# A Quick Introduction to Knots and Jones Polynomials

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#### **DEFINITIONS**

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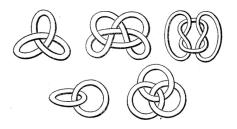


Figure: Illustrations of knots and links, including a trefoil knot, top left, in an 1869 paper by Lord Kelvin on his knotted vortex theory of atoms.

# KNOT EQUIVALENCE

Two knots are <u>equivalent</u> if one knot can be pushed about smoothly, without intersecting itself, to coincide with another knot. Or more rigorously, defined by ambient isotopy or equivalently by an orientation-preserving homeomorphism of  $S^3$  to itself

## REIDEMEISTER MOVES

## KNOT COMPLEMENTS

A theorem Gorden and Luecke

# DIAGRAMMATIC INVARIANT

# KAUFFMAN BRACKET

## KAUFFMAN BRACKET: AN EXAMPLE

# WRITHE OF A KNOT/LINK

# HOPF LINK

# LEFT TREFOIL KNOT

# RIGHT TREFOIL KNOT

#### MIRROR IMAGE

#### Theorem

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#### Proof.

asd

Fail for palindromes

# **CONNECTED SUM**

Fail for palindromes

## YET ANOTHER APPROACH

Skein Relation

# YET ANOTHER ANOTHER APPROACH

Skein Relation

# YET MORE APPROACHES

Skein Relation

## **CONJECTURE**

## COLOURED JONES POLYNOMIALS

Whatever ite means

## **CONJECTURES**

AJ Conjecture Volume Conjecture