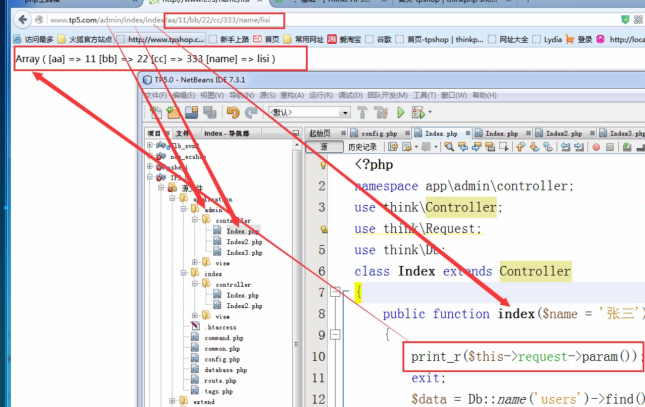
# 安装

## 配置



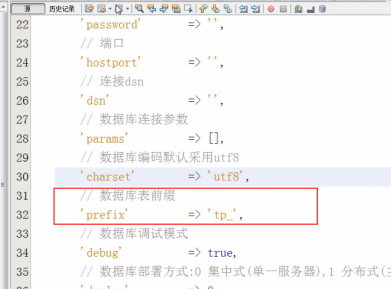
## 路由



## 去掉index.php

|  |
| --- |
| RewriteEngine on # if a directory or a file exists, use the request directly RewriteCond %{REQUEST\_FILENAME} !-f RewriteCond %{REQUEST\_FILENAME} !-d # otherwise forward the request to index.php RewriteRule . index.php |

## 数据库前缀



## 模板引擎

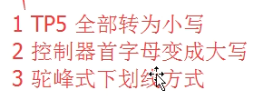


## 目录

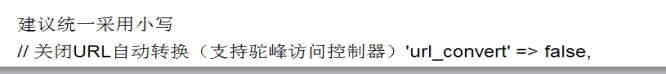


# 路由

## 展示



## 驼峰



下划线会给省略 之后的第一个字母大写

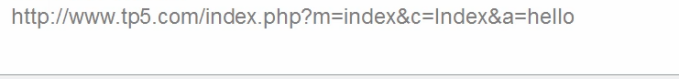
开启的话 会使得所有的变成小写

不开启的话 就默认使用的原样输入的

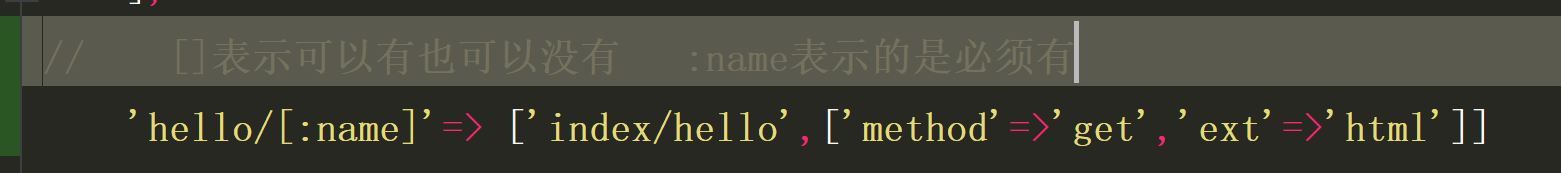
## 兼容模式



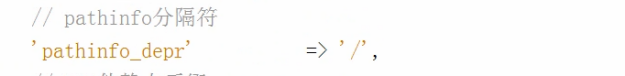
## 原生模式

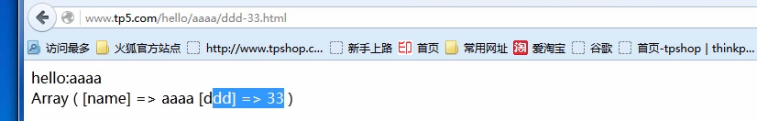


## Url正则

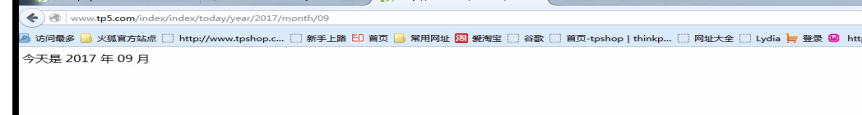


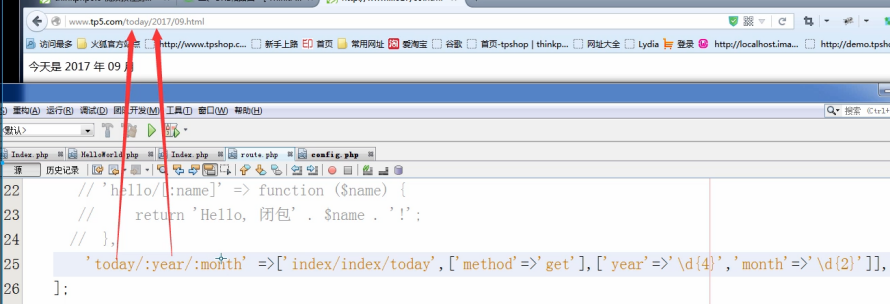
## Url分隔符



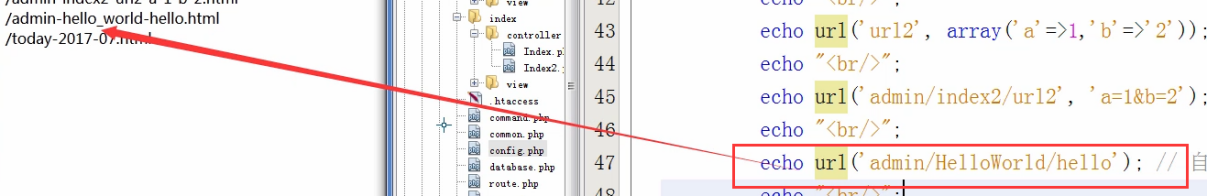
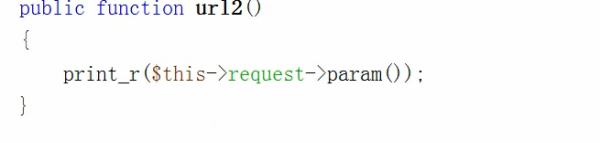
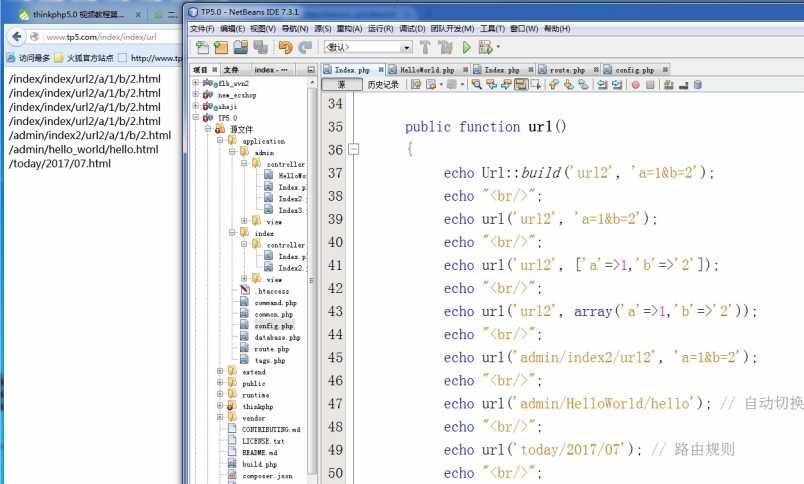


## 例子





## Url::build 与url()

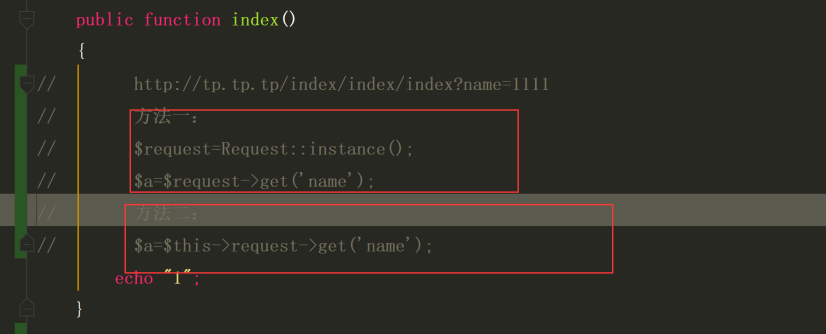


## Seo



# 请求响应

## Request的写法



$a=$this->**request**->ip();

$this->request->get()

request()->get()

$request=request::instance;$request->get()

input（） input(get.)input(get.name)

参数

$request->param();

获取所有的

$request->get()

$request->get(‘name’)

$request->cookie(‘name’)

$request->file(‘name’);(上传文件信息)

其他参数

$request->method()/ip()/isAjax()/domain()/baseFile()/

完成url：url(true) 参数信息：query()

当前url不含有参数baseUrl()

pathinfo信息：pathinfo()

后缀信息：ext()

模块：module()

控制器:controller()

方法：action()





## Reponse的写法

$data= [‘name’=’sunxiao’]

Json($data)

Xml($data)

$this->assign(‘name’,’模板’)

Return $this->fetch(‘index/index’)



## 跳转

$this->success(‘aa’,’hello’)

$this->error(‘aa’,’hello’)

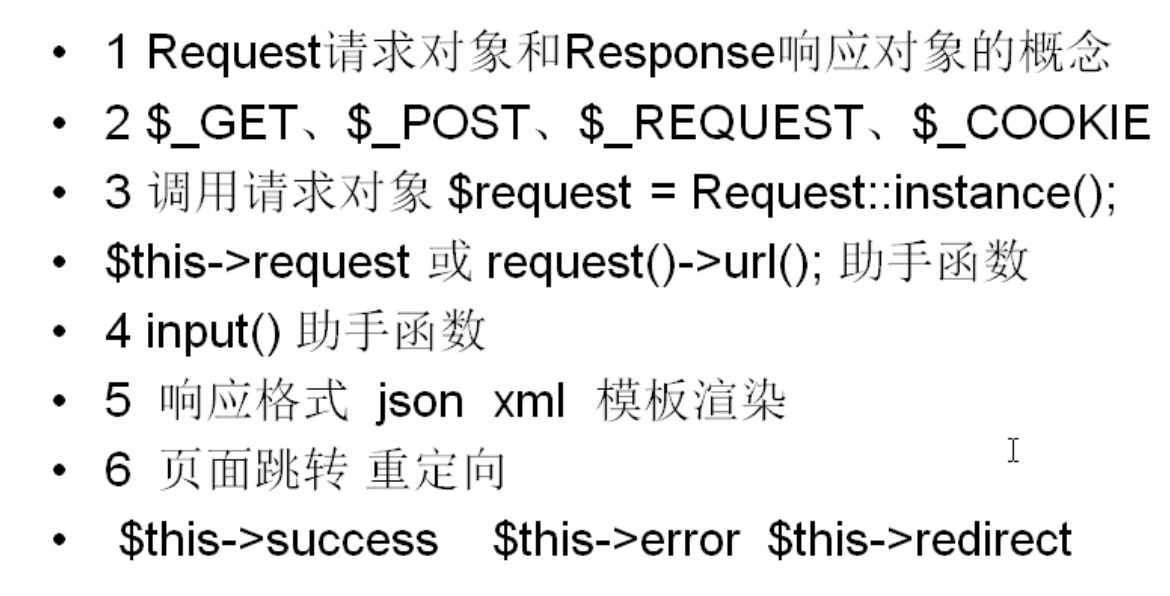
$this->redirect(‘www.baidu.com’)



## 动态绑定

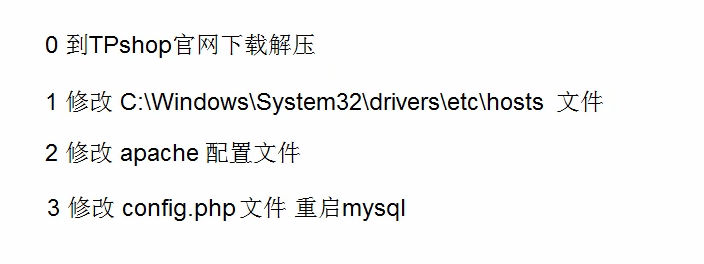


## 总结



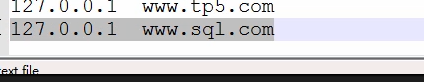
# SQL追踪器安装

## 步骤简介



## 下载移动到www下

## 步骤一host



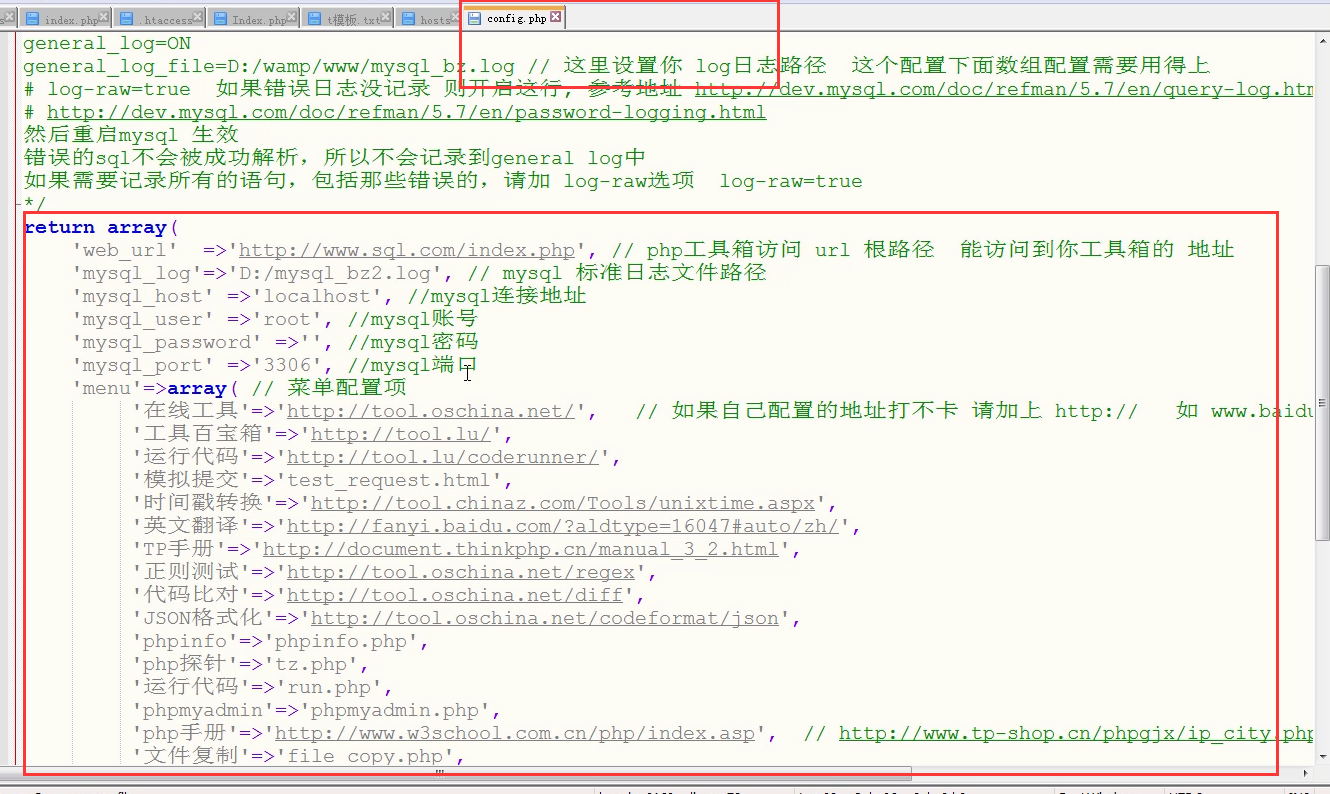
## 步骤二vhost



## 配置mysql.ini

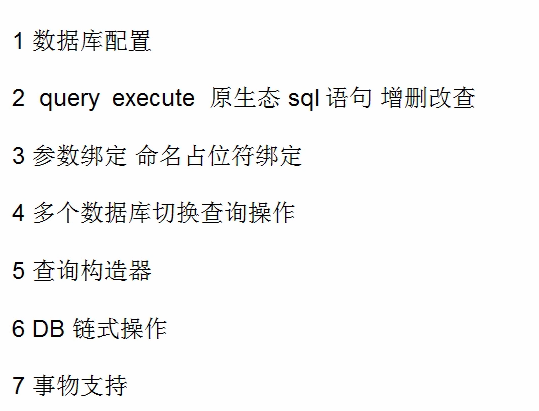


## 文件夹配置



# 数据库

## 计划



## Crud

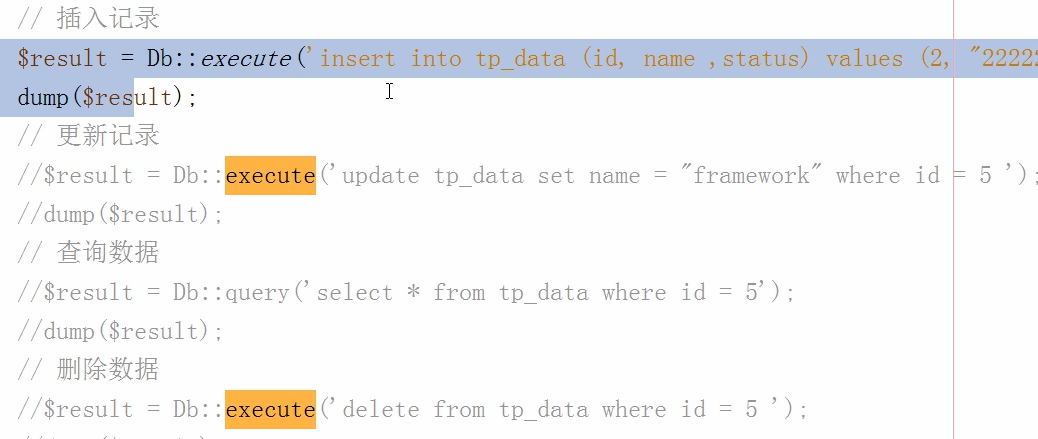
Db::execute(‘insert into tablename (id.name) values (1,‘名字’)’)

Db::query(‘select \* from tb where id = 5’)

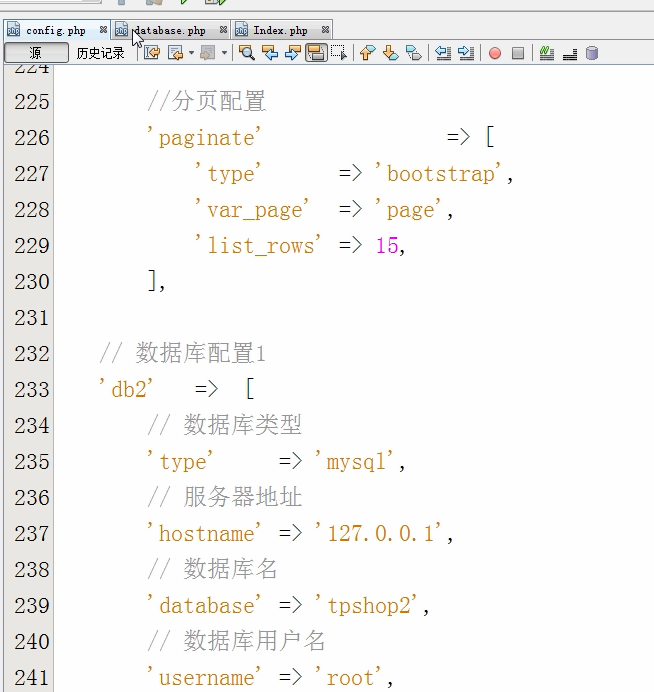
Db::execute(‘delete from tb where id = 5’)

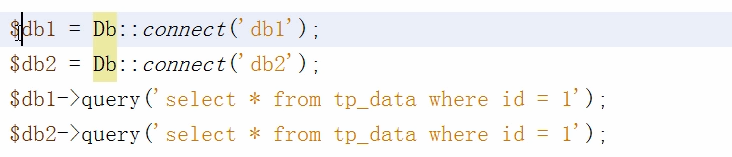
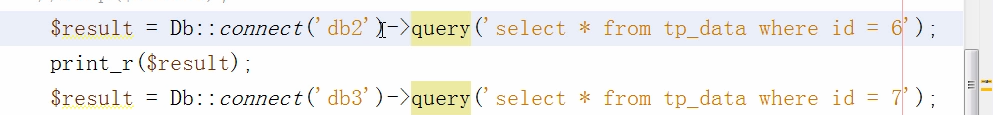
Db::execute(‘truncate table tb’)

Db::connect(‘db1’)->query(‘select \* from tb where id = 5’)



## 数据库配置

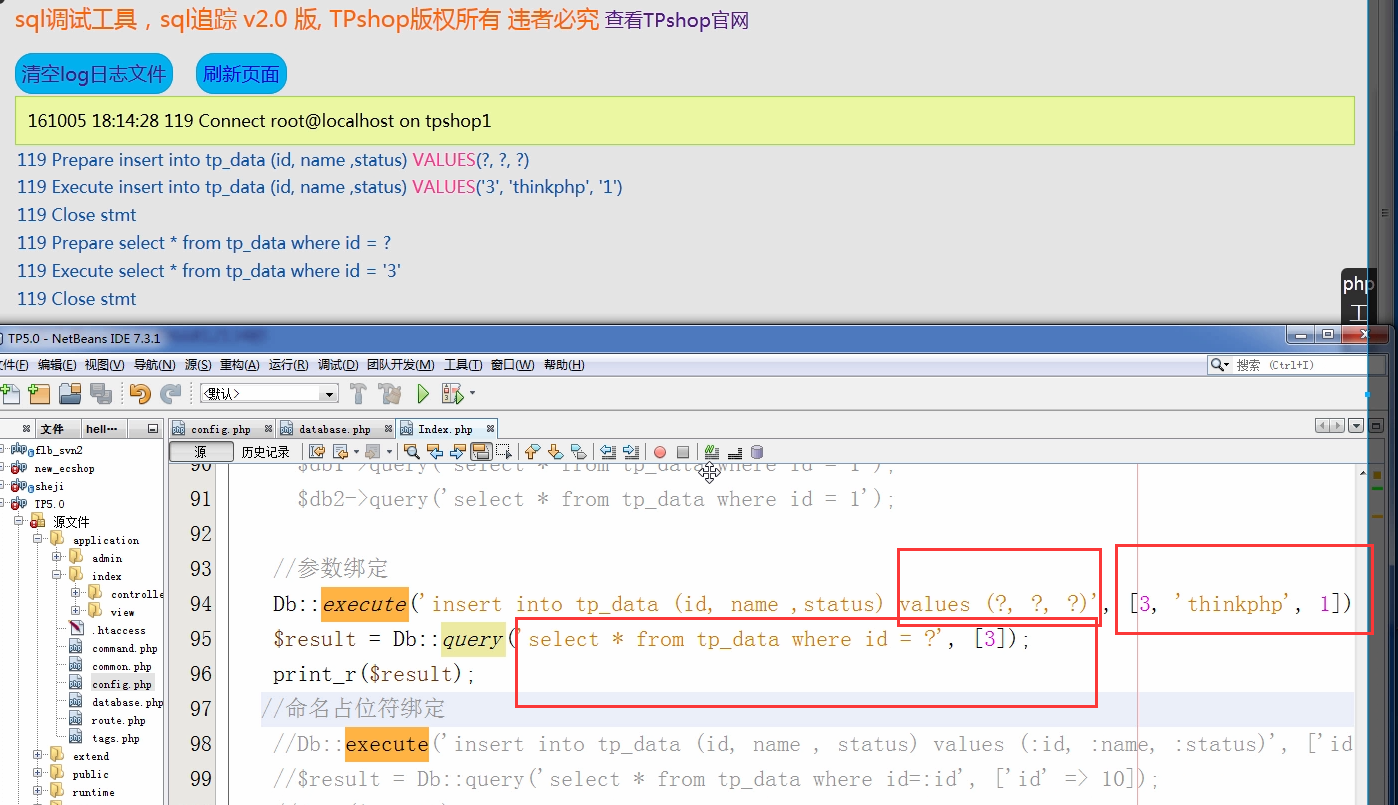




## 预绑定

Db::execute(‘insert into tb (‘id’,’name’) values (?,?)’,[1,’222’] );

Db::query（‘select \* from tb where id = ?’,[8]）;



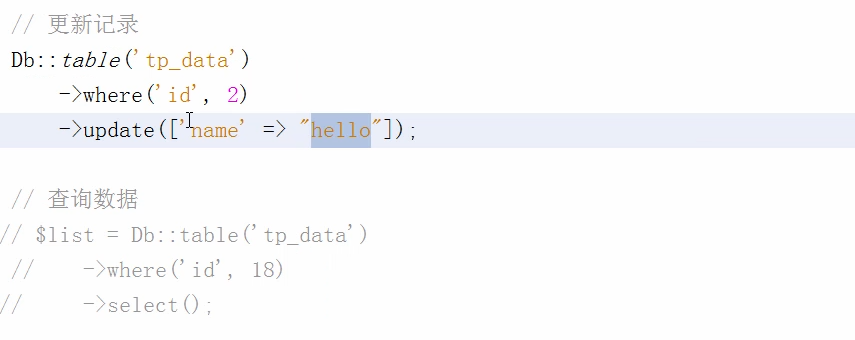
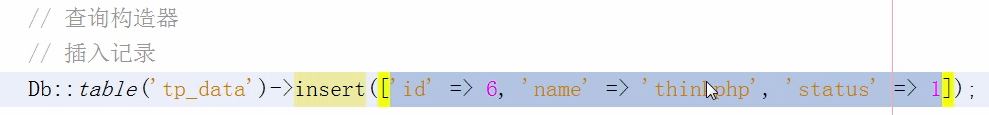
## 占位符



Db::execute(‘insert into tb (‘id’,’name’) values (：id,:name)’,[‘id’=>1,’name’=>’ddddd’] );

不加键也可以

## 查询构造器

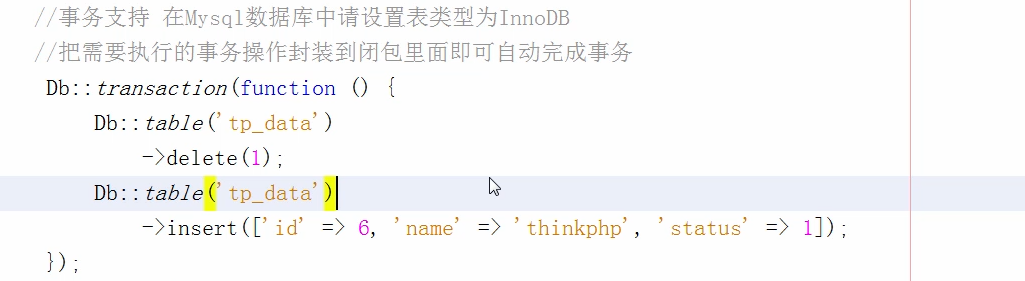


## 链式操作

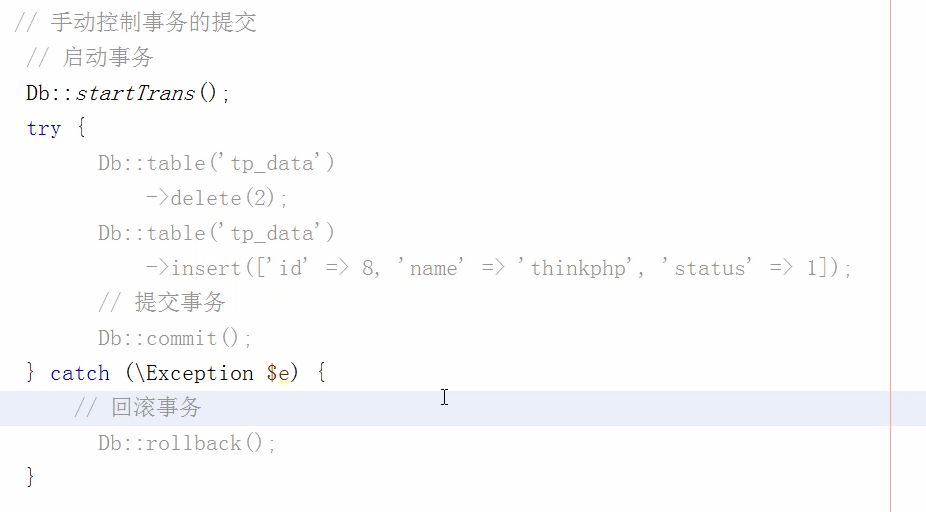


## 事务

### 自动事务



### 手动事务trycatch



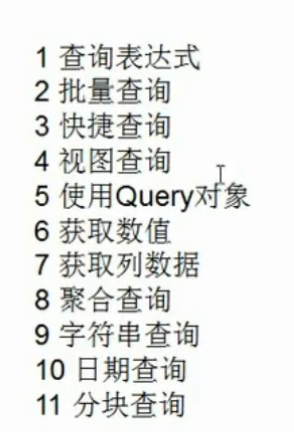
## 总结

Db:table是查询构造器

Db:name()是orm模型

# 查询语言

## 内容



## 查询表达式

### In

