define LED_TX_BUTTON4_BIT 1`  
*Bit offset of TX button 4 LED.*
- `#define LED_ERROR_BIT 7`  
*Bit offset of Error LED.*
- `#define LED_PTT_GREEN_BIT 0`  
*Bit offset of PTT Green LED.*
- `#define LED_PTT_RED_BIT 1`  
*Bit offset of PTT Red LED.*
- `#define LED_ROTATION_ACTIVE_BIT 6`  
*Bit offset of rotation active LED.*
- `#define LED_RX_BUTTON1_BIT 3`  
*Bit offset of RX button 1 LED.*
- `#define LED_RX_BUTTON2_BIT 5`  
*Bit offset of RX button 2 LED.*
- `#define LED_RX_BUTTON3_BIT 4`  
*Bit offset of RX button 3 LED.*
- `#define LED_RX_BUTTON4_BIT 6`  
*Bit offset of RX button 4 LED.*
- `#define LED_ROTATE_BIT 4`  
*Bit offset of LED rotate.*
- `#define LED_TXRX_BIT 2`  
*Bit offset of LED TX/RX mode.*
- `#define LED_RXANT_BIT 6`

*Bit offset of LED RX ANTENNA.*

- `#define LED_SUBMENU_BIT 4`  
*Bit offset of LED SUB MENU.*
- `#define LED_MENU_BIT 7`  
*bit offset of LED MENU*
- `#define LED_AUX_BIT 7`  
*Bit offset of LED for MENU system.*
- `#define PULSE_SENSOR_BIT1 6`  
*Bit offset of the pulse sensor.*
- `#define PULSE_SENSOR_BIT2 7`  
*Bit offset of the pulse sensor.*
- `#define BUTTON1_TX_BIT 6`  
*Bit offset of TX button 1.*
- `#define BUTTON2_TX_BIT 4`  
*Bit offset of TX button 2.*
- `#define BUTTON3_TX_BIT 2`  
*Bit offset of TX button 3.*
- `#define BUTTON4_TX_BIT 0`  
*Bit offset of TX button 4.*
- `#define BUTTON1_RX_BIT 2`  
*Bit offset of RX button 1.*
- `#define BUTTON2_RX_BIT 4`  
*Bit offset of RX button 2.*
- `#define BUTTON3_RX_BIT 6`  
*Bit offset of RX button 3.*
- `#define BUTTON4_RX_BIT 5`  
*Bit offset of RX button 4.*
- `#define BUTTON_ROTATE_BIT 5`  
*Bit offset of rotate button.*
- `#define BUTTON_TXRX_BIT 3`  
*Bit offset of TX/RX mode button.*
- `#define BUTTON_RXANT_BIT 7`  
*Bit offset of RX Antenna button.*

- `#define BUTTON_SUBMENU_BIT 5`  
*Bit offset of SUB MENU button.*
- `#define BUTTON_MENU_BIT 6`  
*Bit offset of MENU button.*
- `#define BUTTON_PULSE_BIT 2`  
*Bit offset of PULSE SENSOR button.*
- `#define BUTTON_AUX1_BIT 0`  
*Bit offset of AUX 1 button.*
- `#define BUTTON_AUX2_BIT 1`  
*Bit offset of AUX 2 button.*
- `#define EXT_RADIO_SENSE1_BIT 4`  
*Bit offset of the EXT Radio sense 1.*
- `#define EXT_RADIO_SENSE2_BIT 2`  
*Bit offset of the EXT Radio sense 2.*
- `#define EXT_FOOTSWITCH_BIT 3`  
*Bit offset of the footswitch.*
- `#define EXT_USB1_DTR_BIT 4`  
*Bit offset of the USB 1 DTR.*
- `#define EXT_USB2_DTR_BIT 5`  
*Bit offset of the USB 2 DTR.*
- `#define EXT_USB2_RTS_BIT 6`  
*Bit offset of the USB 2 RTS.*
- `#define AMPLIFIER_OUTPUT_BIT 2`  
*Bit offset of the amplifier output.*
- `#define TX_ACTIVE_OUTPUT_BIT 5`  
*Bit offset of the tx active output.*
- `#define RADIO_INHIBIT_OUTPUT_BIT 5`  
*Bit offset of the inhibit output.*
- `#define FLAG_BUTTON1_TX_BIT 0`  
*Flag is set if the TX ANTENNA #1 button is pressed.*
- `#define FLAG_BUTTON2_TX_BIT 1`  
*Flag is set if the TX ANTENNA #2 button is pressed.*
- `#define FLAG_BUTTON3_TX_BIT 2`  
*Flag is set if the TX ANTENNA #3 button is pressed.*

- `#define FLAG_BUTTON4_TX_BIT 3`  
*Flag is set if the TX ANTENNA #4 button is pressed.*
- `#define FLAG_BUTTON1_RX_BIT 4`  
*Flag is set if the RX ANTENNA #1 button is pressed.*
- `#define FLAG_BUTTON2_RX_BIT 5`  
*Flag is set if the RX ANTENNA #2 button is pressed.*
- `#define FLAG_BUTTON3_RX_BIT 6`  
*Flag is set if the RX ANTENNA #3 button is pressed.*
- `#define FLAG_BUTTON4_RX_BIT 7`  
*Flag is set if the RX ANTENNA #4 button is pressed.*
- `#define FLAG_BUTTON_MENU_BIT 8`  
*Flag is set if the menu button is pressed.*
- `#define FLAG_BUTTON_ROTATE_BIT 9`  
*Flag is set if the Rotate button is pressed.*
- `#define FLAG_BUTTON_TXRX_BIT 10`  
*Flag is set if the TX/RX mode button is pressed.*
- `#define FLAG_BUTTON_RXANT_BIT 11`  
*Flag is set if the RX ANTENNA button is pressed.*
- `#define FLAG_BUTTON_SUBMENU_BIT 12`  
*Flag is set if the AUX button is pressed.*
- `#define FLAG_BUTTON_PULSE_BIT 13`  
*Flag is set if the pulse sensor button is pressed.*
- `#define FLAG_BUTTON_AUX1_BIT 14`  
*Flag is set if the AUX button 1 is pressed.*
- `#define FLAG_BUTTON_AUX2_BIT 15`  
*Flag is set if the AUX button 2 is pressed.*
- `#define STATUS_RADIO_SENSE1_BIT 0`  
*This bit shows the status of the radio sense input on floor 1.*
- `#define STATUS_FOOTSWITCH_BIT 1`  
*This bit shows the status of the footswitch input.*
- `#define STATUS_RADIO_SENSE2_BIT 2`  
*This bit shows the status of the radio sense input on floor 2.*
- `#define STATUS_USB1_DTR_BIT 3`

*This bit shows the status of the USB DTR on USB port 1.*

- `#define STATUS_USB2_DTR_BIT 4`

*This bit shows the status of the USB DTR on USB port 2.*

- `#define STATUS_USB2_RTS_BIT 5`

*This bit shows the status of the USB RTS on USB port 2.*

### 6.3.1 Detailed Description

Front panel board defines.

**Author:**

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/board.h"
```

Definition in file [board.h](#).

## 6.4 `general_io/board.h` File Reference

General I/O board defines.

### 6.4.1 Detailed Description

General I/O board defines.

**Author:**

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-05-18

```
#include "general_io/board.h"
```

Definition in file [board.h](#).



## 6.5 motherboard/board.h File Reference

Motherboard defines.

### Defines

- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_1 0`  
*Driver output 1 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_2 1`  
*Driver output 2 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_3 2`  
*Driver output 3 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_4 3`  
*Driver output 4 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_5 4`  
*Driver output 5 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_6 5`  
*Driver output 6 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_7 6`  
*Driver output 7 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_8 7`  
*Driver output 8 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_9 7`  
*Driver output 9 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_10 6`  
*Driver output 10 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_11 5`  
*Driver output 11 port offset.*
- `#define DRIVER_OUTPUT_12 4`  
*Driver output 12 port offset.*
- `#define AUX_X11_PIN3 0`  
*AUX pin #3 on the X11 connector.*
- `#define AUX_X11_PIN8 1`  
*AUX pin #8 on the X11 connector.*
- `#define AUX_X11_PIN4 2`

*AUX pin #4 on the X11 connector.*

- `#define AUX_X11_PIN5 3`  
*AUX pin #5 on the X11 connector, relay output (draws to either +12V or GND).*
- `#define AUX_X11_PIN9 4`  
*AUX pin #9 on the X11 connector, relay output (draws to either +12V or GND).*

### 6.5.1 Detailed Description

Motherboard defines.

**Author:**

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-01-25

```
#include "board.h"
```

Definition in file [board.h](#).

## 6.6 driver\_\_unit/global.h File Reference

AVRlib project global include.

```
#include "../avrlibdefs.h"
#include "../avrlibtypes.h"
```

### 6.6.1 Detailed Description

AVRlib project global include.

**Author:**

Pascal Stang and Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2008-04-13

Definition in file [global.h](#).

## 6.7 driver\_unit\_v2/global.h File Reference

AVRlib project global include.

```
#include "../avrlibdefs.h"
#include "../avrlibtypes.h"
```

### 6.7.1 Detailed Description

AVRlib project global include.

**Author:**

Pascal Stang and Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2009-03-16

Definition in file [global.h](#).

## 6.8 `general_io/global.h` File Reference

AVRlib project global include.

```
#include "../avrlibdefs.h"
#include "../avrlibtypes.h"
```

### 6.8.1 Detailed Description

AVRlib project global include.

**Author:**

Pascal Stang and Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-05-18

Definition in file [global.h](#).

## 6.9 wmv\_\_bus/global.h File Reference

AVRlib project global include.

### Defines

- `#define F_CPU 14745000`  
*The CPU speed.*
- `#define CYCLES_PER_US ((F_CPU+500000)/1000000)`  
*Cycles per us.*

### 6.9.1 Detailed Description

AVRlib project global include.

#### Author:

Pascal Stang and Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2008-04-13

Definition in file [global.h](#).

## 6.10 driver\_unit/init.c File Reference

Initialization routines for the driver unit.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
```

### Defines

- `#define OCR0_1MS 14`  
*Used for timer compare to match 1 ms.*

### Functions

- void `init_timer_0` (void)
- void `init_timer_2` (void)
- void `init_ports` (void)

#### 6.10.1 Detailed Description

Initialization routines for the driver unit.

##### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

##### Date:

2009-03-16

```
#include "driver_unit/init.c"
```

Definition in file `init.c`.

#### 6.10.2 Function Documentation

##### 6.10.2.1 void `init_ports` (void)

Set the direction of the ports

Definition at line 56 of file `init.c`.

Referenced by `main()`.

##### 6.10.2.2 void `init_timer_0` (void)

Initialize timer0 to use the main crystal clock and the output compare interrupt feature to generate an interrupt approximately once per millisecond to use as a general purpose time base.

Definition at line 35 of file `init.c`.

Referenced by `main()`.

### 6.10.2.3 void init\_timer\_2 (void)

Initializes timer 2, used for the communication bus and the interrupt is caught in [bus.c](#)

Definition at line 45 of file init.c.

Referenced by main().



## 6.11 driver\_unit\_v2/init.c File Reference

Initialization routines for the driver unit.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
```

### Defines

- `#define OCR0_1MS 14`  
*Used for timer compare to match 1 ms.*

### Functions

- void `init_timer_0` (void)
- void `init_timer_2` (void)
- void `init_ports` (void)

#### 6.11.1 Detailed Description

Initialization routines for the driver unit.

##### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

##### Date:

2009-03-16

```
#include "driver_unit_v2/init.c"
```

Definition in file `init.c`.

#### 6.11.2 Function Documentation

##### 6.11.2.1 void init\_ports (void)

Set the direction of the ports

Definition at line 53 of file `init.c`.

##### 6.11.2.2 void init\_timer\_0 (void)

Initialize timer0 to use the main crystal clock and the output compare interrupt feature to generate an interrupt approximately once per millisecond to use as a general purpose time base.

Definition at line 33 of file `init.c`.

References `OCR0_1MS`.

### 6.11.2.3 void init\_timer\_2 (void)

Initializes timer 2, used for the communication bus and the interrupt is caught in [bus.c](#)

Definition at line 42 of file init.c.

## 6.12 front\_panel/init.c File Reference

Initialization routines for the front panel.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include "usart.h"
#include "board.h"
```

### Defines

- `#define OCR0_1MS 14`  
*Used for timer compare to match 1 ms.*

### Functions

- void `init_usart_computer` (void)
- void `init_usart` (void)
- void `init_timer_0` (void)
- void `init_timer_2` (void)
- void `init_ports` (void)
- void `init_backlight` (void)

#### 6.12.1 Detailed Description

Initialization routines for the front panel.

##### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

##### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/init.c"
```

Definition in file `init.c`.

#### 6.12.2 Function Documentation

##### 6.12.2.1 void `init_backlight` (void)

Initialize the backlight (Which is pulse width modulated so we can set the contrast)

Definition at line 105 of file `init.c`.

Referenced by `main()`.

#### **6.12.2.2 void init\_ports (void)**

Set the direction of the ports

Definition at line 72 of file init.c.

References BUTTON1\_RX\_BIT, BUTTON1\_TX\_BIT, BUTTON2\_RX\_BIT, BUTTON2\_TX\_BIT, BUTTON3\_RX\_BIT, BUTTON3\_TX\_BIT, BUTTON4\_RX\_BIT, BUTTON4\_TX\_BIT, BUTTON\_AUX1\_BIT, BUTTON\_AUX2\_BIT, BUTTON\_MENU\_BIT, BUTTON\_PULSE\_BIT, BUTTON\_ROTATE\_BIT, BUTTON\_RXANT\_BIT, BUTTON\_SUBMENU\_BIT, and BUTTON\_TXRX\_BIT.

#### **6.12.2.3 void init\_timer\_0 (void)**

Initialize timer0 to use the main crystal clock and the output compare interrupt feature to generate an interrupt approximately once per millisecond to use as a general purpose time base.

Definition at line 51 of file init.c.

References OCR0\_1MS.

#### **6.12.2.4 void init\_timer\_2 (void)**

Initializes timer 2

Definition at line 62 of file init.c.

#### **6.12.2.5 void init\_usart (void)**

Initializes the USART for the communication bus

Definition at line 41 of file init.c.

Referenced by main().

#### **6.12.2.6 void init\_usart\_computer (void)**

Init the UART for the computer communication

Definition at line 33 of file init.c.

References usart1\_init(), usart1\_receive\_loopback(), and usart1\_transmit().

Referenced by main().

## 6.13 `general_io/init.c` File Reference

Initialization routines for the General I/O card.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
```

### Defines

- `#define OCR0_1MS 14`  
*Used for timer compare to match 1 ms.*

### Functions

- void `init_timer_0` (void)
- void `init_timer_2` (void)
- void `init_ports` (void)

#### 6.13.1 Detailed Description

Initialization routines for the General I/O card.

##### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

##### Date:

2010-05-18

```
#include "general_io/init.c"
```

Definition in file `init.c`.

#### 6.13.2 Function Documentation

##### 6.13.2.1 void `init_ports` (void)

Set the direction of the ports

Definition at line 56 of file `init.c`.

##### 6.13.2.2 void `init_timer_0` (void)

Initialize timer0 to use the main crystal clock and the output compare interrupt feature to generate an interrupt approximately once per millisecond to use as a general purpose time base.

Initialize timer0 to use the main crystal clock and the output compare interrupt feature to generate an interrupt approximately once per millisecond to use as a general purpose time base.

Definition at line 35 of file init.c.

References `OCR0_1MS`.

#### **6.13.2.3 void init\_timer\_2 (void)**

Initializes timer 2, used for the communication bus and the interrupt is caught in [bus.c](#)

Definition at line 45 of file init.c.

## 6.14 motherboard/init.c File Reference

Initialization routines for the motherboard.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include "usart.h"
```

### Defines

- `#define OCR0_1MS 14`  
*Used for timer compare to match 1 ms.*

### Functions

- void `init_usart` (void)  
*Initializes the USART for the communication bus.*
- void `init_timer_0` (void)
- void `init_ports` (void)  
*Set the direction of the ports.*

#### 6.14.1 Detailed Description

Initialization routines for the motherboard.

##### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

##### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "init.h"
```

Definition in file `init.c`.

#### 6.14.2 Function Documentation

##### 6.14.2.1 void `init_ports` (void)

Set the direction of the ports.

Set the direction of the ports

Set the direction of the ports

Definition at line 54 of file `init.c`.

**6.14.2.2 void init\_timer\_0 (void)**

Initialize timer0 to use the main crystal clock and the output compare interrupt feature to generate an interrupt approximately once per millisecond to use as a general purpose time base.

Definition at line 43 of file init.c.

References OCR0\_1MS.

**6.14.2.3 void init\_usart (void)**

Initializes the USART for the communication bus.

Initializes the USART for the communication bus

Definition at line 32 of file init.c.

References usart0\_init(), usart0\_receive\_loopback(), and usart0\_transmit().



## 6.15 driver\_unit/init.h File Reference

Initialization routines for the driver unit.

### Functions

- void [init\\_timer\\_0](#) (void)
- void [init\\_timer\\_2](#) (void)
- void [init\\_ports](#) (void)

*Set the direction of the ports.*

### 6.15.1 Detailed Description

Initialization routines for the driver unit.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2009-03-16

```
#include "driver_unit/init.h"
```

Definition in file [init.h](#).

### 6.15.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.15.2.1 void [init\\_ports](#) (void)

Set the direction of the ports.

Set the direction of the ports

Set the direction of the ports

Definition at line 56 of file init.c.

#### 6.15.2.2 void [init\\_timer\\_0](#) (void)

Initialize timer0 to use the main crystal clock and the output compare interrupt feature to generate an interrupt approximately once per millisecond to use as a general purpose time base.

Initialize timer0 to use the main crystal clock and the output compare interrupt feature to generate an interrupt approximately once per millisecond to use as a general purpose time base.

Definition at line 35 of file init.c.

**6.15.2.3 void init\_timer\_2 (void)**

Initializes timer 2, used for the communication bus and the interrupt is caught in [bus.c](#)

Initializes timer 2

Initializes timer 2, used for the communication bus and the interrupt is caught in [bus.c](#)

Definition at line 45 of file init.c.

## 6.16 driver\_unit\_v2/init.h File Reference

Initialization routines for the driver unit.

### Functions

- void [init\\_timer\\_0](#) (void)
- void [init\\_timer\\_2](#) (void)
- void [init\\_ports](#) (void)

*Set the direction of the ports.*

### 6.16.1 Detailed Description

Initialization routines for the driver unit.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2009-03-16

```
#include "driver_unit_v2/init.h"
```

Definition in file [init.h](#).

### 6.16.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.16.2.1 void [init\\_ports](#) (void)

Set the direction of the ports.

Set the direction of the ports

Set the direction of the ports

Set the direction of the ports

Set the direction of the ports

Definition at line 56 of file [init.c](#).

#### 6.16.2.2 void [init\\_timer\\_0](#) (void)

Initialize timer0 to use the main crystal clock and the output compare interrupt feature to generate an interrupt approximately once per millisecond to use as a general purpose time base.

Initialize timer0 to use the main crystal clock and the output compare interrupt feature to generate an interrupt approximately once per millisecond to use as a general purpose time base.

Initialize timer0 to use the main crystal clock and the output compare interrupt feature to generate an interrupt approximately once per millisecond to use as a general purpose time base.

Initialize timer0 to use the main crystal clock and the output compare interrupt feature to generate an interrupt approximately once per millisecond to use as a general purpose time base.

Definition at line 35 of file init.c.

#### **6.16.2.3 void init\_timer\_2 (void)**

Initializes timer 2, used for the communication bus and the interrupt is caught in [bus.c](#)

Initializes timer 2

Initializes timer 2, used for the communication bus and the interrupt is caught in [bus.c](#)

Definition at line 45 of file init.c.

## 6.17 front\_panel/init.h File Reference

Initialization routines for the front panel.

### Functions

- void [init\\_timer\\_0](#) (void)
- void [init\\_timer\\_2](#) (void)
- void [init\\_ports](#) (void)  
*Set the direction of the ports.*
- void [init\\_usart\\_computer](#) (void)
- void [init\\_usart](#) (void)  
*Initializes the USART for the communication bus.*
- void [init\\_backlight](#) (void)

### 6.17.1 Detailed Description

Initialization routines for the front panel.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsson, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/init.h"
```

Definition in file [init.h](#).

### 6.17.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.17.2.1 void init\_backlight (void)

Initialize the backlight (Which is pulse width modulated so we can set the contrast)

Definition at line 105 of file init.c.

Referenced by main().

#### 6.17.2.2 void init\_ports (void)

Set the direction of the ports.

Set the direction of the ports

Set the direction of the ports

Set the direction of the ports

Set the direction of the ports

Definition at line 56 of file init.c.

**6.17.2.3 void init\_timer\_0 (void)**

Initialize timer0 to use the main crystal clock and the output compare interrupt feature to generate an interrupt approximately once per millisecond to use as a general purpose time base.

Initialize timer0 to use the main crystal clock and the output compare interrupt feature to generate an interrupt approximately once per millisecond to use as a general purpose time base.

Initialize timer0 to use the main crystal clock and the output compare interrupt feature to generate an interrupt approximately once per millisecond to use as a general purpose time base.

Initialize timer0 to use the main crystal clock and the output compare interrupt feature to generate an interrupt approximately once per millisecond to use as a general purpose time base.

Definition at line 35 of file init.c.

**6.17.2.4 void init\_timer\_2 (void)**

Initializes timer 2, used for the communication bus and the interrupt is caught in [bus.c](#)

Initializes timer 2

Initializes timer 2, used for the communication bus and the interrupt is caught in [bus.c](#)

Definition at line 45 of file init.c.

**6.17.2.5 void init\_usart (void)**

Initializes the USART for the communication bus.

Initializes the USART for the communication bus

Definition at line 41 of file init.c.

**6.17.2.6 void init\_usart\_computer (void)**

Init the UART for the computer communication

Definition at line 33 of file init.c.

References usart1\_init(), usart1\_receive\_loopback(), and usart1\_transmit().

Referenced by main().

## 6.18 `general_io/init.h` File Reference

Initialization routines for the General I/O card.

### Functions

- void `init_timer_0` (void)
- void `init_timer_2` (void)
- void `init_ports` (void)

*Set the direction of the ports.*

### 6.18.1 Detailed Description

Initialization routines for the General I/O card.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-05-18

```
#include "general_io/init.h"
```

Definition in file [init.h](#).

### 6.18.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.18.2.1 `void init_ports (void)`

Set the direction of the ports.

Set the direction of the ports

Set the direction of the ports

Set the direction of the ports

Set the direction of the ports

Definition at line 56 of file `init.c`.

#### 6.18.2.2 `void init_timer_0 (void)`

Initialize timer0 to use the main crystal clock and the output compare interrupt feature to generate an interrupt approximately once per millisecond to use as a general purpose time base.

Initialize timer0 to use the main crystal clock and the output compare interrupt feature to generate an interrupt approximately once per millisecond to use as a general purpose time base.

Initialize timer0 to use the main crystal clock and the output compare interrupt feature to generate an interrupt approximately once per millisecond to use as a general purpose time base.

Initialize timer0 to use the main crystal clock and the output compare interrupt feature to generate an interrupt approximately once per millisecond to use as a general purpose time base.

Definition at line 35 of file init.c.

#### **6.18.2.3 void init\_timer\_2 (void)**

Initializes timer 2, used for the communication bus and the interrupt is caught in [bus.c](#)

Initializes timer 2

Initializes timer 2, used for the communication bus and the interrupt is caught in [bus.c](#)

Definition at line 45 of file init.c.



## 6.19 motherboard/init.h File Reference

Initialization routines for the motherboard.

### Functions

- void [init\\_timer\\_0](#) (void)
- void [init\\_ports](#) (void)  
*Set the direction of the ports.*
- void [init\\_usart](#) (void)  
*Initializes the USART for the communication bus.*

### 6.19.1 Detailed Description

Initialization routines for the motherboard.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "init.h"
```

Definition in file [init.h](#).

### 6.19.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.19.2.1 void [init\\_ports](#) (void)

Set the direction of the ports.

Set the direction of the ports

Set the direction of the ports

Set the direction of the ports

Set the direction of the ports

Definition at line 56 of file [init.c](#).

#### 6.19.2.2 void [init\\_timer\\_0](#) (void)

Initialize timer0 to use the main crystal clock and the output compare interrupt feature to generate an interrupt approximately once per millisecond to use as a general purpose time base.

Initialize timer0 to use the main crystal clock and the output compare interrupt feature to generate an interrupt approximately once per millisecond to use as a general purpose time base.

Initialize timer0 to use the main crystal clock and the output compare interrupt feature to generate an interrupt approximately once per millisecond to use as a general purpose time base.

Initialize timer0 to use the main crystal clock and the output compare interrupt feature to generate an interrupt approximately once per millisecond to use as a general purpose time base.

Definition at line 35 of file init.c.

References OCR0\_1MS.

#### **6.19.2.3 void init\_usart (void)**

Initializes the USART for the communication bus.

Initializes the USART for the communication bus

Definition at line 41 of file init.c.

References usart0\_init(), usart0\_receive\_loopback(), and usart0\_transmit().

Referenced by main().

## 6.20 driver\_unit/main.c File Reference

Main file of the driver unit.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include "main.h"
#include "board.h"
#include "init.h"
#include "../i2c.h"
#include "../delay.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_rx_queue.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_tx_queue.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_commands.h"
```

### Defines

- `#define LM76_ADDR 0x90`  
*The address of the LM76 temperature sensor connected to the I2C bus.*

### Functions

- void `activate_output` (unsigned char from\_addr, unsigned char index, unsigned char type)  
*Activate a driver output This function is used to activate an output on the driver unit. It will remember which device that sent the request for an activation so that the driver\_unit will remember it when that device goes offline so it can shut the outputs off.*
- void `deactivate_output` (unsigned char from\_addr, unsigned char index)  
*Deactivate a driver output This function is used to deactivate an output on the driver unit. It will remember which device that sent the request for an deactivation so that the driver\_unit will remember it when that device goes offline so it can shut the outputs off.*
- unsigned int `lm76_get_temp` (void)  
*Retrieve the temperature from the LM76 sensor This function is used to retrieve the temperature from the LM76 sensor that does exist on the driver\_unit.*
- void `bus_parse_message` (void)  
*Parse a message and execute the proper commands This function is used to parse a message that was received on the bus that is located in the RX queue.*
- unsigned char `read_ext_addr` (void)

*Read the external DIP-switch. This function is used to read the external offset address on the driver\_unit.*

- int `main` (void)
- ISR (SIG\_OUTPUT\_COMPARE0)

## Variables

- `driver_status_struct driver_status`  
*A status structure of the driver unit outputs.*
- unsigned int `counter_compare0` = 0  
*Counter to keep track of the numbers of ticks from timer0.*
- unsigned int `counter_sync` = 0  
*Counter to keep track of the time elapsed since the last sync message was sent.*
- unsigned int `counter_ping_interval` = 0  
*Counter to keep track of when to send a ping out on the bus.*

### 6.20.1 Detailed Description

Main file of the driver unit.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2008-04-06

```
#include "driver_unit/main.c"
```

Definition in file `main.c`.

### 6.20.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.20.2.1 void activate\_output (unsigned char *from\_addr*, unsigned char *index*, unsigned char *type*)

Activate a driver output This function is used to activate an output on the driver unit. It will remember which device that sent the request for an activation so that the driver\_unit will remember it when that device goes offline so it can shut the outputs off.

#### Parameters:

- from\_addr* The device that sent the request of activating an output
- index* The index of which output to activate
- type* Which type of output this is, usually is the BUS command

Definition at line 60 of file main.c.

References DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_1, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_10, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_11, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_12, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_13, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_14, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_15, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_16, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_17, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_18, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_19, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_2, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_20, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_3, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_4, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_5, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_6, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_7, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_8, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_9, driver\_status\_struct::driver\_output\_owner, driver\_status\_struct::driver\_output\_state, and driver\_status\_struct::driver\_output\_type.

Referenced by bus\_parse\_message(), and parse\_internal\_comm\_message().

### 6.20.2.2 void deactivate\_output (unsigned char *from\_addr*, unsigned char *index*)

Deactivate a driver output This function is used to deactivate an output on the driver unit. It will remember which device that sent the request for an deactivation so that the driver\_unit will remember it when that device goes offline so it can shut the outputs off.

#### Parameters:

***from\_addr*** The device that sent the request of deactivating the output

***index*** The index of which output to deactivate

Definition at line 118 of file main.c.

References DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_1, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_10, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_11, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_12, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_13, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_14, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_15, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_16, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_17, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_18, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_19, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_2, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_20, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_3, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_4, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_5, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_6, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_7, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_8, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_9, driver\_status\_struct::driver\_output\_owner, driver\_status\_struct::driver\_output\_state, and driver\_status\_struct::driver\_output\_type.

Referenced by bus\_parse\_message(), main(), and parse\_internal\_comm\_message().

### 6.20.2.3 ISR (SIG\_OUTPUT\_COMPARE0)

Output compare 0 interrupt - "called" with 1ms intervals

Definition at line 326 of file main.c.

References bus\_add\_tx\_message(), bus\_allowed\_to\_send(), BUS\_BROADCAST\_ADDR, BUS\_CMD\_PING, BUS\_DEVICE\_STATUS\_MESSAGE\_INTERVAL, bus\_get\_address(), counter\_compare0, counter\_ping\_interval, and DEVICE\_ID\_DRIVER\_POS.

### 6.20.2.4 unsigned int lm76\_get\_temp (void)

Retrieve the temperature from the LM76 sensor This function is used to retrieve the temperature from the LM76 sensor that does exist on the driver\_unit.

#### Returns:

The temperature but not in float format

Definition at line 173 of file main.c.

References `i2cMasterReceiveNI()`, and `LM76_ADDR`.

Referenced by `bus_parse_message()`.

#### **6.20.2.5    `int main (void)`**

Main function of the driver unit

Definition at line 277 of file main.c.

References `bus_check_tx_status()`, `bus_get_address()`, `bus_init()`, `bus_parse_message()`, `bus_set_address()`, `bus_set_is_master()`, `deactivate_output()`, `driver_status_struct::driver_output_state`, `init_ports()`, `init_timer_0()`, `init_timer_2()`, `read_ext_addr()`, `rx_queue_is_empty()`, and `tx_queue_is_empty()`.

#### **6.20.2.6    `unsigned char read_ext_addr (void)`**

Read the external DIP-switch. This function is used to read the external offset address on the `driver_unit`.

##### **Returns:**

The address of the external DIP-switch

Definition at line 272 of file main.c.

Referenced by `main()`.

## 6.21 driver\_unit\_v2/main.c File Reference

Main file of the driver unit.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include "main.h"
#include "board.h"
#include "init.h"
#include "../i2c.h"
#include "../delay.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_ping.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_rx_queue.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_tx_queue.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_commands.h"
```

### Defines

- `#define LM76_ADDR 0x90`  
*The address of the LM76 temperature sensor connected to the I2C bus.*

### Functions

- void `activate_output` (unsigned char from\_addr, unsigned char index, unsigned char type)  
*Activate a driver output This function is used to activate an output on the driver unit. It will remember which device that sent the request for an activation so that the driver\_unit will remember it when that device goes offline so it can shut the outputs off.*
- void `deactivate_output` (unsigned char from\_addr, unsigned char index)  
*Deactivate a driver output This function is used to deactivate an output on the driver unit. It will remember which device that sent the request for an deactivation so that the driver\_unit will remember it when that device goes offline so it can shut the outputs off.*
- unsigned int `lm76_get_temp` (void)  
*Retrieve the temperature from the LM76 sensor This function is used to retrieve the temperature from the LM76 sensor that does exist on the driver\_unit.*
- void `bus_parse_message` (void)  
*Parse a message and execute the proper commands This function is used to parse a message that was received on the bus that is located in the RX queue.*
- unsigned char `read_ext_addr` (void)

*Read the external DIP-switch. This function is used to read the external offset address on the driver\_unit.*

- void `set_ptt_led_status` (unsigned char state)  
*Set the PTT led status.*
- unsigned char `get_ptt_status` (void)  
*Check the status of the external PTT lines.*
- int `main` (void)
- `ISR` (SIG\_OUTPUT\_COMPARE0)  
*Output compare 0 interrupt - "called" with 1ms intervals.*

## Variables

- unsigned char `device_id`  
*Contains info if the module is a positive or negative driver.*
- `driver_status_struct` `driver_status`  
*A status structure of the driver unit outputs.*
- unsigned int `counter_compare0` = 0  
*Counter to keep track of the numbers of ticks from timer0.*
- unsigned int `counter_sync` = 0  
*Counter to keep track of the time elapsed since the last sync message was sent.*
- unsigned int `counter_ping_interval` = 0  
*Counter to keep track of when to send a ping out on the bus.*
- unsigned char `check_ptt_status` = 0  
*Flag which is set when we wish to poll the PTT status.*

### 6.21.1 Detailed Description

Main file of the driver unit.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsson, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2009-03-16

```
#include "driver_unit_v2/main.c"
```

Definition in file `main.c`.



## 6.21.2 Function Documentation

### 6.21.2.1 void activate\_output (unsigned char *from\_addr*, unsigned char *index*, unsigned char *type*)

Activate a driver output This function is used to activate an output on the driver unit. It will remember which device that sent the request for an activation so that the driver\_unit will remember it when that device goes offline so it can shut the outputs off.

#### Parameters:

*from\_addr* The device that sent the request of activating an output

*index* The index of which output to activate

*type* The type of output this is, usually is the bus command

Definition at line 67 of file main.c.

References driver\_status\_struct::driver\_output\_owner, driver\_status\_struct::driver\_output\_state, and driver\_status\_struct::driver\_output\_type.

### 6.21.2.2 void deactivate\_output (unsigned char *from\_addr*, unsigned char *index*)

Deactivate a driver output This function is used to deactivate an output on the driver unit. It will remember which device that sent the request for an deactivation so that the driver\_unit will remember it when that device goes offline so it can shut the outputs off.

#### Parameters:

*from\_addr* The device that sent the request of deactivating the output

*index* The index of which output to deactivate

Definition at line 125 of file main.c.

References driver\_status\_struct::driver\_output\_owner, driver\_status\_struct::driver\_output\_state, and driver\_status\_struct::driver\_output\_type.

### 6.21.2.3 unsigned char get\_ptt\_status (void)

Check the status of the external PTT lines.

#### Returns:

A byte which contains info of the state of the PTT lines. 0 = R1, 1 = R2 etc

Definition at line 364 of file main.c.

References status.

Referenced by main().

### 6.21.2.4 unsigned int lm76\_get\_temp (void)

Retrieve the temperature from the LM76 sensor This function is used to retrieve the temperature from the LM76 sensor that does exist on the driver\_unit.

**Returns:**

The temperature but not in float format

Definition at line 180 of file main.c.

References `i2cMasterReceiveNI()`, and `LM76_ADDR`.

**6.21.2.5 int main (void)**

Main function of the driver unit

Definition at line 380 of file main.c.

References `bus_add_tx_message()`, `bus_allowed_to_send()`, `BUS_BROADCAST_ADDR`, `bus_check_tx_status()`, `BUS_CMD_PING`, `BUS_CMD_SYNC`, `BUS_DEVICE_STATUS_MESSAGE_INTERVAL`, `bus_get_address()`, `bus_get_device_count()`, `bus_init()`, `bus_is_master()`, `BUS_MASTER_SYNC_INTERVAL`, `bus_parse_message()`, `bus_set_address()`, `bus_set_is_master()`, `check_ptt_status`, `counter_ping_interval`, `counter_sync`, `deactivate_output()`, `DEF_NR_DEVICES`, `device_count`, `device_id`, `DEVICE_ID_DRIVER_NEG`, `DEVICE_ID_DRIVER_POS`, `driver_status_struct::driver_output_state`, `get_ptt_status()`, `init_ports()`, `init_timer_0()`, `init_timer_2()`, `read_ext_addr()`, `rx_queue_is_empty()`, `set_ptt_led_status()`, and `tx_queue_is_empty()`.

**6.21.2.6 unsigned char read\_ext\_addr (void)**

Read the external DIP-switch. This function is used to read the external offset address on the driver\_unit.

**Returns:**

The address of the external DIP-switch

Definition at line 352 of file main.c.

## 6.22 front\_panel/main.c File Reference

Main file of the front panel.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <avr/wdt.h>
#include "main.h"
#include "board.h"
#include "usart.h"
#include "init.h"
#include "display.h"
#include "glcd.h"
#include "ks0108.h"
#include "led_control.h"
#include "../delay.h"
#include "../i2c.h"
#include "../global.h"
#include "../event_queue.h"
#include "interrupt_handler.h"
#include "eeprom.h"
#include "ds1307.h"
#include "computer_interface.h"
#include "antenna_ctrl.h"
#include "eeprom_m24.h"
#include "radio_interface.h"
#include "menu.h"
#include "rotary_encoder.h"
#include "event_handler.h"
#include "powermeter.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_ping.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_rx_queue.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_tx_queue.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_commands.h"
```

```
#include "../internal_comm.h"
#include "../internal_comm_commands.h"
```

## Functions

- void `clear_screensaver_timer` (void)  
*Clear the screensaver timer.*
- void `event_add_message` (void(\*func), unsigned int offset, unsigned char id)
- unsigned char `ext_key_get_assignment` (unsigned char index)
- void `ext_key_set_assignment` (unsigned char index, unsigned char func)
- void `event_run` (void)  
*Run the first function in the event queue.*
- void `main_update_display` (void)  
*Sets the flag that the display should be updated.*
- void `shutdown_device` (void)  
*Send a message to the motherboard that the openASC box should be shut off. Will deactivate the power supply relay.*
- void `set_tx_ant_leds` (void)  
*Set the TX antenna leds according to the status of status.selected\_ant.*
- void `set_knob_function` (unsigned char function)  
*Set the rotary knob function.*
- void `main_save_settings` (void)  
*Save runtime settings etc to the EEPROM.*
- void `load_settings` (void)  
*Load all settings from the EEPROM.*
- void `main_update_ptt_status` (void)  
*Function which updates the status of the PTT This function will check various sources if it is for example OK to transmit or not. This function also updates the color of the PTT led. It does also set the `main_set_inhibit_state()` status which is used at various places to make the sequencing etc safe.*
- void `main_set_inhibit_state` (enum `enum_inhibit_state` state)  
*Set the inhibit state This function is used to set the inhibit state, which is used to check at various places if it is safe for example to transmit, change band or change antennas.*
- enum `enum_inhibit_state` `main_get_inhibit_state` (void)  
*Get the inhibit state This function is used to get the inhibit state, which is used to check at various places if it is safe for example to transmit, change band or change antennas.*
- void `send_ping` (void)  
*Send a ping message out on the bus.*

- int `main` (void)
- ISR (SIG\_OUTPUT\_COMPARE0A)
- ISR (SIG\_OVERFLOW0)

## Variables

- struct `_setting` `settings`  
*Settings struct.*
- unsigned char `radio_rx_data_counter` = 0  
*Counter to keep track of when a character for the CAT was last received.*
- unsigned int `counter_compare0` = 0  
*Counter which counts up each time a compare0 interrupt has occurred.*
- unsigned int `counter_sync` = 32000  
*Counter which is used to keep track of when we last received a sync message from the bus.*
- unsigned char `counter_poll_buttons` = 0  
*Counter which keeps track of when we should poll the buttons.*
- unsigned char `counter_poll_ext_devices` = 0  
*Counter which keeps track of when we should poll the external inputs.*
- unsigned int `counter_screensaver_timeout` = 0  
*Counter which keeps track of the screensaver timeout.*
- unsigned int `counter_ping_interval` = 0  
*Counter which keeps track of when we should send out a ping to the communication bus.*
- unsigned int `counter_ms` = 0  
*Counter which counts up each millisecond.*
- unsigned char `counter_poll_rotary_encoder` = 0  
*Counter which keeps track when we should poll the rotary encoder.*
- unsigned int `counter_poll_radio` = 0  
*Counter which keeps track of when we should poll the radio.*
- unsigned int `counter_last_pulse_event` = 0  
*Counter which keeps track of when the last pulse event did occur. This is used to sense if we should change rx antennas.*
- unsigned int `counter_event_timer` = 0  
*After the counter reaches half of it's limit we remove that number from it by calling the function `event_queue_wrap()`.*
- unsigned char `device_count` = 0  
*The number of devices on the bus.*

- unsigned int `main_flags` = 0  
*Different flags, description is found in main.h.*
- unsigned char `ping_message` [3]  
*Ping message of the openASC device.*
- unsigned char `device_started` = 0  
*Variable to check if the device has actually gone through all init steps.*

### 6.22.1 Detailed Description

Main file of the front panel.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/main.c"
```

Definition in file [main.c](#).

### 6.22.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.22.2.1 void event\_add\_message (void \* *func*, unsigned int *offset*, unsigned char *id*)

Add a message to the event queue which will be run at the correct time

#### Parameters:

***func*** A function pointer to the function we want to run  
***offset*** the time in ms when we want our function to be run  
***id*** Which type of event this is

Definition at line 115 of file main.c.

References `counter_event_timer`, `event_in_queue()`, and `event_queue_add()`.

Referenced by `display_update_screensaver()`, `event_internal_comm_parse_message()`, `sequencer_computer_rts_activated()`, `sequencer_computer_rts_deactivated()`, `sequencer_footsw_pressed()`, and `sequencer_footsw_released()`.

#### 6.22.2.2 unsigned char ext\_key\_get\_assignment (unsigned char *index*)

Get the key assignment index

#### Parameters:

***index*** The index of which task we wish to check

**Returns:**

The current task index, can be found in [event\\_handler.h](#)

Definition at line 131 of file main.c.

References struct\_setting::ext\_key\_assignments.

Referenced by event\_handler\_process\_ps2().

**6.22.2.3 void ext\_key\_set\_assignment (unsigned char *index*, unsigned char *func*)**

Set the key assignment task

**Parameters:**

*index* The index of which task we wish to set

*func* The function we wish to assign to the assignment index

Definition at line 138 of file main.c.

References struct\_setting::ext\_key\_assignments.

**6.22.2.4 ISR (SIG\_OVERFLOW0)**

Output overflow 0 interrupt

Definition at line 748 of file main.c.

**6.22.2.5 ISR (SIG\_OUTPUT\_COMPARE0A)**

Output compare 0 interrupt - "called" with 1ms intervals

Definition at line 620 of file main.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_get\_rotatable(), antenna\_ctrl\_get\_rotator\_flags(), struct\_runtime\_settings::band\_change\_mode, BAND\_CHANGE\_MODE\_AUTO, bus\_is\_master(), bus\_ping\_tick(), counter\_event\_timer, counter\_last\_pulse\_event, counter\_ms, counter\_ping\_interval, counter\_poll\_buttons, counter\_poll\_ext\_devices, counter\_poll\_radio, counter\_poll\_rotary\_encoder, counter\_screensaver\_timeout, counter\_sync, device\_started, event\_in\_queue(), event\_queue\_get(), event\_queue\_wrap(), FLAG\_BLINK\_BAND\_LED, FLAG\_CHANGE\_RX\_ANT, FLAG\_CHANGE\_SUBMENU, FLAG\_LAST\_ANTENNA\_BLINK, FLAG\_NO\_ROTATION, FLAG\_POLL\_BUTTONS, FLAG\_POLL\_EXT\_DEVICES, FLAG\_POLL\_PULSE\_SENSOR, FLAG\_POLL\_RADIO, FLAG\_PROCESS\_RX\_ANT\_CHANGE, FLAG\_PROCESS\_SUBMENU\_CHANGE, FLAG\_RUN\_EVENT\_QUEUE, FUNC\_STATUS\_SELECT\_ANT\_ROTATE, struct\_status::function\_status, internal\_comm\_1ms\_timer(), INTERVAL\_POLL\_BUTTONS, INTERVAL\_POLL\_EXT\_DEVICES, INTERVAL\_POLL\_ROTARY\_ENCODER, led\_set\_rotation\_active(), led\_set\_tx\_ant(), LED\_STATE\_OFF, LED\_STATE\_ON, main\_flags, powermeter\_1ms\_tick(), struct\_setting::powermeter\_address, PULSE\_SENSOR\_RX\_ANT\_CHANGE\_LIMIT, PULSE\_SENSOR\_SUBMENU\_CHANGE\_LIMIT, radio\_communicaton\_timeout(), radio\_interface\_get\_poll\_interval(), radio\_rx\_data\_counter, RADIO\_RX\_DATA\_TIMEOUT, struct\_runtime\_settings, and status.

### 6.22.2.6 int main (void)

Main function of the front panel

Definition at line 293 of file main.c.

References struct\_runtime\_settings::amplifier\_ptt\_output, antenna\_ctrl\_change\_rx\_ant(), struct\_runtime\_settings::band\_change\_mode, BAND\_CHANGE\_MODE\_AUTO, BAND\_CHANGE\_MODE\_MANUAL, band\_ctrl\_change\_band(), band\_ctrl\_change\_band\_portion(), band\_ctrl\_load\_band\_limits(), bus\_add\_tx\_message(), bus\_allowed\_to\_send(), BUS\_BROADCAST\_ADDR, bus\_check\_tx\_status(), BUS\_CMD\_SYNC, BUS\_DEVICE\_STATUS\_MESSAGE\_INTERVAL, bus\_get\_address(), bus\_init(), bus\_is\_master(), BUS\_MASTER\_SYNC\_INTERVAL, bus\_set\_address(), bus\_set\_is\_master(), struct\_status::buttons\_current\_state, struct\_status::buttons\_last\_state, computer\_interface\_activate\_setup(), computer\_interface\_deactivate\_setup(), computer\_interface\_init(), computer\_interface\_is\_active(), computer\_interface\_parse\_data(), computer\_interface\_send\_data(), counter\_last\_pulse\_event, counter\_ping\_interval, counter\_sync, struct\_status::current\_band\_portion, device\_count, DEVICE\_ID\_MAINBOX, device\_started, display\_set\_backlight(), display\_setup\_view(), ds1307\_init(), eeprom\_create\_table(), eeprom\_read\_startup\_byte(), eeprom\_read\_table(), eeprom\_save\_runtime\_settings(), eeprom\_write\_startup\_byte(), event\_bus\_parse\_message(), event\_internal\_comm\_parse\_message(), event\_poll\_buttons(), event\_poll\_ext\_device(), event\_pulse\_sensor\_down(), event\_pulse\_sensor\_up(), event\_run(), event\_update\_display(), struct\_status::ext\_devices\_current\_state, struct\_status::ext\_devices\_last\_state, FLAG\_BLINK\_BAND\_LED, FLAG\_CHANGE\_RX\_ANT, FLAG\_CHANGE\_SUBMENU, FLAG\_LAST\_BAND\_BLINK, FLAG\_POLL\_BUTTONS, FLAG\_POLL\_EXT\_DEVICES, FLAG\_POLL\_PULSE\_SENSOR, FLAG\_POLL\_RADIO, FLAG\_PROCESS\_RX\_ANT\_CHANGE, FLAG\_PROCESS\_SUBMENU\_CHANGE, FLAG\_RUN\_EVENT\_QUEUE, FLAG\_UPDATE\_DISPLAY, glcd\_init(), i2c\_init(), ih\_poll\_ext\_devices(), INHIBIT\_NOT\_OK\_TO\_SEND, struct\_runtime\_settings::inhibit\_state, init\_backlight(), init\_ports(), init\_timer\_0(), init\_timer\_2(), init\_usart(), init\_usart\_computer(), internal\_comm\_init(), internal\_comm\_poll\_rx\_queue(), internal\_comm\_poll\_tx\_queue(), KNOB\_FUNCTION\_AUTO, struct\_runtime\_settings::lcd\_backlight\_value, led\_set\_all(), led\_set\_band(), led\_set\_band\_none(), led\_set\_ptt(), LED\_STATE\_OFF, LED\_STATE\_ON, LED\_STATE\_PTT\_INHIBIT, load\_settings(), main\_flags, main\_set\_inhibit\_state(), menu\_init(), struct\_setting::network\_address, struct\_setting::network\_device\_count, struct\_setting::network\_device\_is\_master, struct\_status::new\_band, struct\_status::new\_band\_portion, ping\_message, struct\_setting::powermeter\_address, powermeter\_init(), powermeter\_process\_tasks(), struct\_setting::powermeter\_update\_rate bargraph, struct\_setting::powermeter\_update\_rate\_text, struct\_setting::powermeter\_vswr\_limit, radio\_get\_band\_portion(), radio\_get\_current\_band(), RADIO\_INTERFACE\_BCD, radio\_interface\_get\_interface(), RADIO\_INTERFACE\_MANUAL, radio\_poll\_status(), radio\_process\_tasks(), struct\_runtime\_settings::radio\_ptt\_output, rotary\_encoder\_poll(), struct\_status::rotator\_step\_resolution, runtime\_settings, rx\_queue\_is\_empty(), struct\_status::selected\_band, struct\_status::selected\_rx\_antenna, send\_ping(), set\_knob\_function(), status, struct\_status::sub\_menu\_antenna\_index, sub\_menu\_get\_current\_pos(), sub\_menu\_send\_data\_to\_bus(), tx\_queue\_dropall(), tx\_queue\_is\_empty(), and usart0\_transmit().

### 6.22.2.7 enum enum\_inhibit\_state main\_get\_inhibit\_state (void)

Get the inhibit state This function is used to get the inhibit state, which is used to check at various places if it is safe for example to transmit, change band or change antennas.



**Returns:**

The current inhibit status

Definition at line 280 of file main.c.

References struct\_runtime\_settings::inhibit\_state, and runtime\_settings.

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_change\_band(), event\_pulse\_sensor\_down(), event\_pulse\_sensor\_up(), event\_tx\_button1\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button2\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button3\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button4\_pressed(), radio\_poll\_status(), sequencer\_computer\_rts\_activated(), and sequencer\_footsw\_pressed().

**6.22.2.8 void main\_set\_inhibit\_state (enum enum\_inhibit\_state *state*)**

Set the inhibit state This function is used to set the inhibit state, which is used to check at various places if it is safe for example to transmit, change band or change antennas.

**Parameters:**

***state*** The state we wish to set the inhibit status to

Definition at line 272 of file main.c.

References struct\_runtime\_settings::inhibit\_state, and runtime\_settings.

Referenced by main(), and main\_update\_ptt\_status().

**6.22.2.9 void set\_knob\_function (unsigned char *function*)**

Set the rotary knob function.

**Parameters:**

***function*** Which type of action should occur when the knob is turned

Definition at line 178 of file main.c.

References struct\_runtime\_settings::band\_change\_mode, BAND\_CHANGE\_MODE\_MANUAL, struct\_status::knob\_function, KNOB\_FUNCTION\_AUTO, KNOB\_FUNCTION\_NONE, KNOB\_FUNCTION\_SELECT\_BAND, runtime\_settings, and status.

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_change\_band(), event\_poll\_buttons(), event\_rotate\_button\_pressed(), event\_rxant\_button\_pressed(), event\_sub\_button\_pressed(), main(), and menu\_action().

**6.22.3 Variable Documentation****6.22.3.1 unsigned char radio\_rx\_data\_counter = 0**

Counter to keep track of when a character for the CAT was last received.

External variable of the radio rx data counter used for a timeout.

Definition at line 69 of file main.c.

Referenced by ISR().

## 6.23 general\_io/main.c File Reference

Main file of the General I/O card.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include "main.h"
#include "board.h"
#include "init.h"
#include "../i2c.h"
#include "../delay.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_ping.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_rx_queue.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_tx_queue.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_commands.h"
```

### Functions

- void [bus\\_parse\\_message](#) (void)  
*Parse a message and execute the proper commands. This function is used to parse a message that was received on the bus that is located in the RX queue.*
- unsigned char [read\\_ext\\_addr](#) (void)  
*Read the external DIP-switch. This function is used to read the external offset address on the General I/O card.*
- int [main](#) (void)
- [ISR](#) (SIG\_OUTPUT\_COMPARE0)  
*Output compare 0 interrupt - "called" with 1ms intervals.*

### Variables

- unsigned char [device\\_id](#)  
*Contains info of the driver type.*
- unsigned int [counter\\_compare0](#) = 0  
*Counter to keep track of the numbers of ticks from timer0.*
- unsigned int [counter\\_sync](#) = 0  
*Counter to keep track of the time elapsed since the last sync message was sent.*

- unsigned int `counter_ping_interval` = 0  
*Counter to keep track of when to send a ping out on the bus.*

### 6.23.1 Detailed Description

Main file of the General I/O card.

**Author:**

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-05-18

```
#include "general_io/main.c"
```

Definition in file [main.c](#).

### 6.23.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.23.2.1 `int main (void)`

Main function of the General I/O

Definition at line 77 of file `main.c`.

References `bus_add_tx_message()`, `bus_allowed_to_send()`, `BUS_BROADCAST_ADDR`, `bus_check_tx_status()`, `BUS_CMD_PING`, `BUS_CMD_SYNC`, `BUS_DEVICE_STATUS_MESSAGE_INTERVAL`, `bus_get_address()`, `bus_get_device_count()`, `bus_init()`, `bus_is_master()`, `BUS_MASTER_SYNC_INTERVAL`, `bus_parse_message()`, `bus_set_address()`, `bus_set_is_master()`, `counter_ping_interval`, `counter_sync`, `DEF_NR_DEVICES`, `DEFAULT_STARTUP_DELAY`, `device_count`, `device_id`, `DEVICE_ID_GENERAL_IO`, `init_ports()`, `init_timer_0()`, `init_timer_2()`, `read_ext_addr()`, `rx_queue_is_empty()`, and `tx_queue_is_empty()`.

#### 6.23.2.2 `unsigned char read_ext_addr (void)`

Read the external DIP-switch. This function is used to read the external offset address on the General I/O card.

**Returns:**

The address of the external DIP-switch

Definition at line 72 of file `main.c`.

## 6.24 motherboard/main.c File Reference

Main file of the motherboard.

```
#include <avr/parity.h>
#include "main.h"
#include "board.h"
#include "usart.h"
#include "init.h"
#include "../delay.h"
#include "../internal_comm.h"
#include "../internal_comm_commands.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_commands.h"
#include "computer_interface.h"
```

### Defines

- `#define PS2_CLK_LOW PORTE &= ~(1<<6)`  
*Macro to put PS2 CLK output LOW.*
- `#define PS2_CLK_HIGH PORTE |= (1<<6)`  
*Macro to put PS2 CLK output HIGH.*
- `#define PS2_DATA_LOW PORTA &= ~(1<<3)`  
*Macro to put PS2 DATA output LOW.*
- `#define PS2_DATA_HIGH PORTA |= (1<<3)`  
*Macro to put PS2 DATA output HIGH.*

### Functions

- `void __inline__ tiny_delay (void)`  
*Tiny delay function.*
- `void activate_output (unsigned char index, unsigned char type)`  
*Activate a driver output This function is used to activate an output on the relay driver output in the openASC It controls both the sink and source output at the same time.*
- `void deactivate_output (unsigned char index)`  
*Deactivate a driver output This function is used to deactivate an output on the relay outputs It controls both the sink and source output at the same time.*
- `void parse_internal_comm_message (UC_MESSAGE message)`  
*Parse an internal communication message.*
- `void ps2_keyboard_send (unsigned char cmd)`

*Send a command to the PS/2 keyboard output/input.*

- void `ps2_process_key` (unsigned char key\_code)  
*Process a keystroke.*
- int `main` (void)  
*Main function of the motherboard.*
- `ISR` (SIG\_OUTPUT\_COMPARE0)  
*Output compare 0 interrupt - "called" with 1ms intervals.*
- `ISR` (SIG\_OVERFLOW0)  
*Output overflow 0 interrupt.*
- `ISR` (SIG\_INTERRUPT6)

## Variables

- unsigned char `temp_count` = 0  
*Counter used for the PS/2 decoding.*
- unsigned int `driver_output_state` = 0  
*The driver output state.*
- unsigned int `driver_output_type` [12]  
*The type of driver output.*
- unsigned char `btn_on_off_last_state` = 1  
*Variable used to keep track of the last state of the ON/OFF button so we can see when it has been pressed and released.*
- unsigned int `counter_time_start` = 0
- unsigned int `counter_ps2` = 0  
*Counter which keeps track of the PS/2 decoding.*
- `PS2_STRUCT ps2`  
*PS/2 struct.*

### 6.24.1 Detailed Description

Main file of the motherboard.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "motherboard/main.c"
```

Definition in file `main.c`.

## 6.24.2 Function Documentation

### 6.24.2.1 void activate\_output (unsigned char *index*, unsigned char *type*)

Activate a driver output This function is used to activate an output on the relay driver output in the openASC It controls both the sink and source output at the same time.

**Parameters:**

- index* The index of which output to activate (1-12)
- type* The command that did activate this output

Definition at line 79 of file main.c.

References DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_1, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_10, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_11, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_12, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_2, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_3, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_4, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_5, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_6, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_7, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_8, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_9, driver\_output\_state, and driver\_output\_type.

### 6.24.2.2 void deactivate\_output (unsigned char *index*)

Deactivate a driver output This function is used to deactivate an output on the relay outputs It controls both the sink and source output at the same time.

**Parameters:**

- index* The index of which output to activate (1-12)

Definition at line 118 of file main.c.

References DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_1, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_10, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_11, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_12, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_2, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_3, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_4, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_5, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_6, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_7, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_8, DRIVER\_OUTPUT\_9, driver\_output\_state, and driver\_output\_type.

### 6.24.2.3 void parse\_internal\_comm\_message (UC\_MESSAGE *message*)

Parse an internal communication message.

**Parameters:**

- message* The message that we wish to parse

Definition at line 154 of file main.c.

References activate\_output(), AUX\_X11\_PIN3, AUX\_X11\_PIN4, AUX\_X11\_PIN5, AUX\_X11\_PIN8, AUX\_X11\_PIN9, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_ACTIVATE\_ANT\_OUTPUT, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_ACTIVATE\_BAND\_OUTPUT, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_ACTIVATE\_RX\_ANT\_OUTPUT, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_ALL\_ANT\_OUTPUTS, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_ALL\_BAND\_OUTPUTS, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_ALL\_OUTPUTS, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_ANT\_OUTPUT, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_RX\_ANT\_OUTPUT, UC\_MESSAGE::cmd,

computer\_interface\_send(), UC\_MESSAGE::data, deactivate\_output(), driver\_output\_type, INT\_COMM\_AUX\_CHANGE\_OUTPUT\_PIN, INT\_COMM\_GET\_BAND\_BCD\_STATUS, INT\_COMM\_PULL\_THE\_PLUG, INT\_COMM\_REDIRECT\_DATA, internal\_comm\_add\_tx\_message(), and UC\_MESSAGE::length.

Referenced by main().

#### 6.24.2.4 void ps2\_keyboard\_send (unsigned char *cmd*)

Send a command to the PS/2 keyboard output/input.

##### Parameters:

*cmd* The command we wish to send

Definition at line 279 of file main.c.

References PS2\_STRUCT::bit\_count, PS2\_STRUCT::parity, PS2\_CLK\_HIGH, PS2\_CLK\_LOW, PS2\_DATA\_HIGH, PS2\_DATA\_LOW, tiny\_delay(), PS2\_STRUCT::transmit, and PS2\_STRUCT::tx\_data.

#### 6.24.2.5 void ps2\_process\_key (unsigned char *key\_code*)

Process a keystroke.

##### Parameters:

*key\_code* The key code which was received

Definition at line 301 of file main.c.

References INT\_COMM\_PS2\_KEYPRESSED, and internal\_comm\_add\_tx\_message().

### 6.24.3 Variable Documentation

#### 6.24.3.1 unsigned int counter\_time\_start = 0

Counter which keeps track of how long time ago it was since we started the box. This is used at startup so that we ignore button actions on the ON/OFF button for a certain time at startup

Definition at line 58 of file main.c.

Referenced by ISR().

## 6.25 driver\_unit/main.h File Reference

### Defines

- `#define BUS_RX_QUEUE_SIZE 10`  
*The size of the RX queue in buffers.*
- `#define BUS_TX_QUEUE_SIZE 10`  
*The size of the TX queue in buffers.*

### 6.25.1 Detailed Description

Definition in file [main.h](#).



## 6.26 driver\_unit\_v2/main.h File Reference

### Classes

- struct [driver\\_status\\_struct](#)

### Defines

- `#define BUS_RX_QUEUE_SIZE 10`  
*The size of the RX queue in buffers.*
- `#define BUS_TX_QUEUE_SIZE 10`  
*The size of the TX queue in buffers.*
- `#define FLAG_TXRX_MODE_ENABLED 0`
- `#define DRIVER_STATUS_OFF 0`  
*Driver status for output OFF.*
- `#define DRIVER_STATUS_ON 1`  
*Driver status for output ON.*

### 6.26.1 Detailed Description

Definition in file [main.h](#).

### 6.26.2 Define Documentation

#### 6.26.2.1 `#define FLAG_TXRX_MODE_ENABLED 0`

Flag to indicate if the TX/RX mode is enabled

Definition at line 54 of file main.h.

## 6.27 front\_panel/main.h File Reference

Main file of the front panel.

### Classes

- struct [struct\\_setting](#)  
*Settings struct.*
- struct [struct\\_status](#)  
*This struct only contains information that is temporary.*
- struct [struct\\_runtime\\_settings](#)  
*Settings like status but which should be saved into the EEPROM.*

### Defines

- #define [FIRMWARE\\_REV](#) "0.1b\0"  
*The current firmware revision nr.*
- #define [ENABLE\\_TIMER0\\_INT](#)() TIMSK0 |= (1<<OCIE0A);  
*Macro to enable timer 0 interrupt.*
- #define [DISABLE\\_TIMER0\\_INT](#)() TIMSK0 &= ~(1<<OCIE0A);  
*Macro to disable timer 0 interrupt.*
- #define [BUS\\_STATUS\\_ALLOWED\\_TO\\_SEND\\_BIT](#) 0  
*Flag to indicate that the bus is allowed to transmit.*
- #define [BUS\\_STATUS\\_PREAMBLE\\_FOUND\\_BIT](#) 1  
*Flag to indicate that a preamble has been found in the bus.*
- #define [BUS\\_RX\\_QUEUE\\_SIZE](#) 10  
*The size of the RX queue in buffers.*
- #define [BUS\\_TX\\_QUEUE\\_SIZE](#) 25  
*The size of the TX queue in buffers.*
- #define [ANTENNA\\_EXIST\\_FLAG](#) 0  
*This flag is to indicate that the antenna exist.*
- #define [ANTENNA\\_ROTATOR\\_FLAG](#) 1  
*Flag if there is a rotator that can be controlled.*
- #define [ANTENNA\\_IS\\_MULTIBAND](#) 2  
*Flag if the antenna is a multiband antenna - Not implemented.*
- #define [ANTENNA\\_IN\\_USE\\_FLAG](#) 3

*Flag that shows if an antenna is occupied, used for multiband antennas primary - Not implemented.*

- `#define DISPLAY_SCREENSAVER_TIMEOUT 5000`  
*Screensaver timeout.*
- `#define RADIO_RX_DATA_TIMEOUT 10`
- `#define PTT_RADIO_BIT 0`  
*Indicate that radio is enabled or disabled.*
- `#define PTT_AMP_BIT 1`  
*Indicate that amp is enabled or disabled.*
- `#define INHIBIT_ENABLED_BIT 2`  
*Indicate that inhibit is enabled or disabled.*
- `#define BAND_CHANGE_MODE_MANUAL 0`  
*Band changes are done manually.*
- `#define BAND_CHANGE_MODE_AUTO 1`  
*Band changes are done automatically.*
- `#define FLAG_POLL_BUTTONS 0`  
*POLL BUTTONS, is set when a poll on the front panel buttons should occur.*
- `#define FLAG_POLL_EXT_DEVICES 1`  
*EXT DEVICES flag is set when a poll for external devices should occur.*
- `#define FLAG_RUN_EVENT_QUEUE 2`  
*Run the event first in the event queue.*
- `#define FLAG_UPDATE_DISPLAY 3`  
*FLAG to indicate that the display should be updated.*
- `#define FLAG_POLL_PULSE_SENSOR 4`  
*Poll the pulse sensor.*
- `#define FLAG_LAST_BAND_BLINK 5`  
*This flag indicates the state of the last BAND blink event, used to blink the LED when a new band change is in process.*
- `#define FLAG_LAST_ANTENNA_BLINK 6`  
*This flag is used to blink the antennas which can be rotated.*
- `#define FLAG_CHANGE_RX_ANT 7`  
*This flag is used to trigger an RX antenna change, after a certain amount of time which is set with the flag below.*
- `#define FLAG_PROCESS_RX_ANT_CHANGE 8`  
*Works together with the above flag, but this is set when the actual antenna change should occur.*

- #define `FLAG_BLINK_BAND_LED` 9  
*Blink the band led.*
- #define `FLAG_POLL_RADIO` 10  
*Indicate that we should poll the radio.*
- #define `FLAG_CHANGE_SUBMENU` 11  
*This flag is set to indicate that we have changed the sub menu.*
- #define `FLAG_PROCESS_SUBMENU_CHANGE` 12  
*This flag is to indicate that a sub menu change should occur, ie sent out on the bus.*
- #define `INTERVAL_POLL_BUTTONS` 50  
*The poll interval of the front panel buttons (unit = ms).*
- #define `INTERVAL_POLL_ROTARY_ENCODER` 5  
*The poll interval of the rotary encoder (unit = ms).*
- #define `INTERVAL_POLL_EXT_DEVICES` 1  
*The poll interval of the external devices as shown in board.h (unit = ms).*
- #define `KNOB_FUNCTION_NONE` 0  
*Knob function is to select RX antenna.*
- #define `KNOB_FUNCTION_RX_ANT` 1  
*Knob function is to select RX antenna.*
- #define `KNOB_FUNCTION_SELECT_BAND` 2  
*Knob function is to select band.*
- #define `KNOB_FUNCTION_SET_HEADING` 3  
*Knob function is to set the heading of a rotator.*
- #define `KNOB_FUNCTION_AUTO` 4  
*Auto select, pick the one which is most likely to be used.*
- #define `KNOB_FUNCTION_SET_SUBMENU` 5  
*Knob function set submenu option.*
- #define `RX_ANTENNA_NAME_LENGTH` 15  
*RX antenna name length.*
- #define `RX_ANTENNA_OUTPUT_STR_LENGTH` 10  
*RX antenna output str length.*
- #define `RX_ANTENNA_BAND_OUTPUT_STR_LENGTH` 10  
*RX antenna band output str length.*
- #define `ANTENNA_TEXT_SIZE` 10

*The max size of the antenna output str length.*

- #define ANTENNA\_OUTPUT\_COMB\_SIZE 10  
*The max size of the output combination length.*
- #define BAND\_OUTPUT\_STR\_SIZE 10  
*The max size of the band output str.*
- #define SUB\_MENU\_ARRAY\_STR\_SIZE 10  
*The max size of the sub menu array output str size.*
- #define SUB\_MENU\_ARRAY\_NAME\_SIZE 3  
*The size of the name of a 4-SQ.*
- #define OUTPUT\_ADDR\_DELIMITER 0xFF  
*The delimiter that separates the outputs from which address they should be sent to.*
- #define FUNC\_STATUS\_RXANT 0  
*Define for function status.*
- #define FUNC\_STATUS\_ROTATE 1  
*Define for function status, that rotation is active.*
- #define FUNC\_STATUS\_SELECT\_ANT\_ROTATE 2  
*Define for function status, to select which antenna that should be rotated.*
- #define FUNC\_STATUS\_SUBMENU 3  
*Define for function status, to select sub menu.*
- #define DISPLAY\_LEVEL\_LOGO 0  
*Display level openASC logo.*
- #define DISPLAY\_LEVEL\_BAND 1  
*Display level current band.*
- #define DISPLAY\_LEVEL\_SUBMENU 2  
*Display level sub menu.*
- #define CURRENT\_DISPLAY\_LOGO 0  
*Current display is the openASC logo.*
- #define CURRENT\_DISPLAY\_ANTENNA\_INFO 1  
*Current display is the antenna information.*
- #define CURRENT\_DISPLAY\_MENU\_SYSTEM 2  
*Current display is the menu system.*
- #define CURRENT\_DISPLAY\_SHUTDOWN\_VIEW 3  
*Current display is the shutdown in progress view.*

- `#define CURRENT_DISPLAY_POWERMETER_VIEW 4`  
*Current display power meter view.*
- `#define PULSE_SENSOR_RX_ANT_CHANGE_LIMIT 250`  
*The time from when a pulse sensor change occurred to the actual change does happen, in ms.*
- `#define PULSE_SENSOR_SUBMENU_CHANGE_LIMIT 250`  
*The time from when a pulse sensor change occurred to the actual change does happen, in ms.*
- `#define SUBMENU_NONE 0`  
*Sub menu type NONE.*
- `#define SUBMENU_VERT_ARRAY 1`  
*Sub menu type 4-SQ.*
- `#define SUBMENU_STACK 2`  
*Sub menu type stack.*
- `#define VIEW_ANTENNAS 0`  
*Flag used if we wish to view antennas.*

## Enumerations

- `enum enum_inhibit_state { INHIBIT_OK_TO_SEND, INHIBIT_NOT_OK_TO_SEND, INHIBIT_NOT_OK_TO_SEND_RADIO_TX }`  
*Different inhibit states.*

## Functions

- `void main_update_ptt_status (void)`  
*Function which updates the status of the PTT This function will check various sources if it is for example OK to transmit or not. This function also updates the color of the PTT led. It does also set the `main_set_inhibit_state()` status which is used at various places to make the sequencing etc safe.*
- `void main_save_settings (void)`  
*Save runtime settings etc to the EEPROM.*
- `void event_add_message (void(*func), unsigned int offset, unsigned char id)`
- `unsigned char ext_key_get_assignment (unsigned char index)`
- `void ext_key_set_assignment (unsigned char index, unsigned char func)`
- `void main_update_display (void)`  
*Sets the flag that the display should be updated.*
- `void check_knob_function (void)`
- `void set_tx_ant_leds (void)`  
*Set the TX antenna leds according to the status of `status.selected_ant`.*

- void [set\\_knob\\_function](#) (unsigned char function)  
*Set the rotary knob function.*
- void [shutdown\\_device](#) (void)  
*Send a message to the motherboard that the openASC box should be shut off. Will deactivate the power supply relay.*
- enum [enum\\_inhibit\\_state](#) [main\\_get\\_inhibit\\_state](#) (void)  
*Get the inhibit state This function is used to get the inhibit state, which is used to check at various places if it is safe for example to transmit, change band or change antennas.*
- void [main\\_set\\_inhibit\\_state](#) (enum [enum\\_inhibit\\_state](#) state)  
*Set the inhibit state This function is used to set the inhibit state, which is used to check at various places if it is safe for example to transmit, change band or change antennas.*
- void [send\\_ping](#) (void)  
*Send a ping message out on the bus.*

## Variables

- [struct\\_status](#) [status](#)  
*Contains different statuses of buttons etc.*
- [struct\\_runtime\\_settings](#) [runtime\\_settings](#)  
*Contains settings which will be saved and restored each time the box is turned on/off.*

### 6.27.1 Detailed Description

Main file of the front panel.

Definition in file [main.h](#).

### 6.27.2 Define Documentation

#### 6.27.2.1 `#define RADIO_RX_DATA_TIMEOUT 10`

The limit (in ms) of the radio communication timeout. If this limit is reached the radio rx buffers will be cleared

Definition at line 58 of file [main.h](#).

Referenced by [ISR\(\)](#).

### 6.27.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 6.27.3.1 `enum enum_inhibit_state`

Different inhibit states.

**Enumerator:**

***INHIBIT\_OK\_TO\_SEND*** Inhibit state, OK to start a transmission.  
***INHIBIT\_NOT\_OK\_TO\_SEND*** Inhibit state, NOT OK to start a transmission.  
***INHIBIT\_NOT\_OK\_TO\_SEND\_RADIO\_TX*** Inhibit state, NOT OK to start a transmission, Radio is in TX.

Definition at line 187 of file main.h.

**6.27.4 Function Documentation****6.27.4.1 void event\_add\_message (void \* *func*, unsigned int *offset*, unsigned char *id*)**

Add a message to the event queue which will be run at the correct time

**Parameters:**

***func*** A function pointer to the function we want to run  
***offset*** the time in ms when we want our function to be run  
***id*** Which type of event this is

Definition at line 115 of file main.c.

References counter\_event\_timer, event\_in\_queue(), and event\_queue\_add().

Referenced by display\_update\_screensaver(), event\_internal\_comm\_parse\_message(), sequencer\_computer\_rts\_activated(), sequencer\_computer\_rts\_deactivated(), sequencer\_footsw\_pressed(), and sequencer\_footsw\_released().

**6.27.4.2 unsigned char ext\_key\_get\_assignment (unsigned char *index*)**

Get the key assignment index

**Parameters:**

***index*** The index of which task we wish to check

**Returns:**

The current task index, can be found in [event\\_handler.h](#)

Definition at line 131 of file main.c.

References struct\_setting::ext\_key\_assignments.

Referenced by event\_handler\_process\_ps2().

**6.27.4.3 void ext\_key\_set\_assignment (unsigned char *index*, unsigned char *func*)**

Set the key assignment task

**Parameters:**

***index*** The index of which task we wish to set



***func*** The function we wish to assign to the assignment index

Definition at line 138 of file main.c.

References struct\_setting::ext\_key\_assignments.

#### 6.27.4.4 enum enum\_inhibit\_state main\_get\_inhibit\_state (void)

Get the inhibit state This function is used to get the inhibit state, which is used to check at various places if it is safe for example to transmit, change band or change antennas.

##### Returns:

The current inhibit status

Definition at line 280 of file main.c.

References struct\_runtime\_settings::inhibit\_state, and runtime\_settings.

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_change\_band(), event\_pulse\_sensor\_down(), event\_pulse\_sensor\_up(), event\_tx\_button1\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button2\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button3\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button4\_pressed(), radio\_poll\_status(), sequencer\_computer\_rts\_activated(), and sequencer\_footsw\_pressed().

#### 6.27.4.5 void main\_set\_inhibit\_state (enum enum\_inhibit\_state state)

Set the inhibit state This function is used to set the inhibit state, which is used to check at various places if it is safe for example to transmit, change band or change antennas.

##### Parameters:

***state*** The state we wish to set the inhibit status to

Definition at line 272 of file main.c.

References struct\_runtime\_settings::inhibit\_state, and runtime\_settings.

Referenced by main(), and main\_update\_ptt\_status().

#### 6.27.4.6 void set\_knob\_function (unsigned char function)

Set the rotary knob function.

##### Parameters:

***function*** Which type of action should occur when the knob is turned

Definition at line 178 of file main.c.

References struct\_runtime\_settings::band\_change\_mode, BAND\_CHANGE\_MODE\_MANUAL, struct\_status::knob\_function, KNOB\_FUNCTION\_AUTO, KNOB\_FUNCTION\_NONE, KNOB\_FUNCTION\_SELECT\_BAND, runtime\_settings, and status.

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_change\_band(), event\_poll\_buttons(), event\_rotate\_button\_pressed(), event\_rxant\_button\_pressed(), event\_sub\_button\_pressed(), main(), and menu\_action().

## 6.28 `general_io/main.h` File Reference

### Defines

- `#define BUS_RX_QUEUE_SIZE 10`  
*The size of the RX queue in buffers.*
- `#define BUS_TX_QUEUE_SIZE 10`  
*The size of the TX queue in buffers.*

### 6.28.1 Detailed Description

Definition in file [main.h](#).

## 6.29 motherboard/main.h File Reference

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
```

### Classes

- struct [PS2\\_STRUCT](#)  
*Struct of the PS/2 interface status.*

### Defines

- #define [INT\\_COMM\\_REDIRECT\\_DATA](#) 0x10  
*Internal communication command to redirect data.*

#### 6.29.1 Detailed Description

Definition in file [main.h](#).

## 6.30 event\_queue.c File Reference

Event queue.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "event_queue.h"
```

### Functions

- void `event_queue_init` (void)  
*Initialize the event queue.*
- char `event_queue_add` (EVENT\_MESSAGE event)  
*Insert a message into the event queue. It will end up on a position based on it's time\_target.*
- void `event_queue_wrap` (unsigned int remove\_val)  
*Removes a certain amount of numbers from the time\_target.*
- EVENT\_MESSAGE `event_queue_get` ()  
*Retrieve the first message from the event queue.*
- unsigned char `event_in_queue` (void)  
*Checks if there is any event in the queue.*
- void `event_queue_drop` (void)  
*Drops the first message in the queue.*
- unsigned char `event_queue_count` (void)  
*Retrieve the number of items in the event queue.*
- void `event_queue_dropall` (void)  
*Erase all content in the event queue.*
- int `event_queue_drop_id` (unsigned char id)  
*Drops all messages in the queue with a certain ID.*
- unsigned char `event_queue_check_id` (unsigned char id)  
*Check if a specific ID exist in the event queue.*

### 6.30.1 Detailed Description

Event queue.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-01-25

```
#include "event_queue.c"
```

Definition in file [event\\_queue.c](#).

## 6.30.2 Function Documentation

### 6.30.2.1 unsigned char event\_in\_queue (void)

Checks if there is any event in the queue.

**Returns:**

1 if there is an event in the queue and 0 otherwise

Definition at line 85 of file event\_queue.c.

References event\_list.

Referenced by event\_add\_message(), event\_run(), and ISR().

### 6.30.2.2 char event\_queue\_add (EVENT\_MESSAGE event)

Insert a message into the event queue. It will end up on a position based on it's time\_target.

**Parameters:**

*event* - The event that should be inserted into the queue

**Returns:**

The position the event was inserted into, -1 means queue was full

Definition at line 43 of file event\_queue.c.

References event\_list, EVENT\_LIST\_SIZE, and EVENT\_MESSAGE::time\_target.

Referenced by event\_add\_message().

### 6.30.2.3 unsigned char event\_queue\_check\_id (unsigned char id)

Check if a specific ID exist in the event queue.

**Parameters:**

*id* The id we which to check for

**Returns:**

1 if it exist, 0 if it doesn't

Definition at line 155 of file event\_queue.c.

References event\_list, and EVENT\_LIST\_SIZE.

#### 6.30.2.4 unsigned char event\_queue\_count (void)

Retrieve the number of items in the event queue.

**Returns:**

Numbers of items in the queue

Definition at line 104 of file event\_queue.c.

References event\_list, and EVENT\_LIST\_SIZE.

#### 6.30.2.5 int event\_queue\_drop\_id (unsigned char id)

Drops all messages in the queue with a certain ID.

**Returns:**

the number of events that were dropped

Definition at line 126 of file event\_queue.c.

References event\_list, EVENT\_LIST\_SIZE, EVENT\_MESSAGE::func, EVENT\_MESSAGE::id, and EVENT\_MESSAGE::time\_target.

Referenced by sequencer\_computer\_rts\_deactivated(), and sequencer\_footsw\_released().

#### 6.30.2.6 EVENT\_MESSAGE event\_queue\_get (void)

Retrieve the first message from the event queue.

**Returns:**

The first message in the queue

Definition at line 78 of file event\_queue.c.

References event\_list.

Referenced by event\_run(), and ISR().

#### 6.30.2.7 void event\_queue\_wrap (unsigned int remove\_val)

Removes a certain amount of numbers from the time\_target.

**Parameters:**

*remove\_val* The number we want to remove from all time targets

Definition at line 69 of file event\_queue.c.

References event\_list, EVENT\_LIST\_SIZE, and EVENT\_MESSAGE::time\_target.

Referenced by ISR().

## 6.31 event\_queue.h File Reference

Event queue.

### Classes

- struct [EVENT\\_MESSAGE](#)  
*Event message used for timing of events.*

### Defines

- `#define` [EVENT\\_LIST\\_SIZE](#) 10  
*The size of the event list.*

### Functions

- void [event\\_queue\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initialize the event queue.*
- char [event\\_queue\\_add](#) ([EVENT\\_MESSAGE](#) event)  
*Insert a message into the event queue. It will end up on a position based on it's time\_target.*
- [EVENT\\_MESSAGE](#) [event\\_queue\\_get](#) (void)  
*Retrieve the first message from the event queue.*
- void [event\\_queue\\_drop](#) (void)  
*Drops the first message in the queue.*
- unsigned char [event\\_queue\\_count](#) (void)  
*Retrieve the number of items in the event queue.*
- void [event\\_queue\\_dropall](#) (void)  
*Erase all content in the event queue.*
- unsigned char [event\\_in\\_queue](#) (void)  
*Checks if there is any event in the queue.*
- void [event\\_queue\\_wrap](#) (unsigned int remove\_val)  
*Removes a certain amount of numbers from the time\_target.*
- int [event\\_queue\\_drop\\_id](#) (unsigned char id)  
*Drops all messages in the queue with a certain ID.*
- unsigned char [event\\_queue\\_check\\_id](#) (unsigned char id)  
*Check if a specific ID exist in the event queue.*

## Variables

- `EVENT_MESSAGE event_list` [`EVENT_LIST_SIZE`]  
*Event list with size `EVENT_LIST_SIZE`.*

### 6.31.1 Detailed Description

Event queue.

Definition in file `event_queue.h`.

### 6.31.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.31.2.1 `unsigned char event_in_queue` (void)

Checks if there is any event in the queue.

**Returns:**

1 if there is an event in the queue and 0 otherwise

Definition at line 85 of file `event_queue.c`.

References `event_list`.

Referenced by `event_add_message()`, `event_run()`, and `ISR()`.

#### 6.31.2.2 `char event_queue_add` (`EVENT_MESSAGE event`)

Insert a message into the event queue. It will end up on a position based on its `time_target`.

**Parameters:**

*event* - The event that should be inserted into the queue

**Returns:**

The position the event was inserted into, -1 means queue was full

Definition at line 43 of file `event_queue.c`.

References `event_list`, `EVENT_LIST_SIZE`, and `EVENT_MESSAGE::time_target`.

Referenced by `event_add_message()`.

#### 6.31.2.3 `unsigned char event_queue_check_id` (unsigned char *id*)

Check if a specific ID exist in the event queue.

**Parameters:**

*id* The id we which to check for



**Returns:**

1 if it exist, 0 if it doesn't

Definition at line 155 of file event\_queue.c.

References event\_list, and EVENT\_LIST\_SIZE.

**6.31.2.4 unsigned char event\_queue\_count (void)**

Retrieve the number of items in the event queue.

**Returns:**

Numbers of items in the queue

Definition at line 104 of file event\_queue.c.

References event\_list, and EVENT\_LIST\_SIZE.

**6.31.2.5 int event\_queue\_drop\_id (unsigned char id)**

Drops all messages in the queue with a certain ID.

**Returns:**

the number of events that were dropped

Definition at line 126 of file event\_queue.c.

References event\_list, EVENT\_LIST\_SIZE, EVENT\_MESSAGE::func, EVENT\_MESSAGE::id, and EVENT\_MESSAGE::time\_target.

Referenced by sequencer\_computer\_rts\_deactivated(), and sequencer\_footsw\_released().

**6.31.2.6 EVENT\_MESSAGE event\_queue\_get (void)**

Retrieve the first message from the event queue.

**Returns:**

The first message in the queue

Definition at line 78 of file event\_queue.c.

References event\_list.

Referenced by event\_run(), and ISR().

**6.31.2.7 void event\_queue\_wrap (unsigned int remove\_val)**

Removes a certain amount of numbers from the time\_target.

**Parameters:**

*remove\_val* The number we want to remove from all time targets

Definition at line 69 of file event\_queue.c.

References event\_list, EVENT\_LIST\_SIZE, and EVENT\_MESSAGE::time\_target.

Referenced by ISR().

## 6.32 front\_panel/antenna\_ctrl.c File Reference

Antenna control functions.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "antenna_ctrl.h"
#include "main.h"
#include "eeprom.h"
#include "led_control.h"
#include "band_ctrl.h"
#include "event_handler.h"
#include "../global.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_rx_queue.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_tx_queue.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_commands.h"
```

### Functions

- unsigned char **antenna\_ctrl\_get\_comb\_value** (unsigned char antenna\_comb)
  - unsigned char **antenna\_ctrl\_comb\_allowed** (unsigned char antenna\_comb)  
*Retrieve if a certain antenna combination is allowed.*
- void **antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_outputs** (unsigned char \*addresses, unsigned char length, unsigned char cmd)  
*This function will go through a parameter with addresses and send a command to it.*
- unsigned char **antenna\_ctrl\_antenna\_selected** (void)  
*This function returns the selected antenna combination.*
- void **antenna\_ctrl\_send\_ant\_data\_to\_bus** (void)  
*Send the output string for the current antenna to the bus.*
- void **antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_data\_to\_bus** (unsigned char antenna\_index)  
*Send the output string for the rx antenna to the bus.*
- void **antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_band\_data\_to\_bus** (char index)  
*Send the output string for the rx antenna to the bus.*
- void **antenna\_ctrl\_rotate** (unsigned char ant\_index, unsigned int heading)
- void **antenna\_ctrl\_change\_rx\_ant** (unsigned char ant\_index)

*Function used to change an rx antenna.*

- unsigned char [antenna\\_ctrl\\_get\\_rotatable](#) (void)  
*Get which antennas can be rotated.*
- void [antenna\\_ctrl\\_deactivate\\_all](#) (void)  
*Function which will deactivate all activated antenna ctrl outputs, using type `BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_ALL_ANT_OUTPUTS`.*
- void [antenna\\_ctrl\\_deactivate\\_all\\_rx\\_band](#) (void)  
*Function which will deactivate all activated rx antenna ctrl band outputs, using type `BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_ALL_RX_BAND_OUTPUTS`.*
- void [antenna\\_ctrl\\_set\\_antenna\\_text](#) (char \*str, unsigned char index)  
*Set the antenna text.*
- char \* [antenna\\_ctrl\\_get\\_antenna\\_text](#) (unsigned char index)
- unsigned char [antenna\\_ctrl\\_get\\_antenna\\_text\\_length](#) (unsigned char index)  
*Get the antenna text length.*
- void [antenna\\_ctrl\\_set\\_output\\_comb](#) (unsigned char \*data, unsigned char index, unsigned char length)  
*Set the output combination string.*
- unsigned char \* [antenna\\_ctrl\\_get\\_output\\_comb](#) (unsigned char index)  
*Retrieve the output combination string.*
- unsigned char [antenna\\_ctrl\\_get\\_output\\_comb\\_length](#) (unsigned char index)  
*Retrieve the length of the output combination string.*
- void [antenna\\_ctrl\\_set\\_direction](#) (unsigned int dir, unsigned char index)  
*Set the direction of a specific antenna.*
- unsigned int [antenna\\_ctrl\\_get\\_direction](#) (unsigned char index)  
*Get the direction of a specific antenna.*
- unsigned char [antenna\\_ctrl\\_get\\_rotator\\_addr](#) (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*Get the address of the rotator at a certain antenna index.*
- void [antenna\\_ctrl\\_set\\_flags](#) (unsigned char flags, unsigned char index)  
*Set the antenna flags.*
- unsigned char [antenna\\_ctrl\\_get\\_flags](#) (unsigned char index)  
*Get the antenna flags.*
- void [antenna\\_ctrl\\_set\\_comb\\_allowed](#) (unsigned int comb)  
*Set the value of combination allowed.*
- void [antenna\\_ctrl\\_set\\_rotator\\_flags](#) (unsigned char ant\_index, unsigned char flags)  
*Set the flags of the rotator, see [antenna\\_ctrl.h](#) for defines.*

- unsigned char [antenna\\_ctrl\\_get\\_rotator\\_flags](#) (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*Get the flags of the rotator, see [antenna\\_ctrl.h](#) for defines.*
- unsigned int [antenna\\_ctrl\\_get\\_comb\\_allowed](#) (void)  
*Get the value of combination allowed.*
- void [antenna\\_ctrl\\_set\\_antenna\\_data](#) (struct\_antenna \*data)  
*Set the antenna data.*
- void [antenna\\_ctrl\\_set\\_rx\\_antenna\\_data](#) (struct\_rx\_antennas \*data)  
*Set the antenna rx data.*
- unsigned char [antenna\\_ctrl\\_get\\_rx\\_antenna\\_count](#) (void)  
*Retrieve the number of rx antennas.*
- char \* [antenna\\_ctrl\\_get\\_rx\\_antenna\\_name](#) (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*Retrieve the rx antenna name.*
- char \* [antenna\\_ctrl\\_get\\_rx\\_antenna\\_output\\_str](#) (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*Retrieve the rx antenna output str.*
- void [antenna\\_ctrl\\_select\\_default\\_ant](#) (void)  
*Function which will select the default antenna for this band if it is configured.*
- void [antenna\\_ctrl\\_ant\\_read\\_eeprom](#) (unsigned char band\_index)  
*Read the eeprom for the antenna settings.*
- void [antenna\\_ctrl\\_rx\\_ant\\_read\\_eeprom](#) (void)  
*Read the eeprom for the rx antenna settings.*
- unsigned int [antenna\\_ctrl\\_get\\_start\\_heading](#) (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*Function returns the start heading for a certain antenna.*
- unsigned int [antenna\\_ctrl\\_get\\_max\\_rotation](#) (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*Function returns the maximal number of degrees we can rotate an antenna.*
- unsigned char [antenna\\_ctrl\\_get\\_sub\\_menu\\_type](#) (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*Get which kind of sub meny type an antenna has got.*

## Variables

- [struct\\_antenna current\\_antennas](#)  
*Contains the current antenna information.*
- [struct\\_rx\\_antennas rx\\_antennas](#)  
*Contains the rx antenna information.*
- unsigned int [main\\_flags](#)

*Different flags, description is found in main.h.*

- unsigned char `current_activated_ant_outputs` [ANTENNA\_OUTPUT\_COMB\_SIZE]  
*Array which we store the current devices which we have activated antenna outputs on.*
- unsigned char `current_activated_ant_outputs_length` = 0  
*How many devices we have activated antenna outputs on.*
- unsigned char `current_activated_rx_ant_outputs` [RX\_ANTENNA\_OUTPUT\_STR\_LENGTH]  
*Array which we store the current devices which we have rx antenna activated outputs on.*
- unsigned char `current_activated_rx_ant_outputs_length` = 0  
*How many devices we have activated rx antenna outputs on.*
- unsigned char `current_band_activated_outputs_rx` [RX\_ANTENNA\_BAND\_OUTPUT\_STR\_LENGTH]  
*Array which we store the current devices which we have activated rx antenna band outputs on.*
- unsigned char `current_band_activated_outputs_rx_length` = 0  
*How many devices we have activated rx antenna band outputs on.*

### 6.32.1 Detailed Description

Antenna control functions.

Antenna control functions

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/antenna_ctrl.c"
```

Definition in file [antenna\\_ctrl.c](#).

### 6.32.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.32.2.1 void antenna\_ctrl\_ant\_read\_eeprom (unsigned char *band\_index*)

Read the eeprom for the antenna settings.

#### Parameters:

*band\_index* The band index

Definition at line 493 of file `antenna_ctrl.c`.

References `eeprom_get_antenna_data()`.

Referenced by `band_ctrl_load_band()`.

### 6.32.2.2 unsigned char antenna\_ctrl\_antenna\_selected (void)

This function returns the selected antenna combination.

#### Returns:

The selected antenna combination, for example 1 means antenna 1, 3 means antenna 1 and 2 (binary representation)

Definition at line 134 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_status::selected\_ant, and status.

### 6.32.2.3 void antenna\_ctrl\_change\_rx\_ant (unsigned char *ant\_index*)

Function used to change an rx antenna.

#### Parameters:

***ant\_index*** Which RX antenna we wish to chose. If ant\_index = 0 the rx antenna outputs are disabled

Definition at line 294 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_outputs(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_data\_to\_bus(), BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_ALL\_RX\_ANTENNA\_OUTPUTS, current\_activated\_rx\_ant\_outputs, and current\_activated\_rx\_ant\_outputs\_length.

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_change\_band(), event\_rxant\_button\_pressed(), event\_set\_rx\_antenna(), and main().

### 6.32.2.4 unsigned char antenna\_ctrl\_comb\_allowed (unsigned char *antenna\_comb*)

Retrieve if a certain antenna combination is allowed.

#### Parameters:

***antenna\_comb*** The antenna configuration you wish to check

#### Returns:

1 if the combination is allowed, 0 if it is not allowed

Definition at line 107 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_comb\_allowed.

Referenced by event\_tx\_button1\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button2\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button3\_pressed(), and event\_tx\_button4\_pressed().

### 6.32.2.5 void antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_outputs (unsigned char \* *addresses*, unsigned char *length*, unsigned char *cmd*)

This function will go through a parameter with addresses and send a command to it.

**Parameters:**

***addresses*** The list of addresses to send CMD to

***length*** The length of the address list

***cmd*** The command we wish to send to the boards in the address list

Definition at line 121 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References bus\_add\_tx\_message(), bus\_get\_address(), BUS\_MESSAGE\_FLAGS\_NEED\_ACK, and internal\_comm\_add\_tx\_message().

Referenced by antenna\_ctrl\_change\_rx\_ant(), antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_all(), antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_all\_rx\_band(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_ant\_data\_to\_bus(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_band\_data\_to\_bus(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_data\_to\_bus(), band\_ctrl\_deactivate\_all(), sub\_menu\_deactivate\_all(), and sub\_menu\_send\_data\_to\_bus().

**6.32.2.6 char\* antenna\_ctrl\_get\_antenna\_text (unsigned char *index*)**

Get the antenna text

**Parameters:**

***index*** The index of the antenna

**Returns:**

A pointer to the string

Definition at line 342 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_text.

Referenced by display\_antennas(), and display\_show\_sub\_menu().

**6.32.2.7 unsigned char antenna\_ctrl\_get\_antenna\_text\_length (unsigned char *index*)**

Get the antenna text length.

**Parameters:**

***index*** The index of the antenna

**Returns:**

the length of the text

Definition at line 349 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_text\_length.

Referenced by display\_antennas(), and display\_invert\_antenna().

**6.32.2.8 unsigned int antenna\_ctrl\_get\_comb\_allowed (void)**

Get the value of combination allowed.



**Returns:**

The combination allowed value

Definition at line 437 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_comb\_allowed.

**6.32.2.9 unsigned int antenna\_ctrl\_get\_direction (unsigned char *index*)**

Get the direction of a specific antenna.

**Parameters:**

*index* The index of the antenna

**Returns:**

The direction of the antenna

Definition at line 388 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_direction.

Referenced by display\_rotator\_directions(), event\_rotate\_button\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button1\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button2\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button3\_pressed(), and event\_tx\_button4\_pressed().

**6.32.2.10 unsigned char antenna\_ctrl\_get\_flags (unsigned char *index*)**

Get the antenna flags.

**Parameters:**

*index* The index of which antenna you wish to get the flag content from

**Returns:**

The flags

Definition at line 411 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_flag.

Referenced by display\_antennas(), display\_invert\_antenna(), display\_rotator\_directions(), event\_rotate\_button\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button1\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button2\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button3\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button4\_pressed(), and main\_update\_ptt\_status().

**6.32.2.11 unsigned int antenna\_ctrl\_get\_max\_rotation (unsigned char *ant\_index*)**

Function returns the maximal number of degrees we can rotate an antenna.

**Parameters:**

*ant\_index* The antenna index we wish to retrieve the information from

**Returns:**

The number of degrees the antenna can be rotated

Definition at line 512 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::rotator\_max\_rotation.

Referenced by event\_pulse\_sensor\_down(), and event\_pulse\_sensor\_up().

**6.32.2.12 unsigned char\* antenna\_ctrl\_get\_output\_comb (unsigned char *index*)**

Retrieve the output combination string.

**Parameters:**

*index* Which of the bands you wish to get the output string for

**Returns:**

pointer to the string beginning

Definition at line 367 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_comb\_output\_str.

**6.32.2.13 unsigned char antenna\_ctrl\_get\_output\_comb\_length (unsigned char *index*)**

Retrieve the length of the output combination string.

**Parameters:**

*index* Which of the combinations you wish to retrieve the length of

**Returns:**

The length of the output string

Definition at line 374 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_output\_length.

**6.32.2.14 unsigned char antenna\_ctrl\_get\_rotatable (void)**

Get which antennas can be rotated.

**Returns:**

Which antennas can be rotated, in binary form starting with ant 0 from byte 0

Definition at line 306 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_flag, and ANTENNA\_ROTATOR\_FLAG.

Referenced by ISR().

**6.32.2.15 unsigned char antenna\_ctrl\_get\_rotator\_addr (unsigned char *ant\_index*)**

Get the address of the rotator at a certain antenna index.

**Parameters:**

*ant\_index* The index of the antenna

**Returns:**

The address of the rotator

Definition at line 395 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::rotator\_addr.

**6.32.2.16 unsigned char antenna\_ctrl\_get\_rotator\_flags (unsigned char *ant\_index*)**

Get the flags of the rotator, see [antenna\\_ctrl.h](#) for defines.

**Returns:**

The rotator flags of the antenna

Definition at line 430 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::rotator\_flags.

Referenced by ISR().

**6.32.2.17 unsigned char antenna\_ctrl\_get\_rx\_antenna\_count (void)**

Retrieve the number of rx antennas.

**Returns:**

The number of rx antenna count

Definition at line 455 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_rx\_antennas::name.

Referenced by display\_show\_rx\_ant(), event\_pulse\_sensor\_down(), event\_pulse\_sensor\_up(), and event\_rxant\_button\_pressed().

**6.32.2.18 char\* antenna\_ctrl\_get\_rx\_antenna\_name (unsigned char *ant\_index*)**

Retrieve the rx antenna name.

**Parameters:**

*ant\_index* The index of the antenna

**Returns:**

The name of the RX antenna

Definition at line 468 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_rx\_antennas::name.

Referenced by display\_show\_rx\_ant().

#### **6.32.2.19** `char* antenna_ctrl_get_rx_antenna_output_str (unsigned char ant_index)`

Retrieve the rx antenna output str.

##### **Parameters:**

*ant\_index* The index of the antenna

##### **Returns:**

The output str of the rx antenna sent in

Definition at line 475 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_rx\_antennas::output\_str.

#### **6.32.2.20** `unsigned int antenna_ctrl_get_start_heading (unsigned char ant_index)`

Function returns the start heading for a certain antenna.

##### **Parameters:**

*ant\_index* The index of the antenna we wish to retrieve the heading from

##### **Returns:**

The start heading of this antenna

Definition at line 505 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::rotator\_min\_heading.

Referenced by event\_pulse\_sensor\_down(), and event\_pulse\_sensor\_up().

#### **6.32.2.21** `unsigned char antenna_ctrl_get_sub_menu_type (unsigned char ant_index)`

Get which kind of sub meny type an antenna has got.

##### **Parameters:**

*ant\_index* Which antenna index we wish to show the sub menu type for

##### **Returns:**

The sub meny type

Definition at line 519 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::sub\_menu\_type.

Referenced by display\_rotator\_directions(), event\_sub\_button\_pressed(), sub\_menu\_activate\_all(), sub\_menu\_get\_count(), sub\_menu\_get\_text(), sub\_menu\_get\_type(), and sub\_menu\_load().

#### 6.32.2.22 void antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_band\_data\_to\_bus (char *index*)

Send the output string for the rx antenna to the bus.

##### Parameters:

*index* The index of the antenna you wish to send the string of

Definition at line 231 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_outputs(), struct\_rx\_antennas::band\_output\_length, struct\_rx\_antennas::band\_output\_str, bus\_add\_tx\_message(), BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_ACTIVATE\_RX\_BAND\_OUTPUT, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_ALL\_RX\_BAND\_OUTPUTS, bus\_get\_address(), BUS\_MESSAGE\_FLAGS\_NEED\_ACK, current\_band\_activated\_outputs\_rx, current\_band\_activated\_outputs\_rx\_length, internal\_comm\_add\_tx\_message(), and OUTPUT\_ADDR\_DELIMITER.

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_change\_band().

#### 6.32.2.23 void antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_data\_to\_bus (unsigned char *antenna\_index*)

Send the output string for the rx antenna to the bus.

##### Parameters:

*antenna\_index* The index of the antenna you wish to send the string of

Definition at line 189 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_outputs(), bus\_add\_tx\_message(), BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_ACTIVATE\_RX\_ANT\_OUTPUT, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_ALL\_RX\_ANTENNA\_OUTPUTS, bus\_get\_address(), BUS\_MESSAGE\_FLAGS\_NEED\_ACK, current\_activated\_rx\_ant\_outputs, current\_activated\_rx\_ant\_outputs\_length, internal\_comm\_add\_tx\_message(), OUTPUT\_ADDR\_DELIMITER, struct\_rx\_antennas::output\_length, and struct\_rx\_antennas::output\_str.

Referenced by antenna\_ctrl\_change\_rx\_ant().

#### 6.32.2.24 void antenna\_ctrl\_set\_antenna\_data (struct\_antenna \* *data*)

Set the antenna data.

##### Parameters:

*data* The data we wish to use as antenna data

Definition at line 443 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

**6.32.2.25 void antenna\_ctrl\_set\_antenna\_text (char \* *str*, unsigned char *index*)**

Set the antenna text.

**Parameters:**

*str* Which data should be saved

*index* The index of the antenna

Definition at line 335 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_text.

**6.32.2.26 void antenna\_ctrl\_set\_comb\_allowed (unsigned int *comb*)**

Set the value of combination allowed.

**Parameters:**

*comb* The combination that is allowed

Definition at line 417 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_comb\_allowed.

**6.32.2.27 void antenna\_ctrl\_set\_direction (unsigned int *dir*, unsigned char *index*)**

Set the direction of a specific antenna.

**Parameters:**

*dir* The direction of the antenna

*index* The index of the antenna

Definition at line 381 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_direction.

**6.32.2.28 void antenna\_ctrl\_set\_flags (unsigned char *flags*, unsigned char *index*)**

Set the antenna flags.

**Parameters:**

*flags* The flags you wish to be enabled for this antenna

*index* The index of the antenna which the flags should be set to

Definition at line 403 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_flag.

**6.32.2.29 void antenna\_ctrl\_set\_output\_comb (unsigned char \* *data*, unsigned char *index*, unsigned char *length*)**

Set the output combination string.

**Parameters:**

*data* The string you wish to save

*index* The index of the output combination

*length* The length of the output string

Definition at line 358 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_comb\_output\_str, and struct\_antenna::antenna\_output\_length.

**6.32.2.30 void antenna\_ctrl\_set\_rotator\_flags (unsigned char *ant\_index*, unsigned char *flags*)**

Set the flags of the rotator, see [antenna\\_ctrl.h](#) for defines.

**Parameters:**

*ant\_index* The antenna index

*flags* Flags from the rotator

Definition at line 424 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::rotator\_flags.

**6.32.2.31 void antenna\_ctrl\_set\_rx\_antenna\_data (struct\_rx\_antennas \* *data*)**

Set the antenna rx data.

**Parameters:**

*data* The data we wish to use as rx antenna data

Definition at line 449 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

## 6.33 front\_panel/antenna\_ctrl.h File Reference

Antenna control functions.

```
#include "main.h"
```

### Classes

- struct [struct\\_rx\\_antennas](#)  
*Struct which contains information of the rx antennas.*
- struct [struct\\_antenna](#)  
*Structure of an antenna.*

### Defines

- #define [FLAG\\_NO\\_ROTATION](#) 1  
*The rotator is currently standing still.*
- #define [FLAG\\_ROTATION\\_ALLOWED](#) 2  
*The rotator is allowed to be rotated.*
- #define [FLAG\\_ROTATION\\_CW](#) 3  
*The rotator is being rotated CW.*
- #define [FLAG\\_ROTATION\\_CCW](#) 4  
*The rotator is being rotated CCW.*

### Functions

- void [antenna\\_ctrl\\_deactivate\\_all\\_rx\\_band](#) (void)  
*Function which will deactivate all activated rx antenna ctrl band outputs, using type `BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_ALL_RX_BAND_OUTPUTS`.*
- void [antenna\\_ctrl\\_send\\_ant\\_data\\_to\\_bus](#) (void)  
*Send the output string for the current antenna to the bus.*
- void [antenna\\_ctrl\\_send\\_rx\\_ant\\_data\\_to\\_bus](#) (unsigned char antenna\_index)  
*Send the output string for the rx antenna to the bus.*
- void [antenna\\_ctrl\\_send\\_rx\\_ant\\_band\\_data\\_to\\_bus](#) (char index)  
*Send the output string for the rx antenna to the bus.*
- unsigned char [antenna\\_ctrl\\_comb\\_allowed](#) (unsigned char antenna\_comb)  
*Retrieve if a certain antenna combination is allowed.*
- unsigned char [antenna\\_ctrl\\_get\\_comb\\_value](#) (unsigned char antenna\_comb)



- void `antenna_ctrl_set_antenna_text` (char \*str, unsigned char index)  
*Set the antenna text.*
- char \* `antenna_ctrl_get_antenna_text` (unsigned char index)
- unsigned char `antenna_ctrl_get_antenna_text_length` (unsigned char index)  
*Get the antenna text length.*
- void `antenna_ctrl_set_output_comb` (unsigned char \*data, unsigned char index, unsigned char length)  
*Set the output combination string.*
- unsigned char \* `antenna_ctrl_get_output_comb` (unsigned char index)  
*Retrieve the output combination string.*
- unsigned char `antenna_ctrl_get_output_comb_length` (unsigned char index)  
*Retrieve the length of the output combination string.*
- void `antenna_ctrl_set_direction` (unsigned int dir, unsigned char index)  
*Set the direction of a specific antenna.*
- unsigned int `antenna_ctrl_get_direction` (unsigned char index)  
*Get the direction of a specific antenna.*
- void `antenna_ctrl_set_flags` (unsigned char flags, unsigned char index)  
*Set the antenna flags.*
- unsigned char `antenna_ctrl_get_flags` (unsigned char index)  
*Get the antenna flags.*
- void `antenna_ctrl_set_comb_allowed` (unsigned int comb)  
*Set the value of combination allowed.*
- unsigned int `antenna_ctrl_get_comb_allowed` (void)  
*Get the value of combination allowed.*
- void `antenna_ctrl_change_rx_ant` (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*Function used to change an rx antenna.*
- void `antenna_ctrl_set_antenna_data` (struct\_antenna \*data)  
*Set the antenna data.*
- void `antenna_ctrl_set_rx_antenna_data` (struct\_rx\_antennas \*data)  
*Set the antenna rx data.*
- unsigned char `antenna_ctrl_get_rx_antenna_count` (void)  
*Retrieve the number of rx antennas.*
- char \* `antenna_ctrl_get_rx_antenna_name` (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*Retrieve the rx antenna name.*

- char \* [antenna\\_ctrl\\_get\\_rx\\_antenna\\_output\\_str](#) (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*Retrieve the rx antenna output str.*
- void [antenna\\_ctrl\\_ant\\_read\\_eeprom](#) (unsigned char band\_index)  
*Read the eeprom for the antenna settings.*
- void [antenna\\_ctrl\\_rx\\_ant\\_read\\_eeprom](#) (void)  
*Read the eeprom for the rx antenna settings.*
- void [antenna\\_ctrl\\_deactivate\\_outputs](#) (unsigned char \*addresses, unsigned char length, unsigned char cmd)  
*This function will go through a parameter with addresses and send a command to it.*
- unsigned char [antenna\\_ctrl\\_get\\_sub\\_menu\\_type](#) (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*Get which kind of sub meny type an antenna has got.*
- void [antenna\\_ctrl\\_deactivate\\_all](#) (void)  
*Function which will deactivate all activated antenna ctrl outputs, using type BUS\_CMD - DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_ALL\_ANT\_OUTPUTS.*
- void [antenna\\_ctrl\\_rotate](#) (unsigned char ant\_index, unsigned int heading)
- unsigned char [antenna\\_ctrl\\_antenna\\_selected](#) (void)  
*This function returns the selected antenna combination.*
- unsigned char [antenna\\_ctrl\\_get\\_rotatable](#) (void)  
*Get which antennas can be rotated.*
- unsigned int [antenna\\_ctrl\\_get\\_start\\_heading](#) (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*Function returns the start heading for a certain antenna.*
- unsigned int [antenna\\_ctrl\\_get\\_max\\_rotation](#) (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*Function returns the maximal number of degrees we can rotate an antenna.*
- unsigned char [antenna\\_ctrl\\_get\\_rotator\\_addr](#) (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*Get the address of the rotator at a certain antenna index.*
- void [antenna\\_ctrl\\_set\\_rotator\\_flags](#) (unsigned char ant\_index, unsigned char flags)  
*Set the flags of the rotator, see [antenna\\_ctrl.h](#) for defines.*
- unsigned char [antenna\\_ctrl\\_get\\_rotator\\_flags](#) (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*Get the flags of the rotator, see [antenna\\_ctrl.h](#) for defines.*
- void [antenna\\_ctrl\\_select\\_default\\_ant](#) (void)  
*Function which will select the default antenna for this band if it is configured.*

### 6.33.1 Detailed Description

Antenna control functions.

**Author:**

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/antenna_ctrl.h"
```

Definition in file [antenna\\_ctrl.h](#).

### 6.33.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.33.2.1 void antenna\_ctrl\_ant\_read\_eeprom (unsigned char *band\_index*)

Read the eeprom for the antenna settings.

**Parameters:**

*band\_index* The band index

Definition at line 493 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References eeprom\_get\_antenna\_data().

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_load\_band().

#### 6.33.2.2 unsigned char antenna\_ctrl\_antenna\_selected (void)

This function returns the selected antenna combination.

**Returns:**

The selected antenna combination, for example 1 means antenna 1, 3 means antenna 1 and 2 (binary representation)

Definition at line 134 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_status::selected\_ant, and status.

#### 6.33.2.3 void antenna\_ctrl\_change\_rx\_ant (unsigned char *ant\_index*)

Function used to change an rx antenna.

**Parameters:**

*ant\_index* Which RX antenna we wish to chose. If ant\_index = 0 the rx antenna outputs are disabled

Definition at line 294 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_outputs(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_data\_to\_bus(), BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_ALL\_RX\_ANTENNA\_OUTPUTS, current\_activated\_rx\_ant\_outputs, and current\_activated\_rx\_ant\_outputs\_length.

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_change\_band(), event\_rxant\_button\_pressed(), event\_set\_rx\_antenna(), and main().

#### 6.33.2.4 unsigned char antenna\_ctrl\_comb\_allowed (unsigned char *antenna\_comb*)

Retrieve if a certain antenna combination is allowed.

##### Parameters:

*antenna\_comb* The antenna configuration you wish to check

##### Returns:

1 if the combination is allowed, 0 if it is not allowed

Definition at line 107 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_comb\_allowed.

Referenced by event\_tx\_button1\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button2\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button3\_pressed(), and event\_tx\_button4\_pressed().

#### 6.33.2.5 void antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_outputs (unsigned char \* *addresses*, unsigned char *length*, unsigned char *cmd*)

This function will go through a parameter with addresses and send a command to it.

##### Parameters:

*addresses* The list of addresses to send CMD to

*length* The length of the address list

*cmd* The command we wish to send to the boards in the address list

Definition at line 121 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References bus\_add\_tx\_message(), bus\_get\_address(), BUS\_MESSAGE\_FLAGS\_NEED\_ACK, and internal\_comm\_add\_tx\_message().

Referenced by antenna\_ctrl\_change\_rx\_ant(), antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_all(), antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_all\_rx\_band(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_ant\_data\_to\_bus(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_band\_data\_to\_bus(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_data\_to\_bus(), band\_ctrl\_deactivate\_all(), sub\_menu\_deactivate\_all(), and sub\_menu\_send\_data\_to\_bus().

#### 6.33.2.6 char\* antenna\_ctrl\_get\_antenna\_text (unsigned char *index*)

Get the antenna text

##### Parameters:

*index* The index of the antenna

**Returns:**

A pointer to the string

Definition at line 342 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_text.

Referenced by display\_antennas(), and display\_show\_sub\_menu().

**6.33.2.7 unsigned char antenna\_ctrl\_get\_antenna\_text\_length (unsigned char *index*)**

Get the antenna text length.

**Parameters:**

*index* The index of the antenna

**Returns:**

the length of the text

Definition at line 349 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_text\_length.

Referenced by display\_antennas(), and display\_invert\_antenna().

**6.33.2.8 unsigned int antenna\_ctrl\_get\_comb\_allowed (void)**

Get the value of combination allowed.

**Returns:**

The combination allowed value

Definition at line 437 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_comb\_allowed.

**6.33.2.9 unsigned int antenna\_ctrl\_get\_direction (unsigned char *index*)**

Get the direction of a specific antenna.

**Parameters:**

*index* The index of the antenna

**Returns:**

The direction of the antenna

Definition at line 388 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_direction.

Referenced by display\_rotator\_directions(), event\_rotate\_button\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button1\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button2\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button3\_pressed(), and event\_tx\_button4\_pressed().

#### 6.33.2.10 unsigned char antenna\_ctrl\_get\_flags (unsigned char *index*)

Get the antenna flags.

##### Parameters:

*index* The index of which antenna you wish to get the flag content from

##### Returns:

The flags

Definition at line 411 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_flag.

Referenced by display\_antennas(), display\_invert\_antenna(), display\_rotator\_directions(), event\_rotate\_button\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button1\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button2\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button3\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button4\_pressed(), and main\_update\_ptt\_status().

#### 6.33.2.11 unsigned int antenna\_ctrl\_get\_max\_rotation (unsigned char *ant\_index*)

Function returns the maximal number of degrees we can rotate an antenna.

##### Parameters:

*ant\_index* The antenna index we wish to retrieve the information from

##### Returns:

The number of degrees the antenna can be rotated

Definition at line 512 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::rotator\_max\_rotation.

Referenced by event\_pulse\_sensor\_down(), and event\_pulse\_sensor\_up().

#### 6.33.2.12 unsigned char\* antenna\_ctrl\_get\_output\_comb (unsigned char *index*)

Retrieve the output combination string.

##### Parameters:

*index* Which of the bands you wish to get the output string for

##### Returns:

pointer to the string beginning

Definition at line 367 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_comb\_output\_str.

**6.33.2.13 unsigned char antenna\_ctrl\_get\_output\_comb\_length (unsigned char *index*)**

Retrieve the length of the output combination string.

**Parameters:**

*index* Which of the combinations you wish to retrieve the length of

**Returns:**

The length of the output string

Definition at line 374 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_output\_length.

**6.33.2.14 unsigned char antenna\_ctrl\_get\_rotatable (void)**

Get which antennas can be rotated.

**Returns:**

Which antennas can be rotated, in binary form starting with ant 0 from byte 0

Definition at line 306 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_flag, and ANTENNA\_ROTATOR\_FLAG.

Referenced by ISR().

**6.33.2.15 unsigned char antenna\_ctrl\_get\_rotator\_addr (unsigned char *ant\_index*)**

Get the address of the rotator at a certain antenna index.

**Parameters:**

*ant\_index* The index of the antenna

**Returns:**

The address of the rotator

Definition at line 395 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::rotator\_addr.

**6.33.2.16 unsigned char antenna\_ctrl\_get\_rotator\_flags (unsigned char *ant\_index*)**

Get the flags of the rotator, see [antenna\\_ctrl.h](#) for defines.

**Returns:**

The rotator flags of the antenna

Definition at line 430 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::rotator\_flags.

Referenced by ISR().

#### 6.33.2.17 unsigned char antenna\_ctrl\_get\_rx\_antenna\_count (void)

Retrieve the number of rx antennas.

##### Returns:

The number of rx antenna count

Definition at line 455 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_rx\_antennas::name.

Referenced by display\_show\_rx\_ant(), event\_pulse\_sensor\_down(), event\_pulse\_sensor\_up(), and event\_rxant\_button\_pressed().

#### 6.33.2.18 char\* antenna\_ctrl\_get\_rx\_antenna\_name (unsigned char *ant\_index*)

Retrieve the rx antenna name.

##### Parameters:

*ant\_index* The index of the antenna

##### Returns:

The name of the RX antenna

Definition at line 468 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_rx\_antennas::name.

Referenced by display\_show\_rx\_ant().

#### 6.33.2.19 char\* antenna\_ctrl\_get\_rx\_antenna\_output\_str (unsigned char *ant\_index*)

Retrieve the rx antenna output str.

##### Parameters:

*ant\_index* The index of the antenna

##### Returns:

The output str of the rx antenna sent in

Definition at line 475 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_rx\_antennas::output\_str.



**6.33.2.20 unsigned int antenna\_ctrl\_get\_start\_heading (unsigned char *ant\_index*)**

Function returns the start heading for a certain antenna.

**Parameters:**

*ant\_index* The index of the antenna we wish to retrieve the heading from

**Returns:**

The start heading of this antenna

Definition at line 505 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::rotator\_min\_heading.

Referenced by event\_pulse\_sensor\_down(), and event\_pulse\_sensor\_up().

**6.33.2.21 unsigned char antenna\_ctrl\_get\_sub\_menu\_type (unsigned char *ant\_index*)**

Get which kind of sub meny type an antenna has got.

**Parameters:**

*ant\_index* Which antenna index we wish to show the sub menu type for

**Returns:**

The sub meny type

Definition at line 519 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::sub\_menu\_type.

Referenced by display\_rotator\_directions(), event\_sub\_button\_pressed(), sub\_menu\_activate\_all(), sub\_menu\_get\_count(), sub\_menu\_get\_text(), sub\_menu\_get\_type(), and sub\_menu\_load().

**6.33.2.22 void antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_band\_data\_to\_bus (char *index*)**

Send the output string for the rx antenna to the bus.

**Parameters:**

*index* The index of the antenna you wish to send the string of

Definition at line 231 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_outputs(), struct\_rx\_antennas::band\_output\_length, struct\_rx\_antennas::band\_output\_str, bus\_add\_tx\_message(), BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_ACTIVATE\_RX\_BAND\_OUTPUT, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_ALL\_RX\_BAND\_OUTPUTS, bus\_get\_address(), BUS\_MESSAGE\_FLAGS\_NEED\_ACK, current\_band\_activated\_outputs\_rx, current\_band\_activated\_outputs\_rx\_length, internal\_comm\_add\_tx\_message(), and OUTPUT\_ADDR\_DELIMITER.

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_change\_band().

### 6.33.2.23 void antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_data\_to\_bus (unsigned char *antenna\_index*)

Send the output string for the rx antenna to the bus.

#### Parameters:

*antenna\_index* The index of the antenna you wish to send the string of

Definition at line 189 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_outputs(), bus\_add\_tx\_message(), BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_ACTIVATE\_RX\_ANT\_OUTPUT, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_ALL\_RX\_ANTENNA\_OUTPUTS, bus\_get\_address(), BUS\_MESSAGE\_FLAGS\_NEED\_ACK, current\_activated\_rx\_ant\_outputs, current\_activated\_rx\_ant\_outputs\_length, internal\_comm\_add\_tx\_message(), OUTPUT\_ADDR\_DELIMITER, struct\_rx\_antennas::output\_length, and struct\_rx\_antennas::output\_str.

Referenced by antenna\_ctrl\_change\_rx\_ant().

### 6.33.2.24 void antenna\_ctrl\_set\_antenna\_data (struct\_antenna \* *data*)

Set the antenna data.

#### Parameters:

*data* The data we wish to use as antenna data

Definition at line 443 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

### 6.33.2.25 void antenna\_ctrl\_set\_antenna\_text (char \* *str*, unsigned char *index*)

Set the antenna text.

#### Parameters:

*str* Which data should be saved

*index* The index of the antenna

Definition at line 335 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_text.

### 6.33.2.26 void antenna\_ctrl\_set\_comb\_allowed (unsigned int *comb*)

Set the value of combination allowed.

#### Parameters:

*comb* The combination that is allowed

Definition at line 417 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_comb\_allowed.

**6.33.2.27 void antenna\_ctrl\_set\_direction (unsigned int *dir*, unsigned char *index*)**

Set the direction of a specific antenna.

**Parameters:**

***dir*** The direction of the antenna

***index*** The index of the antenna

Definition at line 381 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_direction.

**6.33.2.28 void antenna\_ctrl\_set\_flags (unsigned char *flags*, unsigned char *index*)**

Set the antenna flags.

**Parameters:**

***flags*** The flags you wish to be enabled for this antenna

***index*** The index of the antenna which the flags should be set to

Definition at line 403 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_flag.

**6.33.2.29 void antenna\_ctrl\_set\_output\_comb (unsigned char \* *data*, unsigned char *index*, unsigned char *length*)**

Set the output combination string.

**Parameters:**

***data*** The string you wish to save

***index*** The index of the output combination

***length*** The length of the output string

Definition at line 358 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::antenna\_comb\_output\_str, and struct\_antenna::antenna\_output\_length.

**6.33.2.30 void antenna\_ctrl\_set\_rotator\_flags (unsigned char *ant\_index*, unsigned char *flags*)**

Set the flags of the rotator, see [antenna\\_ctrl.h](#) for defines.

**Parameters:**

***ant\_index*** The antenna index

***flags*** Flags from the rotator

Definition at line 424 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_antenna::rotator\_flags.

**6.33.2.31 void antenna\_ctrl\_set\_rx\_antenna\_data (struct\_rx\_antennas \* *data*)**

Set the antenna rx data.

**Parameters:**

***data*** The data we wish to use as rx antenna data

Definition at line 449 of file antenna\_ctrl.c.

## 6.34 front\_panel/band\_ctrl.c File Reference

Band control functions.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include "band_ctrl.h"
#include "main.h"
#include "eeprom.h"
#include "led_control.h"
#include "radio_interface.h"
#include "sub_menu.h"
#include "../global.h"
#include "../internal_comm.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_rx_queue.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_tx_queue.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_commands.h"
```

### Functions

- void [band\\_ctrl\\_send\\_band\\_data\\_to\\_bus](#) (unsigned char band\_portion)  
*Send the output string for the current band to the bus.*
- void [band\\_ctrl\\_load\\_band](#) (unsigned char band)  
*Function will load a band from the EEPROM into the current\_band struct.*
- void [band\\_ctrl\\_change\\_band\\_portion](#) (unsigned char band\_portion)  
*Function will send out new band portion settings for the current selected band \*.*
- void [band\\_ctrl\\_change\\_band](#) (unsigned char band)  
*Function used to change band.*
- void [band\\_ctrl\\_deactivate\\_all](#) (void)  
*Function which will deactivate all band outputs, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_ - ALL\_BAND\_OUTPUTS.*
- void [band\\_ctrl\\_load\\_band\\_limits](#) (void)  
*Loads the band limits into the band limits struct.*
- unsigned int [band\\_ctrl\\_get\\_low\\_portion\\_low](#) (unsigned char band)  
*Retrieve the lower frequency limit of the low band limit.*

- unsigned int `band_ctrl_get_low_portion_high` (unsigned char band)  
*Retrieve the higher frequency limit of the low band limit.*
- unsigned int `band_ctrl_get_high_portion_low` (unsigned char band)  
*Retrieve the lower frequency limit of the high band limit.*
- unsigned int `band_ctrl_get_high_portion_high` (unsigned char band)  
*Retrieve the higher frequency limit of the high band limit.*
- unsigned char \* `band_ctrl_get_high_output_str` (void)  
*Retrieve the higher frequency output string, of max length `BAND_OUTPUT_STR_SIZE`.*
- unsigned char \* `band_ctrl_get_low_output_str` (void)  
*Retrieve the lower frequency output string, of max length `BAND_OUTPUT_STR_SIZE`.*
- unsigned char `band_ctrl_get_portion` (void)  
*Retrieve which band portion we are currently at.*

## Variables

- `struct_band` `current_band`  
*Contains the current band information.*
- unsigned char `current_band_activated_outputs` [`BAND_OUTPUT_STR_SIZE`]  
*Array which we use to keep track of which devices we have been activating outputs on.*
- unsigned char `current_band_activated_outputs_length` = 0  
*The number of devices we have activated outputs on.*

### 6.34.1 Detailed Description

Band control functions.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsson, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/band_ctrl.c"
```

Definition in file `band_ctrl.c`.

## 6.34.2 Function Documentation

### 6.34.2.1 void band\_ctrl\_change\_band (unsigned char *band*)

Function used to change band.

#### Parameters:

***band*** The band we wish to change to

Definition at line 145 of file band\_ctrl.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_change\_rx\_ant(), antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_all(), antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_all\_rx\_band(), antenna\_ctrl\_select\_default\_ant(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_band\_data\_to\_bus(), band\_ctrl\_deactivate\_all(), band\_ctrl\_load\_band(), band\_ctrl\_send\_band\_data\_to\_bus(), struct\_status::current\_band\_portion, struct\_status::current\_display, CURRENT\_DISPLAY\_ANTENNA\_INFO, struct\_status::current\_display\_level, CURRENT\_DISPLAY\_LOGO, CURRENT\_DISPLAY\_MENU\_SYSTEM, CURRENT\_DISPLAY\_SHUTDOWN\_VIEW, DISPLAY\_LEVEL\_BAND, FUNC\_STATUS\_RXANT, struct\_status::function\_status, INHIBIT\_NOT\_OK\_TO\_SEND\_RADIO\_TX, KNOB\_FUNCTION\_AUTO, led\_set\_band(), led\_set\_band\_none(), led\_set\_rx\_ant(), led\_set\_rxant(), led\_set\_tx\_ant(), LED\_STATE\_OFF, main\_get\_inhibit\_state(), main\_update\_display(), main\_update\_ptt\_status(), struct\_status::new\_band, struct\_status::selected\_ant, struct\_status::selected\_band, struct\_status::selected\_rx\_antenna, set\_knob\_function(), and status.

Referenced by event\_internal\_comm\_parse\_message(), event\_poll\_buttons(), and main().

### 6.34.2.2 void band\_ctrl\_change\_band\_portion (unsigned char *band\_portion*)

Function will send out new band portion settings for the current selected band \*.

#### Parameters:

***band\_portion*** The current band portion

Definition at line 139 of file band\_ctrl.c.

References band\_ctrl\_send\_band\_data\_to\_bus().

Referenced by event\_aux2\_button\_pressed(), and main().

### 6.34.2.3 unsigned char\* band\_ctrl\_get\_high\_output\_str (void)

Retrieve the higher frequency output string, of max length BAND\_OUTPUT\_STR\_SIZE.

#### Returns:

The output string

Definition at line 253 of file band\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_band::band\_high\_output\_str.

**6.34.2.4 unsigned int band\_ctrl\_get\_high\_portion\_high (unsigned char *band*)**

Retrieve the higher frequency limit of the high band limit.

**Returns:**

The frequency in kHz

Definition at line 247 of file band\_ctrl.c.

References band\_limits.

Referenced by radio\_freq\_to\_band(), and radio\_get\_band\_portion().

**6.34.2.5 unsigned int band\_ctrl\_get\_high\_portion\_low (unsigned char *band*)**

Retrieve the lower frequency limit of the high band limit.

**Returns:**

The frequency in kHz

Definition at line 241 of file band\_ctrl.c.

References band\_limits.

Referenced by radio\_get\_band\_portion().

**6.34.2.6 unsigned char\* band\_ctrl\_get\_low\_output\_str (void)**

Retrieve the lower frequency output string, of max length BAND\_OUTPUT\_STR\_SIZE.

**Returns:**

The output string

Definition at line 259 of file band\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_band::band\_low\_output\_str.

**6.34.2.7 unsigned int band\_ctrl\_get\_low\_portion\_high (unsigned char *band*)**

Retrieve the higher frequency limit of the low band limit.

**Returns:**

The frequency in kHz

Definition at line 235 of file band\_ctrl.c.

References band\_limits.

Referenced by radio\_get\_band\_portion().



**6.34.2.8 unsigned int band\_ctrl\_get\_low\_portion\_low (unsigned char *band*)**

Retrieve the lower frequency limit of the low band limit.

**Returns:**

The frequency in kHz

Definition at line 229 of file band\_ctrl.c.

References band\_limits.

Referenced by radio\_freq\_to\_band(), and radio\_get\_band\_portion().

**6.34.2.9 unsigned char band\_ctrl\_get\_portion (void)**

Retrieve which band portion we are currently at.

**Returns:**

BAND\_LOW, BAND\_HIGH or BAND\_UNDEFINED

Definition at line 265 of file band\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_runtime\_settings::band\_change\_mode, BAND\_CHANGE\_MODE\_AUTO, BAND\_CHANGE\_MODE\_MANUAL, struct\_status::current\_band\_portion, radio\_get\_band\_portion(), RADIO\_INTERFACE\_BCD, radio\_interface\_get\_interface(), runtime\_settings, and status.

**6.34.2.10 void band\_ctrl\_load\_band (unsigned char *band*)**

Function will load a band from the EEPROM into the current\_band struct.

**Parameters:**

*band* The index of the band we wish to load from the EEPROM

Definition at line 126 of file band\_ctrl.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_ant\_read\_eeprom(), eeprom\_get\_band\_data(), and sub\_menu\_load().

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_change\_band().

## 6.35 front\_panel/band\_ctrl.h File Reference

Band control functions.

```
#include "main.h"
```

### Classes

- struct [struct\\_band](#)  
*Struct of band data.*
- struct [struct\\_band\\_limits](#)  
*Struct of the band limits.*

### Functions

- void [band\\_ctrl\\_load\\_band\\_limits](#) (void)  
*Loads the band limits into the band limits struct.*
- unsigned int [band\\_ctrl\\_get\\_low\\_portion\\_low](#) (unsigned char band)  
*Retrieve the lower frequency limit of the low band limit.*
- unsigned int [band\\_ctrl\\_get\\_low\\_portion\\_high](#) (unsigned char band)  
*Retrieve the higher frequency limit of the low band limit.*
- unsigned int [band\\_ctrl\\_get\\_high\\_portion\\_low](#) (unsigned char band)  
*Retrieve the lower frequency limit of the high band limit.*
- unsigned int [band\\_ctrl\\_get\\_high\\_portion\\_high](#) (unsigned char band)  
*Retrieve the higher frequency limit of the high band limit.*
- unsigned char \* [band\\_ctrl\\_get\\_high\\_output\\_str](#) (void)  
*Retrieve the higher frequency output string, of max length BAND\_OUTPUT\_STR\_SIZE.*
- unsigned char \* [band\\_ctrl\\_get\\_low\\_output\\_str](#) (void)  
*Retrieve the lower frequency output string, of max length BAND\_OUTPUT\_STR\_SIZE.*
- void [band\\_ctrl\\_deactivate\\_all](#) (void)  
*Function which will deactivate all band outputs, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE - ALL\_BAND\_OUTPUTS.*
- void [band\\_ctrl\\_change\\_band\\_portion](#) (unsigned char band\_portion)  
*Function will send out new band portion settings for the current selected band \*.*
- void [band\\_ctrl\\_change\\_band](#) (unsigned char band)  
*Function used to change band.*

## Variables

- [struct\\_band\\_limits band\\_limits](#) [9]  
*The band limits, an array with size 9.*

### 6.35.1 Detailed Description

Band control functions.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/band_ctrl.h"
```

Definition in file [band\\_ctrl.h](#).

### 6.35.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.35.2.1 void band\_ctrl\_change\_band (unsigned char *band*)

Function used to change band.

#### Parameters:

***band*** The band we wish to change to

Definition at line 145 of file band\_ctrl.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_change\_rx\_ant(), antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_all(), antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_all\_rx\_band(), antenna\_ctrl\_select\_default\_ant(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_band\_data\_to\_bus(), band\_ctrl\_deactivate\_all(), band\_ctrl\_load\_band(), band\_ctrl\_send\_band\_data\_to\_bus(), struct\_status::current\_band\_portion, struct\_status::current\_display, CURRENT\_DISPLAY\_ANTENNA\_INFO, struct\_status::current\_display\_level, CURRENT\_DISPLAY\_LOGO, CURRENT\_DISPLAY\_MENU\_SYSTEM, CURRENT\_DISPLAY\_SHUTDOWN\_VIEW, DISPLAY\_LEVEL\_BAND, FUNC\_STATUS\_RXANT, struct\_status::function\_status, INHIBIT\_NOT\_OK\_TO\_SEND\_RADIO\_TX, KNOB\_FUNCTION\_AUTO, led\_set\_band(), led\_set\_band\_none(), led\_set\_rx\_ant(), led\_set\_rxant(), led\_set\_tx\_ant(), LED\_STATE\_OFF, main\_get\_inhibit\_state(), main\_update\_display(), main\_update\_ptt\_status(), struct\_status::new\_band, struct\_status::selected\_ant, struct\_status::selected\_band, struct\_status::selected\_rx\_antenna, set\_knob\_function(), and status.

Referenced by event\_internal\_comm\_parse\_message(), event\_poll\_buttons(), and main().

#### 6.35.2.2 void band\_ctrl\_change\_band\_portion (unsigned char *band\_portion*)

Function will send out new band portion settings for the current selected band \*.

**Parameters:**

*band\_portion* The current band portion

Definition at line 139 of file band\_ctrl.c.

References band\_ctrl\_send\_band\_data\_to\_bus().

Referenced by event\_aux2\_button\_pressed(), and main().

**6.35.2.3 unsigned char\* band\_ctrl\_get\_high\_output\_str (void)**

Retrieve the higher frequency output string, of max length BAND\_OUTPUT\_STR\_SIZE.

**Returns:**

The output string

Definition at line 253 of file band\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_band::band\_high\_output\_str.

**6.35.2.4 unsigned int band\_ctrl\_get\_high\_portion\_high (unsigned char band)**

Retrieve the higher frequency limit of the high band limit.

**Returns:**

The frequency in kHz

Definition at line 247 of file band\_ctrl.c.

References band\_limits.

Referenced by radio\_freq\_to\_band(), and radio\_get\_band\_portion().

**6.35.2.5 unsigned int band\_ctrl\_get\_high\_portion\_low (unsigned char band)**

Retrieve the lower frequency limit of the high band limit.

**Returns:**

The frequency in kHz

Definition at line 241 of file band\_ctrl.c.

References band\_limits.

Referenced by radio\_get\_band\_portion().

**6.35.2.6 unsigned char\* band\_ctrl\_get\_low\_output\_str (void)**

Retrieve the lower frequency output string, of max length BAND\_OUTPUT\_STR\_SIZE.

**Returns:**

The output string

Definition at line 259 of file band\_ctrl.c.

References struct\_band::band\_low\_output\_str.

#### 6.35.2.7 unsigned int band\_ctrl\_get\_low\_portion\_high (unsigned char *band*)

Retrieve the higher frequency limit of the low band limit.

##### Returns:

The frequency in kHz

Definition at line 235 of file band\_ctrl.c.

References band\_limits.

Referenced by radio\_get\_band\_portion().

#### 6.35.2.8 unsigned int band\_ctrl\_get\_low\_portion\_low (unsigned char *band*)

Retrieve the lower frequency limit of the low band limit.

##### Returns:

The frequency in kHz

Definition at line 229 of file band\_ctrl.c.

References band\_limits.

Referenced by radio\_freq\_to\_band(), and radio\_get\_band\_portion().

## 6.36 front\_panel/computer\_interface.c File Reference

Interface towards the computer.

```
#include <avr/wdt.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include <avr/eeprom.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "computer_interface.h"
#include "radio_interface.h"
#include "usart.h"
#include "ds1307.h"
#include "antenna_ctrl.h"
#include "eeprom.h"
#include "led_control.h"
#include "sequencer.h"
```

### Classes

- struct [computer\\_comm\\_struct](#)  
*Computer interface communication struct.*

### Defines

- #define [COMPUTER\\_RX\\_BUFFER\\_LENGTH](#) 128  
*The length of the computer RX BUFFER.*
- #define [COMPUTER\\_TX\\_BUFFER\\_LENGTH](#) 20  
*The length of the computer RX BUFFER.*
- #define [COMPUTER\\_INTERFACE\\_FIXED\\_SIZE](#) 5  
*The fixed size of the computer interface structure (PREAMBLE, POSTAMBLE etc).*
- #define [COMPUTER\\_COMM\\_PREAMBLE](#) 0xFE  
*The preamble of the computer communication protocol.*
- #define [COMPUTER\\_COMM\\_POSTAMBLE](#) 0xFD  
*The postamble of the computer communication protocol.*
- #define [COMPUTER\\_COMM\\_ACK](#) 0xFA

*The serial acknowledge of the computer communication protocol.*

- `#define COMPUTER_COMM_NACK 0xFB`  
*The serial NOT acknowledge of the computer communication protocol.*
- `#define COMPUTER_COMM_FLAG_SETUP_MODE 0`  
*Flag to see if the setup mode is activated.*
- `#define COMPUTER_COMM_FLAG_FOUND_PREAMBLE 1`  
*Flag to see if the preamble was found.*
- `#define COMPUTER_COMM_FLAG_DATA_IN_RX_BUF 2`  
*Flag to see that there is data in the rx buffer.*
- `#define COMPUTER_COMM_ENTER_BOOTLOADER 0x01`  
*Command to force the openASC box into bootloader mode.*
- `#define CTRL_REBOOT 0x02`  
*CTRL command: Reboot the device.*
- `#define CTRL_GET_FIRMWARE_REV 0x03`  
*CTRL command: Retrieve the firmware revision.*
- `#define CTRL_DONE 0x04`  
*This function just replies with the same command, this is so we can see when something has been finished.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_TIME 0x10`  
*CTRL section: Set the time of the realtime clock.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_ANT_DATA 0x11`  
*CTRL section: Set the TX antenna settings.*
- `#define CTRL_CREATE_EEPROM_TABLE 0x12`  
*CTRL section: Create an EEPROM table.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_RX_ANT_DATA 0x13`  
*CTRL section: Set the RX antenna settings.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_RADIO_SETTINGS 0x14`  
*CTRL section: Set the radio settings.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_DEVICE_SETTINGS 0x15`  
*CTRL section: Set the device settings.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_BAND_DATA 0x16`  
*CTRL section: Set the band data settings.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_EXT_INPUT 0x17`  
*CTRL section: Set the external input settings.*

- `#define CTRL_SET_SEQUENCER_SETTINGS 0x18`  
*CTRL section: Set the sequencer settings.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_RADIO_SETTINGS_SAVE 0x01`  
*CTRL command: Save the radio settings.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_RADIO_SETTINGS_ALL 0x02`  
*CTRL command: Set all antenna settings.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_ANT_DATA_SAVE 0x01`  
*CTRL command: Save the antenna information data to the EEPROM.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_ANT_DATA_TEXT 0x02`  
*CTRL command: Set the antenna text.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_ANT_DATA_SUB_MENU_TYPE 0x03`  
*CTRL command: Set the antenna sub menu type.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_ANT_DATA_ANT_FLAGS 0x04`  
*CTRL command: Set the antenna flags.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_ANT_DATA_COMB_ALLOWED 0x05`  
*CTRL command: Set the output combination allowed.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_ANT_DATA_ANT_OUT_STR 0x06`  
*CTRL command: Set the antenna output str.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_ANT_ROTATOR_DATA 0x07`  
*CTRL command: Set the rotator information.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_ANT_DEFAULT_INDEX 0x08`  
*CTRL command: Set the default antenna index.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_ANT_SUB_MENU_DATA 0x09`  
*CTRL command: Set the sub menu data.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_ANT_SUB_MENU_TEXT 0x0A`  
*CTRL command: Set the sub menu data, text.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_ANT_SUB_MENU_OUTPUT_STR 0x0B`  
*CTRL command: Set the sub menu data, output str.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_BAND_DATA_LIMITS 0x01`  
*CTRL command: Set the band data limits.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_BAND_DATA_LOW_OUT_STR 0x02`  
*CTRL command: Set the band low portion output str.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_BAND_DATA_HIGH_OUT_STR 0x03`



*CTRL command: Set the band high portion output str.*

- `#define CTRL_SET_BAND_DATA_SAVE 0x07`  
*CTRL command: Save the band data settings.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_RX_ANT_DATA_TEXT 0x01`  
*CTRL command: Set the RX antenna text.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_RX_ANT_DATA_ANT_OUT_STR 0x02`  
*CTRL command: Set the RX antenna output str.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_RX_ANT_DATA_BAND_OUT_STR 0x03`  
*CTRL command: Set the RX antenna band output str.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_RX_ANT_DATA_SAVE 0x07`  
*CTRL command: Save the RX antenna settings.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_DEVICE_SETTINGS_NETWORK 0x01`  
*CTRL command: Network settings.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_POWERMETER_SETTINGS 0x02`  
*CTRL command: Powermeter settings.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_DEVICE_SETTINGS_OTHER 0x03`  
*CTRL command: Various settings.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_DEVICE_SETTINGS_EXT_INPUTS 0x04`  
*CTRL command: External input settings.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_DEVICE_SETTINGS_SAVE 0x07`  
*CTRL command: Save data to eeprom.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_SEQUENCER_SAVE 0x01`  
*CTRL command: Save the sequencer settings.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_SEQUENCER_FOOTSWITCH 0x02`  
*CTRL command: Set the sequencer footswitch input values.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_SEQUENCER_COMPUTER 0x03`  
*CTRL command: Set the sequencer computer input values.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_SEQUENCER_RADIO_SENSE 0x04`  
*CTRL command: Set the sequencer radio sense input values.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_DEVICE_SETTINGS_EXT_INPUTS 0x05`  
*CTRL command: External input settings.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_DEVICE_SETTINGS_SAVE 0x07`  
*CTRL command: Save data to eeprom.*
- `#define CTRL_SET_EXT_KEYPAD_FUNCTIONS 0x01`

## Functions

- void `computer_interface_init` (void)  
*Initialize the communication interface towards the computer. Will initialize buffers etc.*
- void `computer_interface_send_data` (void)  
*Function which will send data from the tx\_buffer to the uart.*
- void `computer_interface_send` (unsigned char command, unsigned int length, char \*data)  
*Function which will add data to the tx\_buffer. Function also sets the flag indicating that the data should be sent.*
- void `computer_interface_send_ack` (void)  
*Function which will add an ACK message to the tx\_buffer. Also sets a flag that indicates data ready to be sent.*
- void `computer_interface_send_nack` (void)  
*Function which will add an NACK message to the tx\_buffer. Also sets a flag that indicates data ready to be sent.*
- void `computer_interface_parse_data` (void)  
*Function which will parse the data in the rx\_buffer and process the command.*
- unsigned char `computer_interface_is_active` (void)  
*Retrieve the status if the computer interface is active.*
- void `computer_interface_activate_setup` (void)  
*Activate the setup mode of the device. Will mainly just create various buffers needed to store settings.*
- void `computer_interface_deactivate_setup` (void)  
*Function which will deactivate the computer setup mode, this will clear up memory space of the allocated buffers in the `computer_interface_activate_setup()` function.*
- **ISR** (SIG\_USART1\_DATA)
- **ISR** (SIG\_USART1\_RECV)  
*Interrupt when a character is received over the UART. If computer setup mode is active it will parse the incoming data, otherwise it is used for CAT control.*

## Variables

- `computer_comm_struct computer_comm`  
*Computer communication structure.*
- `struct_antenna * antenna_ptr`  
*Pointer to an area which we create space when configuring the antenna data.*
- `struct_rx_antennas * rx_antenna_ptr`  
*Pointer to an area which we create space when configuring the rx antenna data.*

- [struct\\_band \\* band\\_ptr](#)  
*Pointer to an area which we create space when configuring the band data.*
- [struct\\_setting \\* settings\\_ptr](#)  
*Pointer to an area which we create space when configuring the settings.*
- [struct\\_ptt \\* ptt\\_sequencer\\_ptr](#)  
*Pointer to an area which we create space when configuring the ptt\_sequencer.*
- [struct\\_radio\\_settings \\* radio\\_settings\\_ptr](#)  
*Pointer to an area which we create space when configuring the radio settings.*
- [struct\\_sub\\_menu\\_array \\* sub\\_menu\\_array\\_ptr](#) [4]  
*Pointer to an area which we create space when configuring the sub menu (array).*
- `void(* bootloader\_start )(void) = (void *)0x1FE00`  
*Address which we call when we wish to reboot the device (jumps to the bootloader area).*

### 6.36.1 Detailed Description

Interface towards the computer.

**Author:**

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/computer_interface.c"
```

Definition in file [computer\\_interface.c](#).

### 6.36.2 Define Documentation

#### 6.36.2.1 `#define CTRL_SET_DEVICE_SETTINGS_EXT_INPUTS 0x05`

CTRL command: External input settings.

CTRL command: Set the external inputs.

Definition at line 176 of file [computer\\_interface.c](#).

#### 6.36.2.2 `#define CTRL_SET_DEVICE_SETTINGS_EXT_INPUTS 0x04`

CTRL command: External input settings.

CTRL command: Set the external inputs.

Definition at line 176 of file [computer\\_interface.c](#).

Referenced by [computer\\_interface\\_parse\\_data\(\)](#).

### 6.36.2.3 `#define CTRL_SET_DEVICE_SETTINGS_SAVE 0x07`

CTRL command: Save data to eeprom.

CTRL command: Save the external input settings.

Definition at line 178 of file `computer_interface.c`.

### 6.36.2.4 `#define CTRL_SET_DEVICE_SETTINGS_SAVE 0x07`

CTRL command: Save data to eeprom.

CTRL command: Save the external input settings.

Definition at line 178 of file `computer_interface.c`.

Referenced by `computer_interface_parse_data()`.

### 6.36.2.5 `#define CTRL_SET_EXT_KEYPAD_FUNCTIONS 0x01`

CTRL command: Set the external keypad function

Definition at line 181 of file `computer_interface.c`.

## 6.36.3 Function Documentation

### 6.36.3.1 `unsigned char computer_interface_is_active (void)`

Retrieve the status if the computer interface is active.

#### Returns:

1 if it is active, 0 otherwise

Definition at line 686 of file `computer_interface.c`.

References `COMPUTER_COMM_FLAG_SETUP_MODE`, and `computer_comm_struct::flags`.

Referenced by `event_internal_comm_parse_message()`, `ISR()`, and `main()`.

### 6.36.3.2 `void computer_interface_parse_data (void)`

Function which will parse the data in the `rx_buffer` and process the command.

Bit 0 = Footswitch Bit 1 = Radio sense lower floor Bit 2 = Radio sense upper floor Bit 3 = Computer RTS Bit 4 = Inverted radio sense Bit 5 = Inverted Computer RTS Bit 6 = Inhibit polarity (0=active low, 1=active high)

unsigned char `ptt_input`;

Definition at line 304 of file `computer_interface.c`.

Referenced by `main()`.

### 6.36.3.3 void computer\_interface\_send (unsigned char *command*, unsigned int *length*, char \* *data*)

Function which will add data to the tx\_buffer. Function also sets the flag indicating that the data should be sent.

#### Parameters:

***command*** The command we wish to sendchar(

***length*** Number of bytes of data to be sent (only size of the data variable)

***data*** The data we wish to send

Definition at line 263 of file computer\_interface.c.

References COMPUTER\_COMM\_POSTAMBLE, COMPUTER\_COMM\_PREAMBLE, COMPUTER\_INTERFACE\_FIXED\_SIZE, computer\_comm\_struct::data\_in\_tx\_buffer, computer\_comm\_struct::tx\_buffer, and computer\_comm\_struct::tx\_buffer\_length.

Referenced by computer\_interface\_parse\_data(), and parse\_internal\_comm\_message().

## 6.37 motherboard/computer\_interface.c File Reference

Interface towards the computer.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include <avr/eeprom.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <avr/wdt.h>
#include "computer_interface.h"
#include "usart.h"
#include "main.h"
#include "../internal_comm.h"
#include "../internal_comm_commands.h"
```

### Classes

- struct [computer\\_comm\\_struct](#)  
*Computer interface communication struct.*

### Defines

- #define [COMPUTER\\_RX\\_BUFFER\\_LENGTH](#) 128  
*The length of the computer RX BUFFER.*
- #define [COMPUTER\\_TX\\_BUFFER\\_LENGTH](#) 20  
*The length of the computer RX BUFFER.*
- #define [COMPUTER\\_INTERFACE\\_FIXED\\_SIZE](#) 5  
*The number of bytes the fixed part of the data structure takes up.*
- #define [COMPUTER\\_COMM\\_PREAMBLE](#) 0xFE  
*The preamble of the computer communication protocol.*
- #define [COMPUTER\\_COMM\\_POSTAMBLE](#) 0xFD  
*The postamble of the computer communication protocol.*
- #define [COMPUTER\\_COMM\\_ACK](#) 0xFA  
*The serial acknowledge of the computer communication protocol.*
- #define [COMPUTER\\_COMM\\_NACK](#) 0xFB  
*The serial NOT acknowledge of the computer communication protocol.*

- `#define COMPUTER_COMM_REDIRECT_DATA 0x10`  
*Command which is used just to redirect data from the USB to the front panel.*
- `#define COMPUTER_COMM_FLAG_FOUND_PREAMBLE 1`  
*Flag to see if the preamble was found.*
- `#define COMPUTER_COMM_FLAG_DATA_IN_RX_BUF 2`  
*Flag to see that there is data in the rx buffer.*

## Functions

- `void computer_interface_init (void)`  
*Initialize the communication interface towards the computer.*
- `void computer_interface_send_data (void)`  
*Send data to the computer.*
- `void computer_interface_send (unsigned char command, unsigned int length, char *data)`  
*Send data to the computer.*
- `void computer_interface_send_ack (void)`  
*Send an ACK message.*
- `void computer_interface_send_nack (void)`  
*Send a NACK message.*
- `void computer_interface_parse_data (void)`  
*Parse the data in the rx\_buffer and execute the proper functions.*
- `ISR (SIG_USART1_DATA)`
- `ISR (SIG_USART1_RECV)`

## Variables

- `computer_comm_struct computer_comm`  
*Computer communication data.*
- `void(* bootloader_start )(void) = (void *)0x1FE00`  
*The bootloader start address.*

### 6.37.1 Detailed Description

Interface towards the computer.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsson, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-01-25

```
#include "computer_interface.c"
```

Definition in file [computer\\_interface.c](#).

**6.37.2 Function Documentation****6.37.2.1 void computer\_interface\_init (void)**

Initialize the communication interface towards the computer.

Initialize the communication interface towards the computer. Will initialize buffers etc.

Definition at line 106 of file computer\_interface.c.

References COMPUTER\_RX\_BUFFER\_LENGTH, COMPUTER\_TX\_BUFFER\_LENGTH, computer\_comm\_struct::data\_in\_tx\_buffer, computer\_comm\_struct::rx\_buffer, computer\_comm\_struct::rx\_buffer\_start, computer\_comm\_struct::tx\_buffer, and computer\_comm\_struct::tx\_buffer\_start.

**6.37.2.2 void computer\_interface\_parse\_data (void)**

Parse the data in the rx\_buffer and execute the proper functions.

Function which will parse the data in the rx\_buffer and process the command.

Bit 0 = Footswitch Bit 1 = Radio sense lower floor Bit 2 = Radio sense upper floor Bit 3 = Computer RTS Bit 4 = Inverted radio sense Bit 5 = Inverted Computer RTS Bit 6 = Inhibit polarity (0=active low, 1=active high)

```
unsigned char ptt_input;
```

Definition at line 175 of file computer\_interface.c.

References struct\_ptt\_sequencer::active, struct\_ptt\_sequencer::amp\_post\_delay, struct\_ptt\_sequencer::amp\_pre\_delay, struct\_antenna::antenna\_comb\_allowed, struct\_antenna::antenna\_comb\_output\_str, struct\_antenna::antenna\_flag, struct\_antenna::antenna\_output\_length, struct\_antenna::antenna\_text, struct\_antenna::antenna\_text\_length, struct\_ptt\_sequencer::antennas\_post\_delay, struct\_band::band\_high\_output\_str, struct\_band::band\_high\_output\_str\_length, struct\_band::band\_low\_output\_str, struct\_band::band\_low\_output\_str\_length, struct\_rx\_antennas::band\_output\_length, struct\_rx\_antennas::band\_output\_str, struct\_radio\_settings::baudrate, bootloader\_start, struct\_radio\_settings::cat\_enabled, struct\_radio\_settings::civ\_addr, computer\_comm\_struct::command, struct\_ptt::computer, COMPUTER\_COMM\_ENTER\_BOOTLOADER, COMPUTER\_COMM\_FLAG\_DATA\_IN\_RX\_BUF, computer\_interface\_deactivate\_setup(), computer\_interface\_send(), computer\_interface\_send\_ack(), computer\_interface\_send\_nack(), CTRL\_CREATE\_EEPROM\_TABLE, CTRL\_DONE, CTRL\_GET\_FIRMWARE\_REV, CTRL\_REBOOT, CTRL\_SET\_ANT\_DATA, CTRL\_SET\_ANT\_DATA\_ANT\_FLAGS, CTRL\_SET\_ANT\_DATA\_ANT\_OUT\_STR, CTRL\_SET\_ANT\_DATA\_COMB\_ALLOWED, CTRL\_SET\_ANT\_DATA\_SAVE, CTRL\_SET\_ANT\_DATA\_SUB\_MENU\_TYPE, CTRL\_SET\_ANT\_DATA\_TEXT, CTRL\_SET\_ANT\_DEFAULT\_INDEX, CTRL\_SET\_ANT\_ROTATOR\_DATA, CTRL\_SET\_ANT\_SUB\_MENU\_DATA, CTRL\_SET\_ANT\_SUB\_MENU\_OUTPUT\_STR, CTRL\_SET\_ANT\_SUB\_MENU\_TEXT, CTRL\_SET\_BAND\_DATA, CTRL\_SET\_BAND\_DATA\_HIGH\_OUT\_STR,



CTRL\_SET\_BAND\_DATA\_LIMITS, CTRL\_SET\_BAND\_DATA\_LOW\_OUT\_STR, CTRL\_SET\_BAND\_DATA\_SAVE, CTRL\_SET\_DEVICE\_SETTINGS, CTRL\_SET\_DEVICE\_SETTINGS\_EXT\_INPUTS, CTRL\_SET\_DEVICE\_SETTINGS\_NETWORK, CTRL\_SET\_DEVICE\_SETTINGS\_OTHER, CTRL\_SET\_DEVICE\_SETTINGS\_SAVE, CTRL\_SET\_POWERMETER\_SETTINGS, CTRL\_SET\_RADIO\_SETTINGS, CTRL\_SET\_RADIO\_SETTINGS\_ALL, CTRL\_SET\_RADIO\_SETTINGS\_SAVE, CTRL\_SET\_RX\_ANT\_DATA, CTRL\_SET\_RX\_ANT\_DATA\_ANT\_OUT\_STR, CTRL\_SET\_RX\_ANT\_DATA\_BAND\_OUT\_STR, CTRL\_SET\_RX\_ANT\_DATA\_SAVE, CTRL\_SET\_RX\_ANT\_DATA\_TEXT, CTRL\_SET\_SEQUENCER\_COMPUTER, CTRL\_SET\_SEQUENCER\_FOOTSWITCH, CTRL\_SET\_SEQUENCER\_RADIO\_SENSE, CTRL\_SET\_SEQUENCER\_SAVE, CTRL\_SET\_SEQUENCER\_SETTINGS, CTRL\_SET\_TIME, struct\_antenna::default\_antenna, struct\_sub\_menu\_array::direction\_count, struct\_sub\_menu\_array::direction\_name, ds1307\_set\_time(), eeprom\_create\_table(), eeprom\_save\_ant\_structure(), eeprom\_save\_ant\_sub\_menu\_array\_structure(), eeprom\_save\_band\_data(), eeprom\_save\_ptt\_data(), eeprom\_save\_radio\_settings\_structure(), eeprom\_save\_rx\_ant\_structure(), eeprom\_save\_settings\_structure(), struct\_setting::ext\_key\_assignments, FIRMWARE\_REV, computer\_comm\_struct::flags, struct\_ptt::footswitch, struct\_band::high\_portion\_high\_limit, struct\_band::high\_portion\_low\_limit, struct\_ptt\_sequencer::inhibit\_post\_delay, struct\_ptt\_sequencer::inhibit\_pre\_delay, INT\_COMM\_PC\_CTRL, INT\_COMM\_REDIRECT\_DATA, struct\_radio\_settings::interface\_type, internal\_comm\_add\_tx\_message(), computer\_comm\_struct::length, struct\_band::low\_portion\_high\_limit, struct\_band::low\_portion\_low\_limit, struct\_rx\_antennas::name, struct\_rx\_antennas::name\_length, struct\_setting::network\_address, struct\_setting::network\_device\_count, struct\_setting::network\_device\_is\_master, struct\_rx\_antennas::output\_length, struct\_rx\_antennas::output\_str, struct\_sub\_menu\_array::output\_str\_dir, struct\_sub\_menu\_array::output\_str\_dir\_length, struct\_radio\_settings::poll\_interval, struct\_setting::powermeter\_address, struct\_setting::powermeter\_update\_rate bargraph, struct\_setting::powermeter\_update\_rate\_text, struct\_setting::powermeter\_vswr\_limit, struct\_ptt::ptt\_input, struct\_radio\_settings::ptt\_input, struct\_setting::ptt\_interlock\_input, struct\_radio\_settings::radio\_model, struct\_ptt\_sequencer::radio\_post\_delay, struct\_ptt\_sequencer::radio\_pre\_delay, struct\_ptt::radio\_sense, struct\_antenna::rotator\_addr, struct\_antenna::rotator\_delay, struct\_antenna::rotator\_max\_rotation, struct\_antenna::rotator\_min\_heading, struct\_antenna::rotator\_sub\_addr, struct\_antenna::rotator\_view\_360\_deg, computer\_comm\_struct::rx\_buffer, computer\_comm\_struct::rx\_buffer\_start, struct\_radio\_settings::stopbits, struct\_antenna::sub\_menu\_type, SUBMENU\_STACK, and SUBMENU\_VERT\_ARRAY.

### 6.37.2.3 void computer\_interface\_send (unsigned char *command*, unsigned int *length*, char \* *data*)

Send data to the computer.

#### Parameters:

***command*** The command we wish to send

***length*** The length of the data

***data*** The data we wish to send

Definition at line 134 of file computer\_interface.c.

References COMPUTER\_COMM\_POSTAMBLE, COMPUTER\_COMM\_PREAMBLE, COMPUTER\_INTERFACE\_FIXED\_SIZE, computer\_comm\_struct::data\_in\_tx\_buffer, computer\_comm\_struct::tx\_buffer, and computer\_comm\_struct::tx\_buffer\_length.

#### 6.37.2.4 void computer\_interface\_send\_data (void)

Send data to the computer.

Function which will send data from the tx\_buffer to the uart.

Definition at line 118 of file computer\_interface.c.

References computer\_comm\_struct::data\_in\_tx\_buffer, computer\_comm\_struct::tx\_buffer, computer\_comm\_struct::tx\_buffer\_length, computer\_comm\_struct::tx\_buffer\_start, and usart1\_transmit().

#### 6.37.2.5 ISR (SIG\_USART1\_RECV)

Interrupt which is called when a byte has been received

Definition at line 197 of file computer\_interface.c.

References computer\_comm\_struct::command, COMPUTER\_COMM\_FLAG\_DATA\_IN\_RX\_BUF, COMPUTER\_COMM\_FLAG\_FOUND\_PREAMBLE, COMPUTER\_COMM\_POSTAMBLE, COMPUTER\_COMM\_PREAMBLE, COMPUTER\_RX\_BUFFER\_LENGTH, computer\_comm\_struct::count, computer\_comm\_struct::flags, computer\_comm\_struct::length, computer\_comm\_struct::rx\_buffer, and computer\_comm\_struct::rx\_buffer\_start.

## 6.38 front\_panel/computer\_interface.h File Reference

Interface towards the computer.

### Functions

- void `computer_interface_init` (void)  
*Initialize the communication interface towards the computer. Will initialize buffers etc.*
- void `computer_interface_send_data` (void)  
*Function which will send data from the tx\_buffer to the uart.*
- void `computer_interface_parse_data` (void)  
*Function which will parse the data in the rx\_buffer and process the command.*
- void `computer_interface_activate_setup` (void)  
*Activate the setup mode of the device. Will mainly just create various buffers needed to store settings.*
- void `computer_interface_deactivate_setup` (void)  
*Function which will deactivate the computer setup mode, this will clear up memory space of the allocated buffers in the `computer_interface_activate_setup()` function.*
- unsigned char `computer_interface_is_active` (void)  
*Retrieve the status if the computer interface is active.*

### 6.38.1 Detailed Description

Interface towards the computer.

#### Author:

Mikael Larssmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/computer_interface.h"
```

Definition in file `computer_interface.h`.

### 6.38.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.38.2.1 unsigned char computer\_interface\_is\_active (void)

Retrieve the status if the computer interface is active.

#### Returns:

1 if it is active, 0 otherwise

Definition at line 686 of file computer\_interface.c.

References    COMPUTER\_COMM\_FLAG\_SETUP\_MODE,    and    computer\_comm\_struct::flags.

Referenced by event\_internal\_comm\_parse\_message(), ISR(), and main().

#### **6.38.2.2    void computer\_interface\_parse\_data (void)**

Function which will parse the data in the rx\_buffer and process the command.

Bit 0 = Footswitch Bit 1 = Radio sense lower floor Bit 2 = Radio sense upper floor Bit 3 = Computer RTS Bit 4 = Inverted radio sense Bit 5 = Inverted Computer RTS Bit 6 = Inhibit polarity (0=active low, 1=active high)

unsigned char ptt\_input;

Definition at line 304 of file computer\_interface.c.

## 6.39 motherboard/computer\_interface.h File Reference

Interface towards the computer.

### Functions

- void `computer_interface_init` (void)  
*Initialize the communication interface towards the computer. Will initialize buffers etc.*
- void `computer_interface_send_data` (void)  
*Function which will send data from the tx\_buffer to the uart.*
- void `computer_interface_parse_data` (void)  
*Function which will parse the data in the rx\_buffer and process the command.*

### 6.39.1 Detailed Description

Interface towards the computer.

#### Author:

Mikael Larssmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "computer_interface.h"
```

Definition in file `computer_interface.h`.

### 6.39.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.39.2.1 void computer\_interface\_parse\_data (void)

Function which will parse the data in the rx\_buffer and process the command.

Bit 0 = Footswitch Bit 1 = Radio sense lower floor Bit 2 = Radio sense upper floor Bit 3 = Computer RTS Bit 4 = Inverted radio sense Bit 5 = Inverted Computer RTS Bit 6 = Inhibit polarity (0=active low, 1=active high)

```
unsigned char ptt_input;
```

Bit 0 = Footswitch Bit 1 = Radio sense lower floor Bit 2 = Radio sense upper floor Bit 3 = Computer RTS Bit 4 = Inverted radio sense Bit 5 = Inverted Computer RTS Bit 6 = Inhibit polarity (0=active low, 1=active high)

```
unsigned char ptt_input;
```

Definition at line 304 of file `computer_interface.c`.

References `struct_ptt_sequencer::active`, `struct_ptt_sequencer::amp_post_delay`, `struct_ptt_sequencer::amp_pre_delay`, `struct_antenna::antenna_comb_allowed`, `struct_antenna::antenna_comb_output_str`, `struct_antenna::antenna_flag`, `struct_antenna::antenna_output_length`, `struct_antenna::antenna_text`, `struct_antenna::antenna_text_length`,

```

struct_ptt_sequencer::antennas_post_delay, struct_band::band_high_output_str, struct_
band::band_high_output_str_length, struct_band::band_low_output_str, struct_
band::band_low_output_str_length, struct_rx_antennas::band_output_length, struct_rx_
antennas::band_output_str, struct_radio_settings::baudrate, bootloader_start, struct_radio_
settings::cat_enabled, struct_radio_settings::civ_addr, computer_comm_struct::command,
struct_ptt::computer, COMPUTER_COMM_ENTER_BOOTLOADER, COMPUTER_
COMM_FLAG_DATA_IN_RX_BUF, computer_interface_deactivate_setup(), computer_
interface_send(), computer_interface_send_ack(), computer_interface_send_nack(),
CTRL_CREATE_EEPROM_TABLE, CTRL_DONE, CTRL_GET_FIRMWARE_
REV, CTRL_REBOOT, CTRL_SET_ANT_DATA, CTRL_SET_ANT_DATA_ANT_
FLAGS, CTRL_SET_ANT_DATA_ANT_OUT_STR, CTRL_SET_ANT_DATA_
COMB_ALLOWED, CTRL_SET_ANT_DATA_SAVE, CTRL_SET_ANT_DATA_
SUB_MENU_TYPE, CTRL_SET_ANT_DATA_TEXT, CTRL_SET_ANT_DEFAULT_
INDEX, CTRL_SET_ANT_ROTATOR_DATA, CTRL_SET_ANT_SUB_MENU_DATA,
CTRL_SET_ANT_SUB_MENU_OUTPUT_STR, CTRL_SET_ANT_SUB_MENU_
TEXT, CTRL_SET_BAND_DATA, CTRL_SET_BAND_DATA_HIGH_OUT_STR,
CTRL_SET_BAND_DATA_LIMITS, CTRL_SET_BAND_DATA_LOW_OUT_STR,
CTRL_SET_BAND_DATA_SAVE, CTRL_SET_DEVICE_SETTINGS, CTRL_SET_
DEVICE_SETTINGS_EXT_INPUTS, CTRL_SET_DEVICE_SETTINGS_NETWORK,
CTRL_SET_DEVICE_SETTINGS_OTHER, CTRL_SET_DEVICE_SETTINGS_SAVE,
CTRL_SET_POWERMETER_SETTINGS, CTRL_SET_RADIO_SETTINGS, CTRL_
SET_RADIO_SETTINGS_ALL, CTRL_SET_RADIO_SETTINGS_SAVE, CTRL_
SET_RX_ANT_DATA, CTRL_SET_RX_ANT_DATA_ANT_OUT_STR, CTRL_
SET_RX_ANT_DATA_BAND_OUT_STR, CTRL_SET_RX_ANT_DATA_SAVE,
CTRL_SET_RX_ANT_DATA_TEXT, CTRL_SET_SEQUENCER_COMPUTER,
CTRL_SET_SEQUENCER_FOOTSWITCH, CTRL_SET_SEQUENCER_RADIO_
SENSE, CTRL_SET_SEQUENCER_SAVE, CTRL_SET_SEQUENCER_SETTINGS,
CTRL_SET_TIME, struct_antenna::default_antenna, struct_sub_menu_array::direction_
count, struct_sub_menu_array::direction_name, ds1307_set_time(), eeprom_create_table(),
eeprom_save_ant_structure(), eeprom_save_ant_sub_menu_array_structure(), eeprom_
save_band_data(), eeprom_save_ptt_data(), eeprom_save_radio_settings_structure(),
eeprom_save_rx_ant_structure(), eeprom_save_settings_structure(), struct_setting::ext_
key_assignments, FIRMWARE_REV, computer_comm_struct::flags, struct_ptt::footswitch,
struct_band::high_portion_high_limit, struct_band::high_portion_low_limit, struct_ptt_
sequencer::inhibit_post_delay, struct_ptt_sequencer::inhibit_pre_delay, INT_COMM_
PC_CTRL, INT_COMM_REDIRECT_DATA, struct_radio_settings::interface_type,
internal_comm_add_tx_message(), computer_comm_struct::length, struct_band::low_
portion_high_limit, struct_band::low_portion_low_limit, struct_rx_antennas::name,
struct_rx_antennas::name_length, struct_setting::network_address, struct_setting::network_
device_count, struct_setting::network_device_is_master, struct_rx_antennas::output_
length, struct_rx_antennas::output_str, struct_sub_menu_array::output_str_dir, struct_
sub_menu_array::output_str_dir_length, struct_radio_settings::poll_interval, struct_
setting::powermeter_address, struct_setting::powermeter_update_rate bargraph, struct_
setting::powermeter_update_rate_text, struct_setting::powermeter_vswr_limit, struct_
ptt::ptt_input, struct_radio_settings::ptt_input, struct_setting::ptt_interlock_input,
struct_radio_settings::radio_model, struct_ptt_sequencer::radio_post_delay, struct_ptt_
sequencer::radio_pre_delay, struct_ptt::radio_sense, struct_antenna::rotator_addr, struct_
antenna::rotator_delay, struct_antenna::rotator_max_rotation, struct_antenna::rotator_
min_heading, struct_antenna::rotator_sub_addr, struct_antenna::rotator_view_360_deg,
computer_comm_struct::rx_buffer, computer_comm_struct::rx_buffer_start, struct_radio_
settings::stopbits, struct_antenna::sub_menu_type, SUBMENU_STACK, and SUBMENU_
VERT_ARRAY.

```

Referenced by main().

## 6.40 front\_panel/display.c File Reference

The serial interface to configure the device and control it.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include "display.h"
#include "glcd.h"
#include "fonts.h"
#include "../global.h"
#include "main.h"
#include "ds1307.h"
#include "antenna_ctrl.h"
#include "radio_interface.h"
#include "sub_menu.h"
```

### Functions

- void [display\\_shutdown\\_view](#) (void)  
*Display the shutdown in progress screen.*
- void [display\\_setup\\_view](#) (void)  
*Display the setup in progress screen.*
- unsigned char [display\\_screensaver\\_mode](#) (void)  
*Get the mode of the screensaver.*
- void [display\\_update\\_screensaver](#) (void)  
*Updates the screensaver which consist of a clock.*
- void [display\\_set\\_backlight](#) (unsigned char value)  
*Set the backlight level of the LCD.*
- unsigned char [display\\_calculate\\_width](#) (char \*str, unsigned char font, unsigned char length)  
*Retrieve the width of a string in pixels.*
- void [display\\_text\\_center\\_adjust](#) (unsigned char y, char \*str, unsigned char length, unsigned char font)  
*Displays a piece of text center adjusted on the display.*
- void [display\\_text\\_right\\_adjust](#) (unsigned char x, unsigned char y, char \*str, unsigned char length, unsigned char font)  
*Displays a piece of text right adjusted on the display.*

- void `display_antennas` (unsigned char band)  
*Display a set of antennas on the display.*
- void `display_rotator_directions` (unsigned char band)  
*Display the current rotator directions If the rotator option has been enabled for a certain antenna it will be shown it's current direction on the LCD.*
- void `display_invert_antenna` (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*Displays an antenna but inverted.*
- void `display_radio_freq` (unsigned char length, char \*freq)  
*Displays the radios frequency Will display the radios frequency in the bottom right corner of the display.*
- void `display_view` (unsigned char mode)  
*Displays a specified view This is to display lines, icons etc depending on what kind of of "view" you wish to display.*
- void `display_show_rx_ant` (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*Show the current selected RX ant.*
- void `display_show_set_heading` (unsigned int rotator\_heading, unsigned char view\_360\_deg)  
*Show SET rotator heading.*
- void `display_update` (unsigned char band, unsigned char antenna)  
*Updates the display.*
- void `display_update_radio_freq` (void)  
*Update the radio frequency area of the display.*
- void `display_show_sub_menu` (unsigned char ant\_index, unsigned char sub\_menu\_type)  
*Will show the sub menu of a certain antenna.*
- void `display_show bargraph_fwd` (unsigned char percent)  
*Will display the forward bargraph.*
- void `display_show bargraph_ref` (unsigned char percent)  
*Will display the reflected bargraph.*
- void `display_show_powermeter_bargraph` (unsigned int fwd\_power, unsigned int ref\_power)  
*Show the power meter bargraphs.*
- void `display_show_powermeter_text` (unsigned int fwd\_power, unsigned int ref\_power, unsigned int vswr)  
*This function will print out the power meter text which shows FWD, REF power and VSWR.*
- void `display_show_powermeter` (void)  
*This function will show the power meter display.*



## Variables

- unsigned char `screensaver_mode` = 0  
*Flag which indicates if the screensaver is activated or not.*
- unsigned char `last_fwd_val` = 0  
*The last forward value, used for the power meter bargraph update.*
- unsigned char `last_ref_val` = 0  
*The last reflected value, used for the power meter bargraph update.*
- char \* `temp_ptr` = NULL  
*Memory area used for printing variables to the display.*

### 6.40.1 Detailed Description

The serial interface to configure the device and control it.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsson, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/display.c"
```

Definition in file [display.c](#).

### 6.40.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.40.2.1 void display\_antennas (unsigned char *band*)

Display a set of antennas on the display.

#### Parameters:

***band*** The band you wish to show the antennas from

Definition at line 149 of file display.c.

References `antenna_ctrl_get_antenna_text()`, `antenna_ctrl_get_antenna_text_length()`, `antenna_ctrl_get_flags()`, `ANTENNA_IN_USE_FLAG`, `CLEAR_ANT_AREA`, `DISPLAY_TEXT_ANT1_X_POS`, `DISPLAY_TEXT_ANT1_Y_POS`, `DISPLAY_TEXT_ANT2_X_POS`, `DISPLAY_TEXT_ANT2_Y_POS`, `DISPLAY_TEXT_ANT3_X_POS`, `DISPLAY_TEXT_ANT3_Y_POS`, `DISPLAY_TEXT_ANT4_X_POS`, and `DISPLAY_TEXT_ANT4_Y_POS`.

Referenced by `display_update()`.

#### 6.40.2.2 unsigned char display\_calculate\_width (char \* *str*, unsigned char *font*, unsigned char *length*)

Retrieve the width of a string in pixels.

##### Parameters:

*str* The text string you wish to find out the length of

*font* Which font type the string is

*length* The length of the string (strlen)

##### Returns:

The actual graphical width of the text string sent in, in pixels

Definition at line 111 of file display.c.

Referenced by display\_text\_center\_adjust(), display\_text\_right\_adjust(), and menu\_show\_text().

#### 6.40.2.3 void display\_invert\_antenna (unsigned char *ant\_index*)

Displays an antenna but inverted.

##### Parameters:

*ant\_index* Which antenna you wish to invert

Definition at line 241 of file display.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_get\_antenna\_text\_length(), antenna\_ctrl\_get\_flags(), ANTENNA\_IN\_USE\_FLAG, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ANT1\_Y\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ANT2\_Y\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ANT3\_Y\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ANT4\_Y\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ANT\_HEIGHT, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ANTENNA\_IN\_USE\_ADDITION\_WIDTH, and DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ANTENNA\_WIDTH.

Referenced by display\_update().

#### 6.40.2.4 void display\_radio\_freq (unsigned char *length*, char \* *freq*)

Displays the radios frequency Will display the radios frequency in the bottom right corner of the display.

##### Parameters:

*freq* the frequency you want to display

Definition at line 286 of file display.c.

References CLEAR\_RADIO\_FREQ\_AREA, DISPLAY\_RADIO\_FREQ\_X\_POS, DISPLAY\_RADIO\_FREQ\_Y\_POS, and display\_text\_right\_adjust().

Referenced by display\_update\_radio\_freq().

#### 6.40.2.5 void display\_rotator\_directions (unsigned char *band*)

Display the current rotator directions If the rotator option has been enabled for a certain antenna it will be shown it's current direction on the LCD.

**Parameters:**

*band* The band you wish to show the rotators direction

Definition at line 192 of file display.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_get\_direction(), antenna\_ctrl\_get\_flags(), antenna\_ctrl\_get\_sub\_menu\_type(), ANTENNA\_ROTATOR\_FLAG, CLEAR\_ROTATOR\_AREA, display\_text\_right\_adjust(), DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ROTATOR\_ANT1\_X\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ROTATOR\_ANT1\_Y\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ROTATOR\_ANT2\_X\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ROTATOR\_ANT2\_Y\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ROTATOR\_ANT3\_X\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ROTATOR\_ANT3\_Y\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ROTATOR\_ANT4\_X\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ROTATOR\_ANT4\_Y\_POS, sub\_menu\_get\_current\_pos(), sub\_menu\_get\_text(), and SUBMENU\_VERT\_ARRAY.

Referenced by display\_update().

#### 6.40.2.6 unsigned char display\_screensaver\_mode (void)

Get the mode of the screensaver.

**Returns:**

0 if the screensaver is disabled, 1 otherwise

Definition at line 69 of file display.c.

References screensaver\_mode.

#### 6.40.2.7 void display\_set\_backlight (unsigned char *value*)

Set the backlight level of the LCD.

**Parameters:**

*value* What we wish to set the backlight level to to, 0-100%

Definition at line 97 of file display.c.

Referenced by main(), and menu\_action().

#### 6.40.2.8 void display\_show bargraph\_fwd (unsigned char *percent*)

Will display the forward bargraph.

**Parameters:**

*percent* How much we wish to fill it

Definition at line 461 of file display.c.

References last\_fwd\_val.

Referenced by display\_show\_powermeter\_bargraph().

#### 6.40.2.9 void display\_show\_bargraph\_ref (unsigned char *percent*)

Will display the reflected bargraph.

##### Parameters:

*percent* How much we wish to fill it

Definition at line 492 of file display.c.

References last\_ref\_val.

Referenced by display\_show\_powermeter\_bargraph().

#### 6.40.2.10 void display\_show\_powermeter\_bargraph (unsigned int *fwd\_power*, unsigned int *ref\_power*)

Show the power meter bargraphs.

##### Parameters:

*fwd\_power* The forward power in percent

*ref\_power* The reflected power in percent

Definition at line 524 of file display.c.

References display\_show\_bargraph\_fwd(), and display\_show\_bargraph\_ref().

#### 6.40.2.11 void display\_show\_powermeter\_text (unsigned int *fwd\_power*, unsigned int *ref\_power*, unsigned int *vswr*)

This function will print out the power meter text which shows FWD, REF power and VSWR.

##### Parameters:

*fwd\_power* Forward power in watts

*ref\_power* Reflected power in watts

*vswr* The current VSWR, for example 151 means 1.51:1

Definition at line 533 of file display.c.

References display\_text\_right\_adjust().

#### 6.40.2.12 void display\_show\_rx\_ant (unsigned char *ant\_index*)

Show the current selected RX ant.

##### Parameters:

*ant\_index* The antenna index of which antenna that is selected and should be shown

Definition at line 304 of file display.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_get\_rx\_antenna\_count(), antenna\_ctrl\_get\_rx\_antenna\_name(), CLEAR\_RX\_ANTENNA\_AREA, struct\_status::current\_display\_level, DISPLAY\_LEVEL\_BAND, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_RX\_ANT\_X\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_RX\_ANT\_Y\_POS, display\_view(), status, and VIEW\_ANTENNAS.

Referenced by event\_update\_display().

#### 6.40.2.13 void display\_show\_set\_heading (unsigned int *rotator\_heading*, unsigned char *view\_360\_deg*)

Show SET rotator heading.

##### Parameters:

*rotator\_heading* The current set rotator heading

*view\_360\_deg* The status of the view\_360\_deg option

Definition at line 326 of file display.c.

References struct\_status::current\_display\_level, DISPLAY\_LEVEL\_BAND, display\_text\_center\_adjust(), and status.

Referenced by event\_pulse\_sensor\_down(), event\_pulse\_sensor\_up(), event\_rotate\_button\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button1\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button2\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button3\_pressed(), and event\_tx\_button4\_pressed().

#### 6.40.2.14 void display\_show\_sub\_menu (unsigned char *ant\_index*, unsigned char *sub\_menu\_type*)

Will show the sub menu of a certain antenna.

##### Parameters:

*ant\_index* The antenna index (0-3)

*sub\_menu\_type* Which type of sub menu it is

Definition at line 438 of file display.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_get\_antenna\_text(), CLEAR\_SET\_SUB\_MENU\_ARRAY\_AREA, struct\_status::current\_display\_level, DISPLAY\_LEVEL\_SUBMENU, display\_text\_center\_adjust(), status, sub\_menu\_get\_current\_pos(), sub\_menu\_get\_text(), and SUBMENU\_VERT\_ARRAY.

Referenced by event\_pulse\_sensor\_down(), event\_pulse\_sensor\_up(), and event\_sub\_button\_pressed().

#### 6.40.2.15 void display\_text\_center\_adjust (unsigned char *y*, char \* *str*, unsigned char *length*, unsigned char *font*)

Displays a piece of text center adjusted on the display.

##### Parameters:

*y* Where the text should be located in y-axis (pixels)

*str* The string we wish to center adjust to the display

***length*** The length of the string (strlen)  
***font*** Which font you wish to show the string with

Definition at line 132 of file display.c.

References display\_calculate\_width().

Referenced by display\_setup\_view(), display\_show\_set\_heading(), display\_show\_sub\_menu(), and display\_shutdown\_view().

**6.40.2.16 void display\_text\_right\_adjust (unsigned char *x*, unsigned char *y*, char \* *str*, unsigned char *length*, unsigned char *font*)**

Displays a piece of text right adjusted on the display.

**Parameters:**

***x*** Where the right adjust should start (pixels)  
***y*** Where the text should be located in y-axis (pixels)  
***length*** The length of the string (strlen)  
***font*** Which font you wish to show the string with

Definition at line 142 of file display.c.

References display\_calculate\_width().

Referenced by display\_radio\_freq(), display\_rotator\_directions(), display\_show\_powermeter(), and display\_show\_powermeter\_text().

**6.40.2.17 void display\_update (unsigned char *band*, unsigned char *antenna*)**

Updates the display.

**Parameters:**

***band*** Which band to show the antenna information from  
***antenna*** The antenna combination that is currently selected

Definition at line 358 of file display.c.

References struct\_status::current\_display\_level, display\_antennas(), display\_invert\_antenna(), DISPLAY\_LEVEL\_BAND, display\_rotator\_directions(), display\_update\_radio\_freq(), display\_view(), status, and VIEW\_ANTENNAS.

Referenced by event\_tx\_button1\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button2\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button3\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button4\_pressed(), and event\_update\_display().

**6.40.2.18 void display\_view (unsigned char *mode*)**

Displays a specified view This is to display lines, icons etc depending on what kind of "view" you wish to display.

**Parameters:**

***mode*** Which view mode you wish to display

Definition at line 296 of file display.c.

References `gled_line()`, and `VIEW_ANTENNAS`.

Referenced by `display_show_rx_ant()`, `display_update()`, and `display_update_radio_freq()`.

## 6.41 front\_panel/display.h File Reference

The serial interface to configure the device and control it.

```
#include "glcd.h"
#include "main.h"
```

### Defines

- `#define CLEAR_ANT_AREA() glcd_clear_area(0,90,0,56)`  
*Macro that clears the antenna area of the LCD.*
- `#define CLEAR_ROTATOR_AREA() glcd_clear_area(90,128,0,56)`  
*Macro that clears the rotator area of the LCD.*
- `#define CLEAR_RADIO_FREQ_AREA() glcd_clear_area(90,128,58,64)`  
*Macro that clears the radio frequency area of the LCD.*
- `#define CLEAR_RX_ANTENNA_AREA() glcd_clear_area(0,90,58,64)`  
*Macro that clears the RX antenna area.*
- `#define CLEAR_SET_ROTATOR_AREA() glcd_clear_area(0,80,58,64)`  
*Macro that clears the rotator area.*
- `#define CLEAR_SET_SUB_MENU_ARRAY_AREA() glcd_clear_area(44,84,35,64)`  
*Macro that clears the sub menu array direction area.*
- `#define DISPLAY_SCREENSAVER_DEF_CONTRAST 20`
- `#define DISPLAY_RADIO_FREQ_X_POS 128`  
*The position of the frequency text X position.*
- `#define DISPLAY_RADIO_FREQ_Y_POS 58`  
*The position of the frequency text Y position.*
- `#define DISPLAY_TEXT_ROTATOR_ANT1_X_POS 128`  
*The position of the antenna1 rotator text X position.*
- `#define DISPLAY_TEXT_ROTATOR_ANT1_Y_POS 1`  
*The position of the antenna1 rotator text Y position.*
- `#define DISPLAY_TEXT_ROTATOR_ANT2_X_POS 128`  
*The position of the antenna2 rotator text X position.*
- `#define DISPLAY_TEXT_ROTATOR_ANT2_Y_POS 16`  
*The position of the antenna2 rotator text Y position.*
- `#define DISPLAY_TEXT_ROTATOR_ANT3_X_POS 128`  
*The position of the antenna3 rotator text X position.*
- `#define DISPLAY_TEXT_ROTATOR_ANT3_Y_POS 29`



*The position of the antenna3 rotator text Y position.*

- #define `DISPLAY_TEXT_ROTATOR_ANT4_X_POS` 128  
*The position of the antenna4 rotator text X position.*
- #define `DISPLAY_TEXT_ROTATOR_ANT4_Y_POS` 43  
*The position of the antenna4 rotator text Y position.*
- #define `DISPLAY_TEXT_ANT1_X_POS` 0  
*The position of the antenna1 text X position.*
- #define `DISPLAY_TEXT_ANT1_Y_POS` 0  
*The position of the antenna1 text Y position.*
- #define `DISPLAY_TEXT_ANT2_X_POS` 0  
*The position of the antenna2 text X position.*
- #define `DISPLAY_TEXT_ANT2_Y_POS` 15  
*The position of the antenna2 text Y position.*
- #define `DISPLAY_TEXT_ANT3_X_POS` 0  
*The position of the antenna3 text X position.*
- #define `DISPLAY_TEXT_ANT3_Y_POS` 28  
*The position of the antenna3 text Y position.*
- #define `DISPLAY_TEXT_ANT4_X_POS` 0  
*The position of the antenna4 text X position.*
- #define `DISPLAY_TEXT_ANT4_Y_POS` 42  
*The position of the antenna4 text Y position.*
- #define `DISPLAY_TEXT_RX_ANT_X_POS` 0  
*The position of the RX antenna X pos.*
- #define `DISPLAY_TEXT_RX_ANT_Y_POS` 58  
*The position of the RX antenna Y position.*
- #define `DISPLAY_TEXT_ROTATE_ANT_X_POS` 0  
*The position of the SET ROTATE X pos.*
- #define `DISPLAY_TEXT_ROTATE_ANT_Y_POS` 58  
*The position of the SET ROTATE Y position.*
- #define `DISPLAY_TEXT_ANT_HEIGHT` 10  
*The height of the antenna text inverting area.*
- #define `DISPLAY_TEXT_ANTENNA_WIDTH` 8  
*The width of the antenna text.*

- `#define DISPLAY_TEXT_ANTENNA_IN_USE_ADDITION_WIDTH` 16

*The width addition of the inverted area when an antenna is in use.*

## Functions

- void `display_setup_view` (void)  
*Display the setup in progress screen.*
- void `display_shutdown_view` (void)  
*Display the shutdown in progress screen.*
- void `display_antennas` (unsigned char band)  
*Display a set of antennas on the display.*
- void `display_rotator_directions` (unsigned char band)  
*Display the current rotator directions If the rotator option has been enabled for a certain antenna it will be shown it's current direction on the LCD.*
- void `display_radio_freq` (unsigned char length, char \*freq)  
*Displays the radios frequency Will display the radios frequency in the bottom right corner of the display.*
- void `display_view` (unsigned char mode)  
*Displays a specified view This is to display lines, icons etc depending on what kind of of "view" you wish to display.*
- void `display_invert_antenna` (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*Displays an antenna but inverted.*
- void `display_update_screensaver` (void)  
*Updates the screensaver which consist of a clock.*
- unsigned char `display_screensaver_mode` (void)  
*Get the mode of the screensaver.*
- void `display_set_backlight` (unsigned char value)  
*Set the backlight level of the LCD.*
- void `display_update` (unsigned char band, unsigned char antenna)  
*Updates the display.*
- void `display_show_rx_ant` (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*Show the current selected RX ant.*
- unsigned char `display_calculate_width` (char \*str, unsigned char font, unsigned char length)  
*Retrieve the width of a string in pixels.*

- void [display\\_show\\_set\\_heading](#) (unsigned int rotator\_heading, unsigned char view\_360\_deg)  
*Show SET rotator heading.*
- void [display\\_text\\_center\\_adjust](#) (unsigned char y, char \*str, unsigned char length, unsigned char font)  
*Displays a piece of text center adjusted on the display.*
- void [display\\_update\\_radio\\_freq](#) (void)  
*Update the radio frequency area of the display.*
- void [display\\_show\\_sub\\_menu](#) (unsigned char ant\_index, unsigned char sub\_menu\_type)  
*Will show the sub menu of a certain antenna.*
- void [display\\_show\\_powermeter bargraph](#) (unsigned int fwd\_power, unsigned int ref\_power)  
*Show the power meter bargraphs.*
- void [display\\_show\\_powermeter\\_text](#) (unsigned int fwd\_power, unsigned int ref\_power, unsigned int vswr)  
*This function will print out the power meter text which shows FWD, REF power and VSWR.*
- void [display\\_show\\_powermeter](#) (void)  
*This function will show the power meter display.*

### 6.41.1 Detailed Description

The serial interface to configure the device and control it.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsson, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/display.h"
```

Definition in file [display.h](#).

### 6.41.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.41.2.1 void display\_antennas (unsigned char band)

Display a set of antennas on the display.

#### Parameters:

**band** The band you wish to show the antennas from

Definition at line 149 of file display.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_get\_antenna\_text(), antenna\_ctrl\_get\_antenna\_text\_length(), antenna\_ctrl\_get\_flags(), ANTENNA\_IN\_USE\_FLAG, CLEAR\_ANT\_AREA, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ANT1\_X\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ANT1\_Y\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ANT2\_X\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ANT2\_Y\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ANT3\_X\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ANT3\_Y\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ANT4\_X\_POS, and DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ANT4\_Y\_POS.

Referenced by display\_update().

#### 6.41.2.2 unsigned char display\_calculate\_width (char \* *str*, unsigned char *font*, unsigned char *length*)

Retrieve the width of a string in pixels.

##### Parameters:

***str*** The text string you wish to find out the length of

***font*** Which font type the string is

***length*** The length of the string (strlen)

##### Returns:

The actual graphical width of the text string sent in, in pixels

Definition at line 111 of file display.c.

Referenced by display\_text\_center\_adjust(), display\_text\_right\_adjust(), and menu\_show\_text().

#### 6.41.2.3 void display\_invert\_antenna (unsigned char *ant\_index*)

Displays an antenna but inverted.

##### Parameters:

***ant\_index*** Which antenna you wish to invert

Definition at line 241 of file display.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_get\_antenna\_text\_length(), antenna\_ctrl\_get\_flags(), ANTENNA\_IN\_USE\_FLAG, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ANT1\_Y\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ANT2\_Y\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ANT3\_Y\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ANT4\_Y\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ANT\_HEIGHT, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ANTENNA\_IN\_USE\_ADDITION\_WIDTH, and DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ANTENNA\_WIDTH.

Referenced by display\_update().

#### 6.41.2.4 void display\_radio\_freq (unsigned char *length*, char \* *freq*)

Displays the radios frequency Will display the radios frequency in the bottom right corner of the display.

**Parameters:**

*freq* the frequency you want to display

Definition at line 286 of file display.c.

References CLEAR\_RADIO\_FREQ\_AREA, DISPLAY\_RADIO\_FREQ\_X\_POS, DISPLAY\_RADIO\_FREQ\_Y\_POS, and display\_text\_right\_adjust().

Referenced by display\_update\_radio\_freq().

**6.41.2.5 void display\_rotator\_directions (unsigned char *band*)**

Display the current rotator directions If the rotator option has been enabled for a certain antenna it will be shown it's current direction on the LCD.

**Parameters:**

*band* The band you wish to show the rotators direction

Definition at line 192 of file display.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_get\_direction(), antenna\_ctrl\_get\_flags(), antenna\_ctrl\_get\_sub\_menu\_type(), ANTENNA\_ROTATOR\_FLAG, CLEAR\_ROTATOR\_AREA, display\_text\_right\_adjust(), DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ROTATOR\_ANT1\_X\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ROTATOR\_ANT1\_Y\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ROTATOR\_ANT2\_X\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ROTATOR\_ANT2\_Y\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ROTATOR\_ANT3\_X\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ROTATOR\_ANT3\_Y\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ROTATOR\_ANT4\_X\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_ROTATOR\_ANT4\_Y\_POS, sub\_menu\_get\_current\_pos(), sub\_menu\_get\_text(), and SUBMENU\_VERT\_ARRAY.

Referenced by display\_update().

**6.41.2.6 unsigned char display\_screensaver\_mode (void)**

Get the mode of the screensaver.

**Returns:**

0 if the screensaver is disabled, 1 otherwise

Definition at line 69 of file display.c.

References screensaver\_mode.

**6.41.2.7 void display\_set\_backlight (unsigned char *value*)**

Set the backlight level of the LCD.

**Parameters:**

*value* What we wish to set the backlight level to to, 0-100%

Definition at line 97 of file display.c.

Referenced by main(), and menu\_action().

#### 6.41.2.8 void display\_show\_powermeter\_bargraph (unsigned int *fwd\_power*, unsigned int *ref\_power*)

Show the power meter bargraphs.

##### Parameters:

*fwd\_power* The forward power in percent

*ref\_power* The reflected power in percent

Definition at line 524 of file display.c.

References display\_show\_bargraph\_fwd(), and display\_show\_bargraph\_ref().

#### 6.41.2.9 void display\_show\_powermeter\_text (unsigned int *fwd\_power*, unsigned int *ref\_power*, unsigned int *vswr*)

This function will print out the power meter text which shows FWD, REF power and VSWR.

##### Parameters:

*fwd\_power* Forward power in watts

*ref\_power* Reflected power in watts

*vswr* The current VSWR, for example 151 means 1.51:1

Definition at line 533 of file display.c.

References display\_text\_right\_adjust().

#### 6.41.2.10 void display\_show\_rx\_ant (unsigned char *ant\_index*)

Show the current selected RX ant.

##### Parameters:

*ant\_index* The antenna index of which antenna that is selected and should be shown

Definition at line 304 of file display.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_get\_rx\_antenna\_count(), antenna\_ctrl\_get\_rx\_antenna\_name(), CLEAR\_RX\_ANTENNA\_AREA, struct\_status::current\_display\_level, DISPLAY\_LEVEL\_BAND, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_RX\_ANT\_X\_POS, DISPLAY\_TEXT\_RX\_ANT\_Y\_POS, display\_view(), status, and VIEW\_ANTENNAS.

Referenced by event\_update\_display().

#### 6.41.2.11 void display\_show\_set\_heading (unsigned int *rotator\_heading*, unsigned char *view\_360\_deg*)

Show SET rotator heading.

##### Parameters:

*rotator\_heading* The current set rotator heading

***view\_360\_deg*** The status of the view\_360\_deg option

Definition at line 326 of file display.c.

References struct\_status::current\_display\_level, DISPLAY\_LEVEL\_BAND, display\_text\_center\_adjust(), and status.

Referenced by event\_pulse\_sensor\_down(), event\_pulse\_sensor\_up(), event\_rotate\_button\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button1\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button2\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button3\_pressed(), and event\_tx\_button4\_pressed().

#### 6.41.2.12 void display\_show\_sub\_menu (unsigned char *ant\_index*, unsigned char *sub\_menu\_type*)

Will show the sub menu of a certain antenna.

##### Parameters:

***ant\_index*** The antenna index (0-3)

***sub\_menu\_type*** Which type of sub menu it is

Definition at line 438 of file display.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_get\_antenna\_text(), CLEAR\_SET\_SUB\_MENU\_ARRAY\_AREA, struct\_status::current\_display\_level, DISPLAY\_LEVEL\_SUBMENU, display\_text\_center\_adjust(), status, sub\_menu\_get\_current\_pos(), sub\_menu\_get\_text(), and SUBMENU\_VERT\_ARRAY.

Referenced by event\_pulse\_sensor\_down(), event\_pulse\_sensor\_up(), and event\_sub\_button\_pressed().

#### 6.41.2.13 void display\_text\_center\_adjust (unsigned char *y*, char \* *str*, unsigned char *length*, unsigned char *font*)

Displays a piece of text center adjusted on the display.

##### Parameters:

***y*** Where the text should be located in y-axis (pixels)

***str*** The string we wish to center adjust to the display

***length*** The length of the string (strlen)

***font*** Which font you wish to show the string with

Definition at line 132 of file display.c.

References display\_calculate\_width().

Referenced by display\_setup\_view(), display\_show\_set\_heading(), display\_show\_sub\_menu(), and display\_shutdown\_view().

#### 6.41.2.14 void display\_update (unsigned char *band*, unsigned char *antenna*)

Updates the display.

**Parameters:**

- band*** Which band to show the antenna information from  
***antenna*** The antenna combination that is currently selected

Definition at line 358 of file display.c.

References struct\_status::current\_display\_level, display\_antennas(), display\_invert\_antenna(), DISPLAY\_LEVEL\_BAND, display\_rotator\_directions(), display\_update\_radio\_freq(), display\_view(), status, and VIEW\_ANTENNAS.

Referenced by event\_tx\_button1\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button2\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button3\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button4\_pressed(), and event\_update\_display().

**6.41.2.15 void display\_view (unsigned char *mode*)**

Displays a specified view This is to display lines, icons etc depending on what kind of "view" you wish to display.

**Parameters:**

- mode*** Which view mode you wish to display

Definition at line 296 of file display.c.

References glcd\_line(), and VIEW\_ANTENNAS.

Referenced by display\_show\_rx\_ant(), display\_update(), and display\_update\_radio\_freq().



## 6.42 front\_panel/ds1307.c File Reference

Main file of the front panel.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include "ds1307.h"
#include "../i2c.h"
#include "../delay.h"
```

### Functions

- void `ds1307_init` (void)  
*Initialize the realtime clock on the front panel.*
- void `ds1307_set_time` (char \*data)  
*Set the current time of the realtime clock.*
- unsigned char `ds1307_get_hours` (void)  
*Retrieve the hour part of the time from the realtime clock.*
- unsigned char `ds1307_get_minutes` (void)  
*Retrieve the minute part of the time from the realtime clock.*
- unsigned char `ds1307_get_seconds` (void)  
*Retrieve the seconds part of the time from the realtime clock.*
- void `ds1307_read` (void)  
*Read the current time/date from the realtime clock. Stores the data and can be retrieved with the get functions in this file.*

### Variables

- unsigned char `allowed_to_read` = 0  
*Flag which is set to 1 if a read request is allowed to the ds1307.*
- unsigned char \* `time_data`  
*Variable which contains information of the current time/date.*

#### 6.42.1 Detailed Description

Main file of the front panel.

Realtime clock.

**Author:**

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2008-04-30 /\*!

**Author:**

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/ds1307.c"
```

Definition in file [ds1307.c](#).

## 6.42.2 Function Documentation

### 6.42.2.1 unsigned char ds1307\_get\_hours (void)

Retrieve the hour part of the time from the realtime clock.

**Returns:**

The current hour

Definition at line 85 of file ds1307.c.

Referenced by display\_update\_screensaver().

### 6.42.2.2 unsigned char ds1307\_get\_minutes (void)

Retrieve the minute part of the time from the realtime clock.

**Returns:**

The current minute

Definition at line 93 of file ds1307.c.

Referenced by display\_update\_screensaver().

### 6.42.2.3 unsigned char ds1307\_get\_seconds (void)

Retrieve the seconds part of the time from the realtime clock.

**Returns:**

The current seconds

Definition at line 101 of file ds1307.c.

Referenced by display\_update\_screensaver().

**6.42.2.4 void ds1307\_set\_time (char \* *data*)**

Set the current time of the realtime clock.

**Parameters:**

***data*** data[0] = seconds, data[1] = minutes, data[2] = hours, data[3] = Day, data[4] = Date,  
data[5] = month, data[6] = year

Definition at line 62 of file ds1307.c.

Referenced by computer\_interface\_parse\_data().

## 6.43 front\_panel/ds1307.h File Reference

Realtime clock.

### Defines

- `#define DS1307_ADDR 0x68`  
*The external I2C address of the DS1307 realtime clock.*

### Functions

- `void ds1307_init (void)`  
*Initialize the realtime clock on the front panel.*
- `void ds1307_read (void)`  
*Read the current time/date from the realtime clock. Stores the data and can be retrieved with the get functions in this file.*
- `unsigned char ds1307_get_seconds (void)`  
*Retrieve the seconds part of the time from the realtime clock.*
- `unsigned char ds1307_get_minutes (void)`  
*Retrieve the minute part of the time from the realtime clock.*
- `unsigned char ds1307_get_hours (void)`  
*Retrieve the hour part of the time from the realtime clock.*
- `void ds1307_set_time (char *data)`  
*Set the current time of the realtime clock.*

### 6.43.1 Detailed Description

Realtime clock.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/ds1307.h"
```

Definition in file [ds1307.h](#).

## 6.43.2 Function Documentation

### 6.43.2.1 unsigned char ds1307\_get\_hours (void)

Retrieve the hour part of the time from the realtime clock.

**Returns:**

The current hour

Definition at line 85 of file ds1307.c.

Referenced by display\_update\_screensaver().

### 6.43.2.2 unsigned char ds1307\_get\_minutes (void)

Retrieve the minute part of the time from the realtime clock.

**Returns:**

The current minute

Definition at line 93 of file ds1307.c.

Referenced by display\_update\_screensaver().

### 6.43.2.3 unsigned char ds1307\_get\_seconds (void)

Retrieve the seconds part of the time from the realtime clock.

**Returns:**

The current seconds

Definition at line 101 of file ds1307.c.

Referenced by display\_update\_screensaver().

### 6.43.2.4 void ds1307\_set\_time (char \* data)

Set the current time of the realtime clock.

**Parameters:**

**data** data[0] = seconds, data[1] = minutes, data[2] = hours, data[3] = Day, data[4] = Date,  
data[5] = month, data[6] = year

Definition at line 62 of file ds1307.c.

Referenced by computer\_interface\_parse\_data().

## 6.44 front\_panel/EEPROM.c File Reference

EEPROM functions.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/eeprom.h>
#include "eeprom_m24.h"
#include "eeprom.h"
#include "../global.h"
#include "antenna_ctrl.h"
#include "band_ctrl.h"
#include "main.h"
#include "radio_interface.h"
```

### Functions

- unsigned char [eeprom\\_read\\_startup\\_byte](#) (void)
- void [eeprom\\_write\\_startup\\_byte](#) (unsigned char val)  
*This function will write a byte in the EEPROM so we can keep track of if the unit has ever been started.*
- void [eeprom\\_print](#) (void)  
*Temporary crap for debug \*/.*
- void [eeprom\\_read\\_table](#) (void)  
*Read the map of the EEPROM.*
- void [eeprom\\_get\\_antenna\\_data](#) (struct\_antenna \*data, unsigned char band)  
*Returns the antenna struct for a specific band.*
- void [eeprom\\_get\\_rx\\_antenna\\_data](#) (struct\_rx\_antennas \*data)  
*Returns the rx antenna data.*
- void [eeprom\\_get\\_band\\_data](#) (unsigned char band, struct\_band \*data)  
*Returns the band data.*
- void [eeprom\\_get\\_radio\\_settings\\_structure](#) (struct\_radio\_settings \*data)  
*get the radio settings from the eeprom*
- void [eeprom\\_get\\_settings\\_structure](#) (struct\_setting \*data)  
*get the settings from the eeprom*
- void [eeprom\\_create\\_table](#) (void)

*Creates the eeeprom table which is a map over the eeeprom data.*

- void `eeeprom_save_runtime_settings` (`struct_runtime_settings *content`)  
*Save the runtime\_settings structure to the eeeprom.*
- void `eeeprom_get_ptt_data` (`struct_ptt *data`)  
*Get the ptt structure from the EEPROM.*
- void `eeeprom_get_runtime_settings` (`struct_runtime_settings *data`)  
*Get the runtime\_settings structure from the EEPROM.*
- void `eeeprom_get_ant_sub_menu_array_structure` (unsigned char band\_index, unsigned char ant\_index, `struct_sub_menu_array *data`)  
*Get the struct\_sub\_menu\_array structure from the EEPROM.*
- void `eeeprom_save_ant_structure` (unsigned char band\_index, `struct_antenna *content`)  
*Save the antenna structure to the eeeprom.*
- void `eeeprom_save_rx_ant_structure` (`struct_rx_antennas *data`)  
*Save the rx antenna structure to the eeeprom.*
- void `eeeprom_save_settings_structure` (`struct_setting *data`)  
*Save the device settings to the eeeprom.*
- void `eeeprom_save_radio_settings_structure` (`struct_radio_settings *data`)  
*Save the radio settings to the eeeprom.*
- void `eeeprom_save_band_data` (unsigned char band, `struct_band *data`)  
*Save the band data to the eeeprom.*
- void `eeeprom_save_ptt_data` (`struct_ptt *data`)  
*Save the band data to the eeeprom.*
- void `eeeprom_save_ant_sub_menu_array_structure` (unsigned char band\_index, unsigned char ant\_index, `struct_sub_menu_array *data`)  
*Save the sub menu array data to the EEPROM.*

## Variables

- `struct_eeeprom_table eeeprom_table`  
*EEPROM table which is a description of the location of different structures in the eeeprom.*

### 6.44.1 Detailed Description

EEPROM functions.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsson, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-01-25

#include "front\_panel/eprom.c"

Definition in file [eprom.c](#).**6.44.2 Function Documentation****6.44.2.1 void eprom\_get\_ant\_sub\_menu\_array\_structure (unsigned char *band\_index*, unsigned char *ant\_index*, struct\_sub\_menu\_array \* *data*)**Get the [struct\\_sub\\_menu\\_array](#) structure from the EEPROM.**Parameters:***band\_index* Which band we wish to retrieve the sub menu from*ant\_index* Which antenna we wish to get the sub menu from*data* Pointer to where we wish to store the data

Definition at line 205 of file eprom.c.

References struct\_eprom\_table::antenna1\_sub\_menu, struct\_eprom\_table::antenna2\_sub\_menu, struct\_eprom\_table::antenna3\_sub\_menu, struct\_eprom\_table::antenna4\_sub\_menu, and eprom\_m24\_read\_byte().

Referenced by sub\_menu\_load().

**6.44.2.2 void eprom\_get\_antenna\_data (struct\_antenna \* *data*, unsigned char *band*)**

Returns the antenna struct for a specific band.

**Parameters:***data* Where the data should be saved*band* Which band you wish to get the pointer

Definition at line 77 of file eprom.c.

References struct\_eprom\_table::antenna, and eprom\_m24\_read\_byte().

Referenced by antenna\_ctrl\_ant\_read\_eprom().

**6.44.2.3 void eprom\_get\_band\_data (unsigned char *band*, struct\_band \* *data*)**

Returns the band data.

**Parameters:***band* Which band we wish to retrieve the data from*data* Where the data should be saved

Definition at line 98 of file eprom.c.

References struct\_eprom\_table::band, and eprom\_m24\_read\_byte().

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_load\_band(), and band\_ctrl\_load\_band\_limits().



**6.44.2.4 void eprom\_get\_ptt\_data (struct\_ptt \* data)**

Get the ptt structure from the EEPROM.

**Parameters:**

**data** A pointer where to store the data

Definition at line 183 of file eprom.c.

References eprom\_m24\_read\_byte(), and struct\_eprom\_table::struct\_ptt.

Referenced by sequencer\_load\_eprom().

**6.44.2.5 void eprom\_get\_radio\_settings\_structure (struct\_radio\_settings \* data)**

get the radio settings from the eprom

**Parameters:**

**data** Where the data should be saved

Definition at line 108 of file eprom.c.

References eprom\_m24\_read\_byte(), and struct\_eprom\_table::radio\_settings.

Referenced by radio\_interface\_load\_eprom().

**6.44.2.6 void eprom\_get\_runtime\_settings (struct\_runtime\_settings \* data)**

Get the runtime\_settings structure from the EEPROM.

**Parameters:**

**data** A pointer where to store the data

Definition at line 193 of file eprom.c.

References eprom\_m24\_read\_byte(), and struct\_eprom\_table::runtime\_settings.

Referenced by load\_settings().

**6.44.2.7 void eprom\_get\_rx\_antenna\_data (struct\_rx\_antennas \* data)**

Returns the rx antenna data.

**Parameters:**

**data** Where the data should be saved

Definition at line 87 of file eprom.c.

References eprom\_m24\_read\_byte(), and struct\_eprom\_table::rx\_antennas.

Referenced by antenna\_ctrl\_rx\_ant\_read\_eprom().

#### 6.44.2.8 void eeprom\_get\_settings\_structure (struct\_setting \* *data*)

get the settings from the eeprom

##### Parameters:

*data* Where the data should be saved

Definition at line 118 of file eeprom.c.

References eeprom\_m24\_read\_byte(), and struct\_eeprom\_table::settings.

Referenced by load\_settings().

#### 6.44.2.9 unsigned char eeprom\_read\_startup\_byte (void)

Will read the startup byte from the EEPROM, which does indicate if the unit has been started before or not

##### Returns:

The status of the startup byte

Definition at line 45 of file eeprom.c.

References EEPROM\_STARTUP\_BYTE\_ADDR.

Referenced by main().

#### 6.44.2.10 void eeprom\_save\_ant\_structure (unsigned char *band\_index*, struct\_antenna \* *content*)

Save the antenna structure to the eeprom.

##### Parameters:

*band\_index* Which band it is

*content* The data to be saved

Definition at line 230 of file eeprom.c.

References struct\_eeprom\_table::antenna, and eeprom\_m24\_write\_block().

Referenced by computer\_interface\_parse\_data().

#### 6.44.2.11 void eeprom\_save\_ant\_sub\_menu\_array\_structure (unsigned char *band\_index*, unsigned char *ant\_index*, struct\_sub\_menu\_array \* *data*)

Save the sub menu array data to the EEPROM.

##### Parameters:

*band\_index* The band we wish to save the settings for

*ant\_index* The antenna index of the data

*data* The data to save to the EEPROM

Definition at line 269 of file eprom.c.

References struct\_eprom\_table::antenna1\_sub\_menu, struct\_eprom\_table::antenna2\_sub\_menu, struct\_eprom\_table::antenna3\_sub\_menu, struct\_eprom\_table::antenna4\_sub\_menu, and eprom\_m24\_write\_block().

Referenced by computer\_interface\_parse\_data().

#### 6.44.2.12 void eprom\_save\_band\_data (unsigned char *band*, struct\_band \* *data*)

Save the band data to the eprom.

##### Parameters:

*band* Which band we wish to save the data to

*data* The data to save to the EEPROM

Definition at line 255 of file eprom.c.

References struct\_eprom\_table::band, and eprom\_m24\_write\_block().

Referenced by computer\_interface\_parse\_data().

#### 6.44.2.13 void eprom\_save\_ptt\_data (struct\_ptt \* *data*)

Save the band data to the eprom.

##### Parameters:

*data* The data to save to the EEPROM

Definition at line 261 of file eprom.c.

References eprom\_m24\_write\_block(), and struct\_eprom\_table::struct\_ptt.

Referenced by computer\_interface\_parse\_data().

#### 6.44.2.14 void eprom\_save\_radio\_settings\_structure (struct\_radio\_settings \* *data*)

Save the radio settings to the eprom.

##### Parameters:

*data* The data to save to the EEPROM

Definition at line 248 of file eprom.c.

References eprom\_m24\_write\_block(), and struct\_eprom\_table::radio\_settings.

Referenced by computer\_interface\_parse\_data().

#### 6.44.2.15 void eprom\_save\_runtime\_settings (struct\_runtime\_settings \* *content*)

Save the runtime\_settings structure to the eprom.

**Parameters:**

*content* The data to be saved

Definition at line 177 of file eeprom.c.

References eeprom\_m24\_write\_block(), and struct\_eeprom\_table::runtime\_settings.

Referenced by main(), and main\_save\_settings().

**6.44.2.16 void eeprom\_save\_rx\_ant\_structure (struct\_rx\_antennas \* *data*)**

Save the rx antenna structure to the eeprom.

**Parameters:**

*data* The data to save to the EEPROM

Definition at line 236 of file eeprom.c.

References eeprom\_m24\_write\_block(), and struct\_eeprom\_table::rx\_antennas.

Referenced by computer\_interface\_parse\_data().

**6.44.2.17 void eeprom\_save\_settings\_structure (struct\_setting \* *data*)**

Save the device settings to the eeprom.

**Parameters:**

*data* The data to save to the EEPROM

Definition at line 242 of file eeprom.c.

References eeprom\_m24\_write\_block(), and struct\_eeprom\_table::settings.

Referenced by computer\_interface\_parse\_data().

**6.44.2.18 void eeprom\_write\_startup\_byte (unsigned char *val*)**

This function will write a byte in the EEPROM so we can keep track of if the unit has ever been started.

**Parameters:**

*val* What value we wish to write to the EEPROM

Definition at line 51 of file eeprom.c.

References EEPROM\_STARTUP\_BYTE\_ADDR.

Referenced by main().

## 6.45 front\_panel/EEPROM.h File Reference

EEPROM functions.

```
#include "board.h"
#include "sequencer.h"
#include "main.h"
#include "antenna_ctrl.h"
#include "radio_interface.h"
#include "band_ctrl.h"
#include "sub_menu.h"
```

### Classes

- struct [struct\\_eeeprom\\_table](#)  
*The EEPROM table.*

### Defines

- #define [EEPROM\\_STARTUP\\_BYTE\\_ADDR](#) 0x01  
*Defines where the startup byte is located in the uC EEPROM. This is used to keep track of the device is started for the first time.*

### Functions

- unsigned char [EEPROM\\_read\\_startup\\_byte](#) (void)  
• void [EEPROM\\_write\\_startup\\_byte](#) (unsigned char val)  
*This function will write a byte in the EEPROM so we can keep track of if the unit has ever been started.*
- void [EEPROM\\_read\\_table](#) (void)  
*Read the map of the EEPROM.*
- void [EEPROM\\_create\\_table](#) (void)  
*Creates the EEPROM table which is a map over the EEPROM data.*
- void [EEPROM\\_save\\_runtime\\_settings](#) (struct\_runtime\_settings \*content)  
*Save the runtime\_settings structure to the EEPROM.*
- void [EEPROM\\_get\\_runtime\\_settings](#) (struct\_runtime\_settings \*data)  
*Get the runtime\_settings structure from the EEPROM.*
- void [EEPROM\\_get\\_ant\\_sub\\_menu\\_array\\_structure](#) (unsigned char band\_index, unsigned char ant\_index, struct\_sub\_menu\_array \*data)  
*Get the struct\_sub\_menu\_array structure from the EEPROM.*

- void `eeeprom_get_antenna_data` (`struct_antenna` \*data, unsigned char band)  
*Returns the antenna struct for a specific band.*
- void `eeeprom_get_band_data` (unsigned char band, `struct_band` \*data)  
*Returns the band data.*
- void `eeeprom_get_ptt_data` (`struct_ptt` \*data)  
*Get the ptt structure from the EEPROM.*
- void `eeeprom_save_ant_structure` (unsigned char band\_index, `struct_antenna` \*content)  
*Save the antenna structure to the eeprom.*
- void `eeeprom_get_radio_settings_structure` (`struct_radio_settings` \*data)  
*get the radio settings from the eeprom*
- void `eeeprom_get_rx_antenna_data` (`struct_rx_antennas` \*data)  
*Returns the rx antenna data.*
- void `eeeprom_save_rx_ant_structure` (`struct_rx_antennas` \*data)  
*Save the rx antenna structure to the eeprom.*
- void `eeeprom_save_radio_settings_structure` (`struct_radio_settings` \*data)  
*Save the radio settings to the eeprom.*
- void `eeeprom_save_band_data` (unsigned char band, `struct_band` \*data)  
*Save the band data to the eeprom.*
- void `eeeprom_get_settings_structure` (`struct_setting` \*data)  
*get the settings from the eeprom*
- void `eeeprom_save_settings_structure` (`struct_setting` \*data)  
*Save the device settings to the eeprom.*
- void `eeeprom_save_ptt_data` (`struct_ptt` \*data)  
*Save the band data to the eeprom.*
- void `eeeprom_save_ant_sub_menu_array_structure` (unsigned char band\_index, unsigned char ant\_index, `struct_sub_menu_array` \*data)  
*Save the sub menu array data to the EEPROM.*

### 6.45.1 Detailed Description

EEPROM functions.

**Author:**

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-01-25

#include "front\_panel/eprom.h"

Definition in file [eprom.h](#).

## 6.45.2 Function Documentation

### 6.45.2.1 void eprom\_get\_ant\_sub\_menu\_array\_structure (unsigned char *band\_index*, unsigned char *ant\_index*, struct\_sub\_menu\_array \* *data*)

Get the [struct\\_sub\\_menu\\_array](#) structure from the EEPROM.**Parameters:***band\_index* Which band we wish to retrieve the sub menu from*ant\_index* Which antenna we wish to get the sub menu from*data* Pointer to where we wish to store the data

Definition at line 205 of file eprom.c.

References struct\_eprom\_table::antenna1\_sub\_menu, struct\_eprom\_table::antenna2\_sub\_menu, struct\_eprom\_table::antenna3\_sub\_menu, struct\_eprom\_table::antenna4\_sub\_menu, and eprom\_m24\_read\_byte().

Referenced by sub\_menu\_load().

### 6.45.2.2 void eprom\_get\_antenna\_data (struct\_antenna \* *data*, unsigned char *band*)

Returns the antenna struct for a specific band.

**Parameters:***data* Where the data should be saved*band* Which band you wish to get the pointer

Definition at line 77 of file eprom.c.

References struct\_eprom\_table::antenna, and eprom\_m24\_read\_byte().

Referenced by antenna\_ctrl\_ant\_read\_eprom().

### 6.45.2.3 void eprom\_get\_band\_data (unsigned char *band*, struct\_band \* *data*)

Returns the band data.

**Parameters:***band* Which band we wish to retrieve the data from*data* Where the data should be saved

Definition at line 98 of file eprom.c.

References struct\_eprom\_table::band, and eprom\_m24\_read\_byte().

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_load\_band(), and band\_ctrl\_load\_band\_limits().

#### 6.45.2.4 void eeprom\_get\_ptt\_data (struct\_ptt \* *data*)

Get the ptt structure from the EEPROM.

**Parameters:**

*data* A pointer where to store the data

Definition at line 183 of file eeprom.c.

References eeprom\_m24\_read\_byte(), and struct\_eeprom\_table::struct\_ptt.

Referenced by sequencer\_load\_eeprom().

#### 6.45.2.5 void eeprom\_get\_radio\_settings\_structure (struct\_radio\_settings \* *data*)

get the radio settings from the eeprom

**Parameters:**

*data* Where the data should be saved

Definition at line 108 of file eeprom.c.

References eeprom\_m24\_read\_byte(), and struct\_eeprom\_table::radio\_settings.

Referenced by radio\_interface\_load\_eeprom().

#### 6.45.2.6 void eeprom\_get\_runtime\_settings (struct\_runtime\_settings \* *data*)

Get the runtime\_settings structure from the EEPROM.

**Parameters:**

*data* A pointer where to store the data

Definition at line 193 of file eeprom.c.

References eeprom\_m24\_read\_byte(), and struct\_eeprom\_table::runtime\_settings.

Referenced by load\_settings().

#### 6.45.2.7 void eeprom\_get\_rx\_antenna\_data (struct\_rx\_antennas \* *data*)

Returns the rx antenna data.

**Parameters:**

*data* Where the data should be saved

Definition at line 87 of file eeprom.c.

References eeprom\_m24\_read\_byte(), and struct\_eeprom\_table::rx\_antennas.

Referenced by antenna\_ctrl\_rx\_ant\_read\_eeprom().



#### 6.45.2.8 void eeprom\_get\_settings\_structure (struct\_setting \* *data*)

get the settings from the eeprom

##### Parameters:

***data*** Where the data should be saved

Definition at line 118 of file eeprom.c.

References eeprom\_m24\_read\_byte(), and struct\_eeprom\_table::settings.

Referenced by load\_settings().

#### 6.45.2.9 unsigned char eeprom\_read\_startup\_byte (void)

Will read the startup byte from the EEPROM, which does indicate if the unit has been started before or not

##### Returns:

The status of the startup byte

Definition at line 45 of file eeprom.c.

References EEPROM\_STARTUP\_BYTE\_ADDR.

Referenced by main().

#### 6.45.2.10 void eeprom\_save\_ant\_structure (unsigned char *band\_index*, struct\_antenna \* *content*)

Save the antenna structure to the eeprom.

##### Parameters:

***band\_index*** Which band it is

***content*** The data to be saved

Definition at line 230 of file eeprom.c.

References struct\_eeprom\_table::antenna, and eeprom\_m24\_write\_block().

Referenced by computer\_interface\_parse\_data().

#### 6.45.2.11 void eeprom\_save\_ant\_sub\_menu\_array\_structure (unsigned char *band\_index*, unsigned char *ant\_index*, struct\_sub\_menu\_array \* *data*)

Save the sub menu array data to the EEPROM.

##### Parameters:

***band\_index*** The band we wish to save the settings for

***ant\_index*** The antenna index of the data

***data*** The data to save to the EEPROM

Definition at line 269 of file eeprom.c.

References struct\_eeprom\_table::antenna1\_sub\_menu, struct\_eeprom\_table::antenna2\_sub\_menu, struct\_eeprom\_table::antenna3\_sub\_menu, struct\_eeprom\_table::antenna4\_sub\_menu, and eeprom\_m24\_write\_block().

Referenced by computer\_interface\_parse\_data().

#### 6.45.2.12 void eeprom\_save\_band\_data (unsigned char *band*, struct\_band \* *data*)

Save the band data to the eeprom.

##### Parameters:

***band*** Which band we wish to save the data to

***data*** The data to save to the EEPROM

Definition at line 255 of file eeprom.c.

References struct\_eeprom\_table::band, and eeprom\_m24\_write\_block().

Referenced by computer\_interface\_parse\_data().

#### 6.45.2.13 void eeprom\_save\_ptt\_data (struct\_ptt \* *data*)

Save the band data to the eeprom.

##### Parameters:

***data*** The data to save to the EEPROM

Definition at line 261 of file eeprom.c.

References eeprom\_m24\_write\_block(), and struct\_eeprom\_table::struct\_ptt.

Referenced by computer\_interface\_parse\_data().

#### 6.45.2.14 void eeprom\_save\_radio\_settings\_structure (struct\_radio\_settings \* *data*)

Save the radio settings to the eeprom.

##### Parameters:

***data*** The data to save to the EEPROM

Definition at line 248 of file eeprom.c.

References eeprom\_m24\_write\_block(), and struct\_eeprom\_table::radio\_settings.

Referenced by computer\_interface\_parse\_data().

#### 6.45.2.15 void eeprom\_save\_runtime\_settings (struct\_runtime\_settings \* *content*)

Save the runtime\_settings structure to the eeprom.

**Parameters:**

*content* The data to be saved

Definition at line 177 of file eprom.c.

References eprom\_m24\_write\_block(), and struct\_eprom\_table::runtime\_settings.

Referenced by main(), and main\_save\_settings().

**6.45.2.16 void eprom\_save\_rx\_ant\_structure (struct\_rx\_antennas \* *data*)**

Save the rx antenna structure to the eprom.

**Parameters:**

*data* The data to save to the EEPROM

Definition at line 236 of file eprom.c.

References eprom\_m24\_write\_block(), and struct\_eprom\_table::rx\_antennas.

Referenced by computer\_interface\_parse\_data().

**6.45.2.17 void eprom\_save\_settings\_structure (struct\_setting \* *data*)**

Save the device settings to the eprom.

**Parameters:**

*data* The data to save to the EEPROM

Definition at line 242 of file eprom.c.

References eprom\_m24\_write\_block(), and struct\_eprom\_table::settings.

Referenced by computer\_interface\_parse\_data().

**6.45.2.18 void eprom\_write\_startup\_byte (unsigned char *val*)**

This function will write a byte in the EEPROM so we can keep track of if the unit has ever been started.

**Parameters:**

*val* What value we wish to write to the EEPROM

Definition at line 51 of file eprom.c.

References EEPROM\_STARTUP\_BYTE\_ADDR.

Referenced by main().

## 6.46 front\_panel/EEPROM\_m24.c File Reference

EEPROM hardware functions.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include "EEPROM_m24.h"
#include "../i2c.h"
#include "../i2cconf.h"
```

### Functions

- void `__inline__ EEPROM_tiny_delay` (void)
- unsigned char `EEPROM_m24_write_byte` (unsigned int EEPROM\_address, unsigned char value)

*Write a byte of data to the EEPROM.*

- unsigned char `EEPROM_m24_read_byte` (unsigned int EEPROM\_address)

*Read a byte of data from the EEPROM.*

- unsigned char `EEPROM_m24_write_block` (unsigned int start\_address, unsigned int length, unsigned char \*data)

*Write a block of data to the EEPROM.*

- unsigned char `EEPROM_m24_read_block` (unsigned int start\_address, unsigned int length, unsigned char \*data)

*Read a block of data from the EEPROM - NOT FINISHED!!*

### 6.46.1 Detailed Description

EEPROM hardware functions.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsson, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/EEPROM_m24.c"
```

Definition in file `EEPROM_m24.c`.

## 6.46.2 Function Documentation

### 6.46.2.1 unsigned char EEPROM\_m24\_read\_block (unsigned int *start\_address*, unsigned int *length*, unsigned char \* *data*)

Read a block of data from the EEPROM - NOT FINISHED!!

#### Parameters:

***start\_address*** The start address of where we wish to read the data from

***length*** The length of the data we wish read

***data*** The memory area we wish to store the data to

Definition at line 215 of file EEPROM\_m24.c.

References EEPROM\_M24\_ADDR, i2cGetReceivedByte(), i2cReceiveByte(), i2cSendByte(), i2cSendStart(), i2cSendStop(), and i2cWaitForComplete().

### 6.46.2.2 unsigned char EEPROM\_m24\_read\_byte (unsigned int *EEPROM\_address*)

Read a byte of data from the EEPROM.

#### Parameters:

***EEPROM\_address*** The address where we wish to read the byte from

#### Returns:

The value at EEPROM\_address

Definition at line 96 of file EEPROM\_m24.c.

References EEPROM\_M24\_ADDR, i2cGetReceivedByte(), i2cReceiveByte(), i2cSendByte(), i2cSendStart(), i2cSendStop(), and i2cWaitForComplete().

Referenced by EEPROM\_get\_ant\_sub\_menu\_array\_structure(), EEPROM\_get\_antenna\_data(), EEPROM\_get\_band\_data(), EEPROM\_get\_ptt\_data(), EEPROM\_get\_radio\_settings\_structure(), EEPROM\_get\_runtime\_settings(), EEPROM\_get\_rx\_antenna\_data(), EEPROM\_get\_settings\_structure(), and EEPROM\_read\_table().

### 6.46.2.3 unsigned char EEPROM\_m24\_write\_block (unsigned int *start\_address*, unsigned int *length*, unsigned char \* *data*)

Write a block of data to the EEPROM.

#### Parameters:

***start\_address*** The start address of where we wish to store the data

***length*** The length of the data we wish to store

***data*** The content we wish to write to the EEPROM

Definition at line 146 of file EEPROM\_m24.c.

References EEPROM\_M24\_ADDR, EEPROM\_tiny\_delay(), i2cSendByte(), i2cSendStart(), i2cSendStop(), and i2cWaitForComplete().

Referenced by `eeeprom_create_table()`, `eeeprom_save_ant_structure()`, `eeeprom_save_ant_submenu_array_structure()`, `eeeprom_save_band_data()`, `eeeprom_save_ptt_data()`, `eeeprom_save_radio_settings_structure()`, `eeeprom_save_runtime_settings()`, `eeeprom_save_rx_ant_structure()`, and `eeeprom_save_settings_structure()`.

#### 6.46.2.4 `unsigned char eeeprom_m24_write_byte (unsigned int eeeprom_address, unsigned char value)`

Write a byte of data to the EEPROM.

##### Parameters:

***eeeprom\_address*** The address where we wish to store the byte

***value*** The value we wish to store at `eeeprom_address`

Definition at line 43 of file `eeeprom_m24.c`.

References `EEPROM_M24_ADDR`, `i2cSendByte()`, `i2cSendStart()`, `i2cSendStop()`, and `i2cWaitForComplete()`.

#### 6.46.2.5 `void __inline__ eeeprom_tiny_delay (void)`

Just a tiny delay

Definition at line 35 of file `eeeprom_m24.c`.

Referenced by `eeeprom_m24_write_block()`.

## 6.47 front\_panel/eeeprom\_m24.h File Reference

EEPROM hardware functions.

### Defines

- #define [EEPROM\\_M24\\_ADDR](#) 0xA0  
*The address of the external EEPROM.*

### Functions

- unsigned char [eeeprom\\_m24\\_write\\_byte](#) (unsigned int eeeprom\_address, unsigned char value)  
*Write a byte of data to the EEPROM.*
- unsigned char [eeeprom\\_m24\\_read\\_byte](#) (unsigned int eeeprom\_address)  
*Read a byte of data from the EEPROM.*
- unsigned char [eeeprom\\_m24\\_write\\_block](#) (unsigned int start\_address, unsigned int length, unsigned char \*data)  
*Write a block of data to the EEPROM.*
- unsigned char [eeeprom\\_m24\\_read\\_block](#) (unsigned int start\_address, unsigned int length, unsigned char \*data)  
*Read a block of data from the EEPROM - NOT FINISHED!!*

### 6.47.1 Detailed Description

EEPROM hardware functions.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/eeeprom_m24.h"
```

Definition in file [eeeprom\\_m24.h](#).

### 6.47.2 Function Documentation

- #### 6.47.2.1 unsigned char eeeprom\_m24\_read\_block (unsigned int *start\_address*, unsigned int *length*, unsigned char \* *data*)

Read a block of data from the EEPROM - NOT FINISHED!!

**Parameters:**

***start\_address*** The start address of where we wish to read the data from

***length*** The length of the data we wish read

***data*** The memory area we wish to store the data to

Definition at line 215 of file `eeeprom_m24.c`.

References `EEPROM_M24_ADDR`, `i2cGetReceivedByte()`, `i2cReceiveByte()`, `i2cSendByte()`, `i2cSendStart()`, `i2cSendStop()`, and `i2cWaitForComplete()`.

**6.47.2.2 unsigned char eeeprom\_m24\_read\_byte (unsigned int eeeprom\_address)**

Read a byte of data from the EEPROM.

**Parameters:**

***eeeprom\_address*** The address where we wish to read the byte from

**Returns:**

The value at `eeeprom_address`

Definition at line 96 of file `eeeprom_m24.c`.

References `EEPROM_M24_ADDR`, `i2cGetReceivedByte()`, `i2cReceiveByte()`, `i2cSendByte()`, `i2cSendStart()`, `i2cSendStop()`, and `i2cWaitForComplete()`.

Referenced by `eeeprom_get_ant_sub_menu_array_structure()`, `eeeprom_get_antenna_data()`, `eeeprom_get_band_data()`, `eeeprom_get_ptt_data()`, `eeeprom_get_radio_settings_structure()`, `eeeprom_get_runtime_settings()`, `eeeprom_get_rx_antenna_data()`, `eeeprom_get_settings_structure()`, and `eeeprom_read_table()`.

**6.47.2.3 unsigned char eeeprom\_m24\_write\_block (unsigned int start\_address, unsigned int length, unsigned char \* data)**

Write a block of data to the EEPROM.

**Parameters:**

***start\_address*** The start address of where we wish to store the data

***length*** The length of the data we wish to store

***data*** The content we wish to write to the EEPROM

Definition at line 146 of file `eeeprom_m24.c`.

References `EEPROM_M24_ADDR`, `eeeprom_tiny_delay()`, `i2cSendByte()`, `i2cSendStart()`, `i2cSendStop()`, and `i2cWaitForComplete()`.

Referenced by `eeeprom_create_table()`, `eeeprom_save_ant_structure()`, `eeeprom_save_ant_sub_menu_array_structure()`, `eeeprom_save_band_data()`, `eeeprom_save_ptt_data()`, `eeeprom_save_radio_settings_structure()`, `eeeprom_save_runtime_settings()`, `eeeprom_save_rx_ant_structure()`, and `eeeprom_save_settings_structure()`.



#### 6.47.2.4 unsigned char eprom\_m24\_write\_byte (unsigned int *eprom\_address*, unsigned char *value*)

Write a byte of data to the EEPROM.

##### Parameters:

*eprom\_address* The address where we wish to store the byte

*value* The value we wish to store at eprom\_address

Definition at line 43 of file eprom\_m24.c.

References EEPROM\_M24\_ADDR, i2cSendByte(), i2cSendStart(), i2cSendStop(), and i2cWaitForComplete().

## 6.48 front\_panel/errors.h File Reference

List of error codes.

### Defines

- `#define NR_OF_ERRORS 5`  
*Define which tells us how many different error types that currently exist.*
- `#define ERROR_TYPE_BUS_RESEND 0`  
*Error that the bus had to resend a message more times than the max limit.*
- `#define ERROR_TYPE_BUS_SYNC 1`  
*Error that no sync was recieved within the default time frame.*
- `#define ERROR_TYPE_BUS_TX_QUEUE_FULL 2`  
*The TX queue of the bus has gotten full.*
- `#define ERROR_TYPE_BUS_RX_QUEUE_FULL 3`  
*The RX queue of the bus has gotten full.*
- `#define ERROR_TYPE_INT_COMM_RESEND 4`  
*Internal communication resend fail.*

### 6.48.1 Detailed Description

List of error codes.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/errors.h"
```

Definition in file [errors.h](#).

## 6.49 front\_panel/event\_handler.c File Reference

Event handler of various things.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "event_handler.h"
#include "main.h"
#include "board.h"
#include "display.h"
#include "glcd.h"
#include "led_control.h"
#include "../delay.h"
#include "../i2c.h"
#include "../global.h"
#include "band_ctrl.h"
#include "antenna_ctrl.h"
#include "remote_control.h"
#include "eeprom_m24.h"
#include "rotary_encoder.h"
#include "menu.h"
#include "radio_interface.h"
#include "sequencer.h"
#include "interrupt_handler.h"
#include "../internal_comm.h"
#include "errors.h"
#include "sub_menu.h"
```

### Functions

- void [event\\_set\\_error](#) (unsigned char error\_type, unsigned char state)  
*Set that an error has occurred.*
- unsigned char [event\\_get\\_errors](#) (void)  
*Retrieve the state error flags.*
- unsigned char [event\\_get\\_error\\_state](#) (unsigned char error\_type)  
*Retrieve the state of a specific error type.*

- void `event_internal_comm_parse_message` (`UC_MESSAGE` message)  
*Function which will parse the internal communication message.*
- void `__inline__ event_set_rx_antenna` (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*Set an RX antenna. Will set the proper flags and call the `antenna_ctrl_change_rx_ant` function.*
- void `event_handler_process_ps2` (unsigned char key\_code)  
*Process an PS2 event.*
- void `event_pulse_sensor_up` (void)  
*The pulse sensor was turned up.*
- void `event_pulse_sensor_down` (void)  
*The pulse sensor was turned down.*
- void `event_update_display` (void)  
*Function to be called if we wish to update the display.*
- void `event_poll_buttons` (void)  
*Function which will poll all buttons and perform the proper action depending on their state.*
- void `event_poll_ext_device` (void)  
*Function which will poll the external devices and perform the proper actions depending on their state.*
- void `event_tx_button1_pressed` (void)  
*Perform the action of TX antenna button 1 if it was pressed.*
- void `event_tx_button2_pressed` (void)  
*Perform the action of TX antenna button 2 if it was pressed.*
- void `event_tx_button3_pressed` (void)  
*Perform the action of TX antenna button 3 if it was pressed.*
- void `event_tx_button4_pressed` (void)  
*Perform the action of TX antenna button 4 if it was pressed.*
- void `event_aux2_button_pressed` (void)  
*Perform the actions that should be done when AUX 2 button is pressed.*
- void `event_sub_button_pressed` (void)  
*Perform the actions that should be done when the SUB menu button is pressed.*
- void `event_rxant_button_pressed` (void)  
*Perform the action of RX antenna button if it was pressed.*
- void `event_rotate_button_pressed` (void)  
*Perform the action of Rotate button if it was pressed.*

- void [event\\_bus\\_parse\\_message](#) (void)  
*Parse a message from the communication bus.*
- void [event\\_parse\\_ext\\_event](#) (unsigned int ext\_event\_status)  
*Parse an external event and perform the proper action.*

## Variables

- x unsigned int [main\\_flags](#)  
*Different flags, description is found in main.h.*
- unsigned int [flag\\_errors](#) = 0  
*Contains the errors which are set.*

### 6.49.1 Detailed Description

Event handler of various things.

,

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/event_handler.c"
```

Definition in file [event\\_handler.c](#).

### 6.49.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.49.2.1 unsigned char event\_get\_error\_state (unsigned char *error\_type*)

Retrieve the state of a specific error type.

#### Parameters:

*error\_type* Which kind of error we wish to check the state for

#### Returns:

The current state of this error

Definition at line 82 of file [event\\_handler.c](#).

References [flag\\_errors](#).

#### 6.49.2.2 void event\_handler\_process\_ps2 (unsigned char *key\_code*)

Process an PS2 event.

##### Parameters:

***key\_code*** The key that was pressed

Definition at line 149 of file event\_handler.c.

References event\_rxant\_button\_pressed(), event\_set\_rx\_antenna(), event\_tx\_button1\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button2\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button3\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button4\_pressed(), EXT\_CTRL\_SEL\_NONE, EXT\_CTRL\_SEL\_RX\_ANT1, EXT\_CTRL\_SEL\_RX\_ANT10, EXT\_CTRL\_TOGGLE\_RX\_ANT\_MODE, EXT\_CTRL\_TOGGLE\_TX\_ANT1, EXT\_CTRL\_TOGGLE\_TX\_ANT2, EXT\_CTRL\_TOGGLE\_TX\_ANT3, EXT\_CTRL\_TOGGLE\_TX\_ANT4, ext\_key\_get\_assignment(), KEYPAD\_BTN\_0, KEYPAD\_BTN\_1, KEYPAD\_BTN\_2, KEYPAD\_BTN\_3, KEYPAD\_BTN\_4, KEYPAD\_BTN\_5, KEYPAD\_BTN\_6, KEYPAD\_BTN\_7, KEYPAD\_BTN\_8, KEYPAD\_BTN\_9, KEYPAD\_BTN\_A, KEYPAD\_BTN\_B, KEYPAD\_BTN\_C, KEYPAD\_BTN\_D, KEYPAD\_BTN\_E, KEYPAD\_BTN\_F, and KEYPAD\_BTN\_G.

Referenced by event\_internal\_comm\_parse\_message().

#### 6.49.2.3 void event\_internal\_comm\_parse\_message (UC\_MESSAGE *message*)

Function which will parse the internal communication message.

##### Parameters:

***message*** The message that we wish to parse

Definition at line 91 of file event\_handler.c.

References band\_ctrl\_change\_band(), UC\_MESSAGE::cmd, computer\_interface\_is\_active(), struct\_status::current\_display, CURRENT\_DISPLAY\_SHUTDOWN\_VIEW, UC\_MESSAGE::data, display\_shutdown\_view(), event\_add\_message(), event\_handler\_process\_ps2(), INT\_COMM\_GET\_BAND\_BCD\_STATUS, INT\_COMM\_PC\_CTRL, INT\_COMM\_PS2\_KEYPRESSED, INT\_COMM\_TURN\_DEVICE\_OFF, main\_save\_settings(), radio\_get\_current\_band(), radio\_set\_current\_band(), remote\_control\_parse\_command(), send\_ping(), shutdown\_device(), and status.

Referenced by main().

#### 6.49.2.4 void event\_parse\_ext\_event (unsigned int *ext\_event\_status*)

Parse an external event and perform the proper action.

##### Parameters:

***ext\_event\_status*** The status of the external "hardware" event flags

Definition at line 900 of file event\_handler.c.

References struct\_status::ext\_devices\_current\_state, sequencer\_computer\_rts\_activated(), sequencer\_computer\_rts\_deactivated(), sequencer\_footsw\_pressed(), sequencer\_footsw\_released(), sequencer\_get\_radio\_sense(), sequencer\_get\_rts\_polarity(), sequencer\_get\_sense\_polarity(), sequencer\_radio\_sense\_activated(), sequencer\_radio\_sense\_deactivated(),

status, STATUS\_FOOTSWITCH\_BIT, STATUS\_RADIO\_SENSE1\_BIT, STATUS\_RADIO\_SENSE2\_BIT, and STATUS\_USB2\_RTS\_BIT.

Referenced by event\_poll\_ext\_device().

#### 6.49.2.5 void event\_set\_error (unsigned char *error\_type*, unsigned char *state*)

Set that an error has occurred.

##### Parameters:

*error\_type* The type of error that has occurred, defines can be found in [errors.h](#)

*state* State of the error

Definition at line 65 of file event\_handler.c.

References flag\_errors, and main\_update\_ptt\_status().

Referenced by bus\_resend\_message(), internal\_comm\_resend(), ISR(), menu\_action(), rx\_queue\_add(), and tx\_queue\_add().

#### 6.49.2.6 void \_\_inline\_\_ event\_set\_rx\_antenna (unsigned char *ant\_index*)

Set an RX antenna. Will set the proper flags and call the antenna\_ctrl\_change\_rx\_ant function.

##### Parameters:

*ant\_index* The index of the RX antenna we wish to chose

Definition at line 140 of file event\_handler.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_change\_rx\_ant(), FLAG\_UPDATE\_DISPLAY, main\_flags, struct\_status::selected\_rx\_antenna, and status.

Referenced by event\_handler\_process\_ps2().

## 6.50 front\_panel/event\_handler.h File Reference

Event handler of various things.

```
#include "../wmv_bus/bus.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_rx_queue.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_tx_queue.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_commands.h"
#include "../internal_comm.h"
#include "../internal_comm_commands.h"
```

### Defines

- #define [KEYPAD\\_BTN\\_1](#) 0x69  
*External keyboard keycode for Button 1.*
- #define [KEYPAD\\_BTN\\_2](#) 0x72  
*External keyboard keycode for Button 2.*
- #define [KEYPAD\\_BTN\\_3](#) 0x7A  
*External keyboard keycode for Button 3.*
- #define [KEYPAD\\_BTN\\_4](#) 0x6B  
*External keyboard keycode for Button 4.*
- #define [KEYPAD\\_BTN\\_5](#) 0x73  
*External keyboard keycode for Button 5.*
- #define [KEYPAD\\_BTN\\_6](#) 0x74  
*External keyboard keycode for Button 6.*
- #define [KEYPAD\\_BTN\\_7](#) 0x6C  
*External keyboard keycode for Button 7.*
- #define [KEYPAD\\_BTN\\_8](#) 0x75  
*External keyboard keycode for Button 8.*
- #define [KEYPAD\\_BTN\\_9](#) 0x7D  
*External keyboard keycode for Button 9.*
- #define [KEYPAD\\_BTN\\_0](#) 0x70  
*External keyboard keycode for Button 0.*
- #define [KEYPAD\\_BTN\\_A](#) 0x77  
*External keyboard keycode for Button A.*
- #define [KEYPAD\\_BTN\\_B](#) 0x4A  
*External keyboard keycode for Button B.*



- #define `KEYPAD_BTN_C` 0x7C  
*External keyboard keycode for Button C.*
- #define `KEYPAD_BTN_D` 0x7B  
*External keyboard keycode for Button D.*
- #define `KEYPAD_BTN_E` 0x79  
*External keyboard keycode for Button E.*
- #define `KEYPAD_BTN_F` 0x5A  
*External keyboard keycode for Button F.*
- #define `KEYPAD_BTN_G` 0x71  
*External keyboard keycode for Button G.*
- #define `EXT_CTRL_SEL_NONE` 0  
*Ext ctrl - No function assigned.*
- #define `EXT_CTRL_SEL_RX_ANT1` 1  
*Ext ctrl - Set RX antenna #1.*
- #define `EXT_CTRL_SEL_RX_ANT2` 2  
*Ext ctrl - Set RX antenna #2.*
- #define `EXT_CTRL_SEL_RX_ANT3` 3  
*Ext ctrl - Set RX antenna #3.*
- #define `EXT_CTRL_SEL_RX_ANT4` 4  
*Ext ctrl - Set RX antenna #4.*
- #define `EXT_CTRL_SEL_RX_ANT5` 5  
*Ext ctrl - Set RX antenna #5.*
- #define `EXT_CTRL_SEL_RX_ANT6` 6  
*Ext ctrl - Set RX antenna #6.*
- #define `EXT_CTRL_SEL_RX_ANT7` 7  
*Ext ctrl - Set RX antenna #7.*
- #define `EXT_CTRL_SEL_RX_ANT8` 8  
*Ext ctrl - Set RX antenna #8.*
- #define `EXT_CTRL_SEL_RX_ANT9` 9  
*Ext ctrl - Set RX antenna #9.*
- #define `EXT_CTRL_SEL_RX_ANT10` 10  
*Ext ctrl - Set RX antenna #10.*
- #define `EXT_CTRL_TOGGLE_TX_ANT1` 9

- Ext ctrl - Toggle TX antenna combination #1.*
- `#define EXT_CTRL_TOGGLE_TX_ANT2 10`  
*Ext ctrl - Toggle TX antenna combination #2.*
- `#define EXT_CTRL_TOGGLE_TX_ANT3 11`  
*Ext ctrl - Toggle TX antenna combination #3.*
- `#define EXT_CTRL_TOGGLE_TX_ANT4 12`  
*Ext ctrl - Toggle TX antenna combination #4.*
- `#define EXT_CTRL_TOGGLE_RX_ANT1 13`  
*Ext ctrl - Toggle RX antenna combination #1.*
- `#define EXT_CTRL_TOGGLE_RX_ANT2 14`  
*Ext ctrl - Toggle RX antenna combination #2.*
- `#define EXT_CTRL_TOGGLE_RX_ANT3 15`  
*Ext ctrl - Toggle RX antenna combination #3.*
- `#define EXT_CTRL_TOGGLE_RX_ANT4 16`  
*Ext ctrl - Toggle RX antenna combination #4.*
- `#define EXT_CTRL_TOGGLE_RX_ANT_MODE 17`  
*Ext ctrl - Toggle RX antenna enabled.*
- `#define EXT_CTRL_TOGGLE_TXRX_MODE 18`  
*Ext ctrl - Toggle TX/RX mode on/off.*
- `#define EXT_CTRL_SET_ARRAY_DIR1 19`  
*Ext ctrl - Select array direction #1.*
- `#define EXT_CTRL_SET_ARRAY_DIR2 20`  
*Ext ctrl - Select array direction #2.*
- `#define EXT_CTRL_SET_ARRAY_DIR3 21`  
*Ext ctrl - Select array direction #3.*
- `#define EXT_CTRL_SET_ARRAY_DIR4 22`  
*Ext ctrl - Select array direction #4.*
- `#define EXT_CTRL_SET_ARRAY_DIR5 23`  
*Ext ctrl - Select array direction #5.*
- `#define EXT_CTRL_SET_ARRAY_DIR6 24`  
*Ext ctrl - Select array direction #6.*
- `#define EXT_CTRL_SET_ARRAY_DIR7 25`  
*Ext ctrl - Select array direction #7.*

- `#define EXT_CTRL_SET_ARRAY_DIR8` 26  
*Ext ctrl - Select array direction #8.*
- `#define EXT_CTRL_SET_STACK_COMB1` 27  
*Ext ctrl - Select stack combo #1.*
- `#define EXT_CTRL_SET_STACK_COMB2` 28  
*Ext ctrl - Select stack combo #2.*
- `#define EXT_CTRL_SET_STACK_COMB3` 29  
*Ext ctrl - Select stack combo #3.*
- `#define EXT_CTRL_SET_STACK_COMB4` 30  
*Ext ctrl - Select stack combo #4.*
- `#define EXT_CTRL_SET_STACK_COMB5` 31  
*Ext ctrl - Select stack combo #5.*
- `#define EXT_CTRL_SET_STACK_COMB6` 32  
*Ext ctrl - Select stack combo #6.*
- `#define EXT_CTRL_AMPLIFIER_TOGGLE_ON_OFF` 33  
*Ext ctrl - Toggle the amplifier on/off.*
- `#define EXT_CTRL_AMPLIFIER_TOGGLE_STANDBY` 34  
*Ext ctrl - Toggle the amplifier standby.*
- `#define EXT_CTRL_AMPLIFIER_TUNE` 35  
*Ext ctrl - Tune the amplifier to the correct band.*
- `#define EXT_CTRL_AMPLIFIER_RESET` 36  
*Ext ctrl - Reset the amplifier.*

## Functions

- void `event_set_error` (unsigned char error\_type, unsigned char state)  
*Set that an error has occurred.*
- unsigned char `event_get_errors` (void)  
*Retrieve the state error flags.*
- unsigned char `event_get_error_state` (unsigned char error\_type)  
*Retrieve the state of a specific error type.*
- void `event_internal_comm_parse_message` (UC\_MESSAGE message)  
*Function which will parse the internal communication message.*
- void `event_handler_process_ps2` (unsigned char key\_code)

*Process an PS2 event.*

- void `event_pulse_sensor_up` (void)  
*The pulse sensor was turned up.*
- void `event_pulse_sensor_down` (void)  
*The pulse sensor was turned down.*
- void `event_update_display` (void)  
*Function to be called if we wish to update the display.*
- void `event_poll_buttons` (void)  
*Function which will poll all buttons and perform the proper action depending on their state.*
- void `event_poll_ext_device` (void)  
*Function which will poll the external devices and perform the proper actions depending on their state.*
- void `event_bus_parse_message` (void)  
*Parse a message from the communication bus.*
- void `event_parse_ext_event` (unsigned int ext\_event\_status)  
*Parse an external event and perform the proper action.*
- void `event_sub_button_pressed` (void)  
*Perform the actions that should be done when the SUB menu button is pressed.*
- void `event_tx_button1_pressed` (void)  
*Perform the action of TX antenna button 1 if it was pressed.*
- void `event_tx_button2_pressed` (void)  
*Perform the action of TX antenna button 2 if it was pressed.*
- void `event_tx_button3_pressed` (void)  
*Perform the action of TX antenna button 3 if it was pressed.*
- void `event_tx_button4_pressed` (void)  
*Perform the action of TX antenna button 4 if it was pressed.*
- void `event_rotate_button_pressed` (void)  
*Perform the action of Rotate button if it was pressed.*
- void `event_rxant_button_pressed` (void)  
*Perform the action of RX antenna button if it was pressed.*
- void `event_aux2_button_pressed` (void)  
*Perform the actions that should be done when AUX 2 button is pressed.*
- void `__inline__ event_set_rx_antenna` (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*Set an RX antenna. Will set the proper flags and call the antenna\_ctrl\_change\_rx\_ant function.*

### 6.50.1 Detailed Description

Event handler of various things.

**Author:**

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/event_handler.h"
```

Definition in file [event\\_handler.h](#).

### 6.50.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.50.2.1 unsigned char event\_get\_error\_state (unsigned char *error\_type*)

Retrieve the state of a specific error type.

**Parameters:**

*error\_type* Which kind of error we wish to check the state for

**Returns:**

The current state of this error

Definition at line 82 of file event\_handler.c.

References flag\_errors.

#### 6.50.2.2 void event\_handler\_process\_ps2 (unsigned char *key\_code*)

Process an PS2 event.

**Parameters:**

*key\_code* The key that was pressed

Definition at line 149 of file event\_handler.c.

References event\_rxant\_button\_pressed(), event\_set\_rx\_antenna(), event\_tx\_button1\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button2\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button3\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button4\_pressed(), EXT\_CTRL\_SEL\_NONE, EXT\_CTRL\_SEL\_RX\_ANT1, EXT\_CTRL\_SEL\_RX\_ANT10, EXT\_CTRL\_TOGGLE\_RX\_ANT\_MODE, EXT\_CTRL\_TOGGLE\_TX\_ANT1, EXT\_CTRL\_TOGGLE\_TX\_ANT2, EXT\_CTRL\_TOGGLE\_TX\_ANT3, EXT\_CTRL\_TOGGLE\_TX\_ANT4, ext\_key\_get\_assignment(), KEYPAD\_BTN\_0, KEYPAD\_BTN\_1, KEYPAD\_BTN\_2, KEYPAD\_BTN\_3, KEYPAD\_BTN\_4, KEYPAD\_BTN\_5, KEYPAD\_BTN\_6, KEYPAD\_BTN\_7, KEYPAD\_BTN\_8, KEYPAD\_BTN\_9, KEYPAD\_BTN\_A, KEYPAD\_BTN\_B, KEYPAD\_BTN\_C, KEYPAD\_BTN\_D, KEYPAD\_BTN\_E, KEYPAD\_BTN\_F, and KEYPAD\_BTN\_G.

Referenced by event\_internal\_comm\_parse\_message().

### 6.50.2.3 void event\_internal\_comm\_parse\_message (UC\_MESSAGE *message*)

Function which will parse the internal communication message.

#### Parameters:

***message*** The message that we wish to parse

Definition at line 91 of file event\_handler.c.

References band\_ctrl\_change\_band(), UC\_MESSAGE::cmd, computer\_interface\_is\_active(), struct\_status::current\_display, CURRENT\_DISPLAY\_SHUTDOWN\_VIEW, UC\_MESSAGE::data, display\_shutdown\_view(), event\_add\_message(), event\_handler\_process\_ps2(), INT\_COMM\_GET\_BAND\_BCD\_STATUS, INT\_COMM\_PC\_CTRL, INT\_COMM\_PS2\_KEYPRESSED, INT\_COMM\_TURN\_DEVICE\_OFF, main\_save\_settings(), radio\_get\_current\_band(), radio\_set\_current\_band(), remote\_control\_parse\_command(), send\_ping(), shutdown\_device(), and status.

Referenced by main().

### 6.50.2.4 void event\_parse\_ext\_event (unsigned int *ext\_event\_status*)

Parse an external event and perform the proper action.

#### Parameters:

***ext\_event\_status*** The status of the external "hardware" event flags

Definition at line 900 of file event\_handler.c.

References struct\_status::ext\_devices\_current\_state, sequencer\_computer\_rts\_activated(), sequencer\_computer\_rts\_deactivated(), sequencer\_footsw\_pressed(), sequencer\_footsw\_released(), sequencer\_get\_radio\_sense(), sequencer\_get\_rts\_polarity(), sequencer\_get\_sense\_polarity(), sequencer\_radio\_sense\_activated(), sequencer\_radio\_sense\_deactivated(), status, STATUS\_FOOTSWITCH\_BIT, STATUS\_RADIO\_SENSE1\_BIT, STATUS\_RADIO\_SENSE2\_BIT, and STATUS\_USB2\_RTS\_BIT.

Referenced by event\_poll\_ext\_device().

### 6.50.2.5 void event\_set\_error (unsigned char *error\_type*, unsigned char *state*)

Set that an error has occurred.

#### Parameters:

***error\_type*** The type of error that has occurred, defines can be found in [errors.h](#)

***state*** State of the error

Definition at line 65 of file event\_handler.c.

References flag\_errors, and main\_update\_ptt\_status().

Referenced by bus\_resend\_message(), internal\_comm\_resend(), ISR(), menu\_action(), rx\_queue\_add(), and tx\_queue\_add().

**6.50.2.6 void \_\_inline\_\_ event\_set\_rx\_antenna (unsigned char *ant\_index*)**

Set an RX antenna. Will set the proper flags and call the antenna\_ctrl\_change\_rx\_ant function.

**Parameters:**

***ant\_index*** The index of the RX antenna we wish to chose

Definition at line 140 of file event\_handler.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_change\_rx\_ant(), FLAG\_UPDATE\_DISPLAY, main\_flags, struct\_status::selected\_rx\_antenna, and status.

Referenced by event\_handler\_process\_ps2().

## 6.51 front\_panel/glcd.c File Reference

Graphic LCD API functions.

```
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/pgmspace.h>
#include "glcd.h"
#include "fonts.h"
#include "ks0108.h"
#include "pictures.h"
#include <string.h>
#include <stdio.h>
```

### Functions

- void **glcd\_update\_area** (unsigned char x1, unsigned char x2, unsigned char y1, unsigned char y2)
- void **glcd\_update** (unsigned int top, unsigned int bottom)
- void **glcd\_glyph** (unsigned char left, unsigned char top, unsigned char width, unsigned char height, const prog\_char \*glyph, unsigned char store\_width)
- void **glcd\_set\_byte** (unsigned char x, unsigned char y, unsigned char curr\_byte)
- void **glcd\_text** (unsigned char left, unsigned char top, unsigned char font, char \*str, unsigned char length)
- void **glcd\_clear\_area** (unsigned char x1, unsigned char x2, unsigned char y1, unsigned char y2)
- void **glcd\_set\_dot** (unsigned char x, unsigned char y, unsigned char mode)  
*set a dot on the display (x is horiz 0:127, y is vert 0:63)*
- void **glcd\_invert\_area** (unsigned char x1, unsigned char x2, unsigned char y1, unsigned char y2)
- void **glcd\_line** (unsigned char x1, unsigned char x2, unsigned char y)  
*draw line*
- void **glcd\_rectangle** (unsigned char x, unsigned char y, unsigned char a, unsigned char b)  
*draw rectangle (coords???)*
- void **glcd\_circle** (unsigned char xcenter, unsigned char ycenter, unsigned char radius)  
*draw circle of radius at xcenter,ycenter*
- void **glcd\_invert** ()
- void **glcd\_clear** (void)
- void **glcd\_print\_picture** (void)

### Variables

- unsigned char **rxed\_data**



### 6.51.1 Detailed Description

Graphic LCD API functions.

Definition in file [glcd.c](#).

## 6.52 front\_panel/glcd.h File Reference

Graphic LCD API functions.

```
#include <avr/io.h>
#include "../global.h"
```

### Defines

- `#define GLCD_LEFT 0`
- `#define GLCD_TOP 0`
- `#define GLCD_RIGHT 128`
- `#define GLCD_BOTTOM 64`
- `#define GLCD_Y_BYTES 8`
- `#define GLCD_X_BYTES 128`
- `#define GLCD_MAXPAGE 8`
- `#define GLCD_MAXADDRESS 64`
- `#define glcd_update_all() glcd_update(GLCD_TOP, GLCD_BOTTOM);`
- `#define GLCD_MODE_CLEAR 0`
- `#define GLCD_MODE_SET 1`
- `#define GLCD_MODE_XOR 2`
- `#define LINE1 0`
- `#define LINE2 1`
- `#define LINE3 2`
- `#define LINE4 3`
- `#define LINE5 4`
- `#define LINE6 5`
- `#define LINE7 6`
- `#define LINE8 7`
- `#define ON 1`
- `#define OFF 0`

### Functions

- void `glcd_set_dot` (unsigned char x, unsigned char y, unsigned char mode)  
*set a dot on the display (x is horiz 0:127, y is vert 0:63)*
- void `glcd_line` (unsigned char x1, unsigned char x2, unsigned char y)  
*draw line*
- void `glcd_rectangle` (unsigned char x, unsigned char y, unsigned char a, unsigned char b)  
*draw rectangle (coords????)*
- void `glcd_circle` (unsigned char xcenter, unsigned char ycenter, unsigned char radius)  
*draw circle of radius at xcenter,ycenter*
- void `glcd_print_picture` (void)
- void `glcd_invert_area` (unsigned char x1, unsigned char x2, unsigned char y1, unsigned char y2)

- void **glcd\_update** (unsigned int top, unsigned int bottom)
- void **glcd\_text** (unsigned char left, unsigned char top, unsigned char font, char \*str, unsigned char length)
- void **glcd\_invert** (void)
- void **glcd\_clear** (void)
- void **glcd\_update\_area** (unsigned char x1, unsigned char x2, unsigned char y1, unsigned char y2)
- void **glcd\_clear\_area** (unsigned char x1, unsigned char x2, unsigned char y1, unsigned char y2)
- void **glcd\_set\_byte** (unsigned char x, unsigned char y, unsigned char curr\_byte)

### 6.52.1 Detailed Description

Graphic LCD API functions.

Definition in file [glcd.h](#).

## 6.53 front\_panel/interrupt\_handler.c File Reference

Handles different external interrupts.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include "main.h"
#include "board.h"
```

### Functions

- int [ih\\_poll\\_buttons](#) (void)
- unsigned char [ih\\_poll\\_ext\\_devices](#) (void)

#### 6.53.1 Detailed Description

Handles different external interrupts.

##### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

##### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/interrupt_handler.c"
```

Definition in file [interrupt\\_handler.c](#).

#### 6.53.2 Function Documentation

##### 6.53.2.1 int ih\_poll\_buttons (void)

Polls the status of all buttons on the front panel and returns it as an integer. The bit mask pattern is defined in board.h

##### Returns:

Which buttons that are currently pressed, see mask pattern in board.h

The following is done because of a hardware bug! The pullups on the uC are too small to actually charge the debounce capacitor in time. The way we solve it is that by making the pin to an output we can charge the capacitor and then go over to using the pin as input and reactivate the pullups again.

Definition at line 37 of file interrupt\_handler.c.

References [BUTTON1\\_RX\\_BIT](#), [BUTTON1\\_TX\\_BIT](#), [BUTTON2\\_RX\\_BIT](#), [BUTTON2\\_TX\\_BIT](#), [BUTTON3\\_RX\\_BIT](#), [BUTTON3\\_TX\\_BIT](#), [BUTTON4\\_RX\\_BIT](#), [BUTTON4\\_TX\\_BIT](#), [BUTTON\\_AUX1\\_BIT](#), [BUTTON\\_AUX2\\_BIT](#), [BUTTON\\_MENU\\_BIT](#),

BUTTON\_PULSE\_BIT, BUTTON\_ROTATE\_BIT, BUTTON\_RXANT\_BIT, BUTTON\_SUBMENU\_BIT, BUTTON\_TXRX\_BIT, FLAG\_BUTTON1\_RX\_BIT, FLAG\_BUTTON1\_TX\_BIT, FLAG\_BUTTON2\_RX\_BIT, FLAG\_BUTTON2\_TX\_BIT, FLAG\_BUTTON3\_RX\_BIT, FLAG\_BUTTON3\_TX\_BIT, FLAG\_BUTTON4\_RX\_BIT, FLAG\_BUTTON4\_TX\_BIT, FLAG\_BUTTON\_AUX1\_BIT, FLAG\_BUTTON\_AUX2\_BIT, FLAG\_BUTTON\_MENU\_BIT, FLAG\_BUTTON\_PULSE\_BIT, FLAG\_BUTTON\_ROTATE\_BIT, FLAG\_BUTTON\_RXANT\_BIT, FLAG\_BUTTON\_SUBMENU\_BIT, and FLAG\_BUTTON\_TXRX\_BIT.

Referenced by event\_poll\_buttons().

### 6.53.2.2 unsigned char ih\_poll\_ext\_devices (void)

Polls the status of all the external inputs. This function does not care if the device is active low or active high. It will just return the current state so the handling of leveling needs to be done elsewhere. The bit mask pattern is defined in board.h

#### Returns:

The status of the external devices

Definition at line 108 of file interrupt\_handler.c.

References EXT\_FOOTSWITCH\_BIT, EXT\_RADIO\_SENSE1\_BIT, EXT\_RADIO\_SENSE2\_BIT, EXT\_USB1\_DTR\_BIT, EXT\_USB2\_DTR\_BIT, EXT\_USB2\_RTS\_BIT, STATUS\_FOOTSWITCH\_BIT, STATUS\_RADIO\_SENSE1\_BIT, STATUS\_RADIO\_SENSE2\_BIT, STATUS\_USB1\_DTR\_BIT, STATUS\_USB2\_DTR\_BIT, and STATUS\_USB2\_RTS\_BIT.

Referenced by event\_poll\_ext\_device(), and main().

## 6.54 front\_panel/interrupt\_handler.h File Reference

Handles different external interrupts.

### Functions

- int [ih\\_poll\\_buttons](#) (void)
- unsigned char [ih\\_poll\\_ext\\_devices](#) (void)

### 6.54.1 Detailed Description

Handles different external interrupts.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/interrupt_handler.h"
```

Definition in file [interrupt\\_handler.h](#).

### 6.54.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.54.2.1 int ih\_poll\_buttons (void)

Polls the status of all buttons on the front panel and returns it as an integer. The bit mask pattern is defined in board.h

#### Returns:

Which buttons that are currently pressed, see mask pattern in board.h

The following is done because of a hardware bug! The pullups on the uC are too small to actually charge the debounce capacitor in time. The way we solve it is that by making the pin to an output we can charge the capacitor and then go over to using the pin as input and reactivate the pullups again.

Definition at line 37 of file interrupt\_handler.c.

References [BUTTON1\\_RX\\_BIT](#), [BUTTON1\\_TX\\_BIT](#), [BUTTON2\\_RX\\_BIT](#), [BUTTON2\\_TX\\_BIT](#), [BUTTON3\\_RX\\_BIT](#), [BUTTON3\\_TX\\_BIT](#), [BUTTON4\\_RX\\_BIT](#), [BUTTON4\\_TX\\_BIT](#), [BUTTON\\_AUX1\\_BIT](#), [BUTTON\\_AUX2\\_BIT](#), [BUTTON\\_MENU\\_BIT](#), [BUTTON\\_PULSE\\_BIT](#), [BUTTON\\_ROTATE\\_BIT](#), [BUTTON\\_RXANT\\_BIT](#), [BUTTON\\_SUBMENU\\_BIT](#), [BUTTON\\_TXRX\\_BIT](#), [FLAG\\_BUTTON1\\_RX\\_BIT](#), [FLAG\\_BUTTON1\\_TX\\_BIT](#), [FLAG\\_BUTTON2\\_RX\\_BIT](#), [FLAG\\_BUTTON2\\_TX\\_BIT](#), [FLAG\\_BUTTON3\\_RX\\_BIT](#), [FLAG\\_BUTTON3\\_TX\\_BIT](#), [FLAG\\_BUTTON4\\_RX\\_BIT](#), [FLAG\\_BUTTON4\\_TX\\_BIT](#), [FLAG\\_BUTTON\\_AUX1\\_BIT](#), [FLAG\\_BUTTON\\_AUX2\\_BIT](#), [FLAG\\_BUTTON\\_MENU\\_BIT](#), [FLAG\\_BUTTON\\_PULSE\\_BIT](#), [FLAG\\_BUTTON\\_ROTATE\\_BIT](#), [FLAG\\_BUTTON\\_RXANT\\_BIT](#), [FLAG\\_BUTTON\\_SUBMENU\\_BIT](#), and [FLAG\\_BUTTON\\_TXRX\\_BIT](#).

Referenced by [event\\_poll\\_buttons\(\)](#).

### 6.54.2.2 unsigned char ih\_poll\_ext\_devices (void)

Polls the status of all the external inputs. This function does not care if the device is active low or active high. It will just return the current state so the handling of leveling needs to be done elsewhere. The bit mask pattern is defined in board.h

**Returns:**

The status of the external devices

Definition at line 108 of file interrupt\_handler.c.

References EXT\_FOOTSWITCH\_BIT, EXT\_RADIO\_SENSE1\_BIT, EXT\_RADIO\_SENSE2\_BIT, EXT\_USB1\_DTR\_BIT, EXT\_USB2\_DTR\_BIT, EXT\_USB2\_RTS\_BIT, STATUS\_FOOTSWITCH\_BIT, STATUS\_RADIO\_SENSE1\_BIT, STATUS\_RADIO\_SENSE2\_BIT, STATUS\_USB1\_DTR\_BIT, STATUS\_USB2\_DTR\_BIT, and STATUS\_USB2\_RTS\_BIT.

Referenced by event\_poll\_ext\_device(), and main().

## 6.55 front\_panel/ks0108.c File Reference

Graphic LCD driver for HD61202/KS0108 displays.

```
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include "../global.h"
#include "ks0108.h"
#include "glcd.h"
```

### Functions

- void `glcd_init_hw` (void)
- void `glcd_controller_select` (u08 controller)
- void `glcd_busy_wait` (u08 controller)
- void `glcd_control_write` (u08 controller, u08 data)
- u08 `glcd_control_read` (u08 controller)
- void `glcd_data_write` (u08 data)
- u08 `glcd_data_read` (void)
- void `glcd_reset` (u08 reset\_state)
- u08 `glcd_get_x_address` ()
- u08 `glcd_get_y_address` ()
- void `glcd_set_x_address` (u08 xAddr)
- void `glcd_set_y_address` (u08 yAddr)
- void `glcd_init` ()  
*Initialize the display, clear it, and prepare it for access.*
- void `glcd_home` (void)  
*Set display memory access point back to upper, left corner.*
- void `glcd_clear_screen` (void)  
*Clear the display.*
- void `glcd_start_line` (u08 start)  
*Set display memory access point to row [line] and column [col] assuming 5x7 font.*
- void `glcd_set_address` (u08 x, u08 yLine)  
*Set display memory access point to [x] horizontal pixel and [y] vertical line.*
- void `glcd_goto_char` (u08 line, u08 col)  
*Set display memory access point to row [line] and column [col] assuming 5x7 font.*
- void `glcd_delay` (u16 p)  
*Generic delay routine for timed glcd access.*

### Variables

- GrLcdStateType **GrLcdState**



### 6.55.1 Detailed Description

Graphic LCD driver for HD61202/KS0108 displays.

Definition in file [ks0108.c](#).

## 6.56 front\_panel/ks0108.h File Reference

Graphic LCD driver for HD61202/KS0108 displays.

```
#include "../global.h"
#include "ks0108conf.h"
```

### Classes

- struct **struct \_GrLcdCtrlrStateType**
- struct **struct \_GrLcdStateType**

### Defines

- #define **GLCD\_ON\_CTRL** 0x3E
- #define **GLCD\_ON\_DISPLAY** 0x01
- #define **GLCD\_START\_LINE** 0xC0
- #define **GLCD\_SET\_PAGE** 0xB8
- #define **GLCD\_SET\_Y\_ADDR** 0x40
- #define **GLCD\_STATUS\_BUSY** 0x80
- #define **GLCD\_STATUS\_ONOFF** 0x20
- #define **GLCD\_STATUS\_RESET** 0x10
- #define **GLCD\_NUM\_CONTROLLERS** 2

### Typedefs

- typedef struct struct \_GrLcdCtrlrStateType **GrLcdCtrlrStateType**
- typedef struct struct \_GrLcdStateType **GrLcdStateType**

### Functions

- void **glcd\_init\_hw** (void)
- void **glcd\_busy\_wait** (u08 controller)
- void **glcd\_control\_write** (u08 controller, u08 data)
- u08 **glcd\_control\_read** (u08 controller)
- void **glcd\_data\_write** (u08 data)
- u08 **glcd\_data\_read** (void)
- void **glcd\_set\_x\_address** (u08 xAddr)
- void **glcd\_set\_y\_address** (u08 yAddr)
- u08 **glcd\_get\_x\_address** (void)
- u08 **glcd\_get\_y\_address** (void)
- u08 **get\_data\_port** (void)
- void **glcd\_init** (void)  
*Initialize the display, clear it, and prepare it for access.*
- void **glcd\_clear\_screen** (void)  
*Clear the display.*
- void **glcd\_home** (void)

*Set display memory access point back to upper, left corner.*

- void `glcd_goto_char` (u08 line, u08 col)  
*Set display memory access point to row [line] and column [col] assuming 5x7 font.*
- void `glcd_set_address` (u08 x, u08 yLine)  
*Set display memory access point to [x] horizontal pixel and [y] vertical line.*
- void `glcd_start_line` (u08 start)  
*Set display memory access point to row [line] and column [col] assuming 5x7 font.*
- void `glcd_delay` (u16 p)  
*Generic delay routine for timed glcd access.*

### 6.56.1 Detailed Description

Graphic LCD driver for HD61202/KS0108 displays.

Definition in file [ks0108.h](#).

## 6.57 front\_panel/ks0108conf.h File Reference

Graphic LCD driver configuration.

### Defines

- `#define GLCD_PORT_INTERFACE`
- `#define GLCD_CTRL_PORT PORTK`
- `#define GLCD_CTRL_DDR DDRK`
- `#define GLCD_CTRL_RS PK4`
- `#define GLCD_CTRL_RW PK3`
- `#define GLCD_CTRL_E PK5`
- `#define GLCD_CTRL_CS0 PK1`
- `#define GLCD_CTRL_CS1 PK0`
- `#define GLCD_CTRL_CS2 PA1`
- `#define GLCD_CTRL_CS3 PA0`
- `#define GLCD_CTRL_RESET PK2`
- `#define GLCD_DATA_PORT PORTF`
- `#define GLCD_DATA_DDR DDRF`
- `#define GLCD_DATA_PIN PINF`
- `#define GLCD_XPIXELS 128`
- `#define GLCD_YPIXELS 64`
- `#define GLCD_CONTROLLER_XPIXELS 64`
- `#define GLCD_TEXT_LINES 8`
- `#define GLCD_TEXT_LINE_LENGTH 22`

### 6.57.1 Detailed Description

Graphic LCD driver configuration.

Definition in file [ks0108conf.h](#).

## 6.58 front\_panel/led\_control.c File Reference

Front panel LED control functions.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include "led_control.h"
#include "board.h"
#include "../global.h"
```

### Functions

- void `led_set_band` (unsigned char band)  
*Set the band LEDs to the proper band.*
- void `led_set_band_none` (void)  
*Turn off all band leds.*
- void `led_set_ptt` (enum `enum_led_ptt_state` state)  
*Set the PTT LED.*
- void `led_set_error` (enum `enum_led_state` state)  
*Set the error LED status.*
- void `led_set_rotation_active` (enum `enum_led_state` state)  
*Set the rotating led to active state, indicates if any antenna on the current band is rotating.*
- void `led_set_tx_ant` (unsigned char index, enum `enum_led_state` state)  
*Set the TX Antenna LED status.*
- void `led_set_rx_ant` (unsigned char index, enum `enum_led_state` state)  
*Set the RX Antenna LED status.*
- void `led_set_rotate` (enum `enum_led_state` state)  
*Set the Rotate LED status.*
- void `led_set_txrx` (enum `enum_led_state` state)  
*Set the TX/RX mode LED status.*
- void `led_set_rxant` (enum `enum_led_state` state)  
*Set the RX antenna LED status.*
- void `led_set_aux` (enum `enum_led_state` state)  
*Set the AUX LED status.*
- void `led_set_submenu` (enum `enum_led_state` state)  
*Set the AUX LED status.*

- void `led_set_menu` (enum `enum_led_state` `state`)  
*Set the menu LED status.*
- void `led_set_all` (enum `enum_led_state` `state`)  
*Set all the LEDs.*

### 6.58.1 Detailed Description

Front panel LED control functions.

**Author:**

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/led_control.c"
```

Definition in file `led_control.c`.

### 6.58.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.58.2.1 void `led_set_all` (enum `enum_led_state` *state*)

Set all the LEDs.

**Parameters:**

*state* The state of the LED

Definition at line 225 of file `led_control.c`.

References `led_set_aux()`, `led_set_band()`, `led_set_error()`, `led_set_menu()`, `led_set_ptt()`, `led_set_rotate()`, `led_set_rx_ant()`, `led_set_rxant()`, `led_set_tx_ant()`, `led_set_txrx()`, `LED_STATE_OFF`, `LED_STATE_ON`, `LED_STATE_PTT_ACTIVE`, and `LED_STATE_PTT_OK`.

Referenced by `main()`.

#### 6.58.2.2 void `led_set_aux` (enum `enum_led_state` *state*)

Set the AUX LED status.

**Parameters:**

*state* The state of the LED

Definition at line 198 of file `led_control.c`.

References `LED_AUX_BIT`, and `LED_STATE_ON`.

Referenced by `led_set_all()`.

### 6.58.2.3 void led\_set\_band (unsigned char *band*)

Set the band LEDs to the proper band.

#### Parameters:

***band*** The band we wish to turn on the LED for

Definition at line 32 of file led\_control.c.

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_change\_band(), led\_set\_all(), and main().

### 6.58.2.4 void led\_set\_error (enum enum\_led\_state *state*)

Set the error LED status.

#### Parameters:

***state*** The state of the LED

Definition at line 67 of file led\_control.c.

References LED\_ERROR\_BIT, and LED\_STATE\_ON.

Referenced by bus\_resend\_message(), internal\_comm\_resend(), ISR(), led\_set\_all(), menu\_action(), rx\_queue\_add(), shutdown\_device(), and tx\_queue\_add().

### 6.58.2.5 void led\_set\_menu (enum enum\_led\_state *state*)

Set the menu LED status.

#### Parameters:

***state*** The state of the LED

Definition at line 216 of file led\_control.c.

References LED\_MENU\_BIT, and LED\_STATE\_ON.

Referenced by event\_poll\_buttons(), and led\_set\_all().

### 6.58.2.6 void led\_set\_ptt (enum enum\_led\_ptt\_state *state*)

Set the PTT LED.

#### Parameters:

***state*** The state of the LED

Definition at line 47 of file led\_control.c.

References LED\_PTT\_GREEN\_BIT, LED\_PTT\_RED\_BIT, LED\_STATE\_PTT\_ACTIVE, LED\_STATE\_PTT\_INHIBIT, and LED\_STATE\_PTT\_OK.

Referenced by led\_set\_all(), main(), and main\_update\_ptt\_status().

**6.58.2.7 void led\_set\_rotate (enum enum\_led\_state state)**

Set the Rotate LED status.

**Parameters:**

**state** The state of the LED

Definition at line 169 of file led\_control.c.

References LED\_ROTATE\_BIT, and LED\_STATE\_ON.

Referenced by event\_poll\_buttons(), event\_rotate\_button\_pressed(), event\_rxant\_button\_pressed(), and led\_set\_all().

**6.58.2.8 void led\_set\_rotation\_active (enum enum\_led\_state state)**

Set the rotating led to active state, indicates if any antenna on the current band is rotating.

**Parameters:**

**state** The state of the LED

Definition at line 76 of file led\_control.c.

References LED\_ROTATION\_ACTIVE\_BIT, and LED\_STATE\_ON.

Referenced by ISR().

**6.58.2.9 void led\_set\_rx\_ant (unsigned char index, enum enum\_led\_state state)**

Set the RX Antenna LED status.

**Parameters:**

**index** Which LED we wish to change the status of

**state** The state of the LED

Definition at line 128 of file led\_control.c.

References LED\_RX\_BUTTON1\_BIT, LED\_RX\_BUTTON2\_BIT, LED\_RX\_BUTTON3\_BIT, LED\_RX\_BUTTON4\_BIT, and LED\_STATE\_ON.

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_change\_band(), and led\_set\_all().

**6.58.2.10 void led\_set\_rxant (enum enum\_led\_state state)**

Set the RX antenna LED status.

**Parameters:**

**state** The state of the LED

Definition at line 187 of file led\_control.c.

References LED\_RXANT\_BIT, and LED\_STATE\_ON.

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_change\_band(), event\_rxant\_button\_pressed(), and led\_set\_all().



**6.58.2.11 void led\_set\_submenu (enum enum\_led\_state *state*)**

Set the AUX LED status.

**Parameters:**

***state*** The state of the LED

Definition at line 207 of file led\_control.c.

References LED\_STATE\_ON, and LED\_SUBMENU\_BIT.

Referenced by event\_poll\_buttons(), and event\_sub\_button\_pressed().

**6.58.2.12 void led\_set\_tx\_ant (unsigned char *index*, enum enum\_led\_state *state*)**

Set the TX Antenna LED status.

**Parameters:**

***index*** Which LED we wish to change the status of

***state*** The state of the LED

Definition at line 86 of file led\_control.c.

References LED\_STATE\_ON, LED\_TX\_BUTTON1\_BIT, LED\_TX\_BUTTON2\_BIT, LED\_TX\_BUTTON3\_BIT, and LED\_TX\_BUTTON4\_BIT.

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_change\_band(), event\_tx\_button1\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button2\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button3\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button4\_pressed(), ISR(), led\_set\_all(), and set\_tx\_ant\_leds().

**6.58.2.13 void led\_set\_txrx (enum enum\_led\_state *state*)**

Set the TX/RX mode LED status.

**Parameters:**

***state*** The state of the LED

Definition at line 178 of file led\_control.c.

References LED\_STATE\_ON, and LED\_TXRX\_BIT.

Referenced by led\_set\_all().

## 6.59 front\_panel/led\_control.h File Reference

Front panel LED control functions.

### Enumerations

- enum `enum_led_ptt_state` { `LED_STATE_PTT_ACTIVE`, `LED_STATE_PTT_INHIBIT`, `LED_STATE_PTT_OK` }  
*PTT led state.*
- enum `enum_led_state` { `LED_STATE_ON`, `LED_STATE_OFF`, `LED_STATE_ON`, `LED_STATE_OFF` }  
*Regular LED state.*

### Functions

- void `led_set_band` (unsigned char band)  
*Set the band LEDs to the proper band.*
- void `led_set_band_none` (void)  
*Turn off all band leds.*
- void `led_set_ptt` (enum `enum_led_ptt_state` state)  
*Set the PTT LED.*
- void `led_set_error` (enum `enum_led_state` state)  
*Set the error LED status.*
- void `led_set_rotation_active` (enum `enum_led_state` state)  
*Set the rotating led to active state, indicates if any antenna on the current band is rotating.*
- void `led_set_tx_ant` (unsigned char index, enum `enum_led_state` state)  
*Set the TX Antenna LED status.*
- void `led_set_rx_ant` (unsigned char index, enum `enum_led_state` state)  
*Set the RX Antenna LED status.*
- void `led_set_rotate` (enum `enum_led_state` state)  
*Set the Rotate LED status.*
- void `led_set_txrx` (enum `enum_led_state` state)  
*Set the TX/RX mode LED status.*
- void `led_set_rxant` (enum `enum_led_state` state)  
*Set the RX antenna LED status.*
- void `led_set_aux` (enum `enum_led_state` state)  
*Set the AUX LED status.*

- void [led\\_set\\_menu](#) (enum [enum\\_led\\_state](#) state)  
*Set the menu LED status.*
- void [led\\_set\\_submenu](#) (enum [enum\\_led\\_state](#) state)  
*Set the AUX LED status.*
- void [led\\_set\\_all](#) (enum [enum\\_led\\_state](#) state)  
*Set all the LEDs.*

### 6.59.1 Detailed Description

Front panel LED control functions.

**Author:**

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/led_control.h"
```

Definition in file [led\\_control.h](#).

### 6.59.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 6.59.2.1 enum [enum\\_led\\_ptt\\_state](#)

PTT led state.

**Enumerator:**

***LED\_STATE\_PTT\_ACTIVE*** Used to set the LED to PTT active color.

***LED\_STATE\_PTT\_INHIBIT*** Used to set the LED to INHIBIT color.

***LED\_STATE\_PTT\_OK*** Used to set the LED to PTT OK color (which means that it is OK to transmit).

Definition at line 27 of file [led\\_control.h](#).

#### 6.59.2.2 enum [enum\\_led\\_state](#)

Regular LED state.

**Enumerator:**

***LED\_STATE\_ON*** Used to set the LED as ON.

***LED\_STATE\_OFF*** Used to set the LED as OFF.

Definition at line 37 of file [led\\_control.h](#).

### 6.59.3 Function Documentation

#### 6.59.3.1 void led\_set\_all (enum enum\_led\_state *state*)

Set all the LEDs.

**Parameters:**

***state*** The state of the LED

Definition at line 225 of file led\_control.c.

References led\_set\_aux(), led\_set\_band(), led\_set\_error(), led\_set\_menu(), led\_set\_ptt(), led\_set\_rotate(), led\_set\_rx\_ant(), led\_set\_rxant(), led\_set\_tx\_ant(), led\_set\_txrx(), LED\_STATE\_OFF, LED\_STATE\_ON, LED\_STATE\_PTT\_ACTIVE, and LED\_STATE\_PTT\_OK.

Referenced by main().

#### 6.59.3.2 void led\_set\_aux (enum enum\_led\_state *state*)

Set the AUX LED status.

**Parameters:**

***state*** The state of the LED

Definition at line 198 of file led\_control.c.

References LED\_AUX\_BIT, and LED\_STATE\_ON.

Referenced by led\_set\_all().

#### 6.59.3.3 void led\_set\_band (unsigned char *band*)

Set the band LEDs to the proper band.

**Parameters:**

***band*** The band we wish to turn on the LED for

Definition at line 32 of file led\_control.c.

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_change\_band(), led\_set\_all(), and main().

#### 6.59.3.4 void led\_set\_error (enum enum\_led\_state *state*)

Set the error LED status.

**Parameters:**

***state*** The state of the LED

Definition at line 67 of file led\_control.c.

References LED\_ERROR\_BIT, and LED\_STATE\_ON.

Referenced by bus\_resend\_message(), internal\_comm\_resend(), ISR(), led\_set\_all(), menu\_action(), rx\_queue\_add(), shutdown\_device(), and tx\_queue\_add().

**6.59.3.5 void led\_set\_menu (enum enum\_led\_state state)**

Set the menu LED status.

**Parameters:**

**state** The state of the LED

Definition at line 216 of file led\_control.c.

References LED\_MENU\_BIT, and LED\_STATE\_ON.

Referenced by event\_poll\_buttons(), and led\_set\_all().

**6.59.3.6 void led\_set\_ptt (enum enum\_led\_ptt\_state state)**

Set the PTT LED.

**Parameters:**

**state** The state of the LED

Definition at line 47 of file led\_control.c.

References LED\_PTT\_GREEN\_BIT, LED\_PTT\_RED\_BIT, LED\_STATE\_PTT\_ACTIVE, LED\_STATE\_PTT\_INHIBIT, and LED\_STATE\_PTT\_OK.

Referenced by led\_set\_all(), main(), and main\_update\_ptt\_status().

**6.59.3.7 void led\_set\_rotate (enum enum\_led\_state state)**

Set the Rotate LED status.

**Parameters:**

**state** The state of the LED

Definition at line 169 of file led\_control.c.

References LED\_ROTATE\_BIT, and LED\_STATE\_ON.

Referenced by event\_poll\_buttons(), event\_rotate\_button\_pressed(), event\_rxant\_button\_pressed(), and led\_set\_all().

**6.59.3.8 void led\_set\_rotation\_active (enum enum\_led\_state state)**

Set the rotating led to active state, indicates if any antenna on the current band is rotating.

**Parameters:**

**state** The state of the LED

Definition at line 76 of file led\_control.c.

References LED\_ROTATION\_ACTIVE\_BIT, and LED\_STATE\_ON.

Referenced by ISR().

**6.59.3.9 void led\_set\_rx\_ant (unsigned char *index*, enum enum\_led\_state *state*)**

Set the RX Antenna LED status.

**Parameters:**

***index*** Which LED we wish to change the status of

***state*** The state of the LED

Definition at line 128 of file led\_control.c.

References LED\_RX\_BUTTON1\_BIT, LED\_RX\_BUTTON2\_BIT, LED\_RX\_BUTTON3\_BIT, LED\_RX\_BUTTON4\_BIT, and LED\_STATE\_ON.

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_change\_band(), and led\_set\_all().

**6.59.3.10 void led\_set\_rxant (enum enum\_led\_state *state*)**

Set the RX antenna LED status.

**Parameters:**

***state*** The state of the LED

Definition at line 187 of file led\_control.c.

References LED\_RXANT\_BIT, and LED\_STATE\_ON.

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_change\_band(), event\_rxant\_button\_pressed(), and led\_set\_all().

**6.59.3.11 void led\_set\_submenu (enum enum\_led\_state *state*)**

Set the AUX LED status.

**Parameters:**

***state*** The state of the LED

Definition at line 207 of file led\_control.c.

References LED\_STATE\_ON, and LED\_SUBMENU\_BIT.

Referenced by event\_poll\_buttons(), and event\_sub\_button\_pressed().

**6.59.3.12 void led\_set\_tx\_ant (unsigned char *index*, enum enum\_led\_state *state*)**

Set the TX Antenna LED status.

**Parameters:**

***index*** Which LED we wish to change the status of

***state*** The state of the LED

Definition at line 86 of file led\_control.c.

References LED\_STATE\_ON, LED\_TX\_BUTTON1\_BIT, LED\_TX\_BUTTON2\_BIT, LED\_TX\_BUTTON3\_BIT, and LED\_TX\_BUTTON4\_BIT.

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_change\_band(), event\_tx\_button1\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button2\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button3\_pressed(), event\_tx\_button4\_pressed(), ISR(), led\_set\_all(), and set\_tx\_ant\_leds().

#### 6.59.3.13 void led\_set\_txrx (enum enum\_led\_state *state*)

Set the TX/RX mode LED status.

##### Parameters:

***state*** The state of the LED

Definition at line 178 of file led\_control.c.

References LED\_STATE\_ON, and LED\_TXRX\_BIT.

Referenced by led\_set\_all().

## 6.60 front\_panel/menu.c File Reference

Menu system.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "menu.h"
#include "board.h"
#include "glcd.h"
#include "fonts.h"
#include "display.h"
#include "radio_interface.h"
#include "errors.h"
#include "event_handler.h"
#include "led_control.h"
```

### Defines

- `#define MENU_OPTION_LEFT_POS 13`  
*Sets the intend from the left.*
- `#define MENU_OPTIONS 7`  
*Number of options in the menu system.*

### Functions

- void `menu_show_text` (struct \_menu\_text menu\_text)  
*Show the text of a menu on the display.*
- void `menu_init` (void)  
*Initialize the menu system.*
- void `menu_reset` (void)  
*Function will reset to init values, like menu level etc.*
- void `menu_show` (void)  
*Shows the menu.*
- void `menu_action` (unsigned char menu\_action\_type)



## Variables

- const `struct_menu_option menu_errors []` = {{ "Bus resend"}, {"No bus sync"}, {"Bus TX queue full"}, {"Bus RX queue full"}, {"Int. comm resend"}}

*Menu options - Errors.*

- const `struct_menu_option menu_misc []` = {"Reboot"}
- unsigned char `current_menu_option_selected` [MENU\_OPTIONS]

*The current selected menu option.*

- unsigned char `current_menu_level` = 0
- Flag to indicate which menu level we are on.*

- unsigned char `current_menu_pos` = 0
- Flag to indicate the current menu position.*

- const `struct_menu_option menu_option_band_selection_mode []` = {"Manual"}, {"Auto"}

*Menu system option - band selection mode.*

- const `struct_menu_option menu_option_amp_ptt_output []` = {"ON"}, {"OFF"}

*Menu system option - amp ptt output.*

- const `struct_menu_option menu_option_radio_ptt_output []` = {"ON"}, {"OFF"}

*Menu system option - radio ptt output.*

- const `struct_menu_text menu_system_text []`

*Menu system.*

### 6.60.1 Detailed Description

Menu system.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsson, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/menu.c "
```

Definition in file [menu.c](#).

### 6.60.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.60.2.1 void menu\_action (unsigned char menu\_action\_type)

This function will handle an menu action "event"

**Parameters:**

*menu\_action\_type* Which action did occur?

Definition at line 173 of file menu.c.

References struct\_runtime\_settings::amplifier\_ptt\_output, struct\_runtime\_settings::band\_change\_mode, BAND\_CHANGE\_MODE\_AUTO, BAND\_CHANGE\_MODE\_MANUAL, bootloader\_start, current\_menu\_level, current\_menu\_option\_selected, current\_menu\_pos, display\_set\_backlight(), event\_get\_errors(), event\_set\_error(), KNOB\_FUNCTION\_AUTO, struct\_runtime\_settings::lcd\_backlight\_value, led\_set\_error(), LED\_STATE\_OFF, MENU\_BUTTON\_PRESSED, MENU\_OPTION\_TYPE\_NORMAL, MENU\_OPTION\_TYPE\_SCROLL\_NUMBERS, MENU\_OPTIONS, MENU\_POS\_AMP\_PTT, MENU\_POS\_BACKLIGHT\_LEVEL, MENU\_POS\_BAND\_MODE, MENU\_POS\_MISC, MENU\_POS\_RADIO\_PTT, MENU\_POS\_SHOW\_ERRORS, MENU\_SCROLL\_DOWN, MENU\_SCROLL\_UP, menu\_show(), NR\_OF\_ERRORS, struct\_runtime\_settings::radio\_ptt\_output, runtime\_settings, and set\_knob\_function().

Referenced by event\_poll\_buttons(), event\_pulse\_sensor\_down(), and event\_pulse\_sensor\_up().

**6.60.2.2 void menu\_show\_text (struct\_menu\_text menu\_text)**

Show the text of a menu on the display.

**Parameters:**

*menu\_text* The menu which we wish to show

Definition at line 79 of file menu.c.

References current\_menu\_level, current\_menu\_option\_selected, current\_menu\_pos, display\_calculate\_width(), event\_get\_errors(), glcd\_line(), struct\_menu\_text::header, struct\_runtime\_settings::lcd\_backlight\_value, MENU\_OPTION\_LEFT\_POS, MENU\_OPTION\_TYPE\_NORMAL, MENU\_OPTION\_TYPE\_SCROLL\_NUMBERS, MENU\_POS\_BACKLIGHT\_LEVEL, MENU\_POS\_SHOW\_ACTIVITY, MENU\_POS\_SHOW\_ERRORS, NR\_OF\_ERRORS, struct\_menu\_text::option\_count, struct\_menu\_text::option\_type, struct\_menu\_text::options, struct\_menu\_text::pos, runtime\_settings, and struct\_menu\_option::text.

Referenced by menu\_show().

**6.60.3 Variable Documentation****6.60.3.1 const struct\_menu\_text menu\_system\_text[]****Initial value:**

```
{
{MENU_POS_BAND_MODE, "Band change", (struct_menu_option *)menu_option_band_selection_mode, 2,MENU_OPTION_TYPE_NORMAL},
{MENU_POS_RADIO_PTT, "Radio PTT", (struct_menu_option *)menu_option_radio_ptt_output, 2,MENU_OPTION_TYPE_NORMAL},
{MENU_POS_AMP_PTT, "Amplifier PTT", (struct_menu_option *)menu_option_amp_ptt_output, 2,MENU_OPTION_TYPE_NORMAL},
{MENU_POS_BACKLIGHT_LEVEL, "Backlight", NULL, 0,MENU_OPTION_TYPE_SCROLL_NUMBERS},
{MENU_POS_SHOW_ACTIVITY, "Network activity", NULL, 0,MENU_OPTION_TYPE_NONE},
{MENU_POS_MISC, "Miscellaneous", (struct_menu_option *)menu_misc, 1,MENU_OPTION_TYPE_NORMAL},
{MENU_POS_SHOW_ERRORS, "Errors", (struct_menu_option *)menu_errors, 0,MENU_OPTION_TYPE_NORMAL},
}
```

Menu system.

Definition at line 67 of file menu.c.

## 6.61 front\_panel/menu.h File Reference

Menu system.

```
#include <avr/pgmspace.h>
```

### Classes

- struct [struct \\_menu\\_option](#)  
*Struct of a menu option.*
- struct [struct \\_menu\\_text](#)  
*Menu text structs.*

### Defines

- #define [MENU\\_OPTION\\_TYPE\\_NORMAL](#) 0  
*Menu type option normal, regular choices.*
- #define [MENU\\_OPTION\\_TYPE\\_SCROLL\\_NUMBERS](#) 1  
*Menu type scroll numbers, for example increase/decrease a value.*
- #define [MENU\\_OPTION\\_TYPE\\_NONE](#) 99  
*No menu option.*
- #define [MENU\\_POS\\_BAND\\_MODE](#) 0  
*Show band change mode, auto or manual.*
- #define [MENU\\_POS\\_RADIO\\_PTT](#) 1  
*Show the radio output ptt ON/OFF.*
- #define [MENU\\_POS\\_AMP\\_PTT](#) 2  
*Show the amplifier output ptt ON/OFF.*
- #define [MENU\\_POS\\_BACKLIGHT\\_LEVEL](#) 3  
*Change the backlight level of the LCD.*
- #define [MENU\\_POS\\_SHOW\\_ACTIVITY](#) 4  
*Show network activity.*
- #define [MENU\\_POS\\_MISC](#) 5  
*Show MISC menu.*
- #define [MENU\\_POS\\_SHOW\\_ERRORS](#) 6  
*Show the error menu.*
- #define [MENU\\_SCROLL\\_UP](#) 0  
*Menu flag scroll up.*

- `#define MENU_SCROLL_DOWN 1`  
*Menu flag scroll down.*
- `#define MENU_BUTTON_PRESSED 2`  
*Menu flag button pressed.*

## Functions

- void `menu_show` (void)  
*Shows the menu.*
- void `menu_action` (unsigned char `menu_action_type`)
- void `menu_init` (void)  
*Initialize the menu system.*
- void `menu_reset` (void)  
*Function will reset to init values, like menu level etc.*

### 6.61.1 Detailed Description

Menu system.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsson, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/menu.h "
```

Definition in file [menu.h](#).

### 6.61.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.61.2.1 void menu\_action (unsigned char *menu\_action\_type*)

This function will handle an menu action "event"

#### Parameters:

*menu\_action\_type* Which action did occur?

Definition at line 173 of file menu.c.

References `struct_runtime_settings::amplifier_ptt_output`, `struct_runtime_settings::band_change_mode`, `BAND_CHANGE_MODE_AUTO`, `BAND_CHANGE_MODE_MANUAL`, `bootloader_start`, `current_menu_level`, `current_menu_option_selected`, `current_menu_pos`, `display_set_backlight()`, `event_get_errors()`, `event_set_error()`, `KNOB_FUNCTION_AUTO`, `struct_runtime_settings::lcd_backlight_value`, `led_set_error()`, `LED_STATE_OFF`,

MENU\_BUTTON\_PRESSED, MENU\_OPTION\_TYPE\_NORMAL, MENU\_OPTION\_TYPE\_SCROLL\_NUMBERS, MENU\_OPTIONS, MENU\_POS\_AMP\_PTT, MENU\_POS\_BACKLIGHT\_LEVEL, MENU\_POS\_BAND\_MODE, MENU\_POS\_MISC, MENU\_POS\_RADIO\_PTT, MENU\_POS\_SHOW\_ERRORS, MENU\_SCROLL\_DOWN, MENU\_SCROLL\_UP, menu\_show(), NR\_OF\_ERRORS, struct\_runtime\_settings::radio\_ptt\_output, runtime\_settings, and set\_knob\_function().

Referenced by event\_poll\_buttons(), event\_pulse\_sensor\_down(), and event\_pulse\_sensor\_up().

## 6.62 front\_\_panel/pictures.h File Reference

Pictures which can be viewed on the display.

### 6.62.1 Detailed Description

Pictures which can be viewed on the display.

**Author:**

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/pictures.h "
```

Definition in file [pictures.h](#).

## 6.63 front\_panel/powermeter.c File Reference

Power meter.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "powermeter.h"
#include "radio_interface.h"
#include "display.h"
#include "glcd.h"
#include "main.h"
```

### Defines

- `#define POWERMETER_FLAG_ACTIVE 0`

### Functions

- void [powermeter\\_init](#) (unsigned char pickup\_addr, unsigned int text\_update\_rate, unsigned int bargraph\_update\_rate, unsigned int vswr\_limit)  
*Initialize the power meter.*
- void [powermeter\\_set\\_active](#) (unsigned char state)  
*Activate the power meter display /\*!*
- void [powermeter\\_update\\_values](#) (unsigned int fwd\_pwr, unsigned int ref\_pwr, unsigned int vswr)  
*Update the values of the power meter.*
- void [powermeter\\_process\\_tasks](#) (void)  
*This function should be called as much as possible and it does all the updates, such checking for new data, updating display etc.*
- void [powermeter\\_lms\\_tick](#) (void)  
*This function should be called at 1 ms intervals. It is to keep track of update rates etc for the display.*

### Variables

- [powermeter\\_struct powermeter\\_status](#)  
*The current status of the power meter.*
- unsigned char [powermeter\\_flags](#)  
*Various flags used in the powermeter, defines can be found in [powermeter.h](#).*



- unsigned int `counter_powermeter_update_text` = 0  
*The counter which keeps track of when we should update the power meter text.*
- unsigned int `counter_powermeter_update bargraph` = 0  
*The counter which keeps track of when we should update the power meter bargraph.*

### 6.63.1 Detailed Description

Power meter.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-05-12

```
#include "front_panel/powermeter.c"
```

Definition in file [powermeter.c](#).

### 6.63.2 Function Documentation

**6.63.2.1** `void powermeter_init (unsigned char pickup_addr, unsigned int text_update_rate, unsigned int bargraph_update_rate, unsigned int vswr_limit)`

Initialize the power meter.

#### Parameters:

*pickup\_addr* The address of the powermeter unit that sends the information  
*text\_update\_rate* How often we should refresh the text on the display  
*bargraph\_update\_rate* How often we should update the bargraph of the display  
*vswr\_limit* What is the SWR limit of the device, when this is exceeded we shut down the possibility to PTT

Definition at line 53 of file powermeter.c.

References `powermeter_struct::bargraph_update_rate`, `powermeter_struct::curr_fwd_pwr_value`, `powermeter_struct::curr_ref_pwr_value`, `powermeter_struct::curr_vswr_value`, `powermeter_struct::pickup_addr`, `powermeter_struct::text_update_rate`, and `powermeter_struct::vswr_limit`.

Referenced by `main()`.

**6.63.2.2** `void powermeter_set_active (unsigned char state)`

Activate the power meter display /\*!

**Parameters:**

*state* If this is set to 1 we will activate the powermeter, if set to 0 we will deactivate it

Definition at line 66 of file powermeter.c.

**6.63.2.3 void powermeter\_update\_values (unsigned int *fwd\_pwr*, unsigned int *ref\_pwr*, unsigned int *vswr*)**

Update the values of the power meter.

**Parameters:**

*fwd\_pwr* The current forward power in watts

*ref\_pwr* The current reflected power in watts

*vswr* The current VSWR value, for example 151 means 1.51:1 in VSWR

Definition at line 86 of file powermeter.c.

## 6.64 front\_panel/powermeter.h File Reference

Power meter functions.

### Classes

- struct [powermeter\\_struct](#)  
*Struct which contains information of the power meter status.*

### Functions

- void [powermeter\\_update\\_values](#) (unsigned int fwd\_pwr, unsigned int ref\_pwr, unsigned int vswr)  
*Update the values of the power meter.*
- void [powermeter\\_init](#) (unsigned char pickup\_addr, unsigned int text\_update\_rate, unsigned int bargraph\_update\_rate, unsigned int vswr\_limit)  
*Initialize the power meter.*
- void [powermeter\\_process\\_tasks](#) (void)  
*This function should be called as much as possible and it does all the updates, such checking for new data, updating display etc.*
- void [powermeter\\_1ms\\_tick](#) (void)  
*This function should be called at 1 ms intervals. It is to keep track of update rates etc for the display.*

#### 6.64.1 Detailed Description

Power meter functions.

##### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

##### Date:

2010-05-12

```
#include "front_panel/powermeter.h"
```

Definition in file [powermeter.h](#).

#### 6.64.2 Function Documentation

- 6.64.2.1** void [powermeter\\_init](#) (unsigned char *pickup\_addr*, unsigned int *text\_update\_rate*, unsigned int *bargraph\_update\_rate*, unsigned int *vswr\_limit*)

Initialize the power meter.

**Parameters:**

- pickup\_addr*** The address of the powermeter unit that sends the information
- text\_update\_rate*** How often we should refresh the text on the display
- bargraph\_update\_rate*** How often we should update the bargraph of the display
- vswr\_limit*** What is the SWR limit of the device, when this is exceeded we shut down the possibility to PTT

Definition at line 53 of file powermeter.c.

References `powermeter_struct::bargraph_update_rate`, `powermeter_struct::curr_fwd_pwr_value`, `powermeter_struct::curr_ref_pwr_value`, `powermeter_struct::curr_vswr_value`, `powermeter_struct::pickup_addr`, `powermeter_struct::text_update_rate`, and `powermeter_struct::vswr_limit`.

Referenced by `main()`.

#### **6.64.2.2 void powermeter\_update\_values (unsigned int *fwd\_pwr*, unsigned int *ref\_pwr*, unsigned int *vswr*)**

Update the values of the power meter.

**Parameters:**

- fwd\_pwr*** The current forward power in watts
- ref\_pwr*** The current reflected power in watts
- vswr*** The current VSWR value, for example 151 means 1.51:1 in VSWR

Definition at line 86 of file powermeter.c.

## 6.65 front\_panel/radio\_interface.c File Reference

Radio interface, such as PTT AMP, PTT Radio, CAT etc.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include "radio_interface.h"
#include "led_control.h"
#include "band_ctrl.h"
#include "main.h"
#include "usart.h"
#include "board.h"
#include "eeprom.h"
#include "display.h"
#include "../internal_comm.h"
#include "../internal_comm_commands.h"
#include "../global.h"
```

### Functions

- void [radio\\_interface\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initialize the radio interface.*
- void [radio\\_process\\_tasks](#) (void)  
*This function is called each lap in the main loop and we can use this to process certain tasks.*
- unsigned int [radio\\_get\\_current\\_freq](#) (void)
- unsigned char [radio\\_get\\_current\\_band](#) (void)  
*Retrieve the current band from the radio.*
- void [radio\\_ptt\\_active](#) (void)  
*Activate the radio PTT.*
- void [radio\\_ptt\\_deactive](#) (void)  
*Deactivate the radio PTT.*
- void [radio\\_tx\\_active](#) (void)  
*Set the TX ACTIVE output to high.*
- void [radio\\_tx\\_deactive](#) (void)  
*Set the TX ACTIVE output to high.*

- void [radio\\_inhibit\\_high](#) (void)  
*Set the inhibit signal to high.*
- void [radio\\_inhibit\\_low](#) (void)  
*Set the inhibit signal to low.*
- unsigned char [radio\\_get\\_ptt\\_status](#) (void)  
*Retrieve the ptt status, defines can be found in [radio\\_interface.h](#).*
- unsigned char [radio\\_get\\_band\\_portion](#) (void)
- void [radio\\_set\\_current\\_band](#) (unsigned char band)
- unsigned char [radio\\_poll\\_ptt](#) (void)  
*Polls the status of the PTT input.*
- unsigned char [radio\\_poll\\_status](#) (void)  
*Polls the status of the radio and saves it into the [radio\\_status](#) structure.*
- unsigned int [radio\\_parse\\_freq](#) (unsigned char \*freq\_data, unsigned char length, unsigned char radio\_model)  
*Parse the radios frequency.*
- void [radio\\_amp\\_ptt\\_active](#) (void)  
*Activate PTT amp.*
- void [radio\\_amp\\_ptt\\_deactive](#) (void)  
*Deactivate PTT amp.*
- unsigned char [radio\\_freq\\_to\\_band](#) (unsigned int freq)  
*Convert a radio frequency (integer) to band data.*
- void [radio\\_interface\\_set\\_model](#) (unsigned char model)  
*Set which radio model is used, saves it in the [radio\\_settings](#) struct.*
- void [radio\\_interface\\_set\\_interface](#) (unsigned char interface\_type)  
*Set which radio interface is used, saves it in the [radio\\_settings](#) struct.*
- void [radio\\_interface\\_set\\_baudrate](#) (unsigned char baudrate)  
*Set which baudrate setting is used, saves it in the [radio\\_settings](#) struct.*
- void [radio\\_interface\\_set\\_stopbits](#) (unsigned char stopbits)  
*Set which number of stopbits should be used, saves it in the [radio\\_settings](#) struct.*
- void [radio\\_interface\\_set\\_civ\\_addr](#) (unsigned char civ)  
*Set which CI-V address the radio has got, saves it in the [radio\\_settings](#) struct.*
- void [radio\\_interface\\_set\\_ptt\\_input](#) (unsigned char ptt\_input)  
*Set which PTT input that is used, saves it in the [radio\\_settings](#) struct.*
- void [radio\\_interface\\_set\\_poll\\_interval](#) (unsigned char poll\_interval)

*Set the poll intervall for the radio band decoding, saves it in the radio\_settings struct.*

- unsigned char `radio_interface_get_model` (void)  
*Get which radio model is used.*
- unsigned char `radio_interface_get_interface` (void)  
*Get which radio interface is used.*
- unsigned char `radio_interface_get_baudrate` (void)  
*Get which baudrate setting is used.*
- unsigned char `radio_interface_get_stopbits` (void)  
*Get which number of stopbits should be used.*
- unsigned char `radio_interface_get_civ_addr` (void)  
*Get which CI-V address the radio has got.*
- unsigned char `radio_interface_get_ptt_input` (void)  
*Get which PTT input that is used.*
- unsigned char `radio_interface_get_poll_interval` (void)  
*Get the poll intervall for the radio band decoding.*
- void `radio_interface_load_eeprom` (void)  
*This function will load data from the eeprom to the radio\_settings struct.*
- void `radio_communicaton_timeout` (void)
- unsigned char `radio_get_cat_status` (void)
- **ISR** (SIG\_USART3\_DATA)
- **ISR** (SIG\_USART3\_RECV)  
*Interrupt which is called when a byte is received on the UART.*

## Variables

- unsigned char \* `radio_serial_rx_buffer`  
*Serial receive buffer.*
- unsigned char \* `radio_serial_rx_buffer_start`  
*Start address of the serial receive buffer.*
- `struct_radio_status` `radio_status`  
*Radio status struct.*
- `struct_radio_settings` `radio_settings`  
*Radio settings struct.*
- unsigned char `radio_flags`  
*Flags to indicate various things which has happened to the radio.*

- unsigned char `ptt_status` = 0  
*Flag which does indicate if the radio is transmitting, amp is active etc.*
- unsigned char `radio_rx_data_counter`  
*External variable of the radio rx data counter used for a timeout.*

### 6.65.1 Detailed Description

Radio interface, such as PTT AMP, PTT Radio, CAT etc.

**Author:**

Mikael Larsson, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/radio_interface.c "
```

Definition in file `radio_interface.c`.

### 6.65.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.65.2.1 void radio\_communicaton\_timeout (void)

This function should be called if an timeout has occurred on the serial communication. This function will then reset the pointers used for the CAT decoding

Definition at line 415 of file `radio_interface.c`.

References `struct_radio_status::box_sent_request`, `radio_serial_rx_buffer`, and `radio_serial_rx_buffer_start`.

Referenced by `ISR()`.

#### 6.65.2.2 unsigned char radio\_freq\_to\_band (unsigned int freq)

Convert a radio frequency (integer) to band data.

**Parameters:**

*freq* The frequency as integer

**Returns:**

The band of the frequency sent in as parameter. If band not found then it returns `BAND_UNDEFINED`

Definition at line 315 of file `radio_interface.c`.

References `band_ctrl_get_high_portion_high()`, and `band_ctrl_get_low_portion_low()`.

Referenced by `radio_process_tasks()`.



### 6.65.2.3 unsigned char radio\_get\_band\_portion (void)

Get the portion of the band the radio is on.

**Returns:**

Return BAND\_HIGH if it's in the higher portion of the band, BAND\_LOW if it's the lower portion. If neither then it returns BAND\_UNDEFINED

Definition at line 180 of file radio\_interface.c.

References band\_ctrl\_get\_high\_portion\_high(), band\_ctrl\_get\_high\_portion\_low(), band\_ctrl\_get\_low\_portion\_high(), band\_ctrl\_get\_low\_portion\_low(), struct\_radio\_status::current\_band, and struct\_radio\_status::current\_freq.

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_get\_portion(), display\_update\_radio\_freq(), and main().

### 6.65.2.4 unsigned char radio\_get\_cat\_status (void)

This function will tell us if the openASC box has sent any request to the radio

**Returns:**

1 if a request has been sent, 0 otherwise

Definition at line 423 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_status::box\_sent\_request.

Referenced by ISR().

### 6.65.2.5 unsigned char radio\_get\_current\_band (void)

Retrieve the current band from the radio.

**Returns:**

The radios band

Definition at line 120 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_status::current\_band.

Referenced by event\_internal\_comm\_parse\_message(), and main().

### 6.65.2.6 unsigned int radio\_get\_current\_freq (void)

Retrieve the frequency from the radio. If it's configured for BCD it just retrieves the freq band The frequency is returned as an integer so for example 21350 means 21 MHz and 350 kHz.

**Returns:**

The frequency as an integer, max freq 65536

Definition at line 113 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_status::current\_freq.

Referenced by display\_update\_radio\_freq().

**6.65.2.7 unsigned char radio\_interface\_get\_baudrate (void)**

Get which baudrate setting is used.

**Returns:**

Which baudrate setting is used

Definition at line 380 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_settings::baudrate.

**6.65.2.8 unsigned char radio\_interface\_get\_civ\_addr (void)**

Get which CI-V address the radio has got.

**Returns:**

The CI-V address

Definition at line 392 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_settings::civ\_addr.

**6.65.2.9 unsigned char radio\_interface\_get\_interface (void)**

Get which radio interface is used.

**Returns:**

The interface type

Definition at line 374 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_settings::interface\_type.

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_get\_portion(), display\_update\_radio\_freq(), event\_aux2\_button\_pressed(), and main().

**6.65.2.10 unsigned char radio\_interface\_get\_model (void)**

Get which radio model is used.

**Returns:**

The radio model

Definition at line 368 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_settings::radio\_model.

**6.65.2.11 unsigned char radio\_interface\_get\_poll\_interval (void)**

Get the poll intervall for the radio band decoding.

**Returns:**

The poll interval in ms/10

Definition at line 404 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_settings::poll\_interval.

Referenced by ISR().

**6.65.2.12 unsigned char radio\_interface\_get\_ptt\_input (void)**

Get which PTT input that is used.

**Returns:**

Which PTT input that is used

Definition at line 398 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_settings::ptt\_input.

**6.65.2.13 unsigned char radio\_interface\_get\_stopbits (void)**

Get which number of stopbits should be used.

**Returns:**

The number of stopbits that are used to interface the radio

Definition at line 386 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_settings::stopbits.

**6.65.2.14 void radio\_interface\_set\_baudrate (unsigned char *baudrate*)**

Set which baudrate setting is used, saves it in the radio\_settings struct.

**Parameters:**

*baudrate* Which baudrate setting to use

Definition at line 338 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_settings::baudrate.

**6.65.2.15 void radio\_interface\_set\_civ\_addr (unsigned char *civ*)**

Set which CI-V address the radio has got, saves it in the radio\_settings struct.

**Parameters:**

*civ* The CI-V address

Definition at line 350 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_settings::civ\_addr.

**6.65.2.16 void radio\_interface\_set\_interface (unsigned char *interface\_type*)**

Set which radio interface is used, saves it in the radio\_settings struct.

**Parameters:**

*interface\_type* The interface type

Definition at line 332 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_settings::interface\_type.

**6.65.2.17 void radio\_interface\_set\_model (unsigned char *model*)**

Set which radio model is used, saves it in the radio\_settings struct.

**Parameters:**

*model* The radio model

Definition at line 326 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_settings::radio\_model.

**6.65.2.18 void radio\_interface\_set\_poll\_interval (unsigned char *poll\_interval*)**

Set the poll interval for the radio band decoding, saves it in the radio\_settings struct.

**Parameters:**

*poll\_interval* The poll interval in ms/10

Definition at line 362 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_settings::poll\_interval.

**6.65.2.19 void radio\_interface\_set\_ptt\_input (unsigned char *ptt\_input*)**

Set which PTT input that is used, saves it in the radio\_settings struct.

**Parameters:**

*ptt\_input* Which PTT input that is used

Definition at line 356 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_settings::ptt\_input.

**6.65.2.20 void radio\_interface\_set\_stopbits (unsigned char *stopbits*)**

Set which number of stopbits should be used, saves it in the radio\_settings struct.

**Parameters:**

*stopbits* The number of stopbits that are used to interface the radio

Definition at line 344 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_settings::stopbits.

#### 6.65.2.21 unsigned int radio\_parse\_freq (unsigned char \* *freq\_data*, unsigned char *length*, unsigned char *radio\_model*)

Parse the radios frequency.

##### Parameters:

*freq\_data* The frequency data sent in as an array of characters

*length* The length of the frequency data

*radio\_model* The type of radio that the freq should be parsed for

##### Returns:

The radios frequency in integer format. So for example 21305 is 21 MHz and 305 kHz.

Definition at line 243 of file radio\_interface.c.

References RADIO\_MODEL\_FT1000, RADIO\_MODEL\_FT1000MKV, RADIO\_MODEL\_ICOM, and RADIO\_MODEL\_KENWOOD.

#### 6.65.2.22 unsigned char radio\_poll\_ptt (void)

Polls the status of the PTT input.

##### Returns:

Return RADIO\_PTT\_ACTIVATE if the radio is PTT and RADIO\_PTT\_DEACTIVATE if it doesn't

Definition at line 197 of file radio\_interface.c.

References RADIO\_PTT\_DEACTIVE.

#### 6.65.2.23 unsigned char radio\_poll\_status (void)

Polls the status of the radio and saves it into the radio\_status structure.

##### Returns:

0 if the poll went OK and 1 if it didn't

Definition at line 205 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_settings::civ\_addr, display\_update\_radio\_freq(), INHIBIT\_NOT\_OK\_TO\_SEND\_RADIO\_TX, INT\_COMM\_GET\_BAND\_BCD\_STATUS, struct\_radio\_settings::interface\_type, internal\_comm\_add\_tx\_message(), main\_get\_inhibit\_state(), RADIO\_INTERFACE\_BCD, RADIO\_INTERFACE\_CAT\_MON, RADIO\_INTERFACE\_CAT\_POLL, struct\_radio\_settings::radio\_model, RADIO\_MODEL\_ICOM, and usart3\_transmit().

Referenced by main().

**6.65.2.24 void radio\_set\_current\_band (unsigned char *band*)**

Set the current band

**Parameters:**

*band* The band we wish to set

Definition at line 191 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_status::current\_band.

Referenced by event\_internal\_comm\_parse\_message().

## 6.66 front\_\_panel/radio\_\_interface.h File Reference

Radio interface, such as PTT AMP, PTT Radio, CAT etc.

### Classes

- struct [struct\\_\\_radio\\_\\_settings](#)  
*Radio settings struct.*
- struct [struct\\_\\_radio\\_\\_status](#)  
*The radio status struct.*

### Defines

- #define [RADIO\\_\\_FLAG\\_\\_FREQ\\_\\_CHANGED](#) 0  
*Flag to indicate that the frequency has changed.*
- #define [RADIO\\_\\_MODEL\\_\\_KENWOOD](#) 0  
*Kenwood radio connected to the box.*
- #define [RADIO\\_\\_MODEL\\_\\_ICOM](#) 1  
*ICOM radio connected to the box.*
- #define [RADIO\\_\\_MODEL\\_\\_FT1000](#) 2  
*FT1000D radio connected to the box.*
- #define [RADIO\\_\\_MODEL\\_\\_FT1000MP](#) 3  
*FT1000MP radio connected to the box.*
- #define [RADIO\\_\\_MODEL\\_\\_FT1000MKV](#) 4  
*FT1000MKV radio connected to the box.*
- #define [RADIO\\_\\_MODEL\\_\\_FT2000](#) 5  
*FT2000 radio connected to the box.*
- #define [RADIO\\_\\_INTERFACE\\_\\_MANUAL](#) 0  
*MANUAL mode which means no way to interface the radio.*
- #define [RADIO\\_\\_INTERFACE\\_\\_CAT\\_\\_POLL](#) 1  
*Serial interface that connects to the radio, POLLING.*
- #define [RADIO\\_\\_INTERFACE\\_\\_CAT\\_\\_MON](#) 2  
*Serial interface that connects to the radio, MONITORING.*
- #define [RADIO\\_\\_INTERFACE\\_\\_BCD](#) 3  
*BCD interface that connects the radio.*
- #define [RADIO\\_\\_SENSE\\_\\_UPPER\\_\\_FLOOR](#) 1

*This bit is set if the radio PTT should be sensed from the upper floor.*

- `#define RADIO_SENSE_LOWER_FLOOR 2`  
*This bit is set if the radio PTT should be sensed from the lower floor.*
- `#define RADIO_SENSE_INVERTED 3`  
*This bit is set if the PTT sense input should be inverted, which means that PTT is active if it's low.*
- `#define RADIO_PTT_ACTIVE 1`  
*PTT Activate.*
- `#define RADIO_PTT_DEACTIVE 2`  
*PTT Deactivate.*
- `#define RADIO_SERIAL_RX_BUFFER_LENGTH 50`  
*Radio serial RX buffer length.*
- `#define RADIO_FLAG_RADIO_PTT 0`  
*Flag to indicate the radio PTT is active.*
- `#define RADIO_FLAG_AMP_PTT 1`  
*Flag to indicate the amp PTT is active.*
- `#define RADIO_FLAG_TX_ACTIVE 2`  
*Flag to indicate the box openASC has enabled a transmission (TX ACTIVE output).*
- `#define RADIO_SERIAL_BAUDRATE_1200 0`  
*Serial baudrate 1200 baud.*
- `#define RADIO_SERIAL_BAUDRATE_2400 1`  
*Serial baudrate 2400 baud.*
- `#define RADIO_SERIAL_BAUDRATE_4800 2`  
*Serial baudrate 4800 baud.*
- `#define RADIO_SERIAL_BAUDRATE_9600 3`  
*Serial baudrate 9600 baud.*
- `#define RADIO_SERIAL_BAUDRATE_14400 4`  
*Serial baudrate 14400 baud.*
- `#define RADIO_SERIAL_BAUDRATE_19200 5`  
*Serial baudrate 19200 baud.*
- `#define RADIO_SERIAL_BAUDRATE_28800 6`  
*Serial baudrate 28800 baud.*
- `#define RADIO_SERIAL_BAUDRATE_38400 7`  
*Serial baudrate 38400 baud.*



- #define `RADIO_SERIAL_BAUDRATE_57600` 8  
*Serial baudrate 57600 baud.*

## Functions

- void `radio_process_tasks` (void)  
*This function is called each lap in the main loop and we can use this to process certain tasks.*
- void `radio_interface_init` (void)  
*Initialize the radio interface.*
- unsigned int `radio_get_current_freq` (void)
- unsigned char `radio_get_current_band` (void)  
*Retrieve the current band from the radio.*
- void `radio_set_current_band` (unsigned char band)
- void `radio_ptt` (unsigned char status)
- unsigned char `radio_get_band_portion` (void)
- unsigned char `radio_poll_status` (void)  
*Polls the status of the radio and saves it into the radio\_status structure.*
- void `radio_ptt_active` (void)  
*Activate the radio PTT.*
- void `radio_ptt_deactive` (void)  
*Deactivate the radio PTT.*
- void `radio_amp_ptt_active` (void)  
*Activate PTT amp.*
- void `radio_amp_ptt_deactive` (void)  
*Deactivate PTT amp.*
- void `radio_inhibit_low` (void)  
*Set the inhibit signal to low.*
- void `radio_inhibit_high` (void)  
*Set the inhibit signal to high.*
- unsigned char `radio_freq_to_band` (unsigned int freq)  
*Convert a radio frequency (integer) to band data.*
- void `radio_interface_set_model` (unsigned char model)  
*Set which radio model is used, saves it in the radio\_settings struct.*
- void `radio_interface_set_interface` (unsigned char interface\_type)  
*Set which radio interface is used, saves it in the radio\_settings struct.*

- void [radio\\_interface\\_set\\_baudrate](#) (unsigned char baudrate)  
*Set which baudrate setting is used, saves it in the radio\_settings struct.*
- void [radio\\_interface\\_set\\_stopbits](#) (unsigned char stopbits)  
*Set which number of stopbits should be used, saves it in the radio\_settings struct.*
- void [radio\\_interface\\_set\\_civ\\_addr](#) (unsigned char civ)  
*Set which CI-V address the radio has got, saves it in the radio\_settings struct.*
- void [radio\\_interface\\_set\\_ptt\\_input](#) (unsigned char ptt\_input)  
*Set which PTT input that is used, saves it in the radio\_settings struct.*
- void [radio\\_interface\\_set\\_poll\\_interval](#) (unsigned char poll\_interval)  
*Set the poll intervall for the radio band decoding, saves it in the radio\_settings struct.*
- unsigned char [radio\\_interface\\_get\\_model](#) (void)  
*Get which radio model is used.*
- unsigned char [radio\\_interface\\_get\\_interface](#) (void)  
*Get which radio interface is used.*
- unsigned char [radio\\_interface\\_get\\_baudrate](#) (void)  
*Get which baudrate setting is used.*
- unsigned char [radio\\_interface\\_get\\_stopbits](#) (void)  
*Get which number of stopbits should be used.*
- unsigned char [radio\\_interface\\_get\\_civ\\_addr](#) (void)  
*Get which CI-V address the radio has got.*
- unsigned char [radio\\_interface\\_get\\_ptt\\_input](#) (void)  
*Get which PTT input that is used.*
- unsigned char [radio\\_interface\\_get\\_poll\\_interval](#) (void)  
*Get the poll intervall for the radio band decoding.*
- void [radio\\_interface\\_load\\_eeprom](#) (void)  
*This function will load data from the eeprom to the radio\_settings struct.*
- void [radio\\_tx\\_active](#) (void)  
*Set the TX ACTIVE output to high.*
- void [radio\\_tx\\_deactive](#) (void)  
*Set the TX ACTIVE output to high.*
- unsigned char [radio\\_get\\_ptt\\_status](#) (void)  
*Retrieve the ptt status, defines can be found in [radio\\_interface.h](#).*
- unsigned char [radio\\_get\\_cat\\_status](#) (void)
- void [radio\\_communicaton\\_timeout](#) (void)

### 6.66.1 Detailed Description

Radio interface, such as PTT AMP, PTT Radio, CAT etc.

**Author:**

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/radio_interface.h "
```

Definition in file [radio\\_interface.h](#).

### 6.66.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.66.2.1 void radio\_communicaton\_timeout (void)

This function should be called if an timeout has ocured on the serial communication. This function will then reset the pointers used for the CAT decoding

Definition at line 415 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_status::box\_sent\_request, radio\_serial\_rx\_buffer, and radio\_serial\_rx\_buffer\_start.

Referenced by ISR().

#### 6.66.2.2 unsigned char radio\_freq\_to\_band (unsigned int *freq*)

Convert a radio frequency (integer) to band data.

**Parameters:**

*freq* The frequency as integer

**Returns:**

The band of the frequency sent in as parameter. If band not found then it returns BAND\_UNDEFINED

Definition at line 315 of file radio\_interface.c.

References band\_ctrl\_get\_high\_portion\_high(), and band\_ctrl\_get\_low\_portion\_low().

Referenced by radio\_process\_tasks().

#### 6.66.2.3 unsigned char radio\_get\_band\_portion (void)

Get the portion of the band the radio is on.

**Returns:**

Return BAND\_HIGH if it's in the higher portion of the band, BAND\_LOW if it's the lower portion. If neither then it returns BAND\_UNDEFINED

Definition at line 180 of file radio\_interface.c.

References band\_ctrl\_get\_high\_portion\_high(), band\_ctrl\_get\_high\_portion\_low(), band\_ctrl\_get\_low\_portion\_high(), band\_ctrl\_get\_low\_portion\_low(), struct\_radio\_status::current\_band, and struct\_radio\_status::current\_freq.

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_get\_portion(), display\_update\_radio\_freq(), and main().

#### 6.66.2.4 unsigned char radio\_get\_cat\_status (void)

This function will tell us if the openASC box has sent any request to the radio

##### Returns:

1 if a request has been sent, 0 otherwise

Definition at line 423 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_status::box\_sent\_request.

Referenced by ISR().

#### 6.66.2.5 unsigned char radio\_get\_current\_band (void)

Retrieve the current band from the radio.

##### Returns:

The radios band

Definition at line 120 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_status::current\_band.

Referenced by event\_internal\_comm\_parse\_message(), and main().

#### 6.66.2.6 unsigned int radio\_get\_current\_freq (void)

Retrieve the frequency from the radio. If it's configured for BCD it just retrieves the freq band  
The frequency is returned as an integer so for example 21350 means 21 MHz and 350 kHz.

##### Returns:

The frequency as an integer, max freq 65536

Definition at line 113 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_status::current\_freq.

Referenced by display\_update\_radio\_freq().

#### 6.66.2.7 unsigned char radio\_interface\_get\_baudrate (void)

Get which baudrate setting is used.

##### Returns:

Which baudrate setting is used

Definition at line 380 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_settings::baudrate.

#### 6.66.2.8 unsigned char radio\_interface\_get\_civ\_addr (void)

Get which CI-V address the radio has got.

##### Returns:

The CI-V address

Definition at line 392 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_settings::civ\_addr.

#### 6.66.2.9 unsigned char radio\_interface\_get\_interface (void)

Get which radio interface is used.

##### Returns:

The interface type

Definition at line 374 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_settings::interface\_type.

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_get\_portion(), display\_update\_radio\_freq(), event\_aux2\_button\_pressed(), and main().

#### 6.66.2.10 unsigned char radio\_interface\_get\_model (void)

Get which radio model is used.

##### Returns:

The radio model

Definition at line 368 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_settings::radio\_model.

#### 6.66.2.11 unsigned char radio\_interface\_get\_poll\_interval (void)

Get the poll interval for the radio band decoding.

##### Returns:

The poll interval in ms/10

Definition at line 404 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_settings::poll\_interval.

Referenced by ISR().

**6.66.2.12 unsigned char radio\_\_interface\_\_get\_\_ptt\_\_input (void)**

Get which PTT input that is used.

**Returns:**

Which PTT input that is used

Definition at line 398 of file radio\_\_interface.c.

References struct\_\_radio\_\_settings::ptt\_\_input.

**6.66.2.13 unsigned char radio\_\_interface\_\_get\_\_stopbits (void)**

Get which number of stopbits should be used.

**Returns:**

The number of stopbits that are used to interface the radio

Definition at line 386 of file radio\_\_interface.c.

References struct\_\_radio\_\_settings::stopbits.

**6.66.2.14 void radio\_\_interface\_\_set\_\_baudrate (unsigned char *baudrate*)**

Set which baudrate setting is used, saves it in the radio\_\_settings struct.

**Parameters:**

*baudrate* Which baudrate setting to use

Definition at line 338 of file radio\_\_interface.c.

References struct\_\_radio\_\_settings::baudrate.

**6.66.2.15 void radio\_\_interface\_\_set\_\_civ\_\_addr (unsigned char *civ*)**

Set which CI-V address the radio has got, saves it in the radio\_\_settings struct.

**Parameters:**

*civ* The CI-V address

Definition at line 350 of file radio\_\_interface.c.

References struct\_\_radio\_\_settings::civ\_\_addr.

**6.66.2.16 void radio\_\_interface\_\_set\_\_interface (unsigned char *interface\_\_type*)**

Set which radio interface is used, saves it in the radio\_\_settings struct.

**Parameters:**

*interface\_\_type* The interface type

Definition at line 332 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_settings::interface\_type.

#### 6.66.2.17 void radio\_interface\_set\_model (unsigned char *model*)

Set which radio model is used, saves it in the radio\_settings struct.

##### Parameters:

*model* The radio model

Definition at line 326 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_settings::radio\_model.

#### 6.66.2.18 void radio\_interface\_set\_poll\_interval (unsigned char *poll\_interval*)

Set the poll intervall for the radio band decoding, saves it in the radio\_settings struct.

##### Parameters:

*poll\_interval* The poll interval in ms/10

Definition at line 362 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_settings::poll\_interval.

#### 6.66.2.19 void radio\_interface\_set\_ptt\_input (unsigned char *ptt\_input*)

Set which PTT input that is used, saves it in the radio\_settings struct.

##### Parameters:

*ptt\_input* Which PTT input that is used

Definition at line 356 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_settings::ptt\_input.

#### 6.66.2.20 void radio\_interface\_set\_stopbits (unsigned char *stopbits*)

Set which number of stopbits should be used, saves it in the radio\_settings struct.

##### Parameters:

*stopbits* The number of stopbits that are used to interface the radio

Definition at line 344 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_settings::stopbits.

#### 6.66.2.21 unsigned char radio\_poll\_status (void)

Polls the status of the radio and saves it into the radio\_status structure.

##### Returns:

0 if the poll went OK and 1 if it didn't

Definition at line 205 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_settings::civ\_addr, display\_update\_radio\_freq(), INHIBIT\_NOT\_OK\_TO\_SEND\_RADIO\_TX, INT\_COMM\_GET\_BAND\_BCD\_STATUS, struct\_radio\_settings::interface\_type, internal\_comm\_add\_tx\_message(), main\_get\_inhibit\_state(), RADIO\_INTERFACE\_BCD, RADIO\_INTERFACE\_CAT\_MON, RADIO\_INTERFACE\_CAT\_POLL, struct\_radio\_settings::radio\_model, RADIO\_MODEL\_ICOM, and usart3\_transmit().

Referenced by main().

#### 6.66.2.22 void radio\_set\_current\_band (unsigned char *band*)

Set the current band

##### Parameters:

*band* The band we wish to set

Definition at line 191 of file radio\_interface.c.

References struct\_radio\_status::current\_band.

Referenced by event\_internal\_comm\_parse\_message().



## 6.67 front\_panel/remote\_control.c File Reference

Remote control of the openASC box.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "event_handler.h"
#include "remote_control.h"
```

### Defines

- #define [FLAG\\_REMOTE\\_CONTROL\\_MODE\\_ACTIVE](#) 0  
*Flag that the remote control is active.*

### Functions

- void [remote\\_control\\_activate\\_remote\\_mode](#) (void)  
*Activate the remote control mode.*
- void [remote\\_control\\_deactivate\\_remote\\_mode](#) (void)  
*Deactivate the remote control mode.*
- unsigned char [remote\\_control\\_get\\_remote\\_mode](#) (void)  
*Get the current remote control mode.*
- void [remote\\_control\\_parse\\_button](#) (unsigned char button)  
*Parse a button press event, will perform an action depending on which button we wish to press.*
- void [remote\\_control\\_parse\\_command](#) (unsigned char command, unsigned char length, char \*data)  
*Parse a remote control command and perform the proper action.*

### Variables

- unsigned char [remote\\_control\\_flags](#)  
*Flags used in the remote control.*

#### 6.67.1 Detailed Description

Remote control of the openASC box.

**Author:**

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/remote_control.c"
```

Definition in file [remote\\_control.c](#).

## 6.67.2 Function Documentation

### 6.67.2.1 unsigned char remote\_control\_get\_remote\_mode (void)

Get the current remote control mode.

**Returns:**

1 if remote mode is active, 0 if it is not active

Definition at line 50 of file remote\_control.c.

References FLAG\_REMOTE\_CONTROL\_MODE\_ACTIVE, and remote\_control\_flags.

### 6.67.2.2 void remote\_control\_parse\_button (unsigned char *button*)

Parse a button press event, will perform an action depending on which button we wish to press.

**Parameters:**

*button* The button we wish to press

Definition at line 56 of file remote\_control.c.

Referenced by remote\_control\_parse\_command().

### 6.67.2.3 void remote\_control\_parse\_command (unsigned char *command*, unsigned char *length*, char \* *data*)

Parse a remote control command and perform the proper action.

**Parameters:**

*command* The command we wish to parse

*length* The length of the data

*data* The data content

Definition at line 67 of file remote\_control.c.

References REMOTE\_CONTROL\_ACTIVATE\_MODE, remote\_control\_activate\_remote\_mode(), REMOTE\_CONTROL\_BUTTON\_PRESSED, REMOTE\_CONTROL\_DEACTIVATE\_MODE, remote\_control\_deactivate\_remote\_mode(), and remote\_control\_parse\_button().

Referenced by event\_internal\_comm\_parse\_message().

## 6.68 front\_panel/remote\_control.h File Reference

Remote control of the openASC box.

### Defines

- `#define REMOTE_CONTROL_ACTIVATE_MODE 0x01`  
*Command to activate the remote control mode.*
- `#define REMOTE_CONTROL_DEACTIVATE_MODE 0x02`  
*Command to deactivate the remote control mode.*
- `#define REMOTE_CONTROL_BUTTON_PRESSED 0x10`  
*A button should be pressed.*
- `#define REMOTE_CONTROL_RX_ANT_TEXT 0x11`  
*Command for sending rx antenna button texts.*

### Functions

- `void remote_control_activate_remote_mode (void)`  
*Activate the remote control mode.*
- `void remote_control_deactivate_remote_mode (void)`  
*Deactivate the remote control mode.*
- `unsigned char remote_control_get_remote_mode (void)`  
*Get the current remote control mode.*
- `void remote_control_parse_command (unsigned char command, unsigned char length, char *data)`  
*Parse a remote control command and perform the proper action.*
- `void remote_control_parse_button (unsigned char button)`  
*Parse a button press event, will perform an action depending on which button we wish to press.*

### 6.68.1 Detailed Description

Remote control of the openASC box.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/remote_control.h"
```

Definition in file [remote\\_control.h](#).

## 6.68.2 Function Documentation

### 6.68.2.1 unsigned char remote\_control\_get\_remote\_mode (void)

Get the current remote control mode.

**Returns:**

1 if remote mode is active, 0 if it is not active

Definition at line 50 of file remote\_control.c.

References FLAG\_REMOTE\_CONTROL\_MODE\_ACTIVE, and remote\_control\_flags.

### 6.68.2.2 void remote\_control\_parse\_button (unsigned char *button*)

Parse a button press event, will perform an action depending on which button we wish to press.

**Parameters:**

*button* The button we wish to press

Definition at line 56 of file remote\_control.c.

Referenced by remote\_control\_parse\_command().

### 6.68.2.3 void remote\_control\_parse\_command (unsigned char *command*, unsigned char *length*, char \* *data*)

Parse a remote control command and perform the proper action.

**Parameters:**

*command* The command we wish to parse

*length* The length of the data

*data* The data content

Definition at line 67 of file remote\_control.c.

References REMOTE\_CONTROL\_ACTIVATE\_MODE, remote\_control\_activate\_remote\_mode(), REMOTE\_CONTROL\_BUTTON\_PRESSED, REMOTE\_CONTROL\_DEACTIVATE\_MODE, remote\_control\_deactivate\_remote\_mode(), and remote\_control\_parse\_button().

Referenced by event\_internal\_comm\_parse\_message().

## 6.69 front\_panel/rotary\_encoder.c File Reference

Rotary encoder functions.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include "board.h"
#include "rotary_encoder.h"
```

### Functions

- unsigned char [poll\\_encoder\\_state](#) (void)  
*Poll the rotary encoder pin states.*
- int [rotary\\_encoder\\_poll](#) (void)  
*Poll the rotary encoder.*

### Variables

- unsigned char [encoder\\_last\\_state](#) = 0  
*The last state of the encoder.*
- unsigned char [encoder\\_current\\_state](#) = 0  
*The current state of the encoder.*

### 6.69.1 Detailed Description

Rotary encoder functions.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/rotary_encoder.c"
```

Definition in file [rotary\\_encoder.c](#).

### 6.69.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.69.2.1 unsigned char poll\_encoder\_state (void)

Poll the rotary encoder pin states.

**Returns:**

The state of the rotary encoder pins

Definition at line 38 of file rotary\_encoder.c.

References PULSE\_SENSOR\_BIT1, and PULSE\_SENSOR\_BIT2.

Referenced by rotary\_encoder\_poll().

**6.69.2.2 int rotary\_encoder\_poll (void)**

Poll the rotary encoder.

**Returns:**

Returns 0 if nothing happened, -1 if rotary CCW and 1 if CW

Definition at line 44 of file rotary\_encoder.c.

References encoder\_current\_state, encoder\_last\_state, and poll\_encoder\_state().

Referenced by main().

## 6.70 `front_panel/rotary_encoder.h` File Reference

Rotary encoder functions.

### Functions

- int `rotary_encoder_poll` (void)  
*Poll the rotary encoder.*

### 6.70.1 Detailed Description

Rotary encoder functions.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/rotary_encoder.h"
```

Definition in file `rotary_encoder.h`.

### 6.70.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.70.2.1 `int rotary_encoder_poll` (void)

Poll the rotary encoder.

#### Returns:

Returns 0 if nothing happened, -1 if rotary CCW and 1 if CW

Definition at line 44 of file `rotary_encoder.c`.

References `encoder_current_state`, `encoder_last_state`, and `poll_encoder_state()`.

Referenced by `main()`.

## 6.71 front\_panel/sequencer.c File Reference

Sequencer.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include "radio_interface.h"
#include "sequencer.h"
#include "main.h"
#include "led_control.h"
#include "usart.h"
#include "../global.h"
#include "../event_queue.h"
#include "antenna_ctrl.h"
#include "eeprom.h"
```

### Defines

- `#define PTT_ACTIVE_FOOTSWITCH 0`  
*The footswitch PTT input is active.*
- `#define PTT_ACTIVE_RADIO_SENSE 1`  
*The radio sense PTT input is active.*
- `#define PTT_ACTIVE_COMPUTER_RTS 2`  
*The computer PTT input is active.*

### Functions

- unsigned char `sequencer_get_ptt_active` (void)  
*Retrieve which PTT inputs that are currently active, defines above.*
- void `sequencer_load_eeprom` (void)  
*This function will load data from the eeprom to the ptt\_sequencer struct.*
- void `sequencer_footsw_pressed` (void)  
*Function to be called if the footswitch is pressed.*
- void `sequencer_footsw_released` (void)  
*Function to be called if the footswitch is released.*



- void [sequencer\\_computer\\_rts\\_activated](#) (void)  
*Function to be called if the computer rts is activated.*
- void [sequencer\\_computer\\_rts\\_deactivated](#) (void)  
*Function to be called if the computer rts is deactivated.*
- void [sequencer\\_radio\\_sense\\_activated](#) (void)  
*Function to be called if the radio sense input is activated.*
- void [sequencer\\_radio\\_sense\\_deactivated](#) (void)  
*Function to be called if the radio sense input is deactivated.*
- unsigned char [sequencer\\_get\\_rts\\_polarity](#) ()  
*Retrieve the polarity of the Computer RTS signal.*
- unsigned char [sequencer\\_get\\_sense\\_polarity](#) ()  
*Retrieve the polarity of the radio sense signal.*
- unsigned char [sequencer\\_ptt\\_active](#) (void)  
*Will return if the PTT is active or not.*
- unsigned char [sequencer\\_get\\_radio\\_sense](#) (void)  
*Retrieve if the radio sense should be sensed from upper floor or bottom.*

## Variables

- unsigned char [ptt\\_active](#) = 0  
*The status of the PTT, see defines above.*
- [struct\\_ptt](#) [ptt\\_sequencer](#)  
*PTT sequencer data.*

### 6.71.1 Detailed Description

Sequencer.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/sequencer.c"
```

Definition in file [sequencer.c](#).

## 6.71.2 Function Documentation

### 6.71.2.1 unsigned char sequencer\_get\_radio\_sense (void)

Retrieve if the radio sense should be sensed from upper floor or bottom.

**Returns:**

0 if lower floor, 1 if upper floor

Definition at line 231 of file sequencer.c.

References struct\_ptt::ptt\_input, and PTT\_INPUT\_RADIO\_SENSE\_UP.

Referenced by event\_parse\_ext\_event().

### 6.71.2.2 unsigned char sequencer\_get\_rts\_polarity (void)

Retrieve the polarity of the Computer RTS signal.

**Returns:**

1 if the polarity is active low (inverted), 0 otherwise

Definition at line 210 of file sequencer.c.

References struct\_ptt::ptt\_input, and PTT\_INPUT\_INVERTED\_COMPUTER\_RTS.

Referenced by event\_parse\_ext\_event().

### 6.71.2.3 unsigned char sequencer\_get\_sense\_polarity (void)

Retrieve the polarity of the radio sense signal.

**Returns:**

1 if the polarity is active low (inverted), 0 otherwise

Definition at line 219 of file sequencer.c.

References struct\_ptt::ptt\_input, and PTT\_INPUT\_INVERTED\_RADIO\_SENSE.

Referenced by event\_parse\_ext\_event().

### 6.71.2.4 unsigned char sequencer\_ptt\_active (void)

Will return if the PTT is active or not.

**Returns:**

The state of the ptt\_active variable, 0 if nothing is PTTing the radio

Definition at line 225 of file sequencer.c.

References ptt\_active.

## 6.72 front\_\_panel/sequencer.h File Reference

Sequencer.

### Classes

- struct [struct\\_ptt\\_sequencer](#)  
*All the delays are divided with 10 so 100 is really 1000 ms which makes the maximum delay 2550 ms.*
- struct [struct\\_ptt](#)  
*PTT Sequencer struct.*

### Defines

- [#define SEQUENCER\\_EVENT\\_TYPE\\_PTT\\_TX\\_ACTIVE\\_ON](#) 1  
*Event that the radio should be PTT:ed from footswitch.*
- [#define SEQUENCER\\_EVENT\\_TYPE\\_PTT\\_INHIBIT\\_ON](#) 2  
*Event that the inhibit output should be on.*
- [#define SEQUENCER\\_EVENT\\_TYPE\\_PTT\\_RADIO\\_ON](#) 3  
*Event that the radio should be PTT:ed from footswitch.*
- [#define SEQUENCER\\_EVENT\\_TYPE\\_PTT\\_AMP\\_ON](#) 4  
*Event that the amp should be PTT:ed from footswitch.*
- [#define SEQUENCER\\_EVENT\\_TYPE\\_PTT\\_TX\\_ACTIVE\\_OFF](#) 5  
*Event that the inhibit should be activated from footswitch.*
- [#define SEQUENCER\\_EVENT\\_TYPE\\_PTT\\_INHIBIT\\_OFF](#) 6  
*Event that the TX active output should be off.*
- [#define SEQUENCER\\_EVENT\\_TYPE\\_PTT\\_RADIO\\_OFF](#) 7  
*Event that the radio should be deactivated from footswitch.*
- [#define SEQUENCER\\_EVENT\\_TYPE\\_PTT\\_AMP\\_OFF](#) 8  
*Event that the amp should be deactivated from footswitch.*
- [#define SEQUENCER\\_EVENT\\_TYPE\\_PTT\\_INHIBIT\\_OFF](#) 9  
*Event that the TX active output should be off.*
- [#define PTT\\_INPUT\\_FOOTSWITCH](#) 0  
*Flag bit offset for the footswitch.*
- [#define PTT\\_INPUT\\_RADIO\\_SENSE\\_UP](#) 1  
*Flag bit offset for the radio sense on the upper floor.*

- `#define PTT_INPUT_RADIO_SENSE_LO 2`  
*Flag bit offset for the radio sense on the lower floor.*
- `#define PTT_INPUT_COMPUTER_RTS 3`  
*Flag bit offset for the COMPUTER RTS signal.*
- `#define PTT_INPUT_INVERTED_RADIO_SENSE 4`  
*Flag bit offset for an inverted radio sense signal.*
- `#define PTT_INPUT_INVERTED_COMPUTER_RTS 5`  
*Flag bit offset for an inverted computer rts signal.*
- `#define PTT_INPUT_INHIBIT_POLARITY 6`  
*Flag bit offset for the inhibit polarity.*
- `#define SEQUENCER_PTT_RADIO_ENABLED 0`  
*Sequencer enabled for RADIO.*
- `#define SEQUENCER_PTT_AMP_ENABLED 1`  
*Sequencer enabled for AMP.*
- `#define SEQUENCER_PTT_INHIBIT_ENABLED 2`  
*Sequencer enabled for INHIBIT.*

## Functions

- unsigned char `sequencer_get_ptt_active` (void)  
*Retrieve which PTT inputs that are currently active, defines above.*
- void `sequencer_load_eeprom` (void)  
*This function will load data from the eeprom to the ptt\_sequencer struct.*
- void `sequencer_footsw_pressed` (void)  
*Function to be called if the footswitch is pressed.*
- void `sequencer_footsw_released` (void)  
*Function to be called if the footswitch is released.*
- void `sequencer_computer_rts_activated` (void)  
*Function to be called if the computer rts is activated.*
- void `sequencer_computer_rts_deactivated` (void)  
*Function to be called if the computer rts is deactivated.*
- void `sequencer_radio_sense_activated` (void)  
*Function to be called if the radio sense input is activated.*
- void `sequencer_radio_sense_deactivated` (void)

*Function to be called if the radio sense input is deactivated.*

- unsigned char [sequencer\\_get\\_rts\\_polarity](#) (void)

*Retrieve the polarity of the Computer RTS signal.*

- unsigned char [sequencer\\_get\\_sense\\_polarity](#) (void)

*Retrieve the polarity of the radio sense signal.*

- unsigned char [sequencer\\_ptt\\_active](#) (void)

*Will return if the PTT is active or not.*

- unsigned char [sequencer\\_get\\_radio\\_sense](#) (void)

*Retrieve if the radio sense should be sensed from upper floor or bottom.*

## 6.72.1 Detailed Description

Sequencer.

### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/sequencer.h"
```

Definition in file [sequencer.h](#).

## 6.72.2 Define Documentation

### 6.72.2.1 `#define SEQUENCER_EVENT_TYPE_PTT_INHIBIT_OFF 9`

Event that the TX active output should be off.

Event that the inhibit should be deactivated from footswitch.

Definition at line 47 of file sequencer.h.

### 6.72.2.2 `#define SEQUENCER_EVENT_TYPE_PTT_INHIBIT_OFF 6`

Event that the TX active output should be off.

Event that the inhibit should be deactivated from footswitch.

Definition at line 47 of file sequencer.h.

Referenced by `sequencer_computer_rts_deactivated()`, and `sequencer_footsw_released()`.

### 6.72.2.3 `#define SEQUENCER_EVENT_TYPE_PTT_TX_ACTIVE_ON 1`

Event that the radio should be PTT'ed from footswitch.

Sequencer message types, this is used to we can keep track of different messages in the event queue. So if an event is aborted we can easily just remove the upcoming events from the queue, that doesn't need to be executed

Definition at line 31 of file sequencer.h.

Referenced by `sequencer_computer_rts_activated()`, `sequencer_computer_rts_deactivated()`, `sequencer_footsw_pressed()`, and `sequencer_footsw_released()`.

## 6.72.3 Function Documentation

### 6.72.3.1 `unsigned char sequencer_get_radio_sense (void)`

Retrieve if the radio sense should be sensed from upper floor or bottom.

#### Returns:

0 if lower floor, 1 if upper floor

Definition at line 231 of file sequencer.c.

References `struct_ptt::ptt_input`, and `PTT_INPUT_RADIO_SENSE_UP`.

Referenced by `event_parse_ext_event()`.

### 6.72.3.2 `unsigned char sequencer_get_rts_polarity (void)`

Retrieve the polarity of the Computer RTS signal.

#### Returns:

1 if the polarity is active low (inverted), 0 otherwise

Definition at line 210 of file sequencer.c.

References `struct_ptt::ptt_input`, and `PTT_INPUT_INVERTED_COMPUTER_RTS`.

Referenced by `event_parse_ext_event()`.

### 6.72.3.3 `unsigned char sequencer_get_sense_polarity (void)`

Retrieve the polarity of the radio sense signal.

#### Returns:

1 if the polarity is active low (inverted), 0 otherwise

Definition at line 219 of file sequencer.c.

References `struct_ptt::ptt_input`, and `PTT_INPUT_INVERTED_RADIO_SENSE`.

Referenced by `event_parse_ext_event()`.

**6.72.3.4 unsigned char sequencer\_ptt\_active (void)**

Will return if the PTT is active or not.

**Returns:**

The state of the ptt\_active variable, 0 if nothing is PTTing the radio

Definition at line 225 of file sequencer.c.

References ptt\_active.

## 6.73 front\_panel/sub\_menu.c File Reference

Antenna sub menu functions.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "sub_menu.h"
#include "antenna_ctrl.h"
#include "main.h"
#include "eeprom.h"
#include "band_ctrl.h"
#include "../global.h"
#include "../internal_comm.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_rx_queue.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_tx_queue.h"
#include "../wmv_bus/bus_commands.h"
```

### Functions

- void [sub\\_menu\\_load](#) (unsigned char band\_index)  
*Load a set of sub menu from the EEPROM for a specific band.*
- unsigned char \* [sub\\_menu\\_get\\_text](#) (unsigned char ant\_index, unsigned char pos)  
*Get the text for the sub menu.*
- unsigned char [sub\\_menu\\_get\\_current\\_pos](#) (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*Get the current position of the sub menu cursor.*
- void [sub\\_menu\\_set\\_current\\_pos](#) (unsigned char ant\_index, unsigned char new\_pos)  
*Set the current sub menu option.*
- unsigned char [sub\\_menu\\_get\\_count](#) (void)  
*Get the number of antennas which has got a sub menu configured.*
- unsigned char [sub\\_menu\\_get\\_type](#) (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*Get the sub menu type of an antenna.*
- void [sub\\_menu\\_pos\\_down](#) (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*This function should be called when we wish to decrease the selected sub menu option.*
- void [sub\\_menu\\_pos\\_up](#) (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*This function should be called when we wish to increase the selected sub menu option.*



- void `sub_menu_send_data_to_bus` (unsigned char ant\_index, unsigned char pos)  
*Send the output string for the sub menu position to the bus.*
- void `sub_menu_deactivate_all` (void)  
*Will deactivate all currently selected outputs which has been sent out on the bus.*
- void `sub_menu_activate_all` (void)  
*This function will go through the sub menus and if there is one configured it will activate its default option which is index 0.*

## Variables

- struct `sub_menu_array` `current_sub_menu_array` [4]  
*Current sub menu array.*
- unsigned char `curr_option_selected` [4] = {0,0,0,0}  
*Which option is currently selected of the sub menu options.*
- unsigned char `current_activated_sub_outputs` [4][SUB\_MENU\_ARRAY\_STR\_SIZE]  
*Array which we store the current devices which we have activated antenna outputs on.*
- unsigned char `current_activated_sub_outputs_length` [4] = {0,0,0,0}  
*How many devices we have activated antenna outputs on.*

### 6.73.1 Detailed Description

Antenna sub menu functions.

Antenna sub menu functions

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-04-28

```
#include "front_panel/sub_menu.c"
```

Definition in file `sub_menu.c`.

### 6.73.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.73.2.1 unsigned char sub\_menu\_get\_count (void)

Get the number of antennas which has got a sub menu configured.

**Returns:**

The number of antennas which has got sub menus, (0-4)

Definition at line 101 of file sub\_menu.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_get\_sub\_menu\_type(), and SUBMENU\_NONE.

Referenced by event\_sub\_button\_pressed().

**6.73.2.2 unsigned char sub\_menu\_get\_current\_pos (unsigned char *ant\_index*)**

Get the current position of the sub menu cursor.

**Parameters:**

*ant\_index* The antenna index, (0-3)

**Returns:**

The cursor position of the sub menu

Definition at line 88 of file sub\_menu.c.

References curr\_option\_selected.

Referenced by display\_rotator\_directions(), display\_show\_sub\_menu(), main(), sub\_menu\_pos\_down(), and sub\_menu\_pos\_up().

**6.73.2.3 unsigned char\* sub\_menu\_get\_text (unsigned char *ant\_index*, unsigned char *pos*)**

Get the text for the sub menu.

**Parameters:**

*ant\_index* The antenna index we wish to get the antenna text for

*pos* Which sub menu position to show

**Returns:**

Returns the text of the sub menu antenna index

Definition at line 77 of file sub\_menu.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_get\_sub\_menu\_type(), and SUBMENU\_VERT\_ARRAY.

Referenced by display\_rotator\_directions(), and display\_show\_sub\_menu().

**6.73.2.4 unsigned char sub\_menu\_get\_type (unsigned char *ant\_index*)**

Get the sub menu type of an antenna.

**Parameters:**

*ant\_index* The antenna we wish to get the sub menu type of, (0-3)

**Returns:**

The sub meny type of the antenna

Definition at line 114 of file sub\_menu.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_get\_sub\_menu\_type().

Referenced by event\_pulse\_sensor\_down(), event\_pulse\_sensor\_up(), sub\_menu\_pos\_down(), and sub\_menu\_pos\_up().

**6.73.2.5 void sub\_menu\_load (unsigned char *band\_index*)**

Load a set of sub menu from the EEPROM for a specific band.

**Parameters:**

*band\_index* Which we band

Definition at line 60 of file sub\_menu.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_get\_sub\_menu\_type(), curr\_option\_selected, eeprom\_get\_ant\_sub\_menu\_array\_structure(), and SUBMENU\_VERT\_ARRAY.

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_load\_band().

**6.73.2.6 void sub\_menu\_pos\_down (unsigned char *ant\_index*)**

This function should be called when we wish to decrease the selected sub menu option.

**Parameters:**

*ant\_index* Which antenna we wish to decrease the sub menu position of

Definition at line 120 of file sub\_menu.c.

References sub\_menu\_get\_current\_pos(), sub\_menu\_get\_type(), sub\_menu\_set\_current\_pos(), and SUBMENU\_VERT\_ARRAY.

Referenced by event\_pulse\_sensor\_down().

**6.73.2.7 void sub\_menu\_pos\_up (unsigned char *ant\_index*)**

This function should be called when we wish to increase the selected sub menu option.

**Parameters:**

*ant\_index* Which antenna we wish to increase the sub menu position of

Definition at line 131 of file sub\_menu.c.

References sub\_menu\_get\_current\_pos(), sub\_menu\_get\_type(), sub\_menu\_set\_current\_pos(), and SUBMENU\_VERT\_ARRAY.

Referenced by event\_pulse\_sensor\_up().

### 6.73.2.8 void sub\_menu\_send\_data\_to\_bus (unsigned char *ant\_index*, unsigned char *pos*)

Send the output string for the sub menu position to the bus.

#### Parameters:

***ant\_index*** The index of the antenna you wish to send the string of

***pos*** The sub menu position we wish to send the output str of

Definition at line 144 of file sub\_menu.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_outputs(), bus\_add\_tx\_message(), BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_ACTIVATE\_SUBMENU\_ANT1\_OUTPUT, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_ACTIVATE\_SUBMENU\_ANT2\_OUTPUT, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_ACTIVATE\_SUBMENU\_ANT3\_OUTPUT, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_ACTIVATE\_SUBMENU\_ANT4\_OUTPUT, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_ALL\_SUBMENU\_ANT1\_OUTPUTS, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_ALL\_SUBMENU\_ANT2\_OUTPUTS, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_ALL\_SUBMENU\_ANT3\_OUTPUTS, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_ALL\_SUBMENU\_ANT4\_OUTPUTS, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_SUBMENU\_ANT1\_OUTPUT, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_SUBMENU\_ANT2\_OUTPUT, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_SUBMENU\_ANT3\_OUTPUT, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_SUBMENU\_ANT4\_OUTPUT, bus\_get\_address(), BUS\_MESSAGE\_FLAGS\_NEED\_ACK, current\_activated\_sub\_outputs, current\_activated\_sub\_outputs\_length, internal\_comm\_add\_tx\_message(), OUTPUT\_ADDR\_DELIMITER, struct\_sub\_menu\_array::output\_str\_dir, and struct\_sub\_menu\_array::output\_str\_dir\_length.

Referenced by main(), and sub\_menu\_activate\_all().

### 6.73.2.9 void sub\_menu\_set\_current\_pos (unsigned char *ant\_index*, unsigned char *new\_pos*)

Set the current sub menu option.

#### Parameters:

***ant\_index*** The antenna index (0-3)

***new\_pos*** The position we wish to chose

Definition at line 95 of file sub\_menu.c.

References curr\_option\_selected.

Referenced by sub\_menu\_pos\_down(), and sub\_menu\_pos\_up().

## 6.74 front\_panel/sub\_menu.h File Reference

Antenna sub menu functions.

```
#include "main.h"
```

### Classes

- struct `struct_sub_menu_array`  
*Struct of a sub menu with the type array.*

### Functions

- void `sub_menu_load` (unsigned char band\_index)  
*Load a set of sub menu from the EEPROM for a specific band.*
- unsigned char \* `sub_menu_get_text` (unsigned char ant\_index, unsigned char pos)  
*Get the text for the sub menu.*
- unsigned char `sub_menu_get_count` (void)  
*Get the number of antennas which has got a sub menu configured.*
- unsigned char `sub_menu_get_current_pos` (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*Get the current position of the sub menu cursor.*
- void `sub_menu_set_current_pos` (unsigned char ant\_index, unsigned char new\_pos)  
*Set the current sub menu option.*
- unsigned char `sub_menu_get_type` (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*Get the sub menu type of an antenna.*
- void `sub_menu_pos_down` (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*This function should be called when we wish to decrease the selected sub menu option.*
- void `sub_menu_pos_up` (unsigned char ant\_index)  
*This function should be called when we wish to increase the selected sub menu option.*
- void `sub_menu_send_data_to_bus` (unsigned char ant\_index, unsigned char pos)  
*Send the output string for the sub menu position to the bus.*
- void `sub_menu_deactivate_all` (void)  
*Will deactivate all currently selected outputs which has been sent out on the bus.*
- void `sub_menu_activate_all` (void)  
*This function will go through the sub menus and if there is one configured it will activate its default option which is index 0.*

### 6.74.1 Detailed Description

Antenna sub menu functions.

**Author:**

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-04-28

```
#include "front_panel/sub_menu.h"
```

Definition in file [sub\\_menu.h](#).

### 6.74.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.74.2.1 unsigned char sub\_menu\_get\_count (void)

Get the number of antennas which has got a sub menu configured.

**Returns:**

The number of antennas which has got sub menus, (0-4)

Definition at line 101 of file sub\_menu.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_get\_sub\_menu\_type(), and SUBMENU\_NONE.

Referenced by event\_sub\_button\_pressed().

#### 6.74.2.2 unsigned char sub\_menu\_get\_current\_pos (unsigned char *ant\_index*)

Get the current position of the sub menu cursor.

**Parameters:**

*ant\_index* The antenna index, (0-3)

**Returns:**

The cursor position of the sub menu

Definition at line 88 of file sub\_menu.c.

References curr\_option\_selected.

Referenced by display\_rotator\_directions(), display\_show\_sub\_menu(), main(), sub\_menu\_pos\_down(), and sub\_menu\_pos\_up().

#### 6.74.2.3 unsigned char\* sub\_menu\_get\_text (unsigned char *ant\_index*, unsigned char *pos*)

Get the text for the sub menu.

**Parameters:**

*ant\_index* The antenna index we wish to get the antenna text for  
*pos* Which sub menu position to show

**Returns:**

Returns the text of the sub menu antenna index

Definition at line 77 of file sub\_menu.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_get\_sub\_menu\_type(), and SUBMENU\_VERT\_ARRAY.

Referenced by display\_rotator\_directions(), and display\_show\_sub\_menu().

**6.74.2.4 unsigned char sub\_menu\_get\_type (unsigned char *ant\_index*)**

Get the sub menu type of an antenna.

**Parameters:**

*ant\_index* The antenna we wish to get the sub menu type of, (0-3)

**Returns:**

The sub meny type of the antenna

Definition at line 114 of file sub\_menu.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_get\_sub\_menu\_type().

Referenced by event\_pulse\_sensor\_down(), event\_pulse\_sensor\_up(), sub\_menu\_pos\_down(), and sub\_menu\_pos\_up().

**6.74.2.5 void sub\_menu\_load (unsigned char *band\_index*)**

Load a set of sub menu from the EEPROM for a specific band.

**Parameters:**

*band\_index* Which we band

Definition at line 60 of file sub\_menu.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_get\_sub\_menu\_type(), curr\_option\_selected, eeprom\_get\_ant\_sub\_menu\_array\_structure(), and SUBMENU\_VERT\_ARRAY.

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_load\_band().

**6.74.2.6 void sub\_menu\_pos\_down (unsigned char *ant\_index*)**

This function should be called when we wish to decrease the selected sub menu option.

**Parameters:**

*ant\_index* Which antenna we wish to decrease the sub menu position of

Definition at line 120 of file sub\_menu.c.

References sub\_menu\_get\_current\_pos(), sub\_menu\_get\_type(), sub\_menu\_set\_current\_pos(), and SUBMENU\_VERT\_ARRAY.

Referenced by event\_pulse\_sensor\_down().

#### 6.74.2.7 void sub\_menu\_pos\_up (unsigned char *ant\_index*)

This function should be called when we wish to increase the selected sub menu option.

##### Parameters:

*ant\_index* Which antenna we wish to increase the sub menu position of

Definition at line 131 of file sub\_menu.c.

References sub\_menu\_get\_current\_pos(), sub\_menu\_get\_type(), sub\_menu\_set\_current\_pos(), and SUBMENU\_VERT\_ARRAY.

Referenced by event\_pulse\_sensor\_up().

#### 6.74.2.8 void sub\_menu\_send\_data\_to\_bus (unsigned char *ant\_index*, unsigned char *pos*)

Send the output string for the sub menu position to the bus.

##### Parameters:

*ant\_index* The index of the antenna you wish to send the string of

*pos* The sub menu position we wish to send the output str of

Definition at line 144 of file sub\_menu.c.

References antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_outputs(), bus\_add\_tx\_message(), BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_ACTIVATE\_SUBMENU\_ANT1\_OUTPUT, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_ACTIVATE\_SUBMENU\_ANT2\_OUTPUT, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_ACTIVATE\_SUBMENU\_ANT3\_OUTPUT, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_ACTIVATE\_SUBMENU\_ANT4\_OUTPUT, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_ALL\_SUBMENU\_ANT1\_OUTPUTS, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_ALL\_SUBMENU\_ANT2\_OUTPUTS, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_ALL\_SUBMENU\_ANT3\_OUTPUTS, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_ALL\_SUBMENU\_ANT4\_OUTPUTS, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_SUBMENU\_ANT1\_OUTPUT, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_SUBMENU\_ANT2\_OUTPUT, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_SUBMENU\_ANT3\_OUTPUT, BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_SUBMENU\_ANT4\_OUTPUT, bus\_get\_address(), BUS\_MESSAGE\_FLAGS\_NEED\_ACK, current\_activated\_sub\_outputs, current\_activated\_sub\_outputs\_length, internal\_comm\_add\_tx\_message(), OUTPUT\_ADDR\_DELIMITER, struct\_sub\_menu\_array::output\_str\_dir, and struct\_sub\_menu\_array::output\_str\_dir\_length.

Referenced by main(), and sub\_menu\_activate\_all().

#### 6.74.2.9 void sub\_menu\_set\_current\_pos (unsigned char *ant\_index*, unsigned char *new\_pos*)

Set the current sub menu option.



**Parameters:**

*ant\_index* The antenna index (0-3)

*new\_pos* The position we wish to chose

Definition at line 95 of file sub\_menu.c.

References curr\_option\_selected.

Referenced by sub\_menu\_pos\_down(), and sub\_menu\_pos\_up().

## 6.75 front\_panel/usart.c File Reference

USART routines.

```
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
```

### Functions

- void [usart0\\_init](#) (unsigned int baudrate)  
*Initilize the USART0 for the communication bus This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the ATMEGA2560 baudrate setting.*
- void [usart0\\_transmit](#) (char data)  
*Send a character to the USART0 Send a single character to the USART used for the communication bus.*
- unsigned char [usart0\\_sendstring](#) (char \*data, unsigned char length)  
*Send a string of characters to the USART0 Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.*
- unsigned char [usart0\\_receive](#) (void)  
*Retrieve one character from the USART0 Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.*
- unsigned char [usart0\\_receive\\_loopback](#) (void)  
*The USART0 recieve loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.*
- unsigned char [poll\\_usart0\\_receive](#) (void)  
*Retrieve one character from the USART0 Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.*
- void [usart1\\_init](#) (unsigned int baudrate, unsigned char stopbits)  
*Initilize the USART1 for the interface towards the computer This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the ATMEGA2560 baudrate setting.*
- unsigned char [usart1\\_transmit](#) (char data)  
*Send a character to the USART1 Send a single character to the USART used for the communication bus.*
- unsigned char [usart1\\_sendstring](#) (char \*data, unsigned char length)  
*Send a string of characters to the USART1 Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.*
- unsigned char [usart1\\_receive](#) (void)

*Retrieve one character from the USART1 Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.*

- unsigned char [usart1\\_receive\\_loopback](#) (void)

*The USART1 receive loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.*

- unsigned char [poll\\_usart1\\_receive](#) (void)

*Retrieve one character from the USART1 Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.*

- void [usart3\\_init](#) (unsigned int baudrate, unsigned char stopbits)

*Initilize the USART3 for the radio interface This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the ATMEGA2560 baudrate setting.*

- unsigned char [usart3\\_transmit](#) (char data)

*Send a character to the USART3 Send a single character to the USART used for the communication bus.*

- unsigned char [usart3\\_sendstring](#) (char \*data, unsigned char length)

*Send a string of characters to the USART3 Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.*

- unsigned char [usart3\\_receive](#) (void)

*Retrieve one character from the USART3 Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.*

- unsigned char [usart3\\_receive\\_loopback](#) (void)

*The USART3 receive loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.*

- unsigned char [poll\\_usart3\\_receive](#) (void)

*Retrieve one character from the USART3 Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.*

### 6.75.1 Detailed Description

USART routines.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/usart.c"
```

Definition in file [usart.c](#).

## 6.75.2 Function Documentation

### 6.75.2.1 unsigned char poll\_usart0\_receive (void)

Retrieve one character from the USART0 Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 100 of file usart.c.

### 6.75.2.2 unsigned char poll\_usart1\_receive (void)

Retrieve one character from the USART1 Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 185 of file usart.c.

### 6.75.2.3 unsigned char poll\_usart3\_receive (void)

Retrieve one character from the USART3 Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 270 of file usart.c.

### 6.75.2.4 void usart0\_init (unsigned int *baudrate*)

Initilize the USART0 for the communication bus This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the ATMEGA2560 baudrate setting.

**Parameters:**

*baudrate* The baudrate param from the ATMEGA2560 datasheet.

Definition at line 34 of file usart.c.

Referenced by init\_usart(), and main().

### 6.75.2.5 unsigned char usart0\_receive (void)

Retrieve one character from the USART0 Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 73 of file usart.c.

**6.75.2.6 unsigned char usart0\_receive\_loopback (void)**

The USART0 receive loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 85 of file usart.c.

Referenced by init\_usart().

**6.75.2.7 unsigned char usart0\_sendstring (char \* *data*, unsigned char *length*)**

Send a string of characters to the USART0 Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.

**Parameters:**

*data* The string of characters you wish to send

*length* The length of the string you wish to send

Definition at line 60 of file usart.c.

**6.75.2.8 void usart0\_transmit (char *data*)**

Send a character to the USART0 Send a single character to the USART used for the communication bus.

**Parameters:**

*data* The character you want to send

Definition at line 48 of file usart.c.

Referenced by init\_usart(), main(), usart0\_receive\_loopback(), usart0\_sendstring(), usart1\_receive\_loopback(), and usart3\_receive\_loopback().

**6.75.2.9 void usart1\_init (unsigned int *baudrate*, unsigned char *stopbits*)**

Initilize the USART1 for the interface towards the computer This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the ATMEGA2560 baudrate setting.

**Parameters:**

*baudrate* The baudrate param from the ATMEGA2560 datasheet.

***stopbits*** The number of stopbits.

Definition at line 112 of file usart.c.

Referenced by `init_usart_computer()`, `main()`, and `radio_interface_init()`.

#### 6.75.2.10 unsigned char usart1\_receive (void)

Retrieve one character from the USART1 Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.

##### Returns:

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 158 of file usart.c.

#### 6.75.2.11 unsigned char usart1\_receive\_loopback (void)

The USART1 receive loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.

##### Returns:

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 170 of file usart.c.

Referenced by `init_usart_computer()`, and `main()`.

#### 6.75.2.12 unsigned char usart1\_sendstring (char \* *data*, unsigned char *length*)

Send a string of characters to the USART1 Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.

##### Parameters:

***data*** The string of characters you wish to send

***length*** The length of the string you wish to send

Definition at line 145 of file usart.c.

#### 6.75.2.13 unsigned char usart1\_transmit (char *data*)

Send a character to the USART1 Send a single character to the USART used for the communication bus.

Send a character to the USART Send a single character to the USART used for the communication bus.

##### Parameters:

***data*** The character you want to send

Definition at line 132 of file usart.c.

Referenced by computer\_interface\_send\_data(), init\_usart\_computer(), ISR(), main(), usart1\_receive\_loopback(), and usart1\_sendstring().

#### 6.75.2.14 void usart3\_init (unsigned int *baudrate*, unsigned char *stopbits*)

Initilize the USART3 for the radio interface This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the ATMEGA2560 baudrate setting.

##### Parameters:

*baudrate* The baudrate param from the ATMEGA2560 datasheet.

*stopbits* The number of stopbits.

Definition at line 197 of file usart.c.

Referenced by radio\_interface\_init().

#### 6.75.2.15 unsigned char usart3\_receive (void)

Retrieve one character from the USART3 Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.

##### Returns:

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 243 of file usart.c.

#### 6.75.2.16 unsigned char usart3\_receive\_loopback (void)

The USART3 recieve loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.

##### Returns:

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 255 of file usart.c.

References usart0\_transmit().

#### 6.75.2.17 unsigned char usart3\_sendstring (char \* *data*, unsigned char *length*)

Send a string of characters to the USART3 Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.

##### Parameters:

*data* The string of characters you wish to send

*length* The length of the string you wish to send

Definition at line 230 of file usart.c.

References usart3\_transmit().

**6.75.2.18    unsigned char usart3\_transmit (char *data*)**

Send a character to the USART3 Send a single character to the USART used for the communication bus.

**Parameters:**

***data*** The character you want to send

Definition at line 217 of file usart.c.

Referenced by ISR(), radio\_poll\_status(), and usart3\_sendstring().



## 6.76 motherboard/usart.c File Reference

Motherboard USART routines.

```
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
```

### Functions

- unsigned char `usart1_transmit` (char data)  
*Send a character to the USART Send a single character to the USART used for the communication bus.*
- void `usart0_init` (unsigned int baudrate)  
*Initilaze the USART for the communication bus This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the ATMEGA128 baudrate setting.*
- unsigned char `usart0_transmit` (char data)  
*Send a character to the USART Send a single character to the USART used for the communication bus.*
- unsigned char `usart0_sendstring` (char \*data, unsigned char length)  
*Send a string of characters to the USART Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.*
- unsigned char `usart0_receive` (void)  
*Retrieve one character from the USART Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.*
- unsigned char `usart0_receive_loopback` (void)  
*The USART recieve loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.*
- unsigned char `poll_usart0_receive` (void)  
*Retrieve one character from the USART Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.*
- void `usart1_init` (unsigned int baudrate)  
*Initilaze the USART for the communication bus This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the ATMEGA128 baudrate setting.*
- unsigned char `usart1_sendstring` (char \*data, unsigned char length)  
*Send a string of characters to the USART Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.*
- unsigned char `usart1_receive` (void)

*Retrieve one character from the USART Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.*

- unsigned char `usart1_receive_loopback` (void)

*The USART receive loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.*

- unsigned char `poll_usart1_receive` (void)

*Retrieve one character from the USART Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.*

### 6.76.1 Detailed Description

Motherboard USART routines.

**Author:**

Mikael Larsson, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-01-25

```
#include "motherboard/usart.c"
```

Definition in file `usart.c`.

### 6.76.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.76.2.1 unsigned char `poll_usart0_receive` (void)

Retrieve one character from the USART Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.

Retrieve one character from the USART0 Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 101 of file `usart.c`.

#### 6.76.2.2 unsigned char `poll_usart1_receive` (void)

Retrieve one character from the USART Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.

Retrieve one character from the USART1 Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 179 of file `usart.c`.

### 6.76.2.3 void usart0\_init (unsigned int *baudrate*)

Initilize the USART for the communication bus This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the ATMEGA128 baudrate setting.

Initilize the USART0 for the communication bus This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the ATMEGA2560 baudrate setting.

#### Parameters:

*baud* The baudrate param from the ATMEGA32 datasheet.

Definition at line 34 of file usart.c.

### 6.76.2.4 unsigned char usart0\_receive (void)

Retrieve one character from the USART Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.

Retrieve one character from the USART0 Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.

#### Returns:

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 74 of file usart.c.

### 6.76.2.5 unsigned char usart0\_receive\_loopback (void)

The USART recieve loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.

The USART0 recieve loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.

#### Returns:

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 86 of file usart.c.

References usart0\_transmit().

### 6.76.2.6 unsigned char usart0\_sendstring (char \* *data*, unsigned char *length*)

Send a string of characters to the USART Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.

Send a string of characters to the USART0 Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.

#### Parameters:

*data* The string of characters you wish to send

***length*** The length of the string you wish to send

Definition at line 61 of file usart.c.

References usart0\_transmit().

#### **6.76.2.7 unsigned char usart0\_transmit (char *data*)**

Send a character to the USART Send a single character to the USART used for the communication bus.

Send a character to the USART0 Send a single character to the USART used for the communication bus.

##### **Parameters:**

***data*** The character you want to send

Definition at line 48 of file usart.c.

#### **6.76.2.8 void usart1\_init (unsigned int *baudrate*)**

Initilize the USART for the communication bus This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the ATMEGA128 baudrate setting.

##### **Parameters:**

***baudrate*** The baudrate param from the ATMEGA32 datasheet.

Definition at line 112 of file usart.c.

#### **6.76.2.9 unsigned char usart1\_receive (void)**

Retrieve one character from the USART Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.

Retrieve one character from the USART1 Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.

##### **Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 152 of file usart.c.

#### **6.76.2.10 unsigned char usart1\_receive\_loopback (void)**

The USART recieve loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.

The USART1 recieve loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 164 of file usart.c.

References `usart0_transmit()`, and `usart1_transmit()`.

**6.76.2.11 unsigned char usart1\_sendstring (char \* *data*, unsigned char *length*)**

Send a string of characters to the USART Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.

Send a string of characters to the USART1 Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.

**Parameters:**

***data*** The string of characters you wish to send

***length*** The length of the string you wish to send

Definition at line 139 of file usart.c.

References `usart1_transmit()`.

**6.76.2.12 unsigned char usart1\_transmit (char *data*)**

Send a character to the USART Send a single character to the USART used for the communication bus.

**Parameters:**

***data*** The character you want to send

Send a character to the USART Send a single character to the USART used for the communication bus.

**Parameters:**

***data*** The character you want to send

Definition at line 132 of file usart.c.

Referenced by `computer_interface_send_data()`, `init_usart_computer()`, `ISR()`, `main()`, `usart1_receive_loopback()`, and `usart1_sendstring()`.

## 6.77 front\_panel/usart.h File Reference

USART routines.

```
#include "../global.h"
```

### Functions

- unsigned char [poll\\_usart0\\_receive](#) (void)  
*Retrieve one character from the USART0 Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.*
- void [usart0\\_init](#) (unsigned int baudrate)  
*Initilize the USART0 for the communication bus This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the ATMEGA2560 baudrate setting.*
- void [usart0\\_transmit](#) (char data)  
*Send a character to the USART0 Send a single character to the USART used for the communication bus.*
- unsigned char [usart0\\_receive](#) (void)  
*Retrieve one character from the USART0 Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.*
- unsigned char [usart0\\_receive\\_loopback](#) (void)  
*The USART0 recieve loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.*
- unsigned char [usart0\\_sendstring](#) (char \*data, unsigned char length)  
*Send a string of characters to the USART0 Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.*
- unsigned char [poll\\_usart1\\_receive](#) (void)  
*Retrieve one character from the USART1 Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.*
- void [usart1\\_init](#) (unsigned int baudrate, unsigned char stopbits)  
*Initilize the USART1 for the interface towards the computer This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the ATMEGA2560 baudrate setting.*
- unsigned char [usart1\\_transmit](#) (unsigned char data)
- unsigned char [usart1\\_receive](#) (void)  
*Retrieve one character from the USART1 Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.*
- unsigned char [usart1\\_receive\\_loopback](#) (void)  
*The USART1 recieve loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.*
- unsigned char [usart1\\_sendstring](#) (char \*data, unsigned char length)

*Send a string of characters to the USART1 Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.*

- unsigned char [poll\\_usart3\\_receive](#) (void)

*Retrieve one character from the USART3 Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.*

- void [usart3\\_init](#) (unsigned int baudrate, unsigned char stopbits)

*Initiliaz the USART3 for the radio interface This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the ATMEGA2560 baudrate setting.*

- unsigned char [usart3\\_transmit](#) (unsigned char data)

- unsigned char [usart3\\_receive](#) (void)

*Retrieve one character from the USART3 Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.*

- unsigned char [usart3\\_receive\\_loopback](#) (void)

*The USART3 recieve loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.*

- unsigned char [usart3\\_sendstring](#) (char \*data, unsigned char length)

*Send a string of characters to the USART3 Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.*

## 6.77.1 Detailed Description

USART routines.

### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "front_panel/usart.h"
```

Definition in file [usart.h](#).

## 6.77.2 Function Documentation

### 6.77.2.1 unsigned char poll\_usart0\_receive (void)

Retrieve one character from the USART0 Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.

### Returns:

The character from the RX USART buffer

Retrieve one character from the USART0 Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 100 of file usart.c.

#### 6.77.2.2 unsigned char poll\_usart1\_receive (void)

Retrieve one character from the USART1 Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Retrieve one character from the USART1 Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 185 of file usart.c.

#### 6.77.2.3 unsigned char poll\_usart3\_receive (void)

Retrieve one character from the USART3 Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 270 of file usart.c.

#### 6.77.2.4 void usart0\_init (unsigned int baudrate)

Initilize the USART0 for the communication bus This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the ATMEGA2560 baudrate setting.

**Parameters:**

*baudrate* The baudrate param from the ATMEGA2560 datasheet.

Initilize the USART0 for the communication bus This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the ATMEGA2560 baudrate setting.

**Parameters:**

*baud* The baudrate param from the ATMEGA32 datasheet.

Definition at line 34 of file usart.c.



#### 6.77.2.5 unsigned char usart0\_receive (void)

Retrieve one character from the USART0 Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Retrieve one character from the USART0 Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 73 of file usart.c.

#### 6.77.2.6 unsigned char usart0\_receive\_loopback (void)

The USART0 receive loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

The USART0 receive loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 85 of file usart.c.

#### 6.77.2.7 unsigned char usart0\_sendstring (char \* *data*, unsigned char *length*)

Send a string of characters to the USART0 Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.

**Parameters:**

*data* The string of characters you wish to send

*length* The length of the string you wish to send

Send a string of characters to the USART0 Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.

**Parameters:**

*data* The string of characters you wish to send

*length* The length of the string you wish to send

Definition at line 60 of file usart.c.

#### 6.77.2.8 void usart0\_transmit (char *data*)

Send a character to the USART0 Send a single character to the USART used for the communication bus.

**Parameters:**

*data* The character you want to send

Send a character to the USART0 Send a single character to the USART used for the communication bus.

**Parameters:**

*data* The character you want to send

Definition at line 48 of file usart.c.

Referenced by init\_usart(), main(), usart0\_receive\_loopback(), usart0\_sendstring(), usart1\_receive\_loopback(), and usart3\_receive\_loopback().

#### 6.77.2.9 void usart1\_init (unsigned int *baudrate*, unsigned char *stopbits*)

Initilize the USART1 for the interface towards the computer This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the ATMEGA2560 baudrate setting.

**Parameters:**

*baudrate* The baudrate param from the ATMEGA2560 datasheet.

*stopbits* The number of stopbits.

Definition at line 112 of file usart.c.

Referenced by init\_usart\_computer(), main(), and radio\_interface\_init().

#### 6.77.2.10 unsigned char usart1\_receive (void)

Retrieve one character from the USART1 Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Retrieve one character from the USART1 Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 158 of file usart.c.

**6.77.2.11 unsigned char usart1\_receive\_loopback (void)**

The USART1 receive loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

The USART1 receive loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 170 of file usart.c.

**6.77.2.12 unsigned char usart1\_sendstring (char \* *data*, unsigned char *length*)**

Send a string of characters to the USART1 Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.

**Parameters:**

*data* The string of characters you wish to send

*length* The length of the string you wish to send

Send a string of characters to the USART1 Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.

**Parameters:**

*data* The string of characters you wish to send

*length* The length of the string you wish to send

Definition at line 145 of file usart.c.

**6.77.2.13 void usart3\_init (unsigned int *baudrate*, unsigned char *stopbits*)**

Initialize the USART3 for the radio interface This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the ATMEGA2560 baudrate setting.

**Parameters:**

*baudrate* The baudrate param from the ATMEGA2560 datasheet.

*stopbits* The number of stopbits.

Definition at line 197 of file usart.c.

Referenced by radio\_interface\_init().

**6.77.2.14   unsigned char usart3\_receive (void)**

Retrieve one character from the USART3 Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 243 of file usart.c.

**6.77.2.15   unsigned char usart3\_receive\_loopback (void)**

The USART3 receive loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 255 of file usart.c.

References usart0\_transmit().

**6.77.2.16   unsigned char usart3\_sendstring (char \* *data*, unsigned char *length*)**

Send a string of characters to the USART3 Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.

**Parameters:**

***data*** The string of characters you wish to send

***length*** The length of the string you wish to send

Definition at line 230 of file usart.c.

References usart3\_transmit().

## 6.78 motherboard/usart.h File Reference

Motherboard USART routines.

```
#include "../global.h"
```

### Functions

- unsigned char `poll_usart0_receive` (void)  
*Retrieve one character from the USART0 Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.*
- void `usart0_init` (unsigned int baudrate)  
*Initilize the USART0 for the communication bus This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the ATMEGA2560 baudrate setting.*
- unsigned char `usart0_transmit` (unsigned char data)
- unsigned char `usart0_receive` (void)  
*Retrieve one character from the USART0 Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.*
- unsigned char `usart0_receive_loopback` (void)  
*The USART0 recieve loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.*
- unsigned char `usart0_sendstring` (char \*data, unsigned char length)  
*Send a string of characters to the USART0 Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.*
- unsigned char `poll_usart1_receive` (void)  
*Retrieve one character from the USART1 Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.*
- void `usart1_init` (unsigned int baudrate)  
*Initilize the USART for the communication bus This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the ATMEGA128 baudrate setting.*
- unsigned char `usart1_transmit` (unsigned char data)
- unsigned char `usart1_receive` (void)  
*Retrieve one character from the USART1 Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.*
- unsigned char `usart1_receive_loopback` (void)  
*The USART1 recieve loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.*
- unsigned char `usart1_sendstring` (char \*data, unsigned char length)  
*Send a string of characters to the USART1 Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.*

### 6.78.1 Detailed Description

Motherboard USART routines.

**Author:**

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-01-25

```
#include "motherboard/usart.h"
```

Definition in file [usart.h](#).

### 6.78.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.78.2.1 unsigned char poll\_usart0\_receive (void)

Retrieve one character from the USART0 Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Retrieve one character from the USART0 Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 100 of file usart.c.

#### 6.78.2.2 unsigned char poll\_usart1\_receive (void)

Retrieve one character from the USART1 Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Retrieve one character from the USART1 Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 185 of file usart.c.

### 6.78.2.3 void usart0\_init (unsigned int *baudrate*)

Initilize the USART0 for the communication bus This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the ATMEGA2560 baudrate setting.

**Parameters:**

*baudrate* The baudrate param from the ATMEGA2560 datasheet.

Initilize the USART0 for the communication bus This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the ATMEGA2560 baudrate setting.

**Parameters:**

*baud* The baudrate param from the ATMEGA32 datasheet.

Definition at line 34 of file usart.c.

Referenced by init\_usart(), and main().

### 6.78.2.4 unsigned char usart0\_receive (void)

Retrieve one character from the USART0 Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Retrieve one character from the USART0 Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 73 of file usart.c.

### 6.78.2.5 unsigned char usart0\_receive\_loopback (void)

The USART0 recieve loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

The USART0 recieve loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 85 of file usart.c.

References usart0\_transmit().

Referenced by init\_usart().

#### 6.78.2.6 unsigned char usart0\_sendstring (char \* *data*, unsigned char *length*)

Send a string of characters to the USART0 Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.

##### Parameters:

*data* The string of characters you wish to send

*length* The length of the string you wish to send

Send a string of characters to the USART0 Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.

##### Parameters:

*data* The string of characters you wish to send

*length* The length of the string you wish to send

Definition at line 60 of file usart.c.

References usart0\_transmit().

#### 6.78.2.7 void usart1\_init (unsigned int *baudrate*)

Initilize the USART for the communication bus This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the ATMEGA128 baudrate setting.

##### Parameters:

*baudrate* The baudrate param from the ATMEGA32 datasheet.

Definition at line 112 of file usart.c.

#### 6.78.2.8 unsigned char usart1\_receive (void)

Retrieve one character from the USART1 Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.

##### Returns:

The character from the RX USART buffer

Retrieve one character from the USART1 Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.

##### Returns:

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 158 of file usart.c.



### 6.78.2.9 unsigned char usart1\_receive\_loopback (void)

The USART1 receive loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

The USART1 receive loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.

**Returns:**

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 170 of file usart.c.

References usart0\_transmit(), and usart1\_transmit().

Referenced by init\_usart\_computer(), and main().

### 6.78.2.10 unsigned char usart1\_sendstring (char \* *data*, unsigned char *length*)

Send a string of characters to the USART1 Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.

**Parameters:**

*data* The string of characters you wish to send

*length* The length of the string you wish to send

Send a string of characters to the USART1 Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.

**Parameters:**

*data* The string of characters you wish to send

*length* The length of the string you wish to send

Definition at line 145 of file usart.c.

References usart1\_transmit().

## 6.79 i2c.c File Reference

I2C interface using AVR Two-Wire Interface (TWI) hardware.

```
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "i2c.h"
```

### Functions

- void [i2c\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initialize I2C (TWI) interface.*
- void [i2cSetBtrate](#) (unsigned int bitrateKHz)  
*Set the I2C transaction bitrate (in KHz).*
- void [i2cSetLocalDeviceAddr](#) (unsigned char deviceAddr, unsigned char genCallEn)  
*Set the local (AVR processor's) I2C device address.*
- void [i2cSetSlaveReceiveHandler](#) (void(\*i2cSlaveRx\_func)(unsigned char receiveDataLength, unsigned char \*recieveData))  
*Set the user function which handles receiving (incoming) data as a slave.*
- void [i2cSetSlaveTransmitHandler](#) (unsigned char(\*i2cSlaveTx\_func)(unsigned char transmitDataLengthMax, unsigned char \*transmitData))  
*Set the user function which handles transmitting (outgoing) data as a slave.*
- void [i2cSendStart](#) (void)  
*Send an I2C start condition in Master mode.*
- void [i2cSendStop](#) (void)  
*Send an I2C stop condition in Master mode.*
- void [i2cWaitForComplete](#) (void)  
*Wait for current I2C operation to complete.*
- void [i2cSendByte](#) (unsigned char data)  
*Send an (address|R/W) combination or a data byte over I2C.*
- void [i2cReceiveByte](#) (unsigned char ackFlag)  
*Receive a data byte over I2C.*
- unsigned char [i2cGetReceivedByte](#) (void)  
*Pick up the data that was received with [i2cReceiveByte\(\)](#).*
- unsigned char [i2cGetStatus](#) (void)  
*Get current I2c bus status from TWSR.*

- void [i2cMasterSend](#) (unsigned char deviceAddr, unsigned char length, unsigned char \*data)  
*send I2C data to a device on the bus*
- void [i2cMasterReceive](#) (unsigned char deviceAddr, unsigned char length, unsigned char \*data)  
*receive I2C data from a device on the bus*
- unsigned char [i2cMasterSendNI](#) (unsigned char deviceAddr, unsigned char length, unsigned char \*data)  
*send I2C data to a device on the bus (non-interrupt based)*
- unsigned char [i2cMasterReceiveNI](#) (unsigned char deviceAddr, unsigned char length, unsigned char \*data)  
*receive I2C data from a device on the bus (non-interrupt based)*
- [SIGNAL](#) (SIG\_2WIRE\_SERIAL)  
*I2C (TWI) interrupt service routine.*
- eI2cStateType [i2cGetState](#) (void)  
*Get the current high-level state of the I2C interface.*

### 6.79.1 Detailed Description

I2C interface using AVR Two-Wire Interface (TWI) hardware.

**Author:**

Pascal Stang and Mikael Larsson, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2008-04-13

Definition in file [i2c.c](#).

## 6.80 i2c.h File Reference

I2C interface using AVR Two-Wire Interface (TWI) hardware.

```
#include "global.h"
#include "i2cconf.h"
```

### Defines

- `#define TW_START 0x08`
- `#define TW_REP_START 0x10`
- `#define TW_MT_SLA_ACK 0x18`
- `#define TW_MT_SLA_NACK 0x20`
- `#define TW_MT_DATA_ACK 0x28`
- `#define TW_MT_DATA_NACK 0x30`
- `#define TW_MT_ARB_LOST 0x38`
- `#define TW_MR_ARB_LOST 0x38`
- `#define TW_MR_SLA_ACK 0x40`
- `#define TW_MR_SLA_NACK 0x48`
- `#define TW_MR_DATA_ACK 0x50`
- `#define TW_MR_DATA_NACK 0x58`
- `#define TW_ST_SLA_ACK 0xA8`
- `#define TW_ST_ARB_LOST_SLA_ACK 0xB0`
- `#define TW_ST_DATA_ACK 0xB8`
- `#define TW_ST_DATA_NACK 0xC0`
- `#define TW_ST_LAST_DATA 0xC8`
- `#define TW_SR_SLA_ACK 0x60`
- `#define TW_SR_ARB_LOST_SLA_ACK 0x68`
- `#define TW_SR_GCALL_ACK 0x70`
- `#define TW_SR_ARB_LOST_GCALL_ACK 0x78`
- `#define TW_SR_DATA_ACK 0x80`
- `#define TW_SR_DATA_NACK 0x88`
- `#define TW_SR_GCALL_DATA_ACK 0x90`
- `#define TW_SR_GCALL_DATA_NACK 0x98`
- `#define TW_SR_STOP 0xA0`
- `#define TW_NO_INFO 0xF8`
- `#define TW_BUS_ERROR 0x00`
- `#define TWCR_CMD_MASK 0x0F`
- `#define TWSR_STATUS_MASK 0xF8`
- `#define I2C_OK 0x00`
- `#define I2C_ERROR_NODEV 0x01`

### Enumerations

- `enum eI2cStateType {`  
    `I2C_IDLE = 0, I2C_BUSY = 1, I2C_MASTER_TX = 2, I2C_MASTER_RX`  
    `= 3,`  
    `I2C_SLAVE_TX = 4, I2C_SLAVE_RX = 5 }`

## Functions

- void [i2c\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initialize I2C (TWI) interface.*
- void [i2cSetBitrate](#) (unsigned int bitrateKHz)  
*Set the I2C transaction bitrate (in KHz).*
- void [i2cSetLocalDeviceAddr](#) (unsigned char deviceAddr, unsigned char genCallEn)  
*Set the local (AVR processor's) I2C device address.*
- void [i2cSetSlaveReceiveHandler](#) (void(\*i2cSlaveRx\_func)(unsigned char receiveDataLength, unsigned char \*recieveData))  
*Set the user function which handles receiving (incoming) data as a slave.*
- void [i2cSetSlaveTransmitHandler](#) (unsigned char(\*i2cSlaveTx\_func)(unsigned char transmitDataLengthMax, unsigned char \*transmitData))  
*Set the user function which handles transmitting (outgoing) data as a slave.*
- void [i2cSendStart](#) (void)  
*Send an I2C start condition in Master mode.*
- void [i2cSendStop](#) (void)  
*Send an I2C stop condition in Master mode.*
- void [i2cWaitForComplete](#) (void)  
*Wait for current I2C operation to complete.*
- void [i2cSendByte](#) (unsigned char data)  
*Send an (address|R/W) combination or a data byte over I2C.*
- void [i2cReceiveByte](#) (unsigned char ackFlag)  
*Receive a data byte over I2C.*
- unsigned char [i2cGetReceivedByte](#) (void)  
*Pick up the data that was received with [i2cReceiveByte\(\)](#).*
- unsigned char [i2cGetStatus](#) (void)  
*Get current I2c bus status from TWSR.*
- void [i2cMasterSend](#) (unsigned char deviceAddr, unsigned char length, unsigned char \*data)  
  
*send I2C data to a device on the bus*
- void [i2cMasterReceive](#) (unsigned char deviceAddr, unsigned char length, unsigned char \*data)  
  
*receive I2C data from a device on the bus*
- unsigned char [i2cMasterSendNI](#) (unsigned char deviceAddr, unsigned char length, unsigned char \*data)

*send I2C data to a device on the bus (non-interrupt based)*

- unsigned char [i2cMasterReceiveNI](#) (unsigned char deviceAddr, unsigned char length, unsigned char \*data)

*receive I2C data from a device on the bus (non-interrupt based)*

- eI2cStateType [i2cGetState](#) (void)

*Get the current high-level state of the I2C interface.*

### 6.80.1 Detailed Description

I2C interface using AVR Two-Wire Interface (TWI) hardware.

**Author:**

Pascal Stang and Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2008-04-13

Definition in file [i2c.h](#).

## 6.81 i2cconf.h File Reference

I2C (TWI) interface configuration.

### Defines

- `#define I2C_SEND_DATA_BUFFER_SIZE 0x20`  
*The size of the transmit buffer.*
- `#define I2C_RECEIVE_DATA_BUFFER_SIZE 0x20`  
*The size of the receive buffer.*

### 6.81.1 Detailed Description

I2C (TWI) interface configuration.

#### Author:

Pascal Stang and Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2008-04-13

Definition in file [i2cconf.h](#).

### 6.81.2 Define Documentation

#### 6.81.2.1 `#define I2C_SEND_DATA_BUFFER_SIZE 0x20`

The size of the transmit buffer.

define I2C data buffer sizes These buffers are used in interrupt-driven Master sending and receiving, and in slave sending and receiving. They must be large enough to store the largest I2C packet you expect to send and receive, respectively.

Definition at line 30 of file [i2cconf.h](#).

Referenced by `SIGNAL()`.

## 6.82 internal\_comm.c File Reference

The internal communication routines.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "internal_comm.h"
#include "internal_comm_rx_queue.h"
#include "internal_comm_tx_queue.h"
```

### Functions

- void [internal\\_comm\\_init](#) (void(\*func\_ptr\_rx)(UC\_MESSAGE), void(\*func\_ptr\_tx)(char))  
*Initialize the internal communication.*
- void [internal\\_comm\\_reset\\_rx](#) (void)  
*Will reset the RX variables.*
- unsigned char [internal\\_comm\\_poll\\_rx\\_queue](#) (void)  
*Polls the RX queue in the internal communication and calls the function defined in internal\_comm\_init.*
- unsigned char [internal\\_comm\\_poll\\_tx\\_queue](#) (void)  
*Polls the TX queue in the internal communication and sends the data if there is a message in the queue.*
- void [internal\\_comm\\_send\\_ack](#) (void)  
*Send an ACK message to the internal communication uart.*
- void [internal\\_comm\\_send\\_nack](#) (void)  
*Send a NACK message to the internal communication uart.*
- void [internal\\_comm\\_send\\_message](#) (UC\_MESSAGE tx\_message)  
*Send a message to the internal communication uart.*
- void [internal\\_comm\\_add\\_tx\\_message](#) (unsigned char command, unsigned char length, char \*data)  
*Add a message to the transmit queue.*
- void [internal\\_comm\\_resend](#) (void)  
*Will trigger a resend of the last message.*
- [ISR](#) (ISR\_INTERNAL\_COMM\_USART\_RECV)  
*Interrupt when a byte has been received from the UART.*



- [ISR](#) (ISR\_INTERNAL\_COMM\_USART\_DATA)  
*Interrupt when data has been received from the UART.*
- void [internal\\_comm\\_1ms\\_timer](#) (void)  
*Function which should be called each ms.*

## Variables

- [struct\\_uc\\_com uc\\_com](#)  
*The uc\_com struct.*
- [UC\\_MESSAGE uc\\_new\\_message](#)  
*Where we save any new uc\_comm message.*
- unsigned char [prev\\_data](#) = 0  
*The previous data.*
- unsigned char [counter\\_tx\\_timeout](#) = 0  
*Counter which keep track of when we last did a transmission.*
- unsigned char [counter\\_rx\\_timeout](#) = 0  
*Counter which keeps track of when we last did receive a character.*
- unsigned char [resend\\_count](#) = 0  
*The number of times the last message has been resent.*
- unsigned char [msg\\_not\\_acked](#) = 0  
*Flag that the message has yet not been acked.*
- void(\* [f\\_ptr\\_rx](#) )(UC\_MESSAGE)  
*Function to be called when a message is recieved and should be parsed/executed.*
- void(\* [f\\_ptr\\_tx](#) )(char)  
*Function to be called when we wish to send a message.*

### 6.82.1 Detailed Description

The internal communication routines.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "internal_comm.c"
```

Definition in file [internal\\_comm.c](#).

## 6.82.2 Function Documentation

### 6.82.2.1 void internal\_comm\_add\_tx\_message (unsigned char *command*, unsigned char *length*, char \* *data*)

Add a message to the transmit queue.

#### Parameters:

***command*** The command we wish to perform  
***length*** The length of the data field  
***data*** The data we wish to send

Definition at line 166 of file internal\_comm.c.

References UC\_MESSAGE::checksum, UC\_MESSAGE::cmd, UC\_MESSAGE::data, int\_comm\_tx\_queue\_add(), and UC\_MESSAGE::length.

Referenced by antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_outputs(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_ant\_data\_to\_bus(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_band\_data\_to\_bus(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_data\_to\_bus(), band\_ctrl\_send\_band\_data\_to\_bus(), computer\_interface\_parse\_data(), main(), parse\_internal\_comm\_message(), ps2\_process\_key(), radio\_poll\_status(), shutdown\_device(), and sub\_menu\_send\_data\_to\_bus().

### 6.82.2.2 void internal\_comm\_init (void(\*) (UC\_MESSAGE) *func\_ptr\_rx*, void(\*) (char) *func\_ptr\_tx*)

Initialize the internal communication.

#### Parameters:

***func\_ptr\_rx*** The function you wish to call when a new message has been recieved and should be parsed  
***func\_ptr\_tx*** The function used to send data to the hardware handling the data transmission

Definition at line 68 of file internal\_comm.c.

References struct\_uc\_com::char\_count, struct\_uc\_com::checksum, f\_ptr\_rx, f\_ptr\_tx, struct\_uc\_com::flags, int\_comm\_rx\_queue\_dropall(), and int\_comm\_tx\_queue\_dropall().

Referenced by main().

### 6.82.2.3 unsigned char internal\_comm\_poll\_rx\_queue (void)

Polls the RX queue in the internal communication and calls the function defined in internal\_comm\_init.

#### Returns:

1 if a message was in the buffer and got parsed, 0 if not

Definition at line 91 of file internal\_comm.c.

References f\_ptr\_rx, int\_comm\_rx\_queue\_drop(), int\_comm\_rx\_queue\_get(), and int\_comm\_rx\_queue\_is\_empty().

Referenced by main().

#### 6.82.2.4 unsigned char internal\_comm\_poll\_tx\_queue (void)

Polls the TX queue in the internal communication and sends the data if there is a message in the queue.

**Returns:**

1 if a message was in the buffer and got sent, 0 if not

Definition at line 105 of file internal\_comm.c.

References int\_comm\_tx\_queue\_get(), int\_comm\_tx\_queue\_is\_empty(), internal\_comm\_send\_message(), and msg\_not\_acked.

Referenced by main().

#### 6.82.2.5 void internal\_comm\_send\_message (UC\_MESSAGE tx\_message)

Sends a message to the internal communication uart.

**Parameters:**

*tx\_message* The message we wish to send

Definition at line 147 of file internal\_comm.c.

References UC\_MESSAGE::checksum, UC\_MESSAGE::cmd, counter\_tx\_timeout, UC\_MESSAGE::data, f\_ptr\_tx, UC\_MESSAGE::length, UC\_COMM\_MSG\_POSTAMBLE, and UC\_COMM\_MSG\_PREAMBLE.

Referenced by internal\_comm\_poll\_tx\_queue(), and internal\_comm\_resend().

## 6.83 internal\_comm.h File Reference

The internal communication routines.

### Classes

- struct [UC\\_MESSAGE](#)
- struct [struct\\_uc\\_com](#)

### Defines

- `#define UC_PREAMBLE_FOUND 0`  
*if the device is a motherboard we need to set the proper USARTs used*
- `#define UC_MESSAGE_IN_BUFFER 1`  
*Flag that a message is in the buffer.*
- `#define UC_SIZE_FIXED 5`  
*Size of UC MESSAGE fixed part.*
- `#define UC_COMM_MSG_PREAMBLE 0xFE`
- `#define UC_COMM_MSG_POSTAMBLE 0xFD`
- `#define UC_COMM_MSG_ACK 0xFB`
- `#define UC_COMM_MSG_NACK 0xFA`
- `#define UC_SERIAL_RX_BUFFER_LENGTH 20`  
*The length of the serial rx buffer used for communication between the uCs.*
- `#define UC_MESSAGE_DATA_SIZE 15`  
*The size the data sent between the two devices can be maximum.*
- `#define UC_COMM_RX_TIMEOUT 3`  
*After this many ms it will reset the rx flags (in ms).*
- `#define UC_COMM_TX_TIMEOUT 10`  
*After this many ms a resend will occur if a message has not been acked (in ms).*
- `#define UC_COMM_RESEND_COUNT 5`  
*Number of resends that is allowed.*

### Functions

- void [internal\\_comm\\_init](#) (void(\*func\_ptr\_rx)([UC\\_MESSAGE](#)), void(\*func\_ptr\_tx)(char))  
*Initialize the internal communication.*
- unsigned char [internal\\_comm\\_poll\\_rx\\_queue](#) (void)  
*Polls the RX queue in the internal communication and calls the function defined in internal\_comm\_init.*

- unsigned char [internal\\_comm\\_poll\\_tx\\_queue](#) (void)  
*Polls the TX queue in the internal communication and sends the data if there is a message in the queue.*
- void [internal\\_comm\\_add\\_tx\\_message](#) (unsigned char command, unsigned char length, char \*data)  
*Add a message to the transmit queue.*
- void [internal\\_comm\\_send\\_ack](#) (void)  
*Send an ACK message to the internal communication uart.*
- void [internal\\_comm\\_send\\_nack](#) (void)  
*Send a NACK message to the internal communication uart.*
- void [internal\\_comm\\_send\\_message](#) (UC\_MESSAGE tx\_message)  
*Send a message to the internal communication uart.*
- void [internal\\_comm\\_reset\\_rx](#) (void)  
*Will reset the RX variables.*
- void [internal\\_comm\\_1ms\\_timer](#) (void)  
*Function which should be called each ms.*
- void [internal\\_comm\\_resend](#) (void)  
*Will trigger a resend of the last message.*

### 6.83.1 Detailed Description

The internal communication routines.

**Author:**

Mikael Larsson, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-01-25

```
#include "internal_comm.h"
```

Definition in file [internal\\_comm.h](#).

### 6.83.2 Define Documentation

#### 6.83.2.1 #define UC\_COMM\_MSG\_ACK 0xFB

The acknowledge command of the bus

Definition at line 73 of file internal\_comm.h.

Referenced by [internal\\_comm\\_send\\_ack\(\)](#), and [ISR\(\)](#).

#### 6.83.2.2 `#define UC_COMM_MSG_NACK 0xFA`

The NOT acknowledge command of the bus

Definition at line 75 of file `internal_comm.h`.

Referenced by `internal_comm_send_nack()`, and `ISR()`.

#### 6.83.2.3 `#define UC_COMM_MSG_POSTAMBLE 0xFD`

The postamble of the BUS message

Definition at line 71 of file `internal_comm.h`.

Referenced by `internal_comm_send_ack()`, `internal_comm_send_message()`, `internal_comm_send_nack()`, and `ISR()`.

#### 6.83.2.4 `#define UC_COMM_MSG_PREAMBLE 0xFE`

The preamble of the BUS message

Definition at line 69 of file `internal_comm.h`.

Referenced by `internal_comm_send_ack()`, `internal_comm_send_message()`, `internal_comm_send_nack()`, and `ISR()`.

#### 6.83.2.5 `#define UC_PREAMBLE_FOUND 0`

if the device is a motherboard we need to set the proper USARTs used

if the device is a frontpanel we need to set the proper USARTs used Preamble found for the communication between the uCs

Definition at line 61 of file `internal_comm.h`.

Referenced by `ISR()`.

### 6.83.3 Function Documentation

#### 6.83.3.1 `void internal_comm_add_tx_message (unsigned char command, unsigned char length, char * data)`

Add a message to the transmit queue.

##### Parameters:

***command*** The command we wish to perform

***length*** The length of the data field

***data*** The data we wish to send

Definition at line 166 of file `internal_comm.c`.

References `UC_MESSAGE::checksum`, `UC_MESSAGE::cmd`, `UC_MESSAGE::data`, `int_comm_tx_queue_add()`, and `UC_MESSAGE::length`.

Referenced by antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_outputs(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_ant\_data\_to\_bus(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_band\_data\_to\_bus(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_data\_to\_bus(), band\_ctrl\_send\_band\_data\_to\_bus(), computer\_interface\_parse\_data(), main(), parse\_internal\_comm\_message(), ps2\_process\_key(), radio\_poll\_status(), shutdown\_device(), and sub\_menu\_send\_data\_to\_bus().

### 6.83.3.2 void internal\_comm\_init (void\*)(UC\_MESSAGE) func\_ptr\_rx, void\*)(char) func\_ptr\_tx)

Initialize the internal communication.

#### Parameters:

**func\_ptr\_rx** The function you wish to call when a new message has been recieved and should be parsed

**func\_ptr\_tx** The function used to send data to the hardware handling the data transmission

Definition at line 68 of file internal\_comm.c.

References struct\_uc\_com::char\_count, struct\_uc\_com::checksum, f\_ptr\_rx, f\_ptr\_tx, struct\_uc\_com::flags, int\_comm\_rx\_queue\_dropall(), and int\_comm\_tx\_queue\_dropall().

Referenced by main().

### 6.83.3.3 unsigned char internal\_comm\_poll\_rx\_queue (void)

Polls the RX queue in the internal communication and calls the function defined in internal\_comm\_init.

#### Returns:

1 if a message was in the buffer and got parsed, 0 if not

Definition at line 91 of file internal\_comm.c.

References f\_ptr\_rx, int\_comm\_rx\_queue\_drop(), int\_comm\_rx\_queue\_get(), and int\_comm\_rx\_queue\_is\_empty().

Referenced by main().

### 6.83.3.4 unsigned char internal\_comm\_poll\_tx\_queue (void)

Polls the TX queue in the internal communication and sends the data if there is a message in the queue.

#### Returns:

1 if a message was in the buffer and got sent, 0 if not

Definition at line 105 of file internal\_comm.c.

References int\_comm\_tx\_queue\_get(), int\_comm\_tx\_queue\_is\_empty(), internal\_comm\_send\_message(), and msg\_not\_acked.

Referenced by main().

#### 6.83.3.5 void internal\_comm\_send\_message (UC\_MESSAGE *tx\_message*)

Send a message to the internal communication uart.

##### Parameters:

*tx\_message* The message we wish to send

Definition at line 147 of file internal\_comm.c.

References UC\_MESSAGE::checksum, UC\_MESSAGE::cmd, counter\_tx\_timeout, UC\_MESSAGE::data, f\_ptr\_tx, UC\_MESSAGE::length, UC\_COMM\_MSG\_POSTAMBLE, and UC\_COMM\_MSG\_PREAMBLE.

Referenced by internal\_comm\_poll\_tx\_queue(), and internal\_comm\_resend().



## 6.84 `internal_comm_commands.h` File Reference

The internal communication commands.

### Defines

- `#define INT_COMM_TURN_DEVICE_OFF 0xC0`  
*Initialize the shut down sequence.*
- `#define INT_COMM_PULL_THE_PLUG 0xC1`  
*Shut down the device.*
- `#define INT_COMM_AUX_CHANGE_OUTPUT_PIN 0xC2`  
*Change the state of one of the AUX pins on the X11 connector.*
- `#define INT_COMM_AUX_READ_INPUT_PIN 0xC3`  
*Read the input status of an AUX pin on the X11 connector.*
- `#define INT_COMM_GET_BAND_BCD_STATUS 0xC4`  
*Read the BCD input on the top floor.*
- `#define INT_COMM_PS2_KEYPRESSED 0xC5`  
*A key was pressed on the external PS2 keypad.*
- `#define INT_COMM_PC_CTRL 0xC6`  
*Command used to transfer commands from the PC to the front panel and vice versa.*

### 6.84.1 Detailed Description

The internal communication commands.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "internal_comm_commands.c"
```

Definition in file `internal_comm_commands.h`.

## 6.85 internal\_comm\_rx\_queue.c File Reference

The internal communication RX QUEUE.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "internal_comm_rx_queue.h"
```

### Functions

- void [int\\_comm\\_rx\\_queue\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initialize the internal comm rx queue.*
- void [int\\_comm\\_rx\\_queue\\_add](#) ([UC\\_MESSAGE](#) message)  
*Insert a message into the TX queue (FIFO).*
- [UC\\_MESSAGE](#) [int\\_comm\\_rx\\_queue\\_get](#) (void)  
*Retrieve the first message from the FIFO TX queue.*
- void [int\\_comm\\_rx\\_queue\\_drop](#) (void)
- void [int\\_comm\\_rx\\_queue\\_dropall](#) (void)  
*Erase all content in the TX queue.*
- unsigned char [int\\_comm\\_rx\\_queue\\_is\\_empty](#) (void)  
*Check if the queue is empty.*

### Variables

- [int\\_comm\\_rx\\_queue\\_struct](#) [int\\_comm\\_rx\\_queue](#)  
*The RX queue.*

#### 6.85.1 Detailed Description

The internal communication RX QUEUE.

##### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

##### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "internal_comm_rx_queue.c"
```

Definition in file [internal\\_comm\\_rx\\_queue.c](#).

## 6.85.2 Function Documentation

### 6.85.2.1 void int\_comm\_rx\_queue\_add (UC\_MESSAGE *message*)

Insert a message into the TX queue (FIFO).

**Parameters:**

*message* - The message that should be inserted to the queue

Definition at line 43 of file internal\_comm\_rx\_queue.c.

References rx\_linked\_list::first, INTERNAL\_COMM\_RX\_QUEUE\_SIZE, rx\_linked\_list::last, and rx\_linked\_list::message.

Referenced by ISR().

### 6.85.2.2 void int\_comm\_rx\_queue\_drop (void)

Drops the first message in the queue Frees up the memory space aswell.

Definition at line 66 of file internal\_comm\_rx\_queue.c.

References rx\_linked\_list::first, and INTERNAL\_COMM\_RX\_QUEUE\_SIZE.

Referenced by internal\_comm\_poll\_rx\_queue().

### 6.85.2.3 void int\_comm\_rx\_queue\_dropall (void)

Erase all content in the TX queue.

**Returns:**

The number of items that were cleared

Definition at line 76 of file internal\_comm\_rx\_queue.c.

References rx\_linked\_list::first, and rx\_linked\_list::last.

Referenced by internal\_comm\_init().

### 6.85.2.4 UC\_MESSAGE int\_comm\_rx\_queue\_get (void)

Retrieve the first message from the FIFO TX queue.

**Returns:**

The first message in the queue

Definition at line 59 of file internal\_comm\_rx\_queue.c.

References rx\_linked\_list::first, and rx\_linked\_list::message.

Referenced by internal\_comm\_poll\_rx\_queue().

**6.85.2.5 unsigned char int \_comm\_rx\_queue\_is\_empty (void)**

Check if the queue is empty.

**Returns:**

1 if the queue is empty and 0 otherwise

Definition at line 84 of file internal\_comm\_rx\_queue.c.

References rx\_linked\_list::first, and rx\_linked\_list::last.

Referenced by internal\_comm\_poll\_rx\_queue().

## 6.86 internal\_comm\_rx\_queue.h File Reference

The internal communication RX QUEUE.

```
#include "internal_comm.h"
```

### Classes

- struct [rx\\_linked\\_list](#)  
*The structure of the RX circular buffer.*

### Defines

- `#define` [INTERNAL\\_COMM\\_RX\\_QUEUE\\_SIZE](#) 5  
*The size of the RX QUEUE.*

### Typedefs

- typedef struct [rx\\_linked\\_list](#) [int\\_comm\\_rx\\_queue\\_struct](#)  
*The structure of the RX circular buffer.*

### Functions

- void [int\\_comm\\_rx\\_queue\\_add](#) ([UC\\_MESSAGE](#) message)  
*Insert a message into the TX queue (FIFO).*
- [UC\\_MESSAGE](#) [int\\_comm\\_rx\\_queue\\_get](#) (void)  
*Retrieve the first message from the FIFO TX queue.*
- void [int\\_comm\\_rx\\_queue\\_drop](#) (void)
- void [int\\_comm\\_rx\\_queue\\_dropall](#) (void)  
*Erase all content in the TX queue.*
- void [int\\_comm\\_rx\\_queue\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initialize the internal comm rx queue.*
- unsigned char [int\\_comm\\_rx\\_queue\\_is\\_empty](#) (void)  
*Check if the queue is empty.*

#### 6.86.1 Detailed Description

The internal communication RX QUEUE.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsson, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-01-25

```
#include "internal_comm_rx_queue.h"
```

Definition in file [internal\\_comm\\_rx\\_queue.h](#).

## 6.86.2 Function Documentation

### 6.86.2.1 void int\_comm\_rx\_queue\_add (UC\_MESSAGE *message*)

Insert a message into the TX queue (FIFO).

**Parameters:**

*message* - The message that should be inserted to the queue

Definition at line 43 of file internal\_comm\_rx\_queue.c.

References rx\_linked\_list::first, INTERNAL\_COMM\_RX\_QUEUE\_SIZE, rx\_linked\_list::last, and rx\_linked\_list::message.

Referenced by ISR().

### 6.86.2.2 void int\_comm\_rx\_queue\_drop (void)

Drops the first message in the queue Frees up the memory space aswell.

Definition at line 66 of file internal\_comm\_rx\_queue.c.

References rx\_linked\_list::first, and INTERNAL\_COMM\_RX\_QUEUE\_SIZE.

Referenced by internal\_comm\_poll\_rx\_queue().

### 6.86.2.3 void int\_comm\_rx\_queue\_dropall (void)

Erase all content in the TX queue.

**Returns:**

The number of items that were cleared

Definition at line 76 of file internal\_comm\_rx\_queue.c.

References rx\_linked\_list::first, and rx\_linked\_list::last.

Referenced by internal\_comm\_init().

### 6.86.2.4 UC\_MESSAGE int\_comm\_rx\_queue\_get (void)

Retrieve the first message from the FIFO TX queue.

**Returns:**

The first message in the queue

Definition at line 59 of file `internal_comm_rx_queue.c`.

References `rx_linked_list::first`, and `rx_linked_list::message`.

Referenced by `internal_comm_poll_rx_queue()`.

#### 6.86.2.5 `unsigned char int_comm_rx_queue_is_empty (void)`

Check if the queue is empty.

##### Returns:

1 if the queue is empty and 0 otherwise

Definition at line 84 of file `internal_comm_rx_queue.c`.

References `rx_linked_list::first`, and `rx_linked_list::last`.

Referenced by `internal_comm_poll_rx_queue()`.

## 6.87 internal\_comm\_tx\_queue.c File Reference

The internal communication TX QUEUE.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "internal_comm_tx_queue.h"
```

### Functions

- void [int\\_comm\\_int\\_comm\\_tx\\_queue\\_init](#) (void)
- void [int\\_comm\\_tx\\_queue\\_add](#) ([UC\\_MESSAGE](#) message)  
*Insert a message into the TX queue (FIFO).*
- [UC\\_MESSAGE](#) [int\\_comm\\_tx\\_queue\\_get](#) (void)  
*Retrieve the first message from the FIFO TX queue.*
- void [int\\_comm\\_tx\\_queue\\_drop](#) (void)
- void [int\\_comm\\_tx\\_queue\\_dropall](#) (void)  
*Erase all content in the TX queue.*
- unsigned char [int\\_comm\\_tx\\_queue\\_is\\_empty](#) (void)  
*Check if the queue is empty.*

### Variables

- [int\\_comm\\_tx\\_queue\\_struct](#) [int\\_comm\\_tx\\_queue](#)  
*The TX queue.*

#### 6.87.1 Detailed Description

The internal communication TX QUEUE.

##### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

##### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "internal_comm_tx_queue.c"
```

Definition in file [internal\\_comm\\_tx\\_queue.c](#).



## 6.87.2 Function Documentation

### 6.87.2.1 void int\_comm\_int\_comm\_tx\_queue\_init (void)

Initialize the internal communication TX queue

Definition at line 35 of file internal\_comm\_tx\_queue.c.

References tx\_linked\_list::first, and tx\_linked\_list::last.

### 6.87.2.2 void int\_comm\_tx\_queue\_add (UC\_MESSAGE *message*)

Insert a message into the TX queue (FIFO).

#### Parameters:

*message* - The message that should be inserted to the queue

Definition at line 43 of file internal\_comm\_tx\_queue.c.

References tx\_linked\_list::first, tx\_linked\_list::last, and tx\_linked\_list::message.

Referenced by internal\_comm\_add\_tx\_message().

### 6.87.2.3 void int\_comm\_tx\_queue\_drop (void)

Drops the first message in the queue Frees up the memory space aswell.

Definition at line 66 of file internal\_comm\_tx\_queue.c.

References tx\_linked\_list::first.

Referenced by ISR().

### 6.87.2.4 void int\_comm\_tx\_queue\_dropall (void)

Erase all content in the TX queue.

#### Returns:

The number of items that were cleared

Definition at line 76 of file internal\_comm\_tx\_queue.c.

References tx\_linked\_list::first, and tx\_linked\_list::last.

Referenced by internal\_comm\_init().

### 6.87.2.5 UC\_MESSAGE int\_comm\_tx\_queue\_get (void)

Retrieve the first message from the FIFO TX queue.

#### Returns:

The first message in the queue

Definition at line 59 of file `internal_comm_tx_queue.c`.

References `tx_linked_list::first`, and `tx_linked_list::message`.

Referenced by `internal_comm_poll_tx_queue()`, and `internal_comm_resend()`.

#### **6.87.2.6 unsigned char int\_comm\_tx\_queue\_is\_empty (void)**

Check if the queue is empty.

##### **Returns:**

1 if the queue is empty and 0 otherwise

Definition at line 84 of file `internal_comm_tx_queue.c`.

References `tx_linked_list::first`, and `tx_linked_list::last`.

Referenced by `internal_comm_poll_tx_queue()`.

## 6.88 powermeter/display\_unit/lcd.c File Reference

Character LCD driver for HD44780/SED1278 displays.

```
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/pgmspace.h>
#include "global.h"
#include "delay.h"
#include "lcd.h"
```

### Functions

- void **write\_data** (unsigned char data)
- unsigned char **read\_data** (void)
- unsigned char **\_\_attribute\_\_** ((progmem))
- void **lcdInitHW** (void)
- void **lcdBusyWait** (void)
- void **lcdControlWrite** (u08 data)
- u08 **lcdControlRead** (void)
- void **lcdDataWrite** (u08 data)
- u08 **lcdDataRead** (void)
- void **lcdInit** ()
- void **lcdHome** (void)
- void **lcdClear** (void)
- void **lcdGotoXY** (u08 x, u08 y)
- void **lcdLoadCustomChar** (u08 \*lcdCustomCharArray, u08 romCharNum, u08 lcdCharNum)
- void **lcdPrintData** (char \*data, u08 nBytes)
- void **lcdProgressBar** (u16 progress, u16 maxprogress, u08 length)

### 6.88.1 Detailed Description

Character LCD driver for HD44780/SED1278 displays.

Definition in file [lcd.c](#).

## 6.89 powermeter/display\_unit/lcd.h File Reference

Character LCD driver for HD44780/SED1278 displays.

```
#include "global.h"
#include "lcdconf.h"
```

## Defines

- ```

• #define LCD_DELAY __asm__ __volatile__ ("nop\n nop\n nop\n nop\n nop\n\nop\n\n nop\n\n nop\n\n nop\n\n nop\n\n nop\n\n");
• #define LCD_CLR 0
• #define LCD_HOME 1
• #define LCD_ENTRY_MODE 2
• #define LCD_ENTRY_INC 1
• #define LCD_ENTRY_SHIFT 0
• #define LCD_ON_CTRL 3
• #define LCD_ON_DISPLAY 2
• #define LCD_ON_CURSOR 1
• #define LCD_ON_BLINK 0
• #define LCD_MOVE 4
• #define LCD_MOVE_DISP 3
• #define LCD_MOVE_RIGHT 2
• #define LCD_FUNCTION 5
• #define LCD_FUNCTION_8BIT 4
• #define LCD_FUNCTION_2LINES 3
• #define LCD_FUNCTION_10DOTS 2
• #define LCD_CGRAM 6
• #define LCD_DDGRAM 7
• #define LCD_BUSY 7
• #define LCD_FDEF_1 (1<<LCD_FUNCTION_8BIT)
• #define LCD_FDEF_2 (1<<LCD_FUNCTION_2LINES)
• #define LCD_FUNCTION_DEFAULT ((1<<LCD_FUNCTION) | LCD_FDEF_1 | LCD_FDEF_2)
• #define LCD_MODE_DEFAULT ((1<<LCD_ENTRY_MODE) | (1<<LCD_ENTRY_INC))
• #define LCDCHAR_PROGRESS05 0
• #define LCDCHAR_PROGRESS15 1
• #define LCDCHAR_PROGRESS25 2
• #define LCDCHAR_PROGRESS35 3
• #define LCDCHAR_PROGRESS45 4
• #define LCDCHAR_PROGRESS55 5
• #define LCDCHAR_REWINDARROW 6
• #define LCDCHAR_STOPBLOCK 7
• #define LCDCHAR_PAUSEBARS 8
• #define LCDCHAR_FORWARDARROW 9
• #define LCDCHAR_SCROLLUPARROW 10
• #define LCDCHAR_SCROLLDNARROW 11
• #define LCDCHAR_BLANK 12
• #define LCDCHAR_ANIPLAYICON0 13

```

- `#define LCDCHAR__ANIPLAYICON1` 14
- `#define LCDCHAR__ANIPLAYICON2` 15
- `#define LCDCHAR__ANIPLAYICON3` 16
- `#define PROGRESSPIXELS__PER__CHAR` 6

## Functions

- `unsigned char __attribute__((progmem)) LcdCustomChar[]`
- `void lcdInitHW` (void)
- `void lcdBusyWait` (void)
- `void lcdControlWrite` (u08 data)
- `u08 lcdControlRead` (void)
- `void lcdDataWrite` (u08 data)
- `u08 lcdDataRead` (void)
- `void lcdInit` (void)
- `void lcdHome` (void)
- `void lcdClear` (void)
- `void lcdGotoXY` (u08 row, u08 col)
- `void lcdLoadCustomChar` (u08 \*lcdCustomCharArray, u08 romCharNum, u08 lcdCharNum)
- `void lcdPrintData` (char \*data, u08 nBytes)
- `void lcdProgressBar` (u16 progress, u16 maxprogress, u08 length)

### 6.89.1 Detailed Description

Character LCD driver for HD44780/SED1278 displays.

Definition in file [lcd.h](#).

## 6.90 powermeter/display\_unit/lcdconf.h File Reference

Character LCD driver configuration.

### Defines

- `#define LCD_PORT_INTERFACE`
- `#define LCD_CTRL_PORT PORTC`
- `#define LCD_CTRL_DDR DDRC`
- `#define LCD_CTRL_RS 5`
- `#define LCD_CTRL_RW 6`
- `#define LCD_CTRL_E 7`
- `#define LCD_DATA_POUT PORTA`
- `#define LCD_DATA_PIN PINA`
- `#define LCD_DATA_DDR DDRA`
- `#define LCD_LINES 2`
- `#define LCD_LINE_LENGTH 20`
- `#define LCD_LINE0_DDRAMADDR 0x00`
- `#define LCD_LINE1_DDRAMADDR 0x40`
- `#define LCD_LINE2_DDRAMADDR 0x14`
- `#define LCD_LINE3_DDRAMADDR 0x54`

### 6.90.1 Detailed Description

Character LCD driver configuration.

Definition in file [lcdconf.h](#).

## 6.91 powermeter/display\_unit/output.h File Reference

Output functions.

### Functions

- void **output\_show\_display** (unsigned char index)
- void **output\_update\_leds** (void)

### 6.91.1 Detailed Description

Output functions.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsson, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2009-06-23

Definition in file [output.h](#).

## 6.92 wmv\_\_bus/bus.c File Reference

The communication bus protocol used in the openASC project.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <avr/wdt.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include "bus.h"
#include "bus_tx_queue.h"
#include "bus_rx_queue.h"
#include "bus_commands.h"
#include "bus_ping.h"
#include "global.h"
#include "bus_usart.h"
```

### Functions

- void `bus_init` (void)  
*Init the communication bus.*
- void `bus_set_address` (unsigned char addr)  
*Set the address of this device on the bus.*
- unsigned char `bus_allowed_to_send` (void)  
*Returns if you are allowed to transmit data to the bus or not.*
- unsigned char `bus_get_address` (void)  
*Returns the address of this device.*
- void `bus_send_message` (void)  
*Sends the first message in the FIFO TX queue to the communication bus.*
- void `__inline__ bus_reset_tx_status` (void)  
*Function that resets the bus status variables.*
- void `__inline__ bus_reset_rx_status` (void)  
*Function that resets the bus status variables.*
- unsigned char `bus_is_master` (void)  
*Returns if the bus is set to be master.*
- void `bus_set_is_master` (unsigned char state, unsigned char count)



*Set the status if the device should be master or not.*

- void `bus_send_nack` (unsigned char to\_addr, unsigned char error\_type)  
*Send an NOT acknowledge.*
- void `bus_send_ack` (unsigned char to\_addr)  
*Send an acknowledge.*
- unsigned char `bus_get_device_count` (void)  
*Receive the device count on the bus.*
- void `bus_set_device_count` (unsigned char device\_count)  
*Set the number of devices that are on the bus.*
- void `bus_resend_message` (void)  
*Resend the last message.*
- void `bus_check_tx_status` (void)  
*Checks if there is anything that should be sent in the TX queue.*
- void `bus_add_tx_message` (unsigned char from\_addr, unsigned char to\_addr, unsigned char flags, unsigned char cmd, unsigned char length, unsigned char data[])  
*Adds a message to the TX queue which will be sent as soon as possible.*
- void `bus_add_rx_message` (unsigned char from\_addr, unsigned char to\_addr, unsigned char flags, unsigned char cmd, unsigned char length, unsigned char data[])  
*Adds a message to the RX queue which will be sent as soon as possible.*
- void `bus_add_new_message` (void)  
*Adds the message bus\_new\_message into the RX queue.*
- void `bus_message_nacked` (unsigned char addr, unsigned char error\_type)  
*The message last sent was NACKED from the receiver.*
- void `bus_message_acked` (unsigned char addr)  
*The message last sent was acknowledged from the receiver.*
- `ISR` (ISR\_BUS\_USART\_DATA)
- `ISR` (ISR\_BUS\_USART\_RECV)
- `ISR` (ISR\_BUS\_USART\_TRANS)
- `ISR` (ISR\_BUS\_TIMER\_COMPARE)

## Variables

- `bus_status_struct bus_status`  
*The bus status structure.*
- unsigned char `calc_checksum` = 0  
*Variable used to calculate the checksum when receiving a message.*

- [BUS\\_MESSAGE bus\\_new\\_message](#)  
*The new message.*
- unsigned char [timer\\_bus\\_timeout](#) = 0  
*Counter that keeps track of how long time ago it was when we received a new character and if it's over the limit we erase all the RX buffer.*
- unsigned int [counter\\_sync\\_timeout](#) = 0  
*Counter that keeps track of how long time ago it was when we received a new SYNC message on the BUS.*
- unsigned int [counter\\_130us](#) = 0  
*Counter which keeps track of each time the 130us timer counts up.*

### 6.92.1 Detailed Description

The communication bus protocol used in the openASC project.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "wmv_bus/bus.c"
```

Definition in file [bus.c](#).

### 6.92.2 Function Documentation

**6.92.2.1** `void bus_add_rx_message (unsigned char from_addr, unsigned char to_addr, unsigned char flags, unsigned char cmd, unsigned char length, unsigned char data[])`

Adds a message to the RX queue which will be sent as soon as possible.

#### Parameters:

***from\_addr*** The address of the sender  
***to\_addr*** The address to the receiver  
***flags*** Different flags, see defines  
***cmd*** The command performed  
***length*** The length of the data received  
***data*** The data received

Definition at line 324 of file bus.c.

References `BUS_MESSAGE::cmd`, `BUS_MESSAGE::data`, `BUS_MESSAGE::flags`, `BUS_MESSAGE::from_addr`, `BUS_MESSAGE::length`, `rx_queue_add()`, and `BUS_MESSAGE::to_addr`.

### 6.92.2.2 void bus\_add\_tx\_message (unsigned char *from\_addr*, unsigned char *to\_addr*, unsigned char *flags*, unsigned char *cmd*, unsigned char *length*, unsigned char *data*[])

Adds a message to the TX queue which will be sent as soon as possible.

#### Parameters:

*from\_addr* The address of the sender  
*to\_addr* The address to the receiver  
*flags* Different flags, see defines  
*cmd* The command wanted to be performed  
*length* The length of the data wanting to be sent  
*data* The data wanted to be transmitted to the receiver

Definition at line 291 of file bus.c.

References bus\_allowed\_to\_send(), BUS\_CMD\_SYNC, BUS\_MESSAGE::checksum, BUS\_MESSAGE::cmd, BUS\_MESSAGE::data, BUS\_MESSAGE::flags, BUS\_MESSAGE::from\_addr, BUS\_MESSAGE::length, BUS\_MESSAGE::to\_addr, and tx\_queue\_add().

Referenced by antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_outputs(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_ant\_data\_to\_bus(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_band\_data\_to\_bus(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_data\_to\_bus(), band\_ctrl\_send\_band\_data\_to\_bus(), bus\_parse\_message(), bus\_send\_ack(), bus\_send\_nack(), ISR(), main(), send\_ping(), and sub\_menu\_send\_data\_to\_bus().

### 6.92.2.3 unsigned char bus\_allowed\_to\_send (void)

Returns if you are allowed to transmit data to the bus or not.

#### Returns:

1 if it's allowed to transmit and 0 if not

Definition at line 114 of file bus.c.

References BUS\_STATUS\_MASTER\_SENT\_SYNC\_BIT, and bus\_status\_struct::flags.

Referenced by bus\_add\_tx\_message(), ISR(), and main().

### 6.92.2.4 unsigned char bus\_get\_address (void)

Returns the address of this device.

#### Returns:

The address of this device

Definition at line 123 of file bus.c.

References bus\_status\_struct::ext\_addr.

Referenced by antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_outputs(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_ant\_data\_to\_bus(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_band\_data\_to\_bus(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_data\_to\_bus(), band\_ctrl\_send\_band\_data\_to\_bus(), bus\_parse\_message(), ISR(), main(), send\_ping(), and sub\_menu\_send\_data\_to\_bus().

#### 6.92.2.5 unsigned char bus\_get\_device\_count (void)

Receive the device count on the bus.

**Returns:**

The number of devices on the bus

Definition at line 235 of file bus.c.

References bus\_status\_struct::device\_count.

Referenced by main().

#### 6.92.2.6 unsigned char bus\_is\_master (void)

Returns if the bus is set to be master.

**Returns:**

1 if it is configured to be master, 0 otherwise

Definition at line 196 of file bus.c.

References BUS\_STATUS\_DEVICE\_IS\_MASTER\_BIT, and bus\_status\_struct::flags.

Referenced by ISR(), and main().

#### 6.92.2.7 void bus\_message\_nacked (unsigned char *addr*, unsigned char *error\_type*)

The message last sent was NACKED from the receiver.

**Parameters:**

*addr* The address of the device that sent the NACK

*error\_type* Contains information why the message was NACKED

Definition at line 348 of file bus.c.

References bus\_resend\_message(), BUS\_STATUS\_MESSAGE\_ACK\_TIMEOUT, bus\_status\_struct::flags, BUS\_MESSAGE::to\_addr, and tx\_queue\_get().

Referenced by bus\_parse\_message(), and event\_bus\_parse\_message().

#### 6.92.2.8 void bus\_send\_nack (unsigned char *to\_addr*, unsigned char *error\_type*)

Send an NOT acknowledge.

**Parameters:**

*to\_addr* Which address we wish to send the ping to

*error\_type* Why was the message nacked, see [bus.h](#) for more information about BUS errors

Definition at line 223 of file bus.c.

References bus\_add\_tx\_message(), BUS\_BROADCAST\_ADDR, BUS\_CMD\_NACK, and bus\_status\_struct::ext\_addr.

Referenced by ISR().

**6.92.2.9 void bus\_set\_address (unsigned char *addr*)**

Set the address of this device on the bus.

**Parameters:**

***addr*** The address of this device

Definition at line 108 of file bus.c.

References bus\_status\_struct::ext\_addr.

Referenced by main().

**6.92.2.10 void bus\_set\_device\_count (unsigned char *device\_count*)**

Set the number of devices that are on the bus.

**Parameters:**

***device\_count*** The number of devices on the bus, ie the number of time slots

Definition at line 241 of file bus.c.

References BUS\_TIME\_MULTIPLIER, bus\_status\_struct::device\_count, and bus\_status\_struct::device\_count\_mult.

**6.92.2.11 void bus\_set\_is\_master (unsigned char *state*, unsigned char *count*)**

Set the status if the device should be master or not.

**Parameters:**

***state*** 1 if you wish the device to be master, 0 if you wish that it should be slave

***count*** The nr of devices

Definition at line 206 of file bus.c.

References BUS\_STATUS\_ALLOWED\_TO\_SEND\_BIT, BUS\_STATUS\_DEVICE\_IS\_MASTER\_BIT, BUS\_STATUS\_FORCE\_SYNC, BUS\_TIME\_MULTIPLIER, bus\_status\_struct::device\_count, bus\_status\_struct::device\_count\_mult, and bus\_status\_struct::flags.

Referenced by main().

**6.92.2.12 ISR (ISR\_BUS\_TIMER\_COMPARE)**

Timer interrupt with ~130us intervals

Definition at line 512 of file bus.c.

References BUS\_ACK\_WRAPAROUND\_LIMIT, bus\_is\_master(), bus\_resend\_message(), bus\_reset\_rx\_status(), BUS\_STATUS\_MASTER\_SENT\_SYNC\_BIT, BUS\_STATUS\_MESSAGE\_ACK\_TIMEOUT, BUS\_STATUS\_TIME\_SLOT\_ACTIVE, BUS\_SYNC\_TIMEOUT\_LIMIT, BUS\_TIMEOUT\_LIMIT, counter\_130us, counter\_sync\_timeout, bus\_status\_struct::device\_count, bus\_status\_struct::device\_count\_mult, ERROR\_TYPE\_BUS\_SYNC, event\_set\_error(), bus\_status\_struct::flags, bus\_status\_struct::frame\_counter, led\_set\_error(), LED\_STATE\_ON, bus\_status\_struct::lower\_limit, timer\_bus\_timeout, tx\_queue\_dropall(), bus\_status\_struct::upper\_limit, and bus\_status\_struct::wraparounds.

#### 6.92.2.13 ISR (ISR\_BUS\_USART\_TRANS)

USART data transmit interrupt

Definition at line 506 of file bus.c.

References `BUS_STATUS_RECEIVE_ON`, `BUS_STATUS_SEND_ACTIVE`, and `bus_status_struct::flags`.

#### 6.92.2.14 ISR (ISR\_BUS\_USART\_RECV)

USART data receive interrupt

Definition at line 386 of file bus.c.

References `bus_add_new_message()`, `BUS_BROADCAST_ADDR`, `BUS_CHECKSUM_ERROR`, `BUS_CMD_PING`, `BUS_CMD_SYNC`, `BUS_MESSAGE_FLAGS_NEED_ACK`, `bus_ping_new_stamp()`, `bus_reset_rx_status()`, `bus_send_ack()`, `bus_send_nack()`, `BUS_STATUS_ALLOWED_TO_SEND_BIT`, `BUS_STATUS_MASTER_SENT_SYNC_BIT`, `BUS_STATUS_PREAMBLE_FOUND_BIT`, `BUS_STATUS_RECEIVE_ON`, `BUS_TIME_MULTIMPLIER`, `calc_checksum`, `bus_status_struct::char_count`, `BUS_MESSAGE::checksum`, `BUS_MESSAGE::cmd`, `counter_sync_timeout`, `BUS_MESSAGE::data`, `bus_status_struct::device_count`, `bus_status_struct::device_count_mult`, `bus_status_struct::ext_addr`, `BUS_MESSAGE::flags`, `bus_status_struct::flags`, `bus_status_struct::frame_counter`, `BUS_MESSAGE::from_addr`, `BUS_MESSAGE::length`, `bus_status_struct::prev_char`, `timer_bus_timeout`, and `BUS_MESSAGE::to_addr`.

#### 6.92.2.15 ISR (ISR\_BUS\_USART\_DATA)

USART data interrupt

Definition at line 381 of file bus.c.

## 6.93 wmv\_\_bus/bus.h File Reference

The communication bus protocol used in the openASC project.

### Classes

- struct [BUS\\_MESSAGE](#)
- struct [rx\\_linked\\_list](#)  
*The structure of the RX circular buffer.*
- struct [tx\\_linked\\_list](#)  
*The structure of the TX circular buffer.*
- struct [bus\\_status\\_struct](#)

### Defines

- #define [DEF\\_NR\\_DEVICES](#) 25  
*Define the proper interrupt routines depending on hardware.*
- #define [DEFAULT\\_STARTUP\\_DELAY](#) 90  
*The startup time for the device. This is so that all units dont send ping at the same time.*
- #define [BUS\\_MSG\\_PREAMBLE](#) 0xFE
- #define [BUS\\_MSG\\_POSTAMBLE](#) 0xFD
- #define [BUS\\_MSG\\_ACK](#) 0xFA
- #define [BUS\\_MSG\\_NACK](#) 0xFB
- #define [BUS\\_BROADCAST\\_ADDR](#) 0x00
- #define [DEVICE\\_ID\\_MAINBOX](#) 1  
*Device ID for the mainbox.*
- #define [DEVICE\\_ID\\_DRIVER\\_POS](#) 2  
*Device ID for the positive driver module.*
- #define [DEVICE\\_ID\\_DRIVER\\_NEG](#) 3  
*Device ID for the negative driver module.*
- #define [DEVICE\\_ID\\_ROTATOR\\_UNIT](#) 4  
*Device ID for the rotator unit.*
- #define [DEVICE\\_ID\\_COMPUTER](#) 5  
*Device ID for a computer.*
- #define [DEVICE\\_ID\\_POWERMETER\\_PICKUP](#) 6  
*Device ID for a power meter pickup.*
- #define [DEVICE\\_ID\\_GENERAL\\_IO](#) 7  
*Device ID for the General I/O card.*

- `#define BUS_MAX_RESENDS 10`
- `#define BUS_DEVICE_STATUS_MESSAGE_INTERVAL 1500`
- `#define BUS_MASTER_SYNC_INTERVAL 1000`
- `#define BUS_SYNC_TIMEOUT_LIMIT 3200`
- `#define BUS_ACK_WRAPAROUND_LIMIT 10`
- `#define BUS_TIMEOUT_LIMIT 5`
- `#define BUS_STATUS_DEVICE_IS_MASTER_BIT 0`
- `#define BUS_STATUS_ALLOWED_TO_SEND_BIT 1`
- `#define BUS_STATUS_PREAMBLE_FOUND_BIT 2`
- `#define BUS_STATUS_MASTER_SENT_SYNC_BIT 3`
- `#define BUS_STATUS_TIME_SLOT_ACTIVE 4`
- `#define BUS_STATUS_SEND_MESSAGE 5`
- `#define BUS_STATUS_SEND_ACTIVE 6`
- `#define BUS_STATUS_RECEIVE_ON 7`
- `#define BUS_STATUS_FORCE_SYNC 8`
- `#define BUS_STATUS_MESSAGE_ACK_TIMEOUT 9`
- `#define BUS_TIME_MULTIPLIER 4`
- `#define BUS_TIME_INTERRUPT_INTERVAL 130`
- `#define BUS_TIME_FRAME_LIMIT 520`
- `#define BUS_SLOT_DEAD_TIME 130`
- `#define SERIAL_RX_BUF_LENGTH 20`

*Length of the RX buffer.*

- `#define BUS_MESSAGE_DATA_SIZE 15`  
*Define the length of the bus message data field length.*
- `#define BUS_MESSAGE_FLAGS_NEED_ACK 0`
- `#define BUS_CHECKSUM_ERROR 0`  
*BUS ERRORS.*

## Typedefs

- `typedef struct rx_linked_list rx_queue_struct`  
*The structure of the RX circular buffer.*
- `typedef struct tx_linked_list tx_queue_struct`  
*The structure of the TX circular buffer.*

## Functions

- `void bus_add_tx_message` (unsigned char from\_addr, unsigned char to\_addr, unsigned char flags, unsigned char cmd, unsigned char length, unsigned char data[])  
*Adds a message to the TX queue which will be sent as soon as possible.*
- `void bus_add_rx_message` (unsigned char from\_addr, unsigned char to\_addr, unsigned char flags, unsigned char cmd, unsigned char length, unsigned char data[])  
*Adds a message to the RX queue which will be sent as soon as possible.*



- void `bus_set_address` (unsigned char addr)  
*Set the address of this device on the bus.*
- unsigned char `bus_get_address` (void)  
*Returns the address of this device.*
- void `bus_init` (void)  
*Init the communication bus.*
- void `bus_resend_message` (void)  
*Resend the last message.*
- void `bus_send_ack` (unsigned char to\_addr)  
*Send an acknowledge.*
- void `bus_send_nack` (unsigned char to\_addr, unsigned char error\_type)  
*Send an NOT acknowledge.*
- void `bus_message_acked` (unsigned char addr)  
*The message last sent was acknowledged from the receiver.*
- void `bus_message_nacked` (unsigned char addr, unsigned char error\_type)  
*The message last sent was NACKED from the receiver.*
- void `__inline__ bus_reset_tx_status` (void)  
*Function that resets the bus status variables.*
- void `__inline__ bus_reset_rx_status` (void)  
*Function that resets the bus status variables.*
- unsigned char `bus_is_master` (void)  
*Returns if the bus is set to be master.*
- void `bus_set_is_master` (unsigned char state, unsigned char count)  
*Set the status if the device should be master or not.*
- unsigned char `bus_get_device_count` (void)  
*Receive the device count on the bus.*
- void `bus_set_device_count` (unsigned char device\_count)  
*Set the number of devices that are on the bus.*
- unsigned char `bus_allowed_to_send` (void)  
*Returns if you are allowed to transmit data to the bus or not.*
- void `bus_check_tx_status` (void)  
*Checks if there is anything that should be sent in the TX queue.*

### 6.93.1 Detailed Description

The communication bus protocol used in the openASC project.

Definition in file [bus.h](#).

### 6.93.2 Define Documentation

#### 6.93.2.1 `#define BUS_ACK_WRAPAROUND_LIMIT 10`

The timeout limit between a message that was sent to when it will be a resend, this is counted as number of wraparounds on the bus, ie 5 would mean 5 wraparounds

Definition at line 171 of file bus.h.

Referenced by `ISR()`.

#### 6.93.2.2 `#define BUS_BROADCAST_ADDR 0x00`

Bus broadcast address - All broadcast messages should contain an ID explaining which kind of device that is sending the message

Definition at line 137 of file bus.h.

Referenced by `bus_send_message()`, `bus_send_nack()`, `ISR()`, `main()`, and `send_ping()`.

#### 6.93.2.3 `#define BUS_DEVICE_STATUS_MESSAGE_INTERVAL 1500`

The interval between each status message (time is in ms)

Definition at line 158 of file bus.h.

Referenced by `ISR()`, and `main()`.

#### 6.93.2.4 `#define BUS_MASTER_SYNC_INTERVAL 1000`

The interval which the SYNC command is sent out from the master (time in ms) This value is not allowed to be over 5000 ms since that will make it too big for the timer controlling the SYNC timeout on all the devices.

Definition at line 163 of file bus.h.

Referenced by `main()`.

#### 6.93.2.5 `#define BUS_MAX_RESENDS 10`

The number of times a message is resent before it's dropped and an error flag is set

Definition at line 155 of file bus.h.

Referenced by `bus_resend_message()`.

#### 6.93.2.6 `#define BUS_MESSAGE_FLAGS_NEED_ACK 0`

BUS MESSAGE flags The message should be ACKED

Definition at line 218 of file bus.h.

Referenced by antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_outputs(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_ant\_data\_to\_bus(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_band\_data\_to\_bus(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_data\_to\_bus(), band\_ctrl\_send\_band\_data\_to\_bus(), ISR(), and sub\_menu\_send\_data\_to\_bus().

#### 6.93.2.7 #define BUS\_MSG\_ACK 0xFA

The acknowledge command of the bus

Definition at line 131 of file bus.h.

#### 6.93.2.8 #define BUS\_MSG\_NACK 0xFB

The NOT acknowledge command of the bus

Definition at line 133 of file bus.h.

#### 6.93.2.9 #define BUS\_MSG\_POSTAMBLE 0xFD

The postamble of the BUS message

Definition at line 129 of file bus.h.

Referenced by bus\_send\_message().

#### 6.93.2.10 #define BUS\_MSG\_PREAMBLE 0xFE

The preamble of the BUS message

Definition at line 127 of file bus.h.

Referenced by bus\_send\_message().

#### 6.93.2.11 #define BUS\_SLOT\_DEAD\_TIME 130

The dead time of the time slot, in us. This should be set pretty high to accept rather high clock drift. There is a dead period both before and after our slot, so total dead time is  $BUS\_SLOT\_DEAD\_TIME * 2$

Definition at line 208 of file bus.h.

Referenced by bus\_init().

#### 6.93.2.12 #define BUS\_STATUS\_ALLOWED\_TO\_SEND\_BIT 1

This bit shows if it's allowed to send messages on the bus, ie first sync has been received

Definition at line 181 of file bus.h.

#### 6.93.2.13 #define BUS\_STATUS\_DEVICE\_IS\_MASTER\_BIT 0

This bit is to set if the device is MASTER in the bus\_status.flags variable

Definition at line 179 of file bus.h.

Referenced by `bus_is_master()`, and `bus_set_is_master()`.

#### **6.93.2.14** `#define BUS_STATUS_FORCE_SYNC 8`

This bit is to force a SYNC message to be sent

Definition at line 195 of file `bus.h`.

Referenced by `bus_check_tx_status()`, and `bus_set_is_master()`.

#### **6.93.2.15** `#define BUS_STATUS_MASTER_SENT_SYNC_BIT 3`

This bit is to set if the MASTER has sent a SYNC message so we are allowed to start sending

Definition at line 185 of file `bus.h`.

Referenced by `bus_allowed_to_send()`, and `ISR()`.

#### **6.93.2.16** `#define BUS_STATUS_MESSAGE_ACK_TIMEOUT 9`

This bit is to see if a message should be acked or not, used for the timeout of an acknowledge

Definition at line 197 of file `bus.h`.

Referenced by `bus_message_acked()`, `bus_message_nacked()`, `bus_send_message()`, and `ISR()`.

#### **6.93.2.17** `#define BUS_STATUS_PREAMBLE_FOUND_BIT 2`

This bit is set if the preamble is found in the `bus_status.flags` variable

Definition at line 183 of file `bus.h`.

#### **6.93.2.18** `#define BUS_STATUS_RECEIVE_ON 7`

This bit is to indicate that we are CURRENTLY receiving a message

Definition at line 193 of file `bus.h`.

Referenced by `bus_init()`, `bus_send_message()`, and `ISR()`.

#### **6.93.2.19** `#define BUS_STATUS_SEND_ACTIVE 6`

This bit is to indicate that we are CURRENTLY sending a message

Definition at line 191 of file `bus.h`.

Referenced by `bus_send_message()`, and `ISR()`.

#### **6.93.2.20** `#define BUS_STATUS_SEND_MESSAGE 5`

This bit is to indicate that we should try to send the message currently in the TX queue

Definition at line 189 of file `bus.h`.

Referenced by `bus_check_tx_status()`, `bus_resend_message()`, and `bus_reset_tx_status()`.

**6.93.2.21 #define BUS\_STATUS\_TIME\_SLOT\_ACTIVE 4**

This bit is to set if the device own time slot is currently active, ie it is possibly allowed to send  
Definition at line 187 of file bus.h.

Referenced by bus\_check\_tx\_status(), and ISR().

**6.93.2.22 #define BUS\_SYNC\_TIMEOUT\_LIMIT 3200**

This limit is used to detect if it was too long ago since we received a SYNC message from the master. If so it will stop with all outgoing communication.

Definition at line 167 of file bus.h.

Referenced by ISR().

**6.93.2.23 #define BUS\_TIME\_FRAME\_LIMIT 520**

The time frame size of the bus time slots, in us

Definition at line 205 of file bus.h.

Referenced by bus\_init().

**6.93.2.24 #define BUS\_TIME\_INTERRUPT\_INTERVAL 130**

The interval of the timer interrupts, in us

Definition at line 203 of file bus.h.

Referenced by bus\_init().

**6.93.2.25 #define BUS\_TIME\_MULTIPLIER 4**

This is the multiplier for the send window  $BUS\_TIME\_INTERERRUPT\_INTERVAL * BUS\_TIME\_MULTIPLIER = BUS\_TIME\_FRAME\_LIMIT$

Definition at line 201 of file bus.h.

Referenced by bus\_set\_device\_count(), bus\_set\_is\_master(), and ISR().

**6.93.2.26 #define BUS\_TIMEOUT\_LIMIT 5**

Timeout limit for how long it can take without receiving a message before the buffer is cleared, this is counted as time, 5 would mean  $5 * 130$  us

Definition at line 175 of file bus.h.

Referenced by ISR().

**6.93.2.27 #define DEF\_NR\_DEVICES 25**

Define the proper interrupt routines depending on hardware.

The default number of devices

Definition at line 121 of file bus.h.

Referenced by bus\_ping\_get\_failed\_count(), bus\_ping\_get\_failed\_ping(), bus\_ping\_init(), bus\_ping\_tick(), and main().

### 6.93.3 Function Documentation

**6.93.3.1** void bus\_add\_rx\_message (unsigned char *from\_addr*, unsigned char *to\_addr*, unsigned char *flags*, unsigned char *cmd*, unsigned char *length*, unsigned char *data*[])

Adds a message to the RX queue which will be sent as soon as possible.

#### Parameters:

*from\_addr* The address of the sender  
*to\_addr* The address to the receiver  
*flags* Different flags, see defines  
*cmd* The command performed  
*length* The length of the data received  
*data* The data received

Definition at line 324 of file bus.c.

References BUS\_MESSAGE::cmd, BUS\_MESSAGE::data, BUS\_MESSAGE::flags, BUS\_MESSAGE::from\_addr, BUS\_MESSAGE::length, rx\_queue\_add(), and BUS\_MESSAGE::to\_addr.

**6.93.3.2** void bus\_add\_tx\_message (unsigned char *from\_addr*, unsigned char *to\_addr*, unsigned char *flags*, unsigned char *cmd*, unsigned char *length*, unsigned char *data*[])

Adds a message to the TX queue which will be sent as soon as possible.

#### Parameters:

*from\_addr* The address of the sender  
*to\_addr* The address to the receiver  
*flags* Different flags, see defines  
*cmd* The command wanted to be performed  
*length* The length of the data wanting to be sent  
*data* The data wanted to be transmitted to the receiver

Definition at line 291 of file bus.c.

References bus\_allowed\_to\_send(), BUS\_CMD\_SYNC, BUS\_MESSAGE::checksum, BUS\_MESSAGE::cmd, BUS\_MESSAGE::data, BUS\_MESSAGE::flags, BUS\_MESSAGE::from\_addr, BUS\_MESSAGE::length, BUS\_MESSAGE::to\_addr, and tx\_queue\_add().

Referenced by antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_outputs(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_ant\_data\_to\_bus(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_band\_data\_to\_bus(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_data\_to\_bus(), band\_ctrl\_send\_band\_data\_to\_bus(), bus\_parse\_message(), bus\_send\_ack(), bus\_send\_nack(), ISR(), main(), send\_ping(), and sub\_menu\_send\_data\_to\_bus().

### 6.93.3.3 unsigned char bus\_\_allowed\_\_to\_\_send (void)

Returns if you are allowed to transmit data to the bus or not.

#### Returns:

1 if it's allowed to transmit and 0 if not

Definition at line 114 of file bus.c.

References BUS\_\_STATUS\_\_MASTER\_\_SENT\_\_SYNC\_\_BIT, and bus\_\_status\_\_struct::flags.

Referenced by bus\_\_add\_\_tx\_\_message(), ISR(), and main().

### 6.93.3.4 unsigned char bus\_\_get\_\_address (void)

Returns the address of this device.

#### Returns:

The address of this device

Definition at line 123 of file bus.c.

References bus\_\_status\_\_struct::ext\_\_addr.

Referenced by antenna\_\_ctrl\_\_deactivate\_\_outputs(), antenna\_\_ctrl\_\_send\_\_ant\_\_data\_\_to\_\_bus(), antenna\_\_ctrl\_\_send\_\_rx\_\_ant\_\_band\_\_data\_\_to\_\_bus(), antenna\_\_ctrl\_\_send\_\_rx\_\_ant\_\_data\_\_to\_\_bus(), band\_\_ctrl\_\_send\_\_band\_\_data\_\_to\_\_bus(), bus\_\_parse\_\_message(), ISR(), main(), send\_\_ping(), and sub\_\_menu\_\_send\_\_data\_\_to\_\_bus().

### 6.93.3.5 unsigned char bus\_\_get\_\_device\_\_count (void)

Receive the device count on the bus.

#### Returns:

The number of devices on the bus

Definition at line 235 of file bus.c.

References bus\_\_status\_\_struct::device\_\_count.

Referenced by main().

### 6.93.3.6 unsigned char bus\_\_is\_\_master (void)

Returns if the bus is set to be master.

#### Returns:

1 if it is configured to be master, 0 otherwise

Definition at line 196 of file bus.c.

References BUS\_\_STATUS\_\_DEVICE\_\_IS\_\_MASTER\_\_BIT, and bus\_\_status\_\_struct::flags.

Referenced by ISR(), and main().

### 6.93.3.7 void bus\_message\_nacked (unsigned char *addr*, unsigned char *error\_type*)

The message last sent was NACKED from the receiver.

#### Parameters:

*addr* The address of the device that sent the NACK

*error\_type* Contains information why the message was NACKED

Definition at line 348 of file bus.c.

References bus\_resend\_message(), BUS\_STATUS\_MESSAGE\_ACK\_TIMEOUT, bus\_status\_struct::flags, BUS\_MESSAGE::to\_addr, and tx\_queue\_get().

Referenced by bus\_parse\_message(), and event\_bus\_parse\_message().

### 6.93.3.8 void bus\_send\_nack (unsigned char *to\_addr*, unsigned char *error\_type*)

Send an NOT acknowledge.

#### Parameters:

*to\_addr* Which address we wish to send the ping to

*error\_type* Why was the message nacked, see [bus.h](#) for more information about BUS errors

Definition at line 223 of file bus.c.

References bus\_add\_tx\_message(), BUS\_BROADCAST\_ADDR, BUS\_CMD\_NACK, and bus\_status\_struct::ext\_addr.

Referenced by ISR().

### 6.93.3.9 void bus\_set\_address (unsigned char *addr*)

Set the address of this device on the bus.

#### Parameters:

*addr* The address of this device

Definition at line 108 of file bus.c.

References bus\_status\_struct::ext\_addr.

Referenced by main().

### 6.93.3.10 void bus\_set\_device\_count (unsigned char *device\_count*)

Set the number of devices that are on the bus.

#### Parameters:

*device\_count* The number of devices on the bus, ie the number of time slots

Definition at line 241 of file bus.c.

References BUS\_TIME\_MULTIPLIER, bus\_status\_struct::device\_count, and bus\_status\_struct::device\_count\_mult.



**6.93.3.11 void bus\_set\_is\_master (unsigned char *state*, unsigned char *count*)**

Set the status if the device should be master or not.

**Parameters:**

***state*** 1 if you wish the device to be master, 0 if you wish that it should be slave

***count*** The nr of devices

Definition at line 206 of file bus.c.

References BUS\_STATUS\_ALLOWED\_TO\_SEND\_BIT, BUS\_STATUS\_DEVICE\_IS\_MASTER\_BIT, BUS\_STATUS\_FORCE\_SYNC, BUS\_TIME\_MULTIPLIER, bus\_status\_struct::device\_count, bus\_status\_struct::device\_count\_mult, and bus\_status\_struct::flags.

Referenced by main().

## 6.94 wmv\_\_bus/bus\_\_commands.h File Reference

Global commands for the WMV communication bus.

### Defines

- `#define BUS_CMD_ACK 0xFA`
- `#define BUS_CMD_NACK 0xFB`
- `#define BUS_CMD_SYNC 0x01`
- `#define BUS_CMD_PING 0x02`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_ACTIVATE_TXRX_MODE 0x10`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_TXRX_MODE 0x11`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_ACTIVATE_TX_ANT_COMBO 0x12`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_TX_ANT_COMBO 0x13`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_ACTIVATE_RX_ANT_COMBO 0x14`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_RX_ANT_COMBO 0x15`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_ACTIVATE_ANT_OUTPUT 0x16`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_ANT_OUTPUT 0x17`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_ACTIVATE_BAND_OUTPUT 0x18`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_BAND_OUTPUT 0x19`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_ACTIVATE_RX_ANT_OUTPUT 0x1A`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_RX_ANT_OUTPUT 0x1B`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_RX_BAND_OUTPUT 0x1C`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_ALL_RX_BAND_OUTPUTS 0x1D`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_ACTIVATE_RX_BAND_OUTPUT 0x1E`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_GET_STATUS 0x1F`
- `#define BUS_CMD_GET_TEMPERATURE 0x20`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_ALL_OUTPUTS 0x21`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_ALL_ANT_OUTPUTS 0x22`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_ALL_BAND_OUTPUTS 0x23`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_ALL_RX_ANTENNA_OUTPUTS 0x24`
- `#define BUS_CMD_SET_PTT_SETTINGS 0x25`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_ACTIVATE_SUBMENU_ANT1_OUTPUT 0x26`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_SUBMENU_ANT1_OUTPUT 0x27`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_ALL_SUBMENU_ANT1_OUTPUTS 0x28`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_ACTIVATE_SUBMENU_ANT2_OUTPUT 0x29`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_SUBMENU_ANT2_OUTPUT 0x3A`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_ALL_SUBMENU_ANT2_OUTPUTS 0x3B`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_ACTIVATE_SUBMENU_ANT3_OUTPUT 0x3C`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_SUBMENU_ANT3_OUTPUT 0x3D`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_ALL_SUBMENU_ANT3_OUTPUTS 0x3E`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_ACTIVATE_SUBMENU_ANT4_OUTPUT 0x3F`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_SUBMENU_ANT4_OUTPUT 0x40`
- `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_ALL_SUBMENU_ANT4_OUTPUTS 0x41`
- `#define BUS_CMD_ROTATOR_SET_ANGLE 0x60`

- `#define BUS_CMD_ROTATOR_GET_ANGLE 0x61`
- `#define BUS_CMD_ROTATOR_GET_STATUS 0x62`
- `#define BUS_CMD_ROTATOR_ROTATE_CW 0x63`
- `#define BUS_CMD_ROTATOR_ROTATE_CCW 0x64`
- `#define BUS_CMD_ROTATOR_STOP 0x65`
- `#define BUS_CMD_TRANSPARENT 0x66`
- `#define BUS_CMD_POWERMETER_STATUS 0x70`
- `#define BUS_CMD_POWERMETER_CALIBRATE 0x71`

### 6.94.1 Detailed Description

Global commands for the WMV communication bus.

**Author:**

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-01-25

```
#include "wmv_bus/bus_commands.h"
```

Definition in file [bus\\_commands.h](#).

### 6.94.2 Define Documentation

#### 6.94.2.1 `#define BUS_CMD_ACK 0xFA`

Send an acknowledge

Definition at line 29 of file [bus\\_commands.h](#).

Referenced by [bus\\_parse\\_message\(\)](#), [bus\\_send\\_ack\(\)](#), [bus\\_send\\_message\(\)](#), and [event\\_bus\\_parse\\_message\(\)](#).

#### 6.94.2.2 `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_ACTIVATE_ANT_OUTPUT 0x16`

Activate a driver output, type = ANT

Definition at line 52 of file [bus\\_commands.h](#).

Referenced by [antenna\\_ctrl\\_send\\_ant\\_data\\_to\\_bus\(\)](#), [bus\\_parse\\_message\(\)](#), and [parse\\_internal\\_comm\\_message\(\)](#).

#### 6.94.2.3 `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_ACTIVATE_BAND_OUTPUT 0x18`

Activate a driver output, type = BAND

Definition at line 56 of file [bus\\_commands.h](#).

Referenced by [band\\_ctrl\\_send\\_band\\_data\\_to\\_bus\(\)](#), [bus\\_parse\\_message\(\)](#), and [parse\\_internal\\_comm\\_message\(\)](#).

**6.94.2.4    #define BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_ACTIVATE\_RX\_ANT\_COMBO 0x14**

Activate a driver combo, type = RX ANT combo

Definition at line 48 of file bus\_commands.h.

**6.94.2.5    #define BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_ACTIVATE\_RX\_ANT\_OUTPUT 0x1A**

Activate a driver output, type = RX Antenna

Definition at line 60 of file bus\_commands.h.

Referenced by antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_data\_to\_bus(), bus\_parse\_message(), and parse\_internal\_comm\_message().

**6.94.2.6    #define BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_ACTIVATE\_RX\_BAND\_OUTPUT 0x1E**

Activate RX BAND output

Definition at line 68 of file bus\_commands.h.

Referenced by antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_band\_data\_to\_bus(), and bus\_parse\_message().

**6.94.2.7    #define BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_ACTIVATE\_SUBMENU\_ANT1\_OUTPUT 0x26**

Activate sub menu output

Definition at line 85 of file bus\_commands.h.

Referenced by bus\_parse\_message(), and sub\_menu\_send\_data\_to\_bus().

**6.94.2.8    #define BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_ACTIVATE\_SUBMENU\_ANT2\_OUTPUT 0x29**

Activate sub menu output

Definition at line 91 of file bus\_commands.h.

Referenced by bus\_parse\_message(), and sub\_menu\_send\_data\_to\_bus().

**6.94.2.9    #define BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_ACTIVATE\_SUBMENU\_ANT3\_OUTPUT 0x3C**

Activate sub menu output

Definition at line 97 of file bus\_commands.h.

Referenced by bus\_parse\_message(), and sub\_menu\_send\_data\_to\_bus().

**6.94.2.10    #define BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_ACTIVATE\_SUBMENU\_ANT4\_OUTPUT 0x3F**

Activate sub menu output

Definition at line 103 of file bus\_commands.h.

Referenced by bus\_parse\_message(), and sub\_menu\_send\_data\_to\_bus().

#### 6.94.2.11 **#define BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_ACTIVATE\_TX\_ANT\_COMBO 0x12**

Activate a driver combo, type = TX ANT

Definition at line 44 of file bus\_commands.h.

#### 6.94.2.12 **#define BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_ACTIVATE\_TXRX\_MODE 0x10**

Activate TX/RX mode

Definition at line 40 of file bus\_commands.h.

#### 6.94.2.13 **#define BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_ALL\_ANT\_OUTPUTS 0x22**

Deactivate all the ant outputs enabled by this device

Definition at line 77 of file bus\_commands.h.

Referenced by antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_all(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_ant\_data\_to\_bus(), bus\_parse\_message(), and parse\_internal\_comm\_message().

#### 6.94.2.14 **#define BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_ALL\_BAND\_OUTPUTS 0x23**

Deactivate all the band outputs enabled by this device

Definition at line 79 of file bus\_commands.h.

Referenced by band\_ctrl\_deactivate\_all(), bus\_parse\_message(), and parse\_internal\_comm\_message().

#### 6.94.2.15 **#define BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_ALL\_OUTPUTS 0x21**

Deactivate all the outputs enabled by this device

Definition at line 75 of file bus\_commands.h.

Referenced by bus\_parse\_message(), and parse\_internal\_comm\_message().

#### 6.94.2.16 **#define BUS\_CMD\_DRIVER\_DEACTIVATE\_ALL\_RX\_ANTENNA\_OUTPUTS 0x24**

Deactivate all the RX ANTENNA outputs

Definition at line 81 of file bus\_commands.h.

Referenced by antenna\_ctrl\_change\_rx\_ant(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_data\_to\_bus(), and bus\_parse\_message().

**6.94.2.17** `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_ALL_RX_BAND -  
OUTPUTS 0x1D`

Deactivate ALL RX BAND outputs

Definition at line 66 of file bus\_commands.h.

Referenced by antenna\_ctrl\_deactivate\_all\_rx\_band(), antenna\_ctrl\_send\_rx\_ant\_band\_data\_to\_bus(), and bus\_parse\_message().

**6.94.2.18** `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_ALL_SUBMENU -  
ANT1_OUTPUTS 0x28`

Deactivate all sub menu outputs

Definition at line 89 of file bus\_commands.h.

Referenced by bus\_parse\_message(), sub\_menu\_deactivate\_all(), and sub\_menu\_send\_data\_to\_bus().

**6.94.2.19** `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_ALL_SUBMENU -  
ANT2_OUTPUTS 0x3B`

Deactivate all sub menu outputs

Definition at line 95 of file bus\_commands.h.

Referenced by bus\_parse\_message(), sub\_menu\_deactivate\_all(), and sub\_menu\_send\_data\_to\_bus().

**6.94.2.20** `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_ALL_SUBMENU -  
ANT3_OUTPUTS 0x3E`

Deactivate all sub menu outputs

Definition at line 101 of file bus\_commands.h.

Referenced by bus\_parse\_message(), sub\_menu\_deactivate\_all(), and sub\_menu\_send\_data\_to\_bus().

**6.94.2.21** `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_ALL_SUBMENU -  
ANT4_OUTPUTS 0x41`

Deactivate all sub menu outputs

Definition at line 107 of file bus\_commands.h.

Referenced by bus\_parse\_message(), sub\_menu\_deactivate\_all(), and sub\_menu\_send\_data\_to\_bus().

**6.94.2.22** `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_ANT_OUTPUT 0x17`

Deactivate a driver output, type = ANT

Definition at line 54 of file bus\_commands.h.

Referenced by bus\_parse\_message(), and parse\_internal\_comm\_message().

**6.94.2.23** `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_BAND -  
OUTPUT 0x19`

Deactivate a driver output, type = BAND

Definition at line 58 of file bus\_commands.h.

**6.94.2.24** `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_RX_ANT -  
COMBO 0x15`

Deactivate a driver combo, type = RX ANT combo

Definition at line 50 of file bus\_commands.h.

**6.94.2.25** `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_RX_ANT -  
OUTPUT 0x1B`

Deactivate a driver output, type = RX Antenna

Definition at line 62 of file bus\_commands.h.

Referenced by bus\_parse\_message(), and parse\_internal\_comm\_message().

**6.94.2.26** `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_RX_BAND -  
OUTPUT 0x1C`

Deactivate RX BAND output

Definition at line 64 of file bus\_commands.h.

Referenced by bus\_parse\_message().

**6.94.2.27** `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_SUBMENU_ANT1 -  
OUTPUT 0x27`

Deactivate sub menu output

Definition at line 87 of file bus\_commands.h.

Referenced by bus\_parse\_message(), and sub\_menu\_send\_data\_to\_bus().

**6.94.2.28** `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_SUBMENU_ANT2 -  
OUTPUT 0x3A`

Deactivate sub menu output

Definition at line 93 of file bus\_commands.h.

Referenced by bus\_parse\_message(), and sub\_menu\_send\_data\_to\_bus().

**6.94.2.29** `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_SUBMENU_ANT3 -  
OUTPUT 0x3D`

Deactivate sub menu output

Definition at line 99 of file bus\_commands.h.

Referenced by `bus_parse_message()`, and `sub_menu_send_data_to_bus()`.

**6.94.2.30** `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_SUBMENU_ANT4_OUTPUT 0x40`

Deactivate sub menu output

Definition at line 105 of file `bus_commands.h`.

Referenced by `bus_parse_message()`, and `sub_menu_send_data_to_bus()`.

**6.94.2.31** `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_TX_ANT_COMBO 0x13`

Deactivate a driver combo, type = TX ANT

Definition at line 46 of file `bus_commands.h`.

**6.94.2.32** `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_DEACTIVATE_TXRX_MODE 0x11`

Deactivate TX/RX mode

Definition at line 42 of file `bus_commands.h`.

**6.94.2.33** `#define BUS_CMD_DRIVER_GET_STATUS 0x1F`

Get the driver status

Definition at line 71 of file `bus_commands.h`.

Referenced by `bus_parse_message()`.

**6.94.2.34** `#define BUS_CMD_GET_TEMPERATURE 0x20`

Retrieve the temperature

Definition at line 73 of file `bus_commands.h`.

Referenced by `bus_parse_message()`.

**6.94.2.35** `#define BUS_CMD_NACK 0xFB`

Send an NOT acknowledge

Definition at line 31 of file `bus_commands.h`.

Referenced by `bus_parse_message()`, `bus_send_message()`, `bus_send_nack()`, and `event_bus_parse_message()`.

**6.94.2.36** `#define BUS_CMD_PING 0x02`

Sends a ping which all devices can use to see what's connected to the bus

Definition at line 37 of file `bus_commands.h`.

Referenced by `bus_parse_message()`, `ISR()`, `main()`, and `send_ping()`.



**6.94.2.37 #define BUS\_CMD\_POWERMETER\_CALIBRATE 0x71**

PowerMeter calibration command

Definition at line 127 of file bus\_commands.h.

**6.94.2.38 #define BUS\_CMD\_POWERMETER\_STATUS 0x70**

PowerMeter information

Definition at line 125 of file bus\_commands.h.

**6.94.2.39 #define BUS\_CMD\_ROTATOR\_GET\_ANGLE 0x61**

Get the current direction

Definition at line 112 of file bus\_commands.h.

**6.94.2.40 #define BUS\_CMD\_ROTATOR\_GET\_STATUS 0x62**

Get the current direction

Definition at line 114 of file bus\_commands.h.

**6.94.2.41 #define BUS\_CMD\_ROTATOR\_ROTATE\_CCW 0x64**

Rotate CounterClockWise

Definition at line 118 of file bus\_commands.h.

**6.94.2.42 #define BUS\_CMD\_ROTATOR\_ROTATE\_CW 0x63**

Rotate ClockWise

Definition at line 116 of file bus\_commands.h.

**6.94.2.43 #define BUS\_CMD\_ROTATOR\_SET\_ANGLE 0x60**

Set the target rotation direction and start rotation

Definition at line 110 of file bus\_commands.h.

**6.94.2.44 #define BUS\_CMD\_ROTATOR\_STOP 0x65**

Stop the rotation of the rotator

Definition at line 120 of file bus\_commands.h.

**6.94.2.45 #define BUS\_CMD\_SET\_PTT\_SETTINGS 0x25**

Set the PTT settings, which PTT input that corresponds to which device

Definition at line 83 of file bus\_commands.h.

Referenced by `bus_parse_message()`.

#### **6.94.2.46** `#define BUS_CMD_SYNC 0x01`

Transmit the SYNC signal. The SYNC signal contains one variable which describes the number of devices connected to the bus.

Definition at line 35 of file `bus_commands.h`.

Referenced by `bus_add_tx_message()`, `bus_parse_message()`, `ISR()`, and `main()`.

#### **6.94.2.47** `#define BUS_CMD_TRANSPARENT 0x66`

Transparent command which just redirects the data to the serial port

Definition at line 122 of file `bus_commands.h`.

## 6.95 wmv\_\_bus/bus\_\_ping.c File Reference

The communication bus ping control.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include "bus.h"
#include "bus_ping.h"
```

### Functions

- void `bus_ping_init` (void)  
*Initialize the ping functions of the bus communication interface.*
- void `bus_ping_new_stamp` (unsigned char from\_addr, unsigned char device\_type, unsigned char data\_len, unsigned char \*data)  
*This function will update the ping list with the sent in arguments and reset the counter to 0.*
- void `bus_ping_tick` (void)  
*This function will update the time counter which keeps track of the time stamps of the ping message. Should be called every ms.*
- `bus_struct_ping_status * bus_ping_get_failed_ping` (void)  
*This function will return a ping which has failed and will mark it that it has been reported.*
- unsigned char `bus_ping_get_failed_count` (void)  
*Goes through the ping list and checks how many has timed out.*
- `bus_struct_ping_status * bus_ping_get_ping_data` (unsigned char index)  
*Returns a ping data structure.*

### Variables

- `bus_struct_ping_status ping_list` [DEF\_NR\_DEVICES]  
*The ping list.*

#### 6.95.1 Detailed Description

The communication bus ping control.

##### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-04-22

```
#include "wmv_bus/bus_ping.c"
```

Definition in file [bus\\_ping.c](#).

## 6.95.2 Function Documentation

### 6.95.2.1 unsigned char bus\_ping\_get\_failed\_count (void)

Goes through the ping list and checks how many has timed out.

**Returns:**

The number of failed pings

Definition at line 84 of file [bus\\_ping.c](#).

References [BUS\\_PING\\_TIMEOUT\\_LIMIT](#), and [DEF\\_NR\\_DEVICES](#).

### 6.95.2.2 bus\_struct\_ping\_status\* bus\_ping\_get\_failed\_ping (void)

This function will return a ping which has failed and will mark it that it has been reported.

**Returns:**

A pointer to a structure of type [bus\\_struct\\_ping\\_status](#) which contains information of the failed ping

Definition at line 66 of file [bus\\_ping.c](#).

References [BUS\\_PING\\_TIMEOUT\\_LIMIT](#), [DEF\\_NR\\_DEVICES](#), [bus\\_struct\\_ping\\_status::flags](#), and [PING\\_FLAG\\_PROCESSED](#).

### 6.95.2.3 bus\_struct\_ping\_status\* bus\_ping\_get\_ping\_data (unsigned char *index*)

Returns a ping data structure.

**Parameters:**

*index* The index of the ping structure we wish to retrieve from the list

**Returns:**

The ping data structure

Definition at line 99 of file [bus\\_ping.c](#).

#### 6.95.2.4 void bus\_ping\_new\_stamp (unsigned char *from\_addr*, unsigned char *device\_type*, unsigned char *data\_len*, unsigned char \* *data*)

This function will update the ping list with the sent in arguments and reset the counter to 0.

##### Parameters:

*from\_addr* The address which the PING message was sent from

*device\_type* Which type of device this is

*data\_len* The number of bytes the data is

*data* Additional data which might be used for status, for example current band information

Definition at line 41 of file bus\_ping.c.

References bus\_struct\_ping\_status::addr, bus\_struct\_ping\_status::device\_type, bus\_struct\_ping\_status::flags, PING\_FLAG\_PROCESSED, and bus\_struct\_ping\_status::time\_last\_ping.

Referenced by ISR().

## 6.96 wmv\_\_bus/bus\_\_ping.h File Reference

The communication bus ping control.

### Classes

- struct [bus\\_struct\\_ping\\_status](#)  
*Struct which contains information of the bus ping information.*

### Defines

- #define [BUS\\_PING\\_TIMEOUT\\_LIMIT](#) 6000  
*The timeout for the bus ping. After this time has passed a device is considered "dead".*
- #define [PING\\_FLAG\\_PROCESSED](#) 0  
*Bit is set if the ping timeout has been processed.*

### Functions

- void [bus\\_ping\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initialize the ping functions of the bus communication interface.*
- void [bus\\_ping\\_tick](#) (void)  
*This function will update the time counter which keeps track of the time stamps of the ping message. Should be called every ms.*
- void [bus\\_ping\\_new\\_stamp](#) (unsigned char from\_addr, unsigned char device\_type, unsigned char data\_len, unsigned char \*data)  
*This function will update the ping list with the sent in arguments and reset the counter to 0.*
- [bus\\_struct\\_ping\\_status](#) \* [bus\\_ping\\_get\\_failed\\_ping](#) (void)  
*This function will return a ping which has failed and will mark it that it has been reported.*
- unsigned char [bus\\_ping\\_get\\_failed\\_count](#) (void)  
*Goes through the ping list and checks how many has timed out.*
- [bus\\_struct\\_ping\\_status](#) \* [bus\\_ping\\_get\\_ping\\_data](#) (unsigned char index)  
*Returns a ping data structure.*

### 6.96.1 Detailed Description

The communication bus ping control.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-04-22

```
#include "wmv__bus/bus__ping.h"
```

Definition in file [bus\\_\\_ping.h](#).

## 6.96.2 Function Documentation

### 6.96.2.1 unsigned char bus\_\_ping\_\_get\_\_failed\_\_count (void)

Goes through the ping list and checks how many has timed out.

**Returns:**

The number of failed pings

Definition at line 84 of file [bus\\_\\_ping.c](#).

References [BUS\\_\\_PING\\_\\_TIMEOUT\\_\\_LIMIT](#), and [DEF\\_\\_NR\\_\\_DEVICES](#).

### 6.96.2.2 bus\_\_struct\_\_ping\_\_status\* bus\_\_ping\_\_get\_\_failed\_\_ping (void)

This function will return a ping which has failed and will mark it that it has been reported.

**Returns:**

A pointer to a structure of type [bus\\_\\_struct\\_\\_ping\\_\\_status](#) which contains information of the failed ping

Definition at line 66 of file [bus\\_\\_ping.c](#).

References [BUS\\_\\_PING\\_\\_TIMEOUT\\_\\_LIMIT](#), [DEF\\_\\_NR\\_\\_DEVICES](#), [bus\\_\\_struct\\_\\_ping\\_\\_status::flags](#), and [PING\\_\\_FLAG\\_\\_PROCESSED](#).

### 6.96.2.3 bus\_\_struct\_\_ping\_\_status\* bus\_\_ping\_\_get\_\_ping\_\_data (unsigned char *index*)

Returns a ping data structure.

**Parameters:**

*index* The index of the ping structure we wish to retrieve from the list

**Returns:**

The ping data structure

Definition at line 99 of file [bus\\_\\_ping.c](#).

#### 6.96.2.4 void bus\_ping\_new\_stamp (unsigned char *from\_addr*, unsigned char *device\_type*, unsigned char *data\_len*, unsigned char \* *data*)

This function will update the ping list with the sent in arguments and reset the counter to 0.

##### Parameters:

*from\_addr* The address which the PING message was sent from

*device\_type* Which type of device this is

*data\_len* The number of bytes the data is

*data* Additional data which might be used for status, for example current band information

Definition at line 41 of file bus\_ping.c.

References bus\_struct\_ping\_status::addr, bus\_struct\_ping\_status::device\_type, bus\_struct\_ping\_status::flags, PING\_FLAG\_PROCESSED, and bus\_struct\_ping\_status::time\_last\_ping.

Referenced by ISR().



## 6.97 wmv\_\_bus/bus\_\_rx\_\_queue.c File Reference

FIFO queue for the RXed messages.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "bus_rx_queue.h"
#include "bus.h"
```

### Functions

- void `rx_queue_init` (void)  
*Initialize the RX queue.*
- void `rx_queue_add` (BUS\_MESSAGE message)  
*Insert a message into the RX queue (FIFO).*
- BUS\_MESSAGE `rx_queue_get` ()  
*Retrieve the first message from the FIFO RX queue.*
- void `rx_queue_drop` (void)
- void `rx_queue_dropall` (void)  
*Erase all content in the RX queue.*
- unsigned char `rx_queue_is_empty` (void)  
*Check if the queue is empty.*
- unsigned char `rx_queue_size` (void)  
*Get how much size of the RX queue is used at the moment.*

### Variables

- unsigned char `bus_rx_queue_size`  
*Variable keeps track of how much of the queue that is currently used.*
- `rx_queue_struct rx_queue`  
*The rx queue.*

#### 6.97.1 Detailed Description

FIFO queue for the RXed messages.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsson, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-01-25

```
#include "bus_rx_queue.c"
```

Definition in file [bus\\_rx\\_queue.c](#).

## 6.97.2 Function Documentation

### 6.97.2.1 void rx\_queue\_add (BUS\_MESSAGE *message*)

Insert a message into the RX queue (FIFO).

**Parameters:***message* - The message that should be inserted to the queue

Definition at line 55 of file bus\_rx\_queue.c.

References BUS\_RX\_QUEUE\_SIZE, bus\_rx\_queue\_size, ERROR\_TYPE\_BUS\_RX\_QUEUE\_FULL, event\_set\_error(), rx\_linked\_list::first, rx\_linked\_list::last, led\_set\_error(), LED\_STATE\_ON, and rx\_linked\_list::message.

Referenced by bus\_add\_new\_message(), and bus\_add\_rx\_message().

### 6.97.2.2 void rx\_queue\_drop (void)

Drops the first message in the queue Frees up the memory space aswell.

Definition at line 91 of file bus\_rx\_queue.c.

References BUS\_RX\_QUEUE\_SIZE, bus\_rx\_queue\_size, and rx\_linked\_list::first.

Referenced by bus\_parse\_message(), and event\_bus\_parse\_message().

### 6.97.2.3 void rx\_queue\_dropall (void)

Erase all content in the RX queue.

**Returns:**

The number of items that were cleared

Definition at line 103 of file bus\_rx\_queue.c.

References bus\_rx\_queue\_size, rx\_linked\_list::first, and rx\_linked\_list::last.

### 6.97.2.4 BUS\_MESSAGE rx\_queue\_get (void)

Retrieve the first message from the FIFO RX queue.

**Returns:**

The first message in the queue

Definition at line 84 of file bus\_rx\_queue.c.

References rx\_linked\_list::first, and rx\_linked\_list::message.

Referenced by bus\_parse\_message(), and event\_bus\_parse\_message().

#### 6.97.2.5 unsigned char rx\_queue\_is\_empty (void)

Check if the queue is empty.

##### Returns:

1 if the queue is empty and 0 otherwise

Definition at line 112 of file bus\_rx\_queue.c.

References rx\_linked\_list::first, and rx\_linked\_list::last.

Referenced by main().

#### 6.97.2.6 unsigned char rx\_queue\_size (void)

Get how much size of the RX queue is used at the moment.

##### Returns:

The size of the queue that is used

Definition at line 121 of file bus\_rx\_queue.c.

References bus\_rx\_queue\_size.

## 6.98 wmv\_\_bus/bus\_\_rx\_\_queue.h File Reference

FIFO queue for the RXed messages.

```
#include "bus.h"
```

### Functions

- void [rx\\_queue\\_add](#) ([BUS\\_MESSAGE](#) message)  
*Insert a message into the RX queue (FIFO).*
- [BUS\\_MESSAGE rx\\_queue\\_get](#) (void)  
*Retrieve the first message from the FIFO RX queue.*
- void [rx\\_queue\\_drop](#) (void)
- void [rx\\_queue\\_dropall](#) (void)  
*Erase all content in the RX queue.*
- void [rx\\_queue\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initialize the RX queue.*
- unsigned char [rx\\_queue\\_is\\_empty](#) (void)  
*Check if the queue is empty.*
- unsigned char [rx\\_queue\\_size](#) (void)  
*Get how much size of the RX queue is used at the moment.*

### 6.98.1 Detailed Description

FIFO queue for the RXed messages.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsson, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "wmv_bus/bus_rx_queue.h"
```

Definition in file [bus\\_rx\\_queue.h](#).

### 6.98.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.98.2.1 void rx\_queue\_add (BUS\_MESSAGE message)

Insert a message into the RX queue (FIFO).

#### Parameters:

*message* - The message that should be inserted to the queue

Definition at line 55 of file bus\_rx\_queue.c.

References `BUS_RX_QUEUE_SIZE`, `bus_rx_queue_size`, `ERROR_TYPE_BUS_RX_QUEUE_FULL`, `event_set_error()`, `rx_linked_list::first`, `rx_linked_list::last`, `led_set_error()`, `LED_STATE_ON`, and `rx_linked_list::message`.

Referenced by `bus_add_new_message()`, and `bus_add_rx_message()`.

### 6.98.2.2 void rx\_queue\_drop (void)

Drops the first message in the queue Frees up the memory space aswell.

Definition at line 91 of file bus\_rx\_queue.c.

References `BUS_RX_QUEUE_SIZE`, `bus_rx_queue_size`, and `rx_linked_list::first`.

Referenced by `bus_parse_message()`, and `event_bus_parse_message()`.

### 6.98.2.3 void rx\_queue\_dropall (void)

Erase all content in the RX queue.

#### Returns:

The number of items that were cleared

Definition at line 103 of file bus\_rx\_queue.c.

References `bus_rx_queue_size`, `rx_linked_list::first`, and `rx_linked_list::last`.

### 6.98.2.4 BUS\_MESSAGE rx\_queue\_get (void)

Retrieve the first message from the FIFO RX queue.

#### Returns:

The first message in the queue

Definition at line 84 of file bus\_rx\_queue.c.

References `rx_linked_list::first`, and `rx_linked_list::message`.

Referenced by `bus_parse_message()`, and `event_bus_parse_message()`.

### 6.98.2.5 unsigned char rx\_queue\_is\_empty (void)

Check if the queue is empty.

#### Returns:

1 if the queue is empty and 0 otherwise

Definition at line 112 of file bus\_rx\_queue.c.

References `rx_linked_list::first`, and `rx_linked_list::last`.

Referenced by `main()`.

**6.98.2.6 unsigned char rx\_queue\_size (void)**

Get how much size of the RX queue is used at the moment.

**Returns:**

The size of the queue that is used

Definition at line 121 of file bus\_rx\_queue.c.

References bus\_rx\_queue\_size.

## 6.99 wmv\_\_bus/bus\_tx\_queue.c File Reference

FIFO queue for the TXed messages.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "bus_tx_queue.h"
#include "bus.h"
```

### Functions

- void `tx_queue_init` (void)  
*Initialize the TX queue.*
- void `tx_queue_add` (BUS\_MESSAGE message)  
*Insert a message into the TX queue (FIFO).*
- BUS\_MESSAGE `tx_queue_get` (void)  
*Retrieve the first message from the FIFO TX queue.*
- void `tx_queue_drop` (void)
- void `tx_queue_dropall` (void)  
*Erase all content in the TX queue.*
- unsigned char `tx_queue_is_empty` (void)  
*Check if the queue is empty.*
- unsigned char `tx_queue_size` (void)  
*Get how much of the TX queue that is currently being used.*

### Variables

- unsigned char `bus_tx_queue_size`  
*Variable that keeps track of how much of the TX queue that is being used.*
- `tx_queue_struct tx_queue`  
*The tx queue.*

#### 6.99.1 Detailed Description

FIFO queue for the TXed messages.

FIFO queue for the TXed messages.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsson, SM2WMV

**Date:**

2010-01-25

```
#include "wmv_bus/bus_tx_queue.c"
```

Definition in file [bus\\_tx\\_queue.c](#).

## 6.99.2 Function Documentation

### 6.99.2.1 void tx\_queue\_add (BUS\_MESSAGE *message*)

Insert a message into the TX queue (FIFO).

**Parameters:**

*message* - The message that should be inserted to the queue

Definition at line 56 of file [bus\\_tx\\_queue.c](#).

References [BUS\\_TX\\_QUEUE\\_SIZE](#), [bus\\_tx\\_queue\\_size](#), [ERROR\\_TYPE\\_BUS\\_TX\\_QUEUE\\_FULL](#), [event\\_set\\_error\(\)](#), [tx\\_linked\\_list::first](#), [tx\\_linked\\_list::last](#), [led\\_set\\_error\(\)](#), [LED\\_STATE\\_ON](#), and [tx\\_linked\\_list::message](#).

Referenced by [bus\\_add\\_tx\\_message\(\)](#).

### 6.99.2.2 void tx\_queue\_drop (void)

Drops the first message in the queue Frees up the memory space aswell.

Definition at line 93 of file [bus\\_tx\\_queue.c](#).

References [BUS\\_TX\\_QUEUE\\_SIZE](#), [bus\\_tx\\_queue\\_size](#), and [tx\\_linked\\_list::first](#).

Referenced by [bus\\_message\\_acked\(\)](#), [bus\\_resend\\_message\(\)](#), and [bus\\_send\\_message\(\)](#).

### 6.99.2.3 void tx\_queue\_dropall (void)

Erase all content in the TX queue.

**Returns:**

The number of items that were cleared

Definition at line 104 of file [bus\\_tx\\_queue.c](#).

References [bus\\_tx\\_queue\\_size](#), [tx\\_linked\\_list::first](#), and [tx\\_linked\\_list::last](#).

Referenced by [ISR\(\)](#), and [main\(\)](#).

### 6.99.2.4 BUS\_MESSAGE tx\_queue\_get (void)

Retrieve the first message from the FIFO TX queue.

**Returns:**

The first message in the queue



Definition at line 86 of file bus\_tx\_queue.c.

References tx\_linked\_list::first, and tx\_linked\_list::message.

Referenced by bus\_message\_acked(), bus\_message\_nacked(), and bus\_send\_message().

#### 6.99.2.5 unsigned char tx\_queue\_is\_empty (void)

Check if the queue is empty.

##### Returns:

1 if the queue is empty and 0 otherwise

Definition at line 112 of file bus\_tx\_queue.c.

References tx\_linked\_list::first, and tx\_linked\_list::last.

Referenced by main().

#### 6.99.2.6 unsigned char tx\_queue\_size (void)

Get how much of the TX queue that is currently being used.

##### Returns:

How much of the queue is being used

Definition at line 121 of file bus\_tx\_queue.c.

References bus\_tx\_queue\_size.

## 6.100 wmv\_\_bus/bus\_tx\_queue.h File Reference

FIFO queue for the TXed messages.

```
#include "bus.h"
```

### Functions

- void `tx_queue_add` (`BUS_MESSAGE` *message*)  
*Insert a message into the TX queue (FIFO).*
- `BUS_MESSAGE` `tx_queue_get` (void)  
*Retrieve the first message from the FIFO TX queue.*
- void `tx_queue_drop` (void)
- void `tx_queue_dropall` (void)  
*Erase all content in the TX queue.*
- void `tx_queue_init` (void)  
*Initialize the TX queue.*
- unsigned char `tx_queue_is_empty` (void)  
*Check if the queue is empty.*
- unsigned char `tx_queue_size` (void)  
*Get how much of the TX queue that is currently being used.*

### 6.100.1 Detailed Description

FIFO queue for the TXed messages.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsson, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "wmv_bus/bus_tx_queue.h"
```

Definition in file `bus_tx_queue.h`.

### 6.100.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.100.2.1 void tx\_queue\_add (BUS\_MESSAGE *message*)

Insert a message into the TX queue (FIFO).

#### Parameters:

*message* - The message that should be inserted to the queue

Definition at line 56 of file bus\_tx\_queue.c.

References `BUS_TX_QUEUE_SIZE`, `bus_tx_queue_size`, `ERROR_TYPE_BUS_TX_QUEUE_FULL`, `event_set_error()`, `tx_linked_list::first`, `tx_linked_list::last`, `led_set_error()`, `LED_STATE_ON`, and `tx_linked_list::message`.

Referenced by `bus_add_tx_message()`.

#### 6.100.2.2 void tx\_queue\_drop (void)

Drops the first message in the queue Frees up the memory space aswell.

Definition at line 93 of file bus\_tx\_queue.c.

References `BUS_TX_QUEUE_SIZE`, `bus_tx_queue_size`, and `tx_linked_list::first`.

Referenced by `bus_message_acked()`, `bus_resend_message()`, and `bus_send_message()`.

#### 6.100.2.3 void tx\_queue\_dropall (void)

Erase all content in the TX queue.

##### Returns:

The number of items that were cleared

Definition at line 104 of file bus\_tx\_queue.c.

References `bus_tx_queue_size`, `tx_linked_list::first`, and `tx_linked_list::last`.

Referenced by `ISR()`, and `main()`.

#### 6.100.2.4 BUS\_MESSAGE tx\_queue\_get (void)

Retrieve the first message from the FIFO TX queue.

##### Returns:

The first message in the queue

Definition at line 86 of file bus\_tx\_queue.c.

References `tx_linked_list::first`, and `tx_linked_list::message`.

Referenced by `bus_message_acked()`, `bus_message_nacked()`, and `bus_send_message()`.

#### 6.100.2.5 unsigned char tx\_queue\_is\_empty (void)

Check if the queue is empty.

##### Returns:

1 if the queue is empty and 0 otherwise

Definition at line 112 of file bus\_tx\_queue.c.

References `tx_linked_list::first`, and `tx_linked_list::last`.

Referenced by `main()`.

**6.100.2.6 unsigned char tx\_queue\_size (void)**

Get how much of the TX queue that is currently being used.

**Returns:**

How much of the queue is being used

Definition at line 121 of file bus\_tx\_queue.c.

References bus\_tx\_queue\_size.

## 6.101 wmv\_\_bus/bus\_\_usart.c File Reference

Driver unit USART routines.

```
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
```

### Functions

- void [bus\\_usart\\_init](#) (unsigned int baudrate)  
*Initiliaz the USART for the communication bus This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the uCs datasheet.*
- unsigned char [bus\\_usart\\_transmit](#) (unsigned char data)  
*Send a character to the USART Send a single character to the USART used for the communication bus.*
- unsigned char [bus\\_usart\\_sendstring](#) (char \*data, unsigned char length)  
*Send a string of characters to the USART Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.*
- unsigned char [bus\\_usart\\_receive](#) (void)  
*Retrieve one character from the USART Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.*
- unsigned char [bus\\_usart\\_receive\\_loopback](#) (void)  
*The USART recieve loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.*
- unsigned char [bus\\_poll\\_usart\\_receive](#) (void)  
*Retrieve one character from the USART Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.*

### 6.101.1 Detailed Description

Driver unit USART routines.

These routines are used to communicate over the WMV bus.

#### Author:

Mikael Larssmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "wmv_bus/bus_usart.c"
```

Definition in file [bus\\_usart.c](#).

## 6.101.2 Function Documentation

### 6.101.2.1 unsigned char bus\_\_poll\_\_usart\_\_receive (void)

Retrieve one character from the USART Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.

#### Returns:

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 301 of file bus\_\_usart.c.

### 6.101.2.2 void bus\_\_usart\_\_init (unsigned int *baudrate*)

Initiliaz the USART for the communication bus This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the uCs datasheet.

#### Parameters:

*baudrate* The baudrate param from the ATMEGA32 datasheet.

Definition at line 34 of file bus\_\_usart.c.

Referenced by bus\_\_init().

### 6.101.2.3 unsigned char bus\_\_usart\_\_receive (void)

Retrieve one character from the USART Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.

#### Returns:

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 181 of file bus\_\_usart.c.

### 6.101.2.4 unsigned char bus\_\_usart\_\_receive\_\_loopback (void)

The USART recieve loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.

#### Returns:

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 232 of file bus\_\_usart.c.

References bus\_\_usart\_\_transmit().

**6.101.2.5 unsigned char bus\_\_usart\_\_sendstring (char \* *data*, unsigned char *length*)**

Send a string of characters to the USART Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.

**Parameters:**

***data*** The string of characters you wish to send

***length*** The length of the string you wish to send

Definition at line 168 of file bus\_\_usart.c.

References bus\_\_usart\_\_transmit().

**6.101.2.6 unsigned char bus\_\_usart\_\_transmit (unsigned char *data*)**

Send a character to the USART Send a single character to the USART used for the communication bus.

**Parameters:**

***data*** The character you want to send

Definition at line 116 of file bus\_\_usart.c.

Referenced by bus\_\_send\_\_message(), bus\_\_usart\_\_receive\_\_loopback(), and bus\_\_usart\_\_sendstring().

## 6.102 wmv\_\_bus/bus\_\_usart.h File Reference

BUS usart routines.

### Functions

- unsigned char [bus\\_poll\\_usart\\_receive](#) (void)

*Retrieve one character from the USART Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.*

- void [bus\\_usart\\_init](#) (unsigned int baudrate)

*Initiliaz the USART for the communication bus This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the uCs datasheet.*

- unsigned char [bus\\_usart\\_transmit](#) (unsigned char data)

*Send a character to the USART Send a single character to the USART used for the communication bus.*

- unsigned char [bus\\_usart\\_receive](#) (void)

*Retrieve one character from the USART Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.*

- unsigned char [bus\\_usart\\_receive\\_loopback](#) (void)

*The USART recieve loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.*

- unsigned char [bus\\_usart\\_sendstring](#) (char \*data, unsigned char length)

*Send a string of characters to the USART Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.*

### 6.102.1 Detailed Description

BUS usart routines.

#### Author:

Mikael Larsmark, SM2WMV

#### Date:

2010-01-25

```
#include "wmv__bus/bus__usart.h"
```

Definition in file [bus\\_\\_usart.h](#).



## 6.102.2 Function Documentation

### 6.102.2.1 unsigned char bus\_\_poll\_\_usart\_\_receive (void)

Retrieve one character from the USART Retrieve one character from the USART. With this function you will need to poll the USART, it does NOT wait until a character is in the buffer.

#### Returns:

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 301 of file bus\_\_usart.c.

### 6.102.2.2 void bus\_\_usart\_\_init (unsigned int *baudrate*)

Initiliaz the USART for the communication bus This function is used to initialize the USART which a baudrate that needs to be sent in as a parameter Use the baudrate settings specified in the uCs datasheet.

#### Parameters:

*baudrate* The baudrate param from the ATMEGA32 datasheet.

Definition at line 34 of file bus\_\_usart.c.

Referenced by bus\_\_init().

### 6.102.2.3 unsigned char bus\_\_usart\_\_receive (void)

Retrieve one character from the USART Retrieve one character from the USART. This function will wait until there is a character in the USART RX buffer.

#### Returns:

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 181 of file bus\_\_usart.c.

### 6.102.2.4 unsigned char bus\_\_usart\_\_receive\_\_loopback (void)

The USART recieve loopback This function does wait for a character in the RX buffer and returns it to the transmit buffer.

#### Returns:

The character from the RX USART buffer

Definition at line 232 of file bus\_\_usart.c.

References bus\_\_usart\_\_transmit().

**6.102.2.5    unsigned char bus\_\_usart\_\_sendstring (char \* *data*, unsigned char *length*)**

Send a string of characters to the USART Send a string of characters to the USART used for the communication bus.

**Parameters:**

***data*** The string of characters you wish to send

***length*** The length of the string you wish to send

Definition at line 168 of file bus\_usart.c.

References bus\_usart\_transmit().

**6.102.2.6    unsigned char bus\_\_usart\_\_transmit (unsigned char *data*)**

Send a character to the USART Send a single character to the USART used for the communication bus.

**Parameters:**

***data*** The character you want to send

Definition at line 116 of file bus\_usart.c.

Referenced by bus\_send\_message(), bus\_usart\_receive\_loopback(), and bus\_usart\_sendstring().