MATH2270 Assignment 3

Interactive Storytelling

Student Details

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Story URL

Dan, K. (2018, February 22). Stop obsessing about GDP growth—GDP per capita is far more important. QUARTZ. Retrieved from https://qz.com/1194634/the-world-bank-wont-stop-reporting-gdp-instead-of-gdp-per-capita-and-it-is-driving-me-crazy/ (https://qz.com/1194634/the-world-bank-wont-stop-reporting-gdp-instead-of-gdp-per-capita-and-it-is-driving-me-crazy/)

Data Source

World Development Indicators (2018). The World Bank. Available online at: http://cait2.wri.org (http://cait2.wri.org).

Visualisation URL

 https://hipposon.shinyapps.io/GDPPC_VS_INCOME/ (https://hipposon.shinyapps.io/GDPPC_VS_INCOME/)

RPub Link

http://rpubs.com/hipposon/434914 (http://rpubs.com/hipposon/434914)

Code

```
library(shiny)
library(rgeos)
library(maptools)
library(ggmap)
library(broom)
library(dplyr)
library(ggplot2)
library(maps)
library(mapdata)
library(readr)
library(gdata)
library(rgdal)  # for readOGR(...)
library(ggthemes)
```

```
library(scales)
library(ggrepel) # new labels ggplot
library(tidyr)
library(readr)
library(shinydashboard)
#### READ THE DATA
#Read the data
world development <- read csv("/Users/hipposon/GDPPC VS INCOME/0e893ae8-c7a8-41ae-
8871-7edd63821f8d Data.csv")
#Rename the colname
colnames(world_development) <- c("Country_Name", "Country_Code", "Series_Name", "Se</pre>
ries Code", 1960,
                                 1961, 1962, 1963, 1964, 1965, 1966, 1967, 1968, 1
969, 1970, 1971,
                                 1972, 1973, 1974, 1975, 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1
980, 1981, 1982, 1983,
                                 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1
992, 1993, 1994,
                                 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2
003, 2004, 2005,
                                  2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2
014, 2015, 2016,
                                  2017)
#Change the type of lists
world_development[,5:62] <- lapply(world_development[,5:62], as.numeric)</pre>
world development <- world development[-(5:34)]</pre>
#Create a dataframe for GDP per capital
GDPPC <- world_development %>% filter(`Series_Code` == "NY.GDP.PCAP.PP.KD")
GDPPC <- GDPPC %>% gather('1990', '1991', '1992', '1993', '1994',
                          '1995', '1996', '1997', '1998', '1999', '2000', '2001',
'2002', '2003', '2004', '2005',
                          '2006', '2007', '2008', '2009', '2010', '2011', '2012',
'2013', '2014', '2015', '2016',
                           '2017', key = "Year", value = "GDP Per Capita")
#Create a dataframe for income
INCOME <- world_development %>% filter(`Series_Code` == "NY.ADJ.NNTY.PC.KD")
INCOME <- INCOME %>% gather('1990', '1991', '1992', '1993', '1994',
                             '1995', '1996', '1997', '1998', '1999', '2000', '2001'
, '2002', '2003', '2004', '2005',
                             '2006', '2007', '2008', '2009', '2010', '2011', '2012'
, '2013', '2014', '2015', '2016',
                             '2017', key = "Year", value = "Net Income Per Capita")
#Merge two dataset
Final <- inner_join(GDPPC, INCOME, by = c("Country_Name", "Year", "Country_Code"))
Final < Final[-c(3, 4, 7, 8)]
#Create a dataframe for School Enroolment
# ENROL <- world_development %>% filter(`Series Code` == "School enrollment, seco
```

```
ndary (% net)")
# ENROL <- ENROL %>% gather('1990', '1991', '1992', '1993', '1994',
                                    '1995', '1996', '1997', '1998', '1999', '2000',
'2001', '2002', '2003', '2004', '2005',
                                    '2006', '2007', '2008', '2009', '2010', '2011',
'2012', '2013', '2014', '2015', '2016',
                                    '2017', key = "Year", value = "School Enrollmen
t")
# Define UI for application that draws a histogram
ui <- dashboardPage(</pre>
    # Application title
    dashboardHeader(title = "GDPPC vs INCOME"),
    dashboardSidebar(disable = TRUE),
    dashboardBody(
        #tags$head(
        # tags$style(type="text/css", "select { max-width: 140px; }"),
        # tags$style(type="text/css", ".span4 { max-width: 190px; }"),
        # tags$style(type="text/css", ".well { max-width: 180px; }")
        #),
        fluidRow(
            box( h3("Select Year"),
                 #### enter the year for the map
                 sliderInput("Year",
                              "Year",
                             min = 1990,
                             max = 2017,
                             value = 2000, sep = "", animate = animationOptions(in
terval = 1300, loop = FALSE)),
                 helpText("Select Year to see GDP per capital across the world"),
                 br(),
                 br(),
                 br(),
                 br(),
                 br(),
                 br(),
                 br(),
                 br(),
                 h3("Select Country"),
                 # Select Country name here
                 selectizeInput("name", label = "Country Name(s) of Interest",
                                choices = unique(Final$'Country Name'), multiple =
Τ,
                                options = list(maxItems = 4, placeholder = 'Select
at least one Country'),
                                 selected = "Australia"),
                 helpText("Choose Maximum 4 countries to compare for time comparis
on"),
```

```
br(),
                h3("Select Measure"),
                selectInput("measure", "Enter unique Measure to see trend", c("GD
P Per Capita" = "GDP_Per_Capita", "Net Income Per Capita" = "Net_Income_Per_Capit
a"),
                            selected = "GDP Per Capita"),
                helpText("Choose a metric to plot against years in the timeline")
                br(),
                h3("About this App"),
                helpText("Emphasizing GDP per capita rather than GDP growth is ju
st a start. An even better step would be for the World Bank to put more focus on m
edian household income rather GDP per capita. Knowing that a country's GDP per cap
ita is growing does not necessarily tell you that the typical person is doing bett
er-all of that growth might be going to a small group of already wealthy people. M
edian incomes tell you more about how most people are getting along."),
                            a("See the full article",
                                                          href="https://qz.com/11
                helpText(
94634/the-world-bank-wont-stop-reporting-gdp-instead-of-gdp-per-capita-and-it-is-d
riving-me-crazy/")
                 ), width = 4),
           box( mainPanel( #width = 8,
               h3(textOutput("selected_year")),
               plotlyOutput("mapPlot", height = 400, width = 1080),
               tabsetPanel(type = "tabs",
                           tabPanel("GDP Per Capita Top 10", plotlyOutput("barPlo
t'', height = 400, width = 1080)),
                           tabPanel("Timeline Comparision", plotlyOutput("trendPl
ot", height = 400, 1080)))
           ), width = 8)
        )
    ) #width=4,
    # Show a plot of the generated distribution
)
# Define server logic
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
    output$selected year <- renderText({</pre>
       paste("Year", input$Year)
    })
    ## First get the Map
    output$mapPlot <- renderPlotly({</pre>
        # generate dataframe based on input$Year from ui.R
```

```
FinalByYear <- Final[Final$Year == input$Year, ]</pre>
        # light grey boundaries
        1 <- list(color = toRGB("grey"), width = 0.5)</pre>
        # specify map projection/options
        g <- list(
            showframe = FALSE,
             showcoastlines = FALSE,
            projection = 'Mercator'
        )
        plot_geo(FinalByYear) %>%
             add_trace(
                 z = ~FinalByYear$'GDP_Per_Capita', color = ~FinalByYear$'GDP_Per_C
apita', colors = 'Reds',
                 text = ~FinalByYear$`Country Name`, locations = ~FinalByYear$`Coun
try Code`, marker = list(line = 1)
            ) %>%
            colorbar(title = 'GDP per capita US$', tickprefix = '$', limits = c(0,
105000)) %>%
             layout(
                 title = 'Global GDP per capita < br > Source: < a href="http://www.world"
bank.org/">World Development Indicator</a>',
                 geo = g
             )
    })
    ###Line graoh
    output$trendPlot <- renderPlotly({</pre>
        if (length(input$name) < 1) {</pre>
            print("Please select at least one country")
        } else {
             finalbyCountry <- reactive({</pre>
                 finalbyCountry <- Final[Final$Country Name %in% input$name, ]</pre>
             })
             # Graph title
             if (length(input$name) > 2) {
                 j_names_comma <- paste(input$name[-length(input$name)], collapse =</pre>
', ')
                 j_names <- paste0(j_names_comma, ", and ", input$name[length(input</pre>
$name)])
             } else {
                 j names <- paste(input$name, collapse = ' and ')</pre>
             }
             TitleMeasure <- paste(input$measure)</pre>
             TitleMeasure <- chartr(old = "_", new = " ", TitleMeasure)</pre>
             graph_title <- paste(TitleMeasure, " for ", j_names, sep="")</pre>
             p <- ggplot(data = finalbyCountry(), mapping = aes_string(x = "Year",</pre>
```

```
y = input$measure, group = "Country_Name", color = "Country_Name"))
            p <- p + geom_line() + geom_point() + labs(x = "Year", y = TitleMeasur</pre>
e, title = graph title) +
                scale\_colour\_hue("Country", l = 70, c = 150) +
                ggthemes::theme_few() +
                theme(legend.direction = "horizontal", legend.position = "bottom",
text = element_text(size=7), axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90,), plot.title =
element text(size=16)) + scale y continuous(labels=comma) +
                geom vline(xintercept = input$Year, linetype="dotted", color = "bl
ack", size=0.5)
            pp <-plotly_build(p)</pre>
            pp$layout$annotations <- NULL # Remove the existing annotations (the 1
egend label)
            pp$layout$annotations <- list()</pre>
            pp$layout$showlegend <- FALSE # remove the legend
            pp$layout$margin$r <- 170 # increase the size of the right margin to a
ccommodate more room for the annotation labels
            pp
        }
    })
    ###bar chart
    output$barPlot <- renderPlotly({</pre>
        Top10 <- reactive({</pre>
            topset <- Final %>% filter(Year == input$Year) %>% arrange(desc(GDP Pe
r_Capita))
            topset <- topset[1:10,]</pre>
            topset
        })
        Title2 <- paste("The Top 10 GDP per capita (US$) vs their Net income per c
apita (US$) in ", input$Year, sep = " ")
        b <- plot_ly() %>%
            add bars(
                x = Top10()$GDP_Per_Capita,
                y = Top10()$Country_Name,
                width = 0.5,
                marker = list(
                     color = 'rgba(222, 45, 38, 0.8)'
                ),
                name = 'GDP Per Capita (US$)'
            ) %>% add bars(
                x = Top10()$Net_Income_Per_Capita,
                y = Top10()$Country Name,
                widt = 0.5,
                marker = list(
                    color = 'Purple'
                 ),
```

```
name = 'Net Income Per Capita (US$)'
            ) %>% layout(title = Title2, titlefont = list(size=16), legend=list(f
ont =list(size=8)),
                         margin = list(l = 130), xaxis = list(title = "US$", range
= c(0, 140000)), yaxis = list(title = "Country",
categoryorder = "array",categoryarray = ~rev(Top10()$Country_Name)))
                                                                            #order
by GDP per capita
        b
    })
}
# Run the application
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server, options=list(
    width="100%",
    height="100%") #options = list(height=1080)
)
```