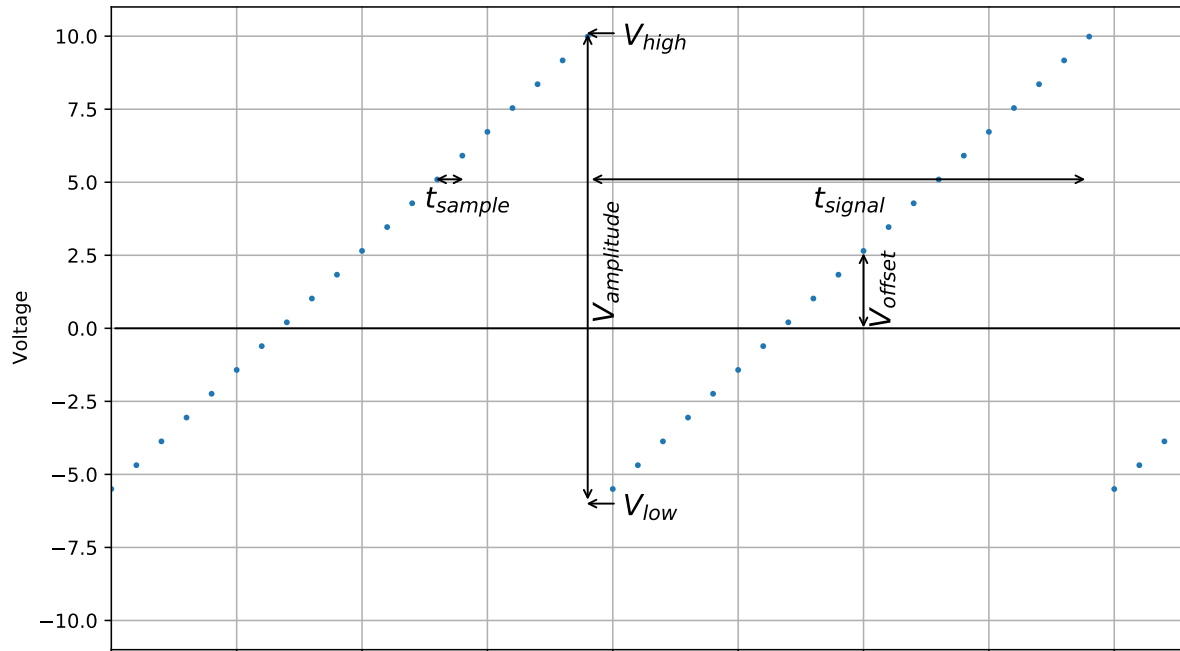


# 1 User Requirements

Tag RU-1	Basic Functionality	Module	General
Description	<p>The FirmWare has to access available hardware, to generate two-channel signals in ramp-, constant or arbitrary form, with</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• sample-rates ( <math>\neq</math> signal-frequency) up to 250kSPS</li> <li>• a resolution of 16bit</li> <li>• resulting in <math>\pm 10</math> volts of output voltage</li> </ul>		



$t_{sample}$  ... sampling-time or -period, alias: trigger-rate

$t_{signal}$  ... signal-time or -period

$f_{sample}$  ... sampling-frequency or -rate

$f_{signal}$  ... signal-frequency or -rate

$N$  ... sample-count, length of the signal-vector

$$f_{sample} = \frac{1}{t_{sample}} = N \cdot f_{signal}$$

$$f_{signal} = \frac{1}{t_{signal}} = \frac{1}{N \cdot t_{sample}}$$

$V_{amplitude}$  ... difference between maximum and minimum voltage of a signal.

$V_{offset}$  ... deviation of a signal from 0 volts.

$V_{high}$  ... maximum voltage of a signal

$V_{low}$  ... minimum voltage of a signal

$$V_{amplitude} = V_{high} - V_{low}$$

$$V_{offset} = \frac{V_{high} + V_{low}}{2}$$

$$\rightarrow V_{high} = V_{offset} + \frac{V_{amplitude}}{2} \quad V_{low} = V_{offset} - \frac{V_{amplitude}}{2}$$

Tag RI-5	Priorities	Module	General
Description	In case of temporal overlapping tasks, first priority lays with analogue signal generation, second prio with USB-connectivity, third prio with Miscellaneous functions.		

Tag RU-2	Last Command Counts	Module	General
Description	The last submitted and accepted value for each parameter is the valid one.		

Tag RU-3	Parameters	Module	General
Description	The FirmWare has to implement user-adjustable parameters according to Tab. 1.		

Parameter	Values	reset value	Dim.	Type
TriggerA State	off idle arm run	idle		enum
TrigA Input	USB ext TrigB butt0	TrigB		enum
TrigA Signal-Rate	100m ... 125k	30.00e3	Hz	float
TrigA Signal-Period	8u ... 10	3.33e-5	s	float
TrigA Size	0 ... 250000	1000	samples	int
TriggerB State	off idle arm run	idle		enum
TrigB Signal-Rate	100m ... 125k	30	Hz	float
TrigB Input	USB ext TrigC butt1	TrigC		enum
TrigB Signal-Period	8u ... 10	3.33e-2	s	float
TrigB Size	0 ... 250000	1000	samples	int
TriggerC State	off idle arm run	idle		enum
TrigC Input	USB ext butt2	USB		enum
TrigC Signal-Rate	20m ... 125k	3e-2	Hz	float
TrigC Signal-Period	8u ... 50	33.33	s	float
TrigC Size	0 ... 250000	1	samples	int
SourceA Mode	triggered detached singleshoot	triggered	-	enum
SourceA Function	ramp arbitrary	ramp	-	enum
SourceA Symmetry	0 ... 100	0	percent	float
SourceA Amplitude	0 ... 20	20	volts	float
SourceA Offset	-10 ... +10	0	volts	float
SourceA High-Volt	-10 ... +10	+10	volts	float
SourceA Low-Volt	-10 ... +10	-10	volts	float
SourceA Const-Volt	-10 ... +10	0	volts	float
SourceA timeout	0 ... 1000	0	ms	float
SourceB Mode	triggered detached singleshoot	triggered	-	enum
SourceB Function	ramp arbitrary	ramp	-	enum
SourceB Symmetry	0 ... 100	0	percent	float
SourceB Amplitude	0 ... 20	20	volts	float
SourceB Offset	-10 ... +10	0	volts	float
SourceB High-Volt	-10 ... +10	+10	volts	float
SourceB Low-Volt	-10 ... +10	-10	volts	float
SourceB Const-Volt	-10 ... +10	0	volts	float
SourceB timeout	0 ... 1000	0	ms	float
I2C mode	off USB slave	off	-	enum
UART mode	off USB slave	off	-	enum
Galvo-Relay	off on	off	-	bool
SLD-Relay	off on	off	-	bool
AIM-Relay	off on	off	-	bool
CAM-Relay	off on	off	-	bool
Relay5	off on	off	-	bool
Relay6	off on	off	-	bool
Watchdog	off reset powerdown keepalive		-	enum
WDGTimeout	0 ... 1000	1000	ms	int
CRCmode	off on	off	-	bool
VerboseMode	off on	on	-	bool
A-in mode	off USB trig'd	-	-	enum
A-in value	0 ... 2 <sup>12</sup>	-	LSB	int
D-IO mode	off in out	-	-	enum
D-IO value	0 ... 2 <sup>16</sup>	-	bin-vect	int

Table 1: user-adjustable parameters

Tag RU-4	USB-Protocol	Module	USB-Stack
Description	The device has to provide the user with a USB-Interface. It has to be in the form of a VCP, text-based and SCPI-oriented. Messages in either direction may be up to 100 characters long and have to be delimited by the linefeed symbol '\n'.		

Tag RU-5	USB-Actions	Module	USB-Stack
Description	The FirmWare has to perform actions and state transitions as requested by USB-messages.		

Tag RU-6	Verbose	Module	USB-Stack
Description	The FW has to reply to every USB-command with a meaningful answer. This is called a 'verbose'-mode, has to be active on startup, but detachable by SCPI-command. Opposite is called <i>laconic</i> - mode		

Tag RU-7	USB-Timing	Module	USB-Stack
Description	USB-messages sent from the device to the host must be sent with a minimum interval of 1ms. The device must receive USB-messages in intervals up to 1ms.		

Tag RU-8	Case-Insensitivity	Module	USB-Stack
Description	The SCPI-detection has to be case-insensitive, and respond to the long form as well as the short form of SCPI commands.		

Tag RU-9	USB-turnoff	Module	USB-Stack
Description	The FirmWare has to deactivate USB-reactivity during A-, B- or C-scans, unless in freerun-mode. On startup, this functionality is active.		

Tag RU-10	SCPI	Module	USB-Stack
Description	The FirmWare has to parse USB-messages in a SCPI-fashion as defined in document "USB-Protocol.pdf", into FW-internal data structures.		

Tag RU-11	Restart	Module	USB-Stack
Description	The FirmWare has to perform a complete System-restart, when requested by USB-command.		

Tag RU-12	Standard-SCPIs	Module	USB-Stack
Description	The FirmWare has to implement mandatory SCPI-command according to IEEE 488.2		

Tag RU-13	Arbitrary Signal Vectors	Module	Signals
Description	The FirmWare must provide functionality to load user-defined arbitrary signal vectors, individually for both channels. In <i>verbose</i> - mode, every single transmitted value will be replied with a meaningful message, in <i>laconic</i> - mode, only the average value of the final vector will be replied. Values will be transmitted one value per USB-command. optional: Transmit-mode to submit values chunk-wise.		

Tag RU-14	Vector Length	Module	Signals
Description	The FirmWare must provide functionality to set a user-defined signal vector length, either for ramp- and arbitrary signal, individually for both channels.		

Tag RU-15	source states	Module	Signals
Description	Signal generation must contain the following operational modes: <i>triggered</i> , <i>detached</i> , <i>single-shot</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>triggered</i> : each pulse of the corresponding trigger causes the next vector value to be represented at the analogue output (default)</li> <li>• <i>detached</i> : analogue output holds a certain constant level, regardless of trigger and vector values ( alias: <i>ref – pos</i> - mode )</li> <li>• <i>single – shot</i> : analogue output holds a certain constant level, and returns to 0 volt after a specified timeout.</li> </ul>		

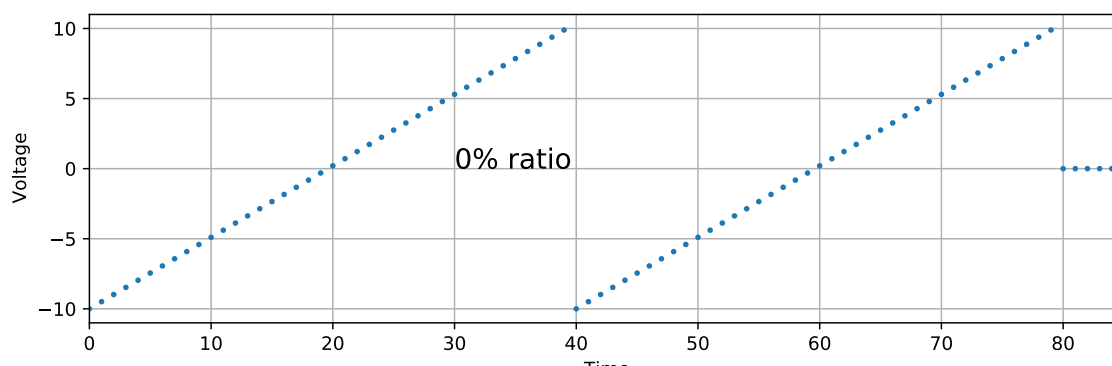
Tag RU-16	Default Ramp Signals	Module	Signals
Description	By default, signal vectors are to be loaded with ramp signals.		

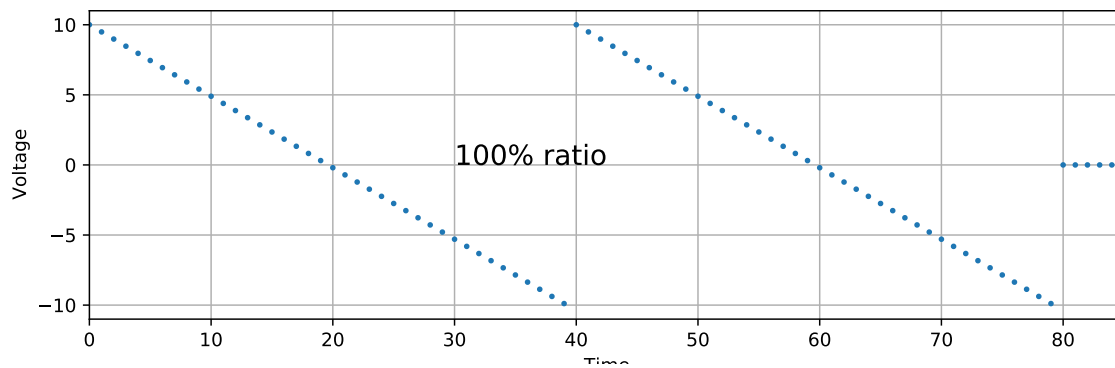
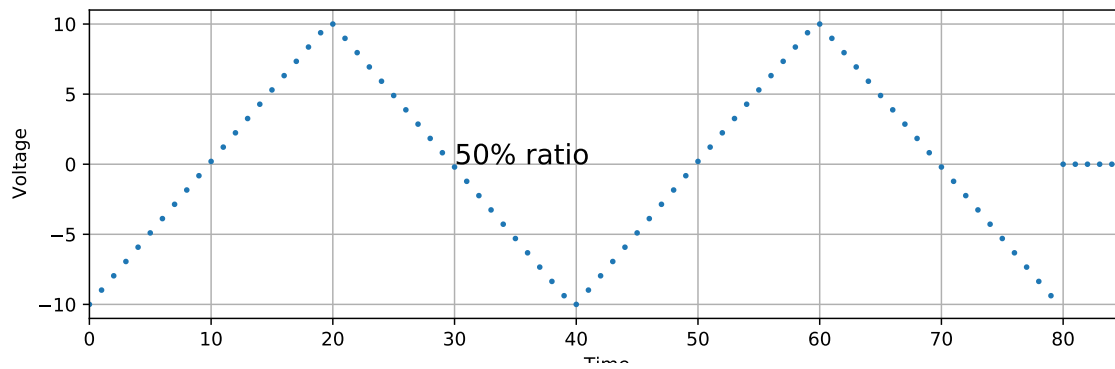
Tag RU-17	signal-end	Module	Signals
Description	The FirmWare has to stop signal generation upon completion of all vector lengths and reset analogue outputs to 0V.		

Tag RU-18	free-run	Module	Signals
Description	The FirmWare has to provide a freerun mode. This mode continues signal generation, until a specific stop command is submitted via USB.		

Tag RU-19	Adjustable Signal Parameters	Module	Signals
Description	Signal generation has to be adjustable in amplitude and offset <b>or</b> high and low-voltage, signal-freq, <b>or</b> -period ). This values apply to ramp- as well as arbitrary signals and will be applied to the signal vectors in a overwriting manner.		

Tag RU-20	Ramp symmetry	Module	Signals
Description	Ramp signals must have adjustable symmetry/asymmetry between 0% and 100%. The according meaning is depicted in the following graphics.		





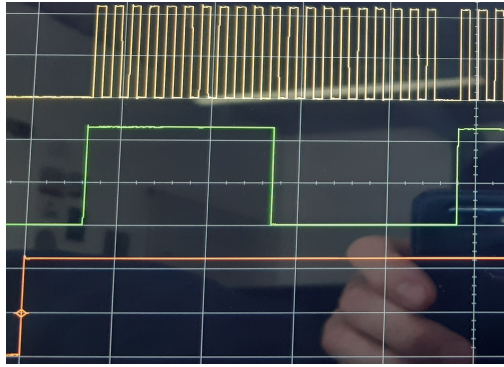
Tag RU-21	Trigger-IO	Module	Triggers
Description	Internal Trigger-Pulses must be put out via corresponding Trigger-outputs		

Tag RU-22	Trigger-Source	Module	Triggers
Description	Trigger-Modules must be implemented to handle timing of the signal-generation, comprising following input-sources: <i>USB, Trigger – Input, Superior-Trigger, Push – button</i>		

Tag RU-23	Timing-Parameters	Module	Triggers
Description	The FirmWare has to accept signal frequency or signal period and signal vector length as parameters. It has to reply with the actual frequency/period or an error message.		

Tag RU-24	Timing-Calc	Module	Triggers
Description	The FirmWare has to derive necessary sample-rates and trigger-periods from signal period and vector length, either by calculation or by selection from a look-up-table.		

Tag RU-25	Sequences	Module	Triggers
Description	The FirmWare has to generate sequences of A, B and C-Triggers. A-Trigger pulses have a duty-cycle of 50%, B and C-Trigger have falling edges upon completion.		



Tag RU-26	Buttons,LEDs	Module	Miscellaneous
Description	The FirmWare must access the available push-buttons and state-LEDs.		

Tag RU-27	Button-Function	Module	Miscellaneous
Description	Push-buttons must be programmed to cause transitions to the devices internal state, in a de-bounced manner.		

Tag RU-28	LED-Function	Module	Miscellaneous
Description	State-LEDs have to represent the current internal state of the device: <i>idle</i> , <i>armed</i> , <i>running</i> or <i>error</i> .		

Tag RU-29	Relays	Module	Miscellaneous
Description	The FirmWare has to provide access to the available relays. Access must consist of <i>close</i> , <i>open</i> and <i>read</i> -functions		

Tag RU-30	Additional IOs	Module	Miscellaneous
Description	The FirmWare has to provide access for available UART-, $I^2C$ -, SPI-modules, as well as digital IOs and analogue inputs.		

Tag RU-31	Additional IO-Modes	Module	Miscellaneous
Description	Functionality for USART-, $I^2C$ -, SPI-modules, the digital IOs and analogue inputs must consist of <i>activation</i> , <i>de – activation</i> , <i>write</i> and <i>read</i> .		

Tag RU-32	IO Read	Module	Miscellaneous
Description	<i>read</i> -Function must send received information to the host via USB. <i>read</i> -Function must be performed upon USB-command, or slave-action.		

Tag RU-33	CRC	Module	Miscellaneous
Description	The FirmWare has to implement functions to perform cyclic-redundancy-check calculations and apply it on verification of incoming strings and adaption of outgoing strings		

Tag RU-34	Watchdog Functionality	Module	Miscellaneous
Description	The FirmWare has to implement functions to enable the processors built-in watchdog and set its parameters. Available modes have to be <i>reset</i> , <i>powerdown</i> , <i>keepalive</i>		

## 2 Specifications

### 2.1 Calculations

#### 2.1.1 Resolution and LSB

mapping 20Vpp Voltage space to a resolution of 16bit

- 0 ... 30000 ... 60000
- 1000 ... 31000 ... 61000
- 0 ... 32767 ... 65535
- ???

→ LSB  $\triangleq$  ...mV

#### 2.1.2 Trigger-Lines and Timers

utilisation of the output compare - timers

- TrigA  $\triangleq$  TRIG\_2  $\triangleq$  PB3  $\leftarrow$  TIM2<sub>CH2</sub>
- TrigB  $\triangleq$  EN\_3  $\triangleq$  PC6  $\leftarrow$  TIM8<sub>CH1</sub>
- TrigC  $\triangleq$  EN\_4  $\triangleq$  PC7  $\leftarrow$  TIM3<sub>CH2</sub>

#### 2.1.3 Triggers and Voltage - Outputs

association of Triggers and their analogue outputs

- TriggerB → SourceB → Vout1
- TriggerA → SourceA → Vout2

## 2.2 FSM, FW-Struct

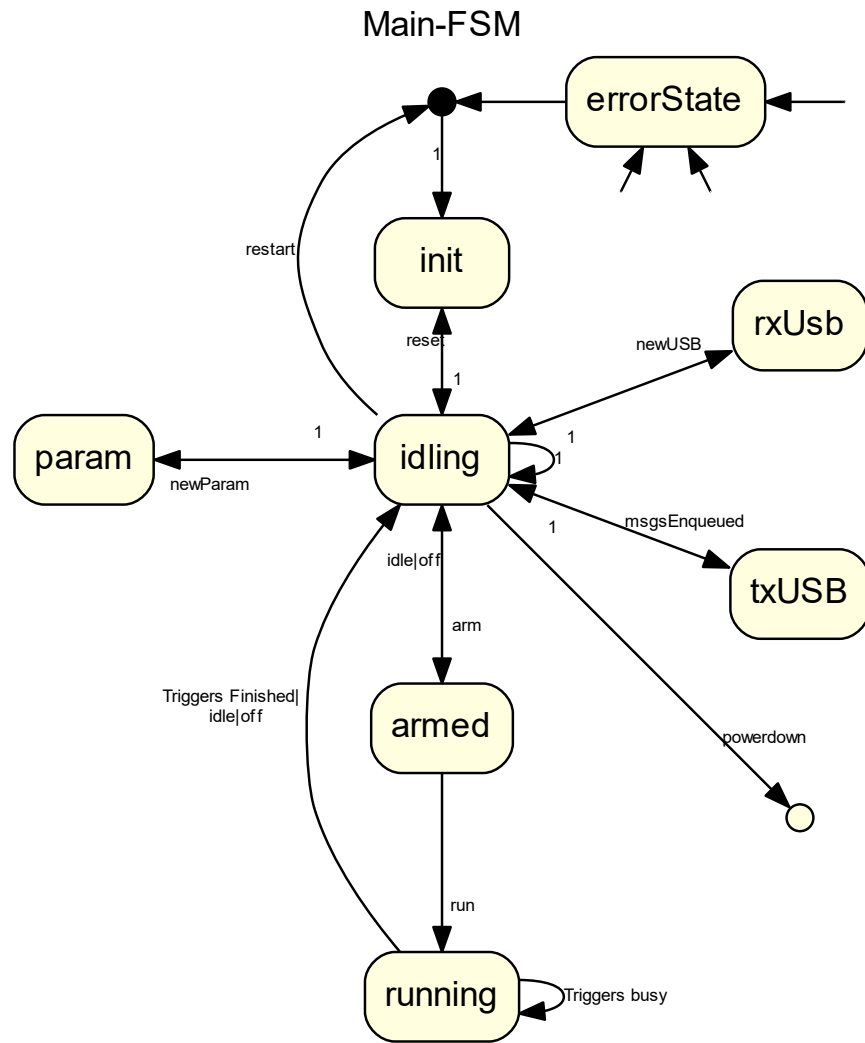


Figure 1: overarching Finite state machine



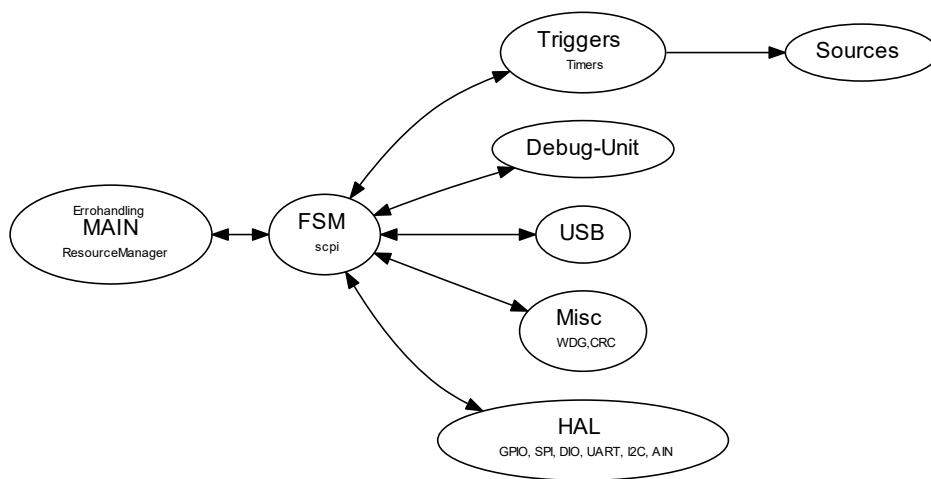


Figure 2: Modular structure

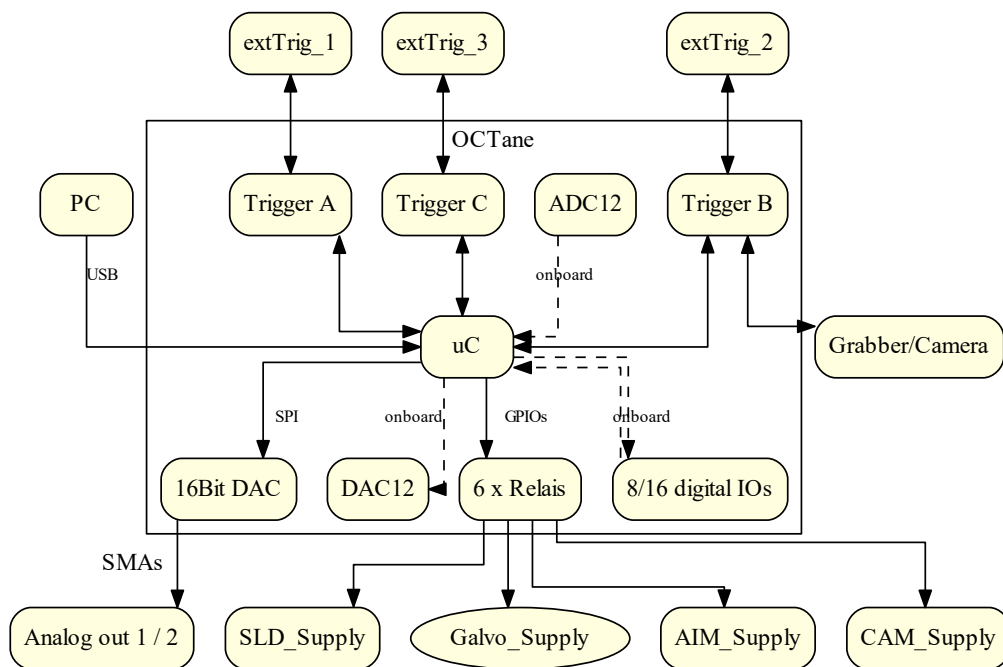


Figure 3: HardWare

Tag RI-	Modules	Module	General
Description	<p>The Firmware has to be partitioned into these Modules:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Main (Errorhandling)</li> <li>• Triggers (Timers)</li> <li>• Sources (SPI)</li> <li>• Debug-Unit</li> <li>• obs? System (WDG,CRC)</li> <li>• FSM (SCPI)</li> <li>• USB</li> <li>• ResourceManager</li> <li>• HAL (GPIO,WDG,CRC,DIO,UART,I2C,AIN)</li> <li>• obs? Misc (DIO,UART,I2C,AIN)</li> </ul>		

Tag RI-	FSM-States	Module	Main
Description	<p>the main-FSM has to implement the following states</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• init</li> <li>• running</li> <li>• armed</li> <li>• idling</li> <li>• parametrizing</li> <li>• txUSB</li> <li>• rxUsb</li> <li>• errorState</li> </ul>		

Tag RI-	ResMan	Module	General
Description	<p>All init()-Functions must probe the ResMan and only take and use a Resource when free. All deinit() - Functions must release Resources.</p>		

Tag RI-	Source-Modules	Module	Signals
Description	<p>16Bit-Voltage-Sources have to be accessible by following functions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>init()</code> <i>// not sure if necessary</i></li> <li>• <code>sendWord(bool source, uint16_t word)</code> <i>//send 16Bit value over SPI to analog output</i></li> <li>• <code>loadArb(bool source, uint16_t size)</code></li> <li>• <code>scaleArb(bool source, uint16_t high, uint16_t low)</code> <i>// rescale signal-vector vertically</i></li> <li>• <code>loadRamp(bool source, uint16_t size, uint16_t high, uint16_t low)</code></li> <li>• enab/disab analogue outputs A or B</li> <li>• <code>deinit()</code> <i>//not sure if necessary</i></li> </ul> <p>and following helper functions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>float word2volt(uint16_t word)</code></li> <li>• <code>uint16_t volt2word(float voltage)</code> <i>// -10V -&gt; 0x00, 0 -&gt; 30000, +10V -&gt; 60000</i></li> <li>•</li> </ul> <p>and structures holding following data:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SPIx</li> <li>• signalVector</li> <li>• mode (triggered, detached, singleshoot)</li> <li>• word min <i>// upper vert. limit of ramp/arb</i></li> <li>• word max <i>// lower vert. limit of ramp/arb</i></li> <li>• uint32 pulseTime</li> <li>•</li> </ul>		
Tag RI-	scaling signals	Module	Signals
Description	Vertically scaling of signal vectors will be applied irreversibly to signal-vectors in place. Amplitude, offset, high- and low-voltages are to be converted into min- and max-word and these again calculated onto existing vector values.		
Tag RI-	writing signals	Module	Signals
Description	Writing an arbitrary signal vector is only permitted in 'arbitrary'-mode. Writing an arbitrary signal vector is complete if sufficient values were submitted and accepted. Writing an arbitrary signal vector can be aborted by setting the Sources mode to 'ramp'.		
Tag RI-	ResMan	Module	General
Description	The FirmWare has to perform resource-management. This denotes to sanity-check managed resources being used by functionalities and deny functions if usage of resources would overlap.		

Tag RI-	ResourceList	Module	General
Description	List of Resources to be managed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Analogue Outputs, including SPIs, enable-Pins</li> <li>• Analogue Inputs</li> <li>• Digital Inputs/Outputs</li> <li>• UART-Port</li> <li>• I2C-Port</li> <li>• Debug-Unit</li> <li>• all processor-pins</li> </ul>		

Tag RI-	Debug-Unit	Module	Main
Description	The Firmware has to implement a Debug-Unit, 8 digital outputs, that can be used to signalize certain events by setting/resetting/toggling them. Required functions are <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• initDbgUnit(<b>void</b>)</li> <li>• setDbgPinX(<b>void</b>)</li> <li>• clrDbgPinX(<b>void</b>)</li> <li>• tglDbgPinX(<b>void</b>)</li> <li>• deinitDbgUnit(<b>void</b>)</li> </ul>		

Tag RI-	USB-Transceiver	Module	USB
Description	The Firmware has to implement a USB-Transceiver for string-messages via VCP/CDC. Endpoints, to send and receive data have to established, as well as functions to access these endpoints. Required functions are <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>uint8_t</b> CDC_Transmit_FS(<b>uint8_t</b>* Buf, <b>uint16_t</b> Len);</li> <li>• <i>// static int8_t CDC_Init_FS(void);</i></li> <li>• <i>// static int8_t CDC_DeInit_FS(void);</i></li> <li>• <i>// static int8_t CDC_Control_FS(uint8_t cmd, uint8_t* pbuf, uint16_t length);</i></li> <li>• <b>static</b> int8_t CDC_Receive_FS(<b>uint8_t</b>* pbuf, <b>uint32_t</b> *Len);</li> <li>• <b>uint8_t</b> newRxUSB(<b>void</b>);</li> <li>• <b>uint32_t</b> lenRxUSB(<b>void</b>);</li> <li>• <b>void</b> clrRxUSB(<b>void</b>);</li> <li>• <b>uint8_t</b> * getRxUSB(<b>void</b>);</li> <li>• <b>bool</b> txUsb()</li> <li>• initUsb()</li> <li>• suspendUsb()</li> <li>• resumeUsb()</li> <li>• deinitUsb()</li> </ul>		

Tag RI-	HAL-Module	Module	
Description	A hardware abstraction layer (HAL) has to be implemented, providing access to all necessary IO-Lines, serial-peripherals, the watchdog timer, cyclic-redundancy-check		

Tag RI-	HAL-Module	Module	
Description	<p>must provide following interfacing functions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• initGPIOs()</li> <li>• setPin()</li> <li>• rstPin()</li> <li>• getPin()</li> <li>• deinitGPIOs()</li> <li>•</li> <li>• initWDG(mode)</li> <li>• setWDGtimeout()</li> <li>• deinitWDG()</li> <li>• initCRC()</li> <li>• bool rxCRC(char * )</li> <li>• txCRC(char * )</li> <li>• deinitCRC()</li> <li>• AIN, I2C, UART, DIO,</li> </ul> <p>and following helper functions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•</li> </ul> <p>and structures holding following data:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•</li> </ul>		

Tag RI-	scpi detection	Module	
Description	<p>Implement USB-protocol in rSCPI.h, separately in short/longform, as well as an enum, representing the index of every command in the LUT. In the USB-ISR only mapping of the recieved string to a global variable and signaling to the FSM in main, that new data is to be processed happens, as well as sending out eventual Strings via USB. SCPI parsing in the FSM: looping over the SCPI-LUT and strncmp it to the input, until positive. Then either execute command immediately, or sscanf in the data.</p>		

Tag	scpi case-insensitive	Module	USB
Description	strncascmp() ensures, that scpi-commands are detected case-insensitive		

Tag RI-	thread-safe variables	Module	main
Description	<p>Signalling between the FSM and the ISRs have to be thread-safe, and are therefore done via atomic operations, for example flags, semaphores or mutexes. Larger quantities of shared data, e.g. the signal vectors, are to be written, when the according ISR is deactivated, and may not be written on, while ISRs might read them.</p>		

Tag RI-	Naming Conventions	Module	General
Description	<p>The following conventions shall be applied:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• camelCase</li> <li>• acting-Functions: 'verbNoun()'</li> <li>• binary queries: 'is...()'</li> <li>•</li> </ul>		

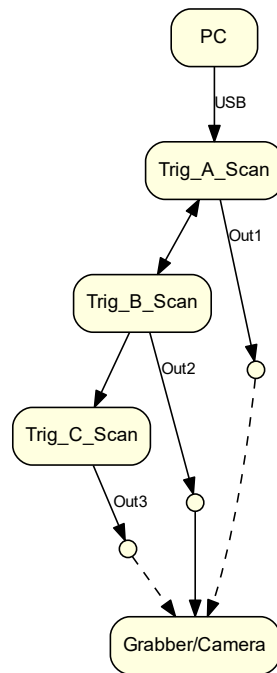


Figure 4: Trigger-Structure, basic concept

Tag RI-	naming convention	Module	General
Description	naming scheme for digital IOs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• void set&lt;PinXY&gt;();</li> <li>• void clr&lt;PinXY&gt;();</li> <li>• bool get&lt;PinXY&gt;();</li> </ul> e.g.: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• void setEN3();</li> <li>• void clrLED3();</li> <li>• bool getGPIO7();</li> </ul>		
Tag RI-	third party libs	Module	
Description	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CMSIS - ARM CoreM4 - Libraries</li> <li>• stdbool.h</li> <li>• usbdcdcif.h</li> <li>• STM32F4 Pin- and Register-Defines</li> </ul>		

K:\FH\MA\wim.txt durchforsten

enums

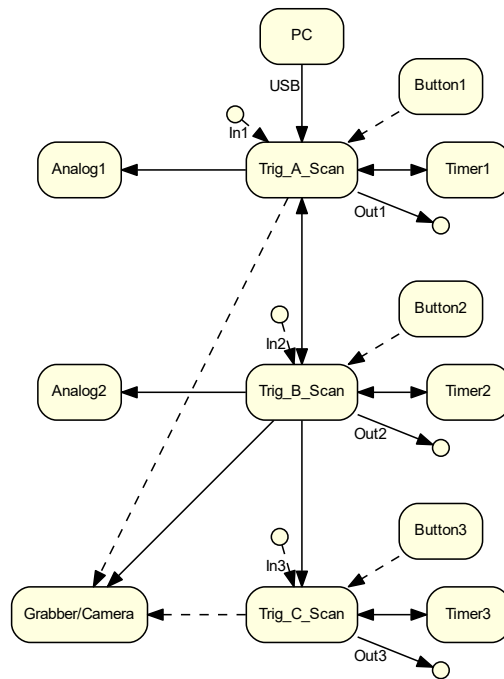


Figure 5: Trigger-Structure, extended concept

SourceA|B  
TrigA|B|C  
vars

\* Module:  
main - Superloop  
FSM  
uint8\_t mainFSM() return 0 ... powerdown, -1 error, 1 ... reset, 2 ... restart  
bool parametrize(SCPI-ID, char \* scpiString)  
TestCases: mirror all the functionalities requested by User-requirements  
HAL Buttons, GPIOs, Relays, LEDs  
Miscellaneous - AnalogIN: Burst-mode wo ADCs die DAC-vektoren missbrauchen?  
- DIO  
- UART  
- I2C  
System CRC, Wdg, Pwd/Rest/Rese/...

Tag RI-		Module	
Description			
Tag RI-	opt pausing of Triggers	Module	
Description	Optional functionality: a falling Edge on a Trigger-In or pushing a dedicated Button (at red LED) during the running state, pauses or stops a while Trigger-Sequence		
Tag RI-	rxUSB and parametrizing	Module	USB-Stack
Description	upon recieving a valid USB-packages, a parametrization-procedure has to be executed: validieren, applizieren, module updaten (Timers, Vektoren, Miscs ....) parametrize() - functions sits within the FSM Module and holds the long list of scpiID -> functions-calls		

Tag RI-	ISRs	Module	
Description	Necessary ISRs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Buttons</li> <li>• Timers for Triggers</li> <li>• Trigger-Inputs</li> <li>• UART, I2C, SPI</li> <li>• USB</li> <li>• Timer for Debounce</li> <li>• Timer for Timeouts</li> </ul>		
Tag RI-	USB - safety	Module	
Description	USB-Inputs have to be sanity-checked regarding frequency, length and meaningful messages, as well as parameters within specified ranges		
Tag RI-	avoid reach-through	Module	General
Description	Timers, purposed for Triggers, are only to be accessed by their corresponding Trigger-unit. SPI-Ports are only to be accessed via their corresponding Source-Units.		
Tag RI-	ISR names	Module	IRQs
Description	Are defined in 'startup.....s'-assembler-file.		
Tag RI-	Timer units	Module	Timer
Description	<p>must provide following interfacing functions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>bool</b> initTimer(TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)<i>//generic init to PWM-mode, no parameters</i></li> <li>• <b>bool</b> setTimer(TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, <b>uint32_t</b> PSC, <b>uint32_t</b> ARR, <b>uint32_t</b> Pulse, <b>uint32_t</b> count)</li> <li>• <b>void</b> startTimer(TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)enable IRQ</li> <li>• <b>void</b> pauseTimer(TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)disableIRQ</li> <li>• <b>void</b> stopTimer(TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)?= reset(<b>void</b>)<i>//pause(), reset counters, clearPin, zeroDAC()</i></li> <li>• <b>void</b> deinitTimer(TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)<i>//generic deactivation of module</i></li> <li>• <b>void</b> ISRs(<b>void</b>)</li> </ul> <p>and following helper functions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• timeStruct timerLUT(period)</li> <li>• timeStruct timerHybrid(period) ... get PSC from LUT, calc ARR and pulse</li> <li>• <math>t_{samp} = \frac{((PSC+1)*(ARR+1))}{TCLK} \rightarrow PSC = \frac{t_{samp}*TCLK}{(ARR+1)} - 1</math></li> <li>• PSC-LUT: Zeitbereiche innerhalb derer ein PSC gilt, <math>tmin = ((PSC + 1) * (0 + 1))/CLK</math>, <math>tmax = ((PSC + 1) * (2^{16} + 1))/CLK</math></li> <li>• jeder Eintrag in PSC-LUT ist eine union aus iTmin, iTmax, oPSC. timerHybrid() schleifert da drueber, bis passender</li> <li>• PSC gefunden und rechnet daraus ARR und pulse</li> <li>• timeStruct timerCALC(period) // timerFreq = Fclk/((PSC + 1)(ARR+1))</li> <li>• <b>uint32_t</b> getTimerPSC(period) // LUT calculating PSC from given Timer-period: 0 for 4us ...</li> </ul> <p>and structures holding following data:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• timeStruct: ARR, PSC, CCRx, ?length?</li> </ul>		



Tag RI-	Trigger units	Module	
Description	<p>must provide following interfacing functions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• bool init(TRIG-ID, length, period, mode/input, , ...)</li> <li>• arm(TRIG-ID)</li> <li>• run(TRIG-ID) = start(TRIG-ID)</li> <li>• pause(TRIG-ID)</li> <li>• stop(TRIG-ID)</li> <li>• reset(TRIG-ID)</li> <li>• deinit(TRIG-ID)</li> </ul> <p>and following helper functions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• nix, weil Timing in den Timer-Units berechnet wird</li> </ul> <p>and structures holding following data:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TRIG-ID, TIM-ID</li> <li>• state</li> <li>• length, signal-period = time = 1/rate = 1/freq</li> <li>• input/event-source</li> </ul>		

Tag RI-	ResourceManager	Module	Main
Description	<p>must provide following interfacing functions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• bool isTaken( &lt;ResENUM&gt; )</li> <li>• bool take( &lt;ResENUM&gt; )</li> <li>• void release( &lt;ResENUM&gt; )</li> </ul> <p>and following helper functions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•</li> </ul> <p>and structures holding following data:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ResENUM RES_ RES_TRIGA RES_TRIGB RES_TRIGC RES_SOURCEA RES_SOURCEB RES_GPIO_E RES_UART RES_I2C RES_SPI RES_ADC RES_Relay RES_TIMx RES_TIMx RES_TIMx RES_TIMx RES_ • Ausschlusstabelle zw Pins</li> </ul>		

Tag RI-	SPI units	Module	
Description	<p>must provide following interfacing functions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• bool initSPI(SPIx) (in 16Bit Mode)</li> <li>• txSpi(SPIx, word )</li> <li>• word rxSpi(SPIx)</li> <li>• deinitSPI(SPIx)</li> </ul> <p>and following helper functions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•</li> </ul> <p>and structures holding following data:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•</li> </ul>		
Tag RI-	SCPI Module	Module	
Description	<p>must provide following interfacing functions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• word getIDfromSCPIstring(char * scpiString, uint16 strLen)</li> </ul> <p>and structures holding following data:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Stringlists containing recendt-shorts and -longs and norm-commands</li> <li>• enum with exact same order as stringlists</li> <li>• OR: <b>struct</b> longform, shortform, ID and for every ID a <b>#define</b> 0 TRIGA_STATE_OFF</li> </ul>		
Tag RI-	Main module	Module	
Description	<p>The firmware has to implement a main-Module, initializing all permanent modules (System-Clock, USB), activate the main-FSM and execute error-handling. It must provide following functions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• main()</li> <li>• ErrorHandler()</li> </ul> <p>and structures holding following data:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• scpi-identification string</li> <li>• Processor Clock</li> <li>•</li> <li>•</li> </ul>		
Tag RI-	SysTick	Module	main
Description	A SysTick has to be established with a period of 10ms $\mu$ s .		
Tag RI-	Clock	Module	main
Description	The Processor has to run at a frequency of 96MHz.		
Tag RI-	ms-Delay	Module	main
Description	The FW has to implement a loosely timed Delay function uint32 start=systickcount; while (systickcount-start<ms); <b>void</b> delay_ms( <b>int</b> ms)		
Tag RI-	Finite State Machine	Module	main
Description	The FW has to implement an event-driven FSM, that handles the necessary states, transitions and events according to figure 1		

Tag RI-	LUT Signals	Module	todo
Description	The FW shall implement look-up-tables, 2 vectors, one for each Generator-channel, each at least of $2^{16}$ words(16bit) length, to contain user-defined waveforms for the Analog Outputs		
Tag RI-	Relais abstractions	Module	todo
Description	The FW shall implement functions to access relais, providing 'turn on', 'turn off' and 'retrieve status'		
Tag RI-	Abstraction of SignalGenerator-HW	Module	todo
Description	The FW shall implement functions to access the analog outputs, relying on the SPI-abstraction provided by REQ2.2 Enabling/disabling specified channels, setting specified voltage values.		
Tag RI-	Abstraction of onboard-analogs	Module	todo
Description	desc		
Tag RI-	Abstractions of highspped digital IOs	Module	todo
Description	The FW shall implement functions to manipulate and read the states of the Trigger IOs and SPI-channels and also to define them as outputs (initially), or inputs.		
Tag RI-	Abstractions of lowspped digital IOs	Module	todo
Description	The FW shall implement functions to manipulate and read the states of the enable-lines of analog-outputs, and relay-lines and also to define them as outputs		
Tag RI-	Abstractions of misc. digital IOs	Module	todo
Description	The FW shall implement functions to manipulate and read the states of Buttons, Status-LEDs, Port3(8IOs), Port5(16IOs) and also to define them as outputs (initially), or inputs.		
Tag RI-	ISR	Module	General
Description	The FW has to implement ISR-callbacks, to notice trigger-events on Button/Ext TriggerA...D, ISRs for TimersA,B and C, USBrx, ?USBtx?		
Tag RI-	Encoder/Stepper	Module	todo
Description	optional: The Firmware has to access available hardware to read encoder signals and send step-per commands.		
Tag RI-	how to Trigger	Module	Triggers
Description	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A Trigger Event is either a SCPI-Command "TRIGx:STAT:RUN", an external logic Signal on signal-line TRIGx, or by pressing the button BUTTx, or, in linked mode, issued by the superior Trigger.</li> <li>A Trigger Event causes the according Timer-Interrupt to be enabled. The affected Trigger-unit then, runs for a number of steps specified by "TRIGx:COU count", with a speed defined by "TRIG0:TIME time" or "TRIGx:FREQ freq", and after that disables its own Interrupt.</li> <li>Activation of at least one Trigger causes the USB-Interrupt to be deactivated, to ensure no interference with the critical timing of Triggering and Signal Generation. Unless Trigger a or B have a duration of at least 2 seconds, or at least one Trigger has a Step-Count of '0', in which case USB-Interrupt needs to be active, otherwise, the whole OCTane would be frozen for too long.</li> <li>Every step, the Trigger pulses its own Trigger-Output line, reads the recent value from its Generators LUT and sends that value to the Gen via SPI, increases the step count and potentially triggers its inferior Trigger.</li> <li>In linked mode, the superior unit enables the IRQ of the inferior. In independent mode, a button, an ext Trigger, or the SCPI-Command triggers an IRQ.</li> </ul>		

Module	Prio	Type	Size	Purpose	initial value
FSM	H	struct			
	H	enum	-	state	INIT
	M	enum	-	stateNext	INIT
	H	flag	-	inUSBnew	low
	H	flag	-	outUSBnew	low
USB-Stack	H	struct			
	H	string		inUSB	empty
	H	string		outUSB	empty
	H			max. String lenght	
SCPI	H				
	H	str-list		SCPI commands lon	
	H	str-list		SCPI responses	
	H	str-list		error codes	
	H	enum		command coding	
Trigger A	H	struct			
Trigger B	H	struct			
Trigger C	H	struct			
Generator 1	H	struct			
	H	16 bit	$> 2^{16}$	Signal-Vector	0s
Generator 2	H	struct			
	H	16 bit	$> 2^{16}$	Signal-Vector	zeroes
Relais 1..8	H	structs			
Watchdog	H	struct			
CRC	H	struct			
IO-Lines	H	structs			

Table 2: required data inside FW

Function	Prio	Port	HW-Identifier	Type	initial value
Trigger 1	high	A	<i>TRIG_1</i>	digital IO, HighSpeed	low
Trigger 2	high	B	<i>TRIG_2</i>	digital IO, HighSpeed	low
Trigger 3	high	B	<i>TRIG_3</i>	digital IO, HighSpeed	low
Trigger 4	high	B	<i>TRIG_4</i>	digital IO, HighSpeed	low
SPI 1	high	A	<i>SCLK_1, NSS_1, MISO_1, MOSI_1</i>	Serial Peripheral IF, HighSpeed	0x0000
SPI 2	high	B	<i>SCLK_2, NSS_2, MISO_2, MOSI_2</i>	Serial Peripheral IF, HighSpeed	0x0000
Relais, SLD	high	D	<i>GPIO_8</i>	digital out, LowSpeed	low
Relais, AIM	high	D	<i>GPIO_7</i>	digital out, LowSpeed	low
Relais, CAM	high	D	<i>GPIO_6</i>	digital out, LowSpeed	low
Relais, Galvo	high	D	<i>GPIO_5</i>	digital out, LowSpeed	low
State LED, 1	low	D	<i>STATE_1</i>	digital out, LowSpeed	low
State LED, 2	low	D	<i>STATE_2</i>	digital out, LowSpeed	low
State LED, 3	low	D	<i>STATE_3</i>	digital out, LowSpeed	low
State LED, 4	low	D	<i>STATE_4</i>	digital out, LowSpeed	low
PushButton, 1	mid	D	<i>BUTT_1</i>	digital in, LowSpeed	n.a.
PushButton, 2	mid	D	<i>BUTT_2</i>	digital in, LowSpeed	n.a.
PushButton, 3	mid	D	<i>BUTT_3</i>	digital in, LowSpeed	n.a.
PushButton, 4	mid	D	<i>BUTT_4</i>	digital in, LowSpeed	n.a.
enable Analog1	high	C	<i>EN_1</i>	digital out, LowSpeed	low
enable Analog2	high	C	<i>EN_2</i>	digital out, LowSpeed	low
Analog in 1	low	C	<i>ADC_1</i>	analog In	n.a.
Analog in 2	low	C	<i>ADC_2</i>	analog In	n.a.
Analog in 3	low	C	<i>ADC_3</i>	analog In	n.a.
Analog in 4	low	C	<i>ADC_4</i>	analog In	n.a.
USB	high	-	<i>USB_FS_DM</i>	USB Data-	n.a.
USB	high	-	<i>USB_FS_DP</i>	USB Data+	n.a.
USB	high	-	<i>USB_FS_ID</i>	USB ident.	n.a.

Table 3: Mapping of IO-Lines

## 3 Implementation

### 3.1 Modules

- Main.h/.c (Errorhandling)
- ResourceMan.h/.c
- Triggers.h/.c
- Timers.h/.c
- Sources.h/.c
- DebugUnit.h/.c
- FSM.h/.c
- SCPI.h/.c
- USB
- HAL (GPIO, SPI)
- Misc.h/.c (WDG,CRC,DIO,UART,IRC,AIN)
- or: HAL (GPIO, SPI, WDG,CRC,DIO,UART,IRC,AIN)

## 4 USB-Protocol for OCTane (SCPI)

Sub-sys	Parameter	Value	Command	Response
Trigger A	State	off idle arm run	TRIGgerA:STATe OFF	<state> <error>
	State		TRIGgerA:STATe IDLE	<state> <error>
	State		TRIGgerA:STATe ARM	<state> <error>
	State		TRIGgerA:STATe RUN	<state> <error>
	Mode (freerun)	finite	TRIGgerA:MODE FINite	<mode>  <error>
	Mode	infinite	TRIGgerA:MODE INFinite	<mode>  <error>
	Input	USB	TRIGgerA:INput USB	<input> <error>
	Input	external input	TRIGgerA:INput EXTernal	<input> <error>
	Input	Trigger B	TRIGgerA:INput TRIGgerB	<input> <error>
	Input	Trigger C	TRIGgerA:INput TRIGgerC	<input> <error>
	Input	Button	TRIGgerA:INput BUTTon	<input> <error>
	Signal-Rate	1.0e-1 ... 125e3	TRIGgerA:RATE <freq>	<time> <error>
	Signal-Period	8e-6 ... 10	TRIGgerA:PERIod <time>	<time> <error>
	Vector-Size	1...250000	TRIGgerA:SIZE <size>	<size> <error>
Trigger B	State	off idle arm run	TRIGgerB:STATe OFF	<state> <error>
	State		TRIGgerB:STATe IDLE	<state> <error>
	State		TRIGgerB:STATe ARM	<state> <error>
	State		TRIGgerB:STATe RUN	<state> <error>
	Mode (freerun)	finite	TRIGgerB:MODE FINite	<mode>  <error>
	Mode	infinite	TRIGgerB:MODE INFinite	<mode>  <error>
	Input	USB	TRIGgerB:INput USB	<input> <error>
	Input	External	TRIGgerB:INput EXTernal	<input> <error>
	Input	Trigger C	TRIGgerB:INput TRIGgerC	<input> <error>
	Input	Button	TRIGgerB:INput BUTTon	<input> <error>
	Signal-Rate	1.0e-1 ... 125e3	TRIGgerB:RATE <freq>	<time> <error>
	Signal-Period	8e-6 ... 10	TRIGgerB:PERIod <time>	<time> <error>
	Vector-Size	1...250000	TRIGgerB:SIZE <size>	<size> <error>
Trigger C	State	off idle arm run	TRIGgerC:STATe OFF	<state> <error>
	State		TRIGgerC:STATe IDLE	<state> <error>
	State		TRIGgerC:STATe ARM	<state> <error>
	State		TRIGgerC:STATe RUN	<state> <error>
	Mode (freerun)	finite	TRIGgerC:MODE FINite	<mode>  <error>
	Mode	infinite	TRIGgerC:MODE INFinite	<mode>  <error>
	Input	USB	TRIGgerC:INput USB	<input> <error>
	Input	External	TRIGgerC:INput EXTernal	<input> <error>
	Input	Button	TRIGgerC:INput BUTTon	<input> <error>
	Signal-Rate	1.0e-1 ... 125e3	TRIGgerC:RATE <freq>	<time> <error>
	Signal-Period	8e-6 ... 10	TRIGgerC:PERIod <time>	<time> <error>
	Vector-Size	1...250000	TRIGgerC:SIZE <size>	<size> <error>
Source-A	Mode	triggered	SOURceA:MODE TRIGgered	<mode> <error>
	Mode	detached	SOURceA:MODE DETached	<mode> <error>
	Mode	singleshot	SOURceA:MODE SINGleshot	<mode> <error>
	Function	Ramp	SOURceA:FUNCTioN:SHAPE RAMP	<func> <error>
	Function	Arbitrary	SOURceA:FUNCTioN:SHAPE ARBITrary	<func> <error>
	Symmetry	0 ... 100	SOURceA:RAMP:RATIO <ratio>	<ratio> <error>
	Arb load	-	SOURceA:ARBITrary:LOAD	<count> <error>
	Arb val	±10.000	SOURceA:ARBITrary:VALUe <idx, val>	<idx, val> <error>
	Amplitude	0.000...20.000	SOURceA:FUNCTioN:AMPlitude <ampl>	<ampl> <error>
	Offset	±10.000	SOURceA:FUNCTioN:OFFset <offs>	<offs> <error>
	High	±10.000	SOURceA:FUNCTioN:High <high>	<high> <error>
	Low	±10.000	SOURceA:FUNCTioN:Low <low>	<low> <error>

	Constant	±10.000	SOURceA:VOLTage:LEVel <volts>	<volts> <error>
	Timeout	1...1000ms	SOURceA:PULSe:WIDth <time>	<time> <error>
Source-B	Mode	trig det single	SOURceB:MODE TRIGgered	<mode> <error>
	Mode	trig det single	SOURceB:MODE DETached	<mode> <error>
	Mode	trig det single	SOURceB:MODE SINGleshot	<mode> <error>
	Function	Ramp	SOURceB:FUNCTion:SHAPE RAMP	<func> <error>
	Function	Arbitrary	SOURceB:FUNCTion:SHAPE ARbitrary	<func> <error>
	Symmetry	0 ... 100	SOURceB:RAMP:RATIO <ratio>	<ratio> <error>
	Arb load	-	SOURceB:ARbitrary:LOAD	<count> <error>
	Arb val	±10.000	SOURceB:ARbitrary:VALUe <idx, val>	<idx, val> <error>
	Amplitude	0.000...20.000	SOURceB:FUNCTion:AMPlitude <ampl>	<ampl> <error>
	Offset	±10.000	SOURceB:FUNCTion:OFFset <offs>	<offs> <error>
	High	±10.000	SOURceB:FUNCTion:High <high>	<high> <error>
	Low	±10.000	SOURceB:FUNCTion:Low <low>	<low> <error>
	Constant	±10.000	SOURceB:VOLTage:LEVel <volts>	<volts> <error>
	Timeout	1...1000ms	SOURceB:PULSe:WIDth <time>	<time> <error>
Relays	Galvo	close open read	ROUTe:<CLOSE OPEN STATE?> GAL	<state> <error>
	SLD	close open read	ROUTe:<CLOSE OPEN STATE?> SLD	<state> <error>
	AIM	close open read	ROUTe:<CLOSE OPEN STATE?> AIM	<state> <error>
	CAM	close open read	ROUTe:<CLOSE OPEN STATE?> CAM	<state> <error>
I2C	mode	OFF	I2C::MODE OFF	<mode> <error>
	mode	USB	I2C::MODE USB	<mode> <error>
	mode	slave-action	I2C::MODE SLAVEaction	<mode> <error>
	write	0 ... 255	I2C::WRITe <val>	<val> <error>
	read	0 ... 255	I2C::READ	<val> <error>
UART	mode	OFF	UART:MODE OFF	<mode> <error>
	mode	USB	UART:MODE USB	<mode> <error>
	mode	slave-IRQ	UART:MODE SLAVEaction	<mode> <error>
	write	0 ... 255	UART:WRITe <val>	<val> <error>
	read	0 ... 255	UART:READ	<val> <error>
DIO	mode	OFF	DIGIO:MODE OFF	<val> <error>
	mode	input	DIGIO:MODE IN	<val> <error>
	mode	output	DIGIO:MODE OUT	<val> <error>
	write	0 .. 65535	DIGIO:WRITe <val>	<val> <error>
	read	0 .. 65535	DIGIO:READ	<val> <error>
AnalogIN	mode	OFF	ANALog0 1 2 3:MODE OFF	<val> <error>
	mode	USB	ANALog0 1 2 3:MODE USB	<val> <error>
	mode	triggered	ANALog0 1 2 3:MODE TRIGA	<val> <error>
	mode	triggered	ANALog0 1 2 3:MODE TRIGB	<val> <error>
	mode	triggered	ANALog0 1 2 3:MODE TRIGC	<val> <error>
	read	0 ... 4095	ANALog0 1 2 3:READ	<val> <error>
System	CRCmode	OFF	SYSTem:CRC16 OFF	<state> <error>
	CRCmode	on	SYSTem:CRC16 ON	<state> <error>
	ShutDown	-	SYSTem:POWerdown	POWD <error>
	ListSCPI	-	SYSTem:LIST	<list> <error>
	RESEt	-	SYSTem:RESEt	RESE <error>
	RESTart	-	SYSTem:RESTart	REST <error>
	Verbosity	OFF	SYSTem:VERBoSe OFF	<mode> <error>
	Verbosity	on	SYSTem:VERBoSe ON	<mode> <error>
	Watchdog	OFF	SYSTem:WATChdog OFF	<mode> <error>
	Watchdog	on	SYSTem:WATChdog ON	<mode> <error>
	Time	1...1000ms	SYSTem:WATChdog <time>	<time> <error>

Table 4: OCTane USB-Protocol, commands

Sub-sys	Parameter	possible messages	occurrence		
Trigger A B C	State	TrigX idling armed running	sent on every state change		
Trigger A B C	Input	-200	error, if button in use		
Trigger A B C	Signal-Rate	-200	error, if out-of-range		
Trigger A B C	Signal-Period	-200	error, if out-of-range		
Trigger A B C	Vector-Size	-200	error, if out-of-range		
Source A B	Arb load	-200	error, if not in Arb-mode		
Source A B	Arb val	VectorX complete	if sufficient amount of values was sent		
Source A B	Arb val	-200	error, if out-of-range		
Source A B	Arb val	-200	error, if exceeds vector-size		
Source A B	Symmetry	-200	error, if out-of-range		
Source A B	Amplitude	-200	error, if out-of-range		
Source A B	Offset	-200	error, if out-of-range		
Source A B	High	-200	error, if out-of-range		
Source A B	Low	-200	error, if out-of-range		
Source A B	Constant	-200	error, if out-of-range		
Source A B	Timeout	-200	error, if out-of-range		
AIN	input value	AINx: <value>	sent on every corresp. Trigger		
DIN	input value	DIN: <value>	sent on every DIO:READ-Command		
UART	input value	UART: <value>	sent on every corresp. Trigger		
I2C	input value	I2C: <value>	sent on every corresp. Trigger		

Table 5: OCTane USB-Protocol, responses

Command	Description	Action	Return
*CLS	Clear Status Command		
*ESE	Standard Event Status Enable Command		
*ESE?	Standard Event Status Enable Query	-	
*ESR?	Standard Event Status Register Query	-	
*IDN?	Identification Query	-	ID-String
*OPC	Operation Complete Command		
*OPC?	Operation Complete Query	-	
*RST	Reset Command		
*SRE	Service Request Enable Command		
*SRE?	Service Request Enable Query	-	
*STB?	Read Status Byte Query	-	Status Byte
*TST?	Self-Test Query	-	
*WAI	Wait-to-Continue Command		

Table 6: IEEE 488.2 mandatory commands

Command	Description	Action	Return
*AAD	Accept Address Command		
*CAL?	Calibration Query		
*DDT	Define Device Trigger Command		
*DDT?	Define Device Trigger Query		
*DLF	Disable Listener Function Command		
*DMC	Define Macro Command	not imp'd	
*EMC	Enable Macro Command	not imp'd	
*EMC?	Enable Macro Query	not imp'd	
*GMC?	Get Macro Contents Query		
*IST?	Individual Status Query		
*LMC?	Learn Macro Query	not imp'd	



*LRN?	Learn Device Setup Query		
*OPT?	Option Identification Query		
*PCB	Pass Control Back		
*PMC	Purge Macros Command	not imp'd	
*PRE	Parallel Poll Enable Register Command		
*PRE?	Parallel Poll Enable Register Query		
*PSC	Power-On Status Clear Command		
*PSC?	Power-On Status Clear Query		
*PUD	Protected User Data Command		
*PUD?	Protected User Data Query		
*RCL	Recall Command		
*RDT	Resource Description Transfer Command		
*RDT?	Resource Description Transfer Query		
*SAV	Save Command		
*TRG	Trigger Command		
*RMC	Remove Individual Macro Command	not imp'd	
*SDS	Save Default Device Settings Command		

Table 7: IEEE 488.2 optional commands

## 5 Standard operating procedures

**ToDo:** update to new protocol

SOURce1:FUNCTION:Amplitude 6	
SOURce1:FUNCTION:Offset 3	
SOURce2:FUNCTION:Amplitude 4	
SOURce2:FUNCTION:Offset -4	
TRIGgerC:STATe RUN	start scan sequence

Table 8: one Volume-Scan

SOUR2:VOLT:LEV 4.5	both Galvos in fixed positions
SOUR1:VOLT:LEV -2.95	no Triggers
...	
SOUR2:VOLT:LEV 0	Send galvos home afterwards
SOUR1:VOLT:LEV 0	

Table 9: A-Scan in one position

TRIGgerB:STATe stop	deactivate
TRIGgerA:STATe stop	in exactly this order
SOUR1:VOLT:LEV 0	send Galvo home
SOUR1:mode:trig	reattach Galvo to TriggerB
TRIGgerB:MODE trigC	reattach TriggerB to TriggerC

Table 10: B-Scan in one position, continuous A-Scans, 'A-Freerun' Mode-'infinite'

SOUR1:MODE free	detach Galvo from its Trigger
SOURce2:FUNCTION:Amplitude 3.5	
SOURce2:FUNCTION:Offset 1.95	
TRIGgerB:Mode CONTinuous	...Trigger will run forever
TRIGA:PRE 4	
TRIGA:tcou 74	...40kHz A-Scans
TRIGB:pre 64	...10Hz B-Scans
TRIGA:cou 1550	1550 samples
TRIGB:tcou 36500	10Hz
TRIGgerB:STATe RUN	activate
TRIGgerB:STATe stop	activate
TRIGA:cou 1250	1250 samples
TRIGB:tcou 14600	25Hz
TRIGgerB:STATe RUN	activate
TRIGgerB:STATe stop	deactivate
TRIGA:cou 620	620 samples
TRIGB:tcou 7300	50Hz
TRIGgerB:STATe run	activate
TRIGgerB:STATe stop	deactivate in exactly
TRIGgerA:STATe stop	this order
SOUR1:VOLT:LEV 0	send Galvo home
SOUR1:mode:trig	reattach Galvo to TriggerB
TRIGgerB:MODE trigC	reattach TriggerB to TriggerC

Table 11: Ivan Patch

## 6 Constraints, Assumptions

Usage of the Processor STM32F407VGT6 imposes following relevant constraints:

- max. clock speed 72MHz
- 1MB program memory
- max. 82 IO-channels

## 6.1 Reference Documents

## 6.2 Abbreviations and Acronyms

uC	MicroController
FW	Firmware, the Software, running on the uC
OCT	Optical Coherence Tomography
SW	Software, the Software, running on the OCT-System
FSM	Finite State Machine
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Check
IO	Input-Output, bidirectional Communcation Lines
USB	Universal Serial Bus
VCP	Virtual Com Port, a serial connection via USB
USB	Universal Serial Bus
SCPI	Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments, as defined by IEEE 488.2
LUT	Look-up-table
IRQ	Interrupt request
ISR	Interrupt-service-routine, a function within the FW, that is called by an IRQ
HW	Hardware, the entirety of uC, the PCB and peripherals
SLD	Super luminiscence Diode
AIM	Aiming Laser
CAM	Camera
LED	Light emitting diode
LSB	Least significant bit

Table 12: Abbreviations