# First Delivery

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#### **Objective:**

Develop a C compiler that meets the requirements of the client Norberto Jesús Ortigoza Márquez; the project will be developed in elixir.

The delivery dates below will be provided in the work plan.

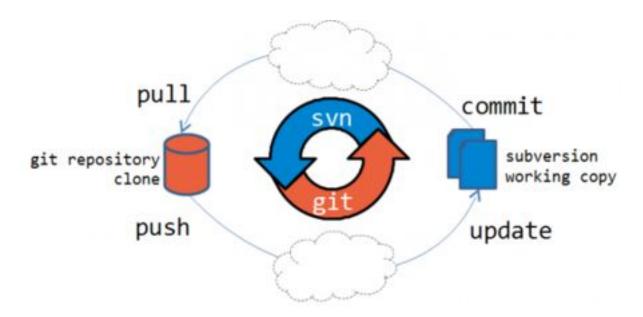
## Gremlins Working P8lan



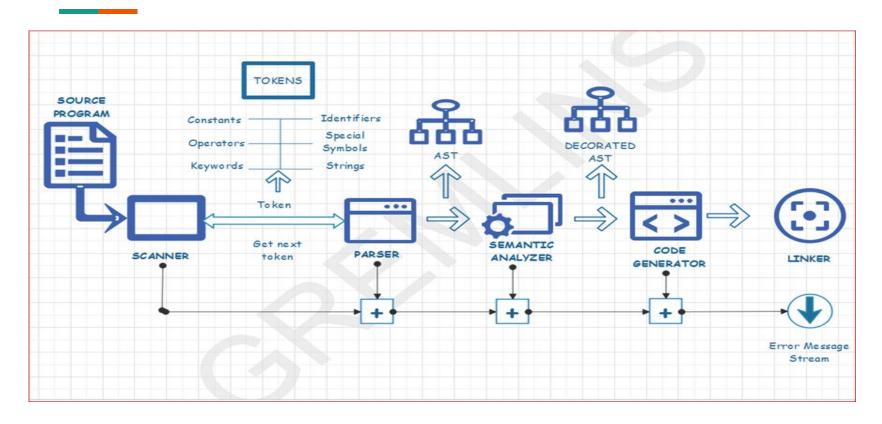
### Use of git and github



### Uso de git y github



#### **Architecture (Pipe-filter pattern)**



#### **Tests**

```
→ gremlins-assembler git:(master) × mix test
La palabra RETURN es inválida.

Finished in 0.1 seconds
16 tests, 0 failures

Randomized with seed 49647
```

### Complications

There were problems with github since the invitations provided by the teacher were not initially accepted.

The planning in the dates of deliveries and meetings was complicated by the times of each member.

To carry out the code, the functionality of all the parts of the compilation had to be correctly understood.

# **Second Delivery**

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Aspects that were improved.

Organization.

Handling tools.

Planning for more realistic and achievable goals.

## Changes

3 unary operators added.

Negation Complementary bit Logical negation

### Activities.

Code update.

Changes in git and Github.

Documentation was improved and the objectives of the second installment were explained more clearly.

# **Coupling Architecture**

```
def manager(file, path, opt) do
#Utilizando "with" se procesa el archivo. Si hay error deja de hacer la compilación.
with {:ok, tok} <- Lexer.scan word(file, opt),
     {:ok , ast} <- Parser.parse token list(tok, opt),
     {:ok, asm} <- Generador.code gen(ast, opt, path),
     {:ok, } <- Linker.outputBin(asm, opt, path)
      do
      IO.puts("Finalizó la compilación de forma exitosa.")
else
#Se muestra el motivo del error o la salida de la opción seleccionada al compilar
      {:error, error} -> IO.puts(error)
      {:only_tokens, _} -> IO.puts("Lista de tokens.")
      {:only_ast, _} -> IO.puts("Árbol Sintáctico.")
      {:only asm, path asm} ->IO.puts(path asm)
```

#### **Adding Unary Operators to Lexer**

```
def lex_raw_tokens(program) when program != "" do #Búsq
  {token, resto} =
 case program do
      "{" <> resto -> {:open brace, resto}
      "}" <> resto -> {:close brace, resto}
      "(" <> resto -> {:open_par, resto}
      ")" <> resto-> {:close_par, resto}
      ";" <> resto -> {:semicolon, resto}
      "return" <> resto -> {:return Reserveword, resto}
      "int" <> resto -> {:int_Reserveword, resto}
      "main" <> resto -> {:main_Reserveword, resto}
      "-" <> resto -> {:negation_Reserveword, resto}
      "!" <> resto -> {:logicalNeg, resto}
      "~" <> resto -> {:bitewise_Reserveword, resto}
```

#### **Adding Unary Operators to Parser**

We created a new function, that benefits the controll and order to the process for creating nodes:

```
def pars_factor(tokens) do

#Parseando con operador unario

if List.first(tokens) == :negation_Reserveword or List.first(tokens) == :bitewise_Reserveword or List.first(tokens) == :logicalNeg
```

#### **Adding Unary Operators to Code Generator**

#### **Tests**

```
test "Prueba 6 de Nora Sandler: Operador unario, complemento bit a bit de 0" do
  token list = Lexer.scan word(File.read!("test/bitwise zero.c"), :no output);
  assert Parser.parse token list(elem(token list, 1), :no output) ==
   {:ok, {:program, "program",
          {:function, "main",
           {:return Reserveword, "return",
            {:bitewise_Reserveword, "~", {:constant, 0, {}, {}}, {}}, {}}, {}}, {}}}
end
test "Prueba 7 de Nora Sandler: Operador unario, negación" do
   token list = Lexer.scan word(File.read!("test/negacion.c"), :no output);
   assert Parser.parse token list(elem(token list, 1), :no output) ==
     {:ok, {:program, "program",
            {:function, "main",
             {:return Reserveword, "return",
              {:negation_Reserveword, "-", {:constant, 5, {}, {}}, {}}, {}}, {}}, {}}}
 end
```

→ gremlins—assembler git:(master) × mix test .....La palabra RETURN es inválida.

Finished in 0.2 seconds 21 tests, 0 failures

Randomized with seed 325289

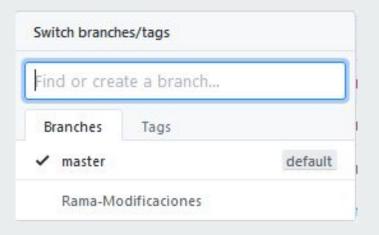
## Changes in git

-Update in the master branch.

-Label creation in github called V1.0.0.

-Branch creation for changes and modifications.

## Changes in git





#### Conclusions.

Deliverables and assigned dates for modifications need to be further improved.

Communication with the client must be more efficient and we must show more interest in knowing their points of view.

Improve the technical part for understanding elixir and the other tools used

# **Third Delivery**

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# General changes

Four binary operators added.

- Addition
- Substraction
- Multiplication
- Division

Handle
associativity and
operator
precedence

- Updates to functions in parser
   Updates to compare t
- Updates to code generator

# Adding binary operators to lexer

```
def lex raw tokens(program) when program != "" do
  {token, resto} =
  case program do
     "{" <> resto -> {:open_brace, resto}
     "}" <> resto -> {:close brace, resto}
     "(" <> resto -> {:open par, resto}
     ")" <> resto-> {:close_par, resto}
     ";" <> resto -> {:semicolon, resto}
     "return" <> resto -> {:return Reserveword, resto}
     "int" <> resto -> {:int Reserveword, resto}
     "main" <> resto -> {:main Reserveword, resto}
     "-" <> resto -> {:negation Reserveword, resto}
     "!" <> resto -> {:logicalNeg, resto}
     "~" <> resto -> {:bitewise Reserveword, resto}
     "+" <> resto -> {:add Reserveword, resto}
     "*" <> resto -> {:multiplication Reserveword, resto}
     "/" <> resto -> {:division Reserveword, resto}
```

# Modifying parse\_term to manage multiplication and division

```
def parse term(tokens, last op) do
  #envia el operador parseado con anterioridad por si ocurre un error
  [tokens, node factor] = pars factor(tokens, last op); #oks
  case tokens do
   {:error, } -> [tokens, ""]
      -> if List.first(tokens) == :multiplication_Reserveword or
           List.first(tokens) == :division Reserveword do
           next fact term(tokens, node factor)
          else #cuando no hay multiplicacion o division
            [tokens, node_factor];
          end
  end
end
```

# Modifying next\_fact\_term to manage multiplication and division

```
def next fact term(tokens, node factor) do
  [tokens, operator] = parse_oper(tokens); #extrae el operador 1
  [tokens, next factor] = pars factor(tokens, operator) #extrae el operador 2
 # construccion del nodo con suma o resta
  [tokens, node_factor] = parse_bin_op(tokens, operator, node_factor, next_factor);
  #recursividad
  case tokens do
   {:error, } -> [tokens, ""]
     -> if List.first(tokens) == :multiplication_Reserveword or
           List.first(tokens) == :division_Reserveword do
            next_fact_term(tokens, node_factor)
          else #cuando no hay multiplicacion o division
            [tokens, node factor];
          end
  end
end
```

## Changes in pars\_factor

```
else
 case List.first(tokens) do
   {:constant, } -> parse_constant(tokens, :constant)
     -> if (List.first(tokens)) == :add_Reserveword
         or (List.first(tokens)) == :multiplication Reserveword
         or (List.first(tokens)) == :division Reserveword do
         [{:error, "Error de sintaxis: Falta el primer operando antes de " <> dicc(List.first(tokens)) <> "."}, ""]
        else
         if last op == :addition Reserveword or last op == :min Reserveword
           or last op == :multiplication Reserveword
           or last op == :division Reserveword do
           [{:error, "Error de sintaxis: Falta el segundo operando después de " <> dicc(last op) <> "."}, ""]
          else
           [{:error, "Error de sintaxis: Se esperaba una constante u operador y se encontró " <> dicc(List.first(tokens)) <> "."}, ""]
         end
        end
end
```

# Dictionary to convert reserved words to characters

```
def dicc(atom)do
    case atom do
        :int Reserveword->"int"
        :main Reserveword->"main"
        :open par->"("
        :close par->")"
        :open brace->"{"
        :close_brace->"}"
        :logicalNeg->"!"
        :bitewise_Reserveword -> "~"
        :negation_Reserveword->"-"
        :min_Reserveword -> "-"
        :add Reserveword -> "+"
        :return Reserveword->"return"
        :semicolon->";"
        :multiplication Reserveword->"*"
        :division_Reserveword->"/"
       _ -> "(empty)"
    end
end
```

# Adding binary operators to code generator

```
def codigo_gen(:multiplication_Reserveword, _, codigo, _) do
    codigo <> """
             %rcx
      pop
      imul %ecx, %eax
      push %rax
end
def codigo_gen(:division_Reserveword, _, codigo, _) do
  codigo <> """
      push
             %rax
      pop
             %rcx
            %rax
      pop
             %edx, %edx
      xor
             %ecx
      idivl
             %rax
      push
  ** ** **
end
```

```
def codigo_gen(:min_Reserveword, _, codigo, _) do
  codigo <>
             %rcx
     pop
     sub %rax, %rcx
            %rcx, %rax
     mov
end
def codigo gen(:add Reserveword, , codigo, ) do
  codigo <>
            %rcx
     pop
     addl %ecx, %eax
            %rax
     push
end
```

## Handling binary expressions

```
def codigo_gen(:constant, value, codigo, post_stack) do
   if List.first(post_stack) == "+"
       or List.first(post stack) == "-"
       or List.first(post_stack) == "*"
       or List.first(post stack) == "/"
       or List.first(post stack) == "~"
       or List.first(post_stack) == "!" do
       codigo <> """
           movl $#{value},%eax
   else
       codigo <> """
           mov $#{value}, %rax
           push %rax
    end
end
```

## **Tests**

```
test "Prueba 3-1 de Nora Sandler: Sin punto y coma" do

token_list = Lexer.scan_word(File.read!("test/codigoc/sin_semicolo.c"), :no_output);

assert Parser.parse_token_list(elem(token_list, 1), :no_output) == {:error, "Error de sintáxis. Se esperaba ; y se encontró: }"}

end

test "Prueba 3-2 de Nora Sandler: Falta el primer operando." do

token_list = Lexer.scan_word(File.read!("test/codigoc/falta_primer_oper.c"), :no_output);

assert Parser.parse_token_list(elem(token_list, 1), :no_output) == {:error, "Error de sintaxis: Falta el primer operando antes de +."}

end

test "Prueba 3-3 de Nora Sandler: Falta el segundo operando." do

token_list = Lexer.scan_word(File.read!("test/codigoc/falta_seg_oper.c"), :no_output);

assert Parser.parse_token_list(elem(token_list, 1), :no_output) == {:error, "Error de sintaxis: Se esperaba una constante u operador y se encontró ;."}

end
```