

# Unit 3 Sets and Functions

## 1. Write the following sets in set builder notation:

(i)  $\{1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, \dots, 484\}$

$$\{1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, \dots, 484\} \\ = \{x | x = n^2, n \in N \wedge 1 \leq n \leq 22\}$$

**Note:** This set consists of perfect squares from  $1^2$  to  $22^2$  (since  $22^2 = 484$ ).

(ii)  $\{2, 4, 8, 16, \dots, 256\}$

$$\{2, 4, 8, 16, \dots, 256\} \\ = \{x | x = 2^n, n \in N \wedge 1 \leq n \leq 8\}$$

**Note:** This set consists of powers of 2 from  $2^1$  to  $2^8$  (since  $2^8 = 256$ ).

(iii)  $\{0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots, \pm 1000\}$

$$\{0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots, \pm 1000\} \\ = \{x | x \in Z \wedge -1000 \leq x \leq 1000\}$$

**Note:** This set includes all integers from  $-1000$  to  $1000$ .

(iv)  $\{6, 12, 18, \dots, 120\}$

$$\{6, 12, 18, \dots, 120\} \\ = \{x | x = 6n, n \in N \wedge 1 \leq n \leq 20\}$$

**Note:** This set consists of multiples of 6 from  $6 \times 1$  to  $6 \times 20$  (since  $6 \times 20 = 120$ ).

(v)  $\{100, 102, 104, \dots, 400\}$

$$\{100, 102, 104, \dots, 400\} \\ = \{x | x = 100 + 2n, n \in W \wedge 0 \leq n \leq 150\}$$

**Note:** This set includes even numbers from 100 to 400.

(vi)  $\{1, 3, 9, 27, 81, \dots\}$

$$\{1, 3, 9, 27, 81, \dots\} \\ = \{x | x = 3^n, n \in W\}$$

**Note:** This set consists of powers of 3 starting from  $3^0 = 1$ .

(vii)  $\{1, 2, 4, 5, 10, 20, 25, 50, 100\}$

$$\{1, 2, 4, 5, 10, 20, 25, 50, 100\} \\ = \{x | x \text{ is divisor of } 100, n \in N \wedge 1 \leq n \leq 100\}$$

**Note:** This set includes all positive divisors of 100.

(viii)  $\{5, 10, 15, \dots, 100\}$

$$\{5, 10, 15, \dots, 100\} \\ = \{x | x = 5n, n \in N \wedge 1 \leq n \leq 20\}$$

**Note:** This set consists of multiples of 5 from  $5 \times 1$  to  $5 \times 20$  (since  $5 \times 20 = 100$ ).

(ix) The set of all integers between  $-100$  and  $1000$ .

$$= \{x | x \in Z \wedge -100 \leq x \leq 1000\}$$

**Note:** This set includes all integers from  $-100$  to  $1000$ .

## 2. Write each of the following sets in tabular form:

(i)  $\{x | x \text{ is a multiple of } 3 \wedge x \leq 36\}$

$$\{x | x \text{ is a multiple of } 3 \wedge x \leq 36\} \\ = \{0, 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, 21, 24, 27, 30, 33, 36\}$$

(ii)  $\{x | x \in R \wedge 2x + 1 = 0\}$

$$2x + 1 = 0 \\ 2x = -1 \\ x = -\frac{1}{2} \\ \{x | x \in R \wedge 2x + 1 = 0\} \\ = \left\{-\frac{1}{2}\right\}$$

(iii)  $\{x | x \in P \wedge x < 12\}$

$$\{x | x \in P \wedge x < 12\} \\ = \{2, 3, 5, 7, 11\}$$

(iv)  $\{x | x \text{ is a divisor of } 128\}$

$$\{x | x \text{ is a divisor of } 128\} \\ = \{1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128\}$$

(v)  $\{x | x = 2^n, n \in N \wedge n < 8\}$

$$\{x | x = 2^n, n \in N \wedge n < 8\} \\ = \{2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128\}$$

(vi)  $\{x | x \in N \wedge x + 4 = 0\}$

$$\{x | x \in N \wedge x + 4 = 0\} \\ = \{ \}$$

As  $x + 4 = 0 \Rightarrow x = -4 \notin N$

(vii)  $\{x | x \in N \wedge x = x\}$

$$\{x | x \in N \wedge x = x\} \\ = \{1, 2, 3, \dots\}$$

(viii)  $\{x | x \in Z \wedge 3x + 1 = 0\}$

$$\{x | x \in Z \wedge 3x + 1 = 0\} \\ = \{ \}$$

As  $3x + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow x = -\frac{1}{3} \notin Z$

## 3. Write two proper subsets of each of the following sets:

(i)  $\{a, b, c\}$

The Proper subsets of  $\{a, b, c\}$  are  $\{a\}, \{b\}$

(ii)  $\{0, 1\}$

The Proper subsets of  $\{0, 1\}$  are  $\{0\}$ ,  $\{1\}$

(iii)  $N$

The Proper subsets of  $N$  are Prime Numbers, Even Natural Numbers

(iv)  $Z$

The Proper subsets of  $Z$  are Prime Numbers, Whole Numbers

(v)  $Q$

The Proper subsets of  $Q$  are Integers, Natural Numbers

(vi)  $\{x|x \in Q \wedge 0 < x \leq 2\}$

The Proper subsets of  $\{x|x \in Q \wedge 0 < x \leq 2\}$  are  $\{\frac{1}{2}\}$ ,  $\{\frac{3}{4}\}$

**4. Is there any set which has no proper subset? If so, name that set.**

Yes, there exist a set which has no proper subset, that is called 'empty set'  $\{\}$ .

**5. What is the difference between  $\{a, b\}$  and  $\{\{a, b\}\}$ ?**

$\{a, b\}$  set has two elements:  $a$  and  $b$ . While  $\{\{a, b\}\}$  set has only one element  $\{a, b\}$ .

**6. What is the number of elements of the power set of each of the following sets?**

(i)  $\{\}$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{No. of elements of the power set} &= 2^n \\ &= 2^0 \\ &= 1\end{aligned}$$

(ii)  $\{0, 1\}$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{No. of elements of the power set} &= 2^n \\ &= 2^2 \\ &= 4\end{aligned}$$

(iii)  $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{No. of elements of the power set} &= 2^n \\ &= 2^7 \\ &= 128\end{aligned}$$

(iv)  $\{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{No. of elements of the power set} &= 2^n \\ &= 2^8 \\ &= 256\end{aligned}$$

(v)  $\{a, \{b, c\}\}$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{No. of elements of the power set} &= 2^n \\ &= 2^2\end{aligned}$$

$$= 4$$

(vi)  $\{\{a, b\}, \{b, c\}, \{d, e\}\}$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{No. of elements of the power set} &= 2^n \\ &= 2^3 \\ &= 8\end{aligned}$$

**7. Write down the power set of each of the following sets:**

(i)  $\{9, 11\}$

Let

$$\begin{aligned}A &= \{9, 11\} \\ P(A) &= \{\emptyset, \{9\}, \{11\}, \{9, 11\}\}\end{aligned}$$

(ii)  $\{+, -, \times, \div\}$

Let

$$\begin{aligned}A &= \{+, -, \times, \div\} \\ P(A) &= \{\emptyset, \{+\}, \{-\}, \{\times\}, \{\div\}, \\ &\quad \{+, -\}, \{+, \times\}, \{+, \div\}, \\ &\quad \{-, \times\}, \{-, \div\}, \{\times, \div\}, \\ &\quad \{+, -, \times\}, \{+, -, \div\}, \{-, \times, \div\}, \\ &\quad \{+, \times, \div\}, \{+, -, \times, \div\}\}\end{aligned}$$

(iii)  $\{\emptyset\}$

Let

$$\begin{aligned}A &= \{\emptyset\} \\ P(A) &= \{\emptyset, \{\emptyset\}\}\end{aligned}$$

(iv)  $\{a, \{b, c\}\}$

Let

$$\begin{aligned}A &= \{a, \{b, c\}\} \\ P(A) &= \{\emptyset, \{a\}, \{\{b, c\}\}, \{a, \{b, c\}\}\}\end{aligned}$$