Insights:

- 1) The priority is to get as many people to use the app as possible. Lower amount bills tend to earn lesser coins, which might now prove to be motivating enough for the user to take enough efforts to upload and scan. Walmart as a store has the highest amount in total, and also has the most number of bills uploaded. However, **the cost per bill for Walmart is very less**. This shows that a lot of the offers that Fetch offers are for Walmart stores in general, motivating people to scan the bills despite not being of huge amounts.
- 2) Few stores like **Burlington**, have only a few receipts but they are all of higher amounts. Fetch can partner with these companies, to get more people to scan bills from these companies. This would help generate more data about the people visiting the stores, and thus help in designing offers.
- 3) Lastly, the items sold by Starbucks(irrespective of the store) sum up to the most amount. Fetch can focus closely on the most frequently bought items, items usually brought together with the Starbucks items and then devise offers, and giftcards for items sold at Starbucks.

Code:

```
%load ext autoreload
%autoreload 2
%matplotlib inline
!unzip /content/Takehome Data January 2023.zip
    Archive: /content/Takehome_Data_January_2023.zip
       inflating: users.csv
      inflating: __MACOSX/._users.csv
      inflating: brands.csv
      inflating: MACOSX/. brands.csv
      inflating: receipt_items.csv
      inflating: __MACOSX/._receipt_items.csv
      inflating: receipts.csv
      inflating: __MACOSX/._receipts.csv
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
    Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.mount("/content/drive", force_remount=Tr
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
brands = pd.read_csv('brands.csv')
receipt_items = pd.read_csv('receipt_items.csv')
receipts = pd.read_csv('receipts.csv')
users = pd.read csv('users.csv')
receipts1 = receipts.groupby(by=['STORE NAME'])['TOTAL SPENT'].sum()
receipts1 = pd.DataFrame(receipts1).reset_index()
receipts1.sort values(by = 'TOTAL SPENT', ascending = False, inplace = True)
receipts1.reset_index(drop = True, inplace = True)
receipts1.head(20)
```

```
STORE_NAME TOTAL_SPENT
                                         383000.05
      0
                            WALMART
      1
                         BURLINGTON
                                         158594.05
                     THE HOME DEPOT
      2
                                         144646.99
                             COSTCO
                                         131248.32
      3
         380 LENOX MEAT CORPORATION
                                         125721.85
                             AMAZON
                                         105638.49
      5
      6
                          SAM'S CLUB
                                          95306.62
      7
                              TARGET
                                          84588.84
      8
                              CHASE
                                          68176.92
      9
           LOWE'S HOME IMPROVEMENT
                                          65731.87
receipts2 = pd.DataFrame(receipts['STORE_NAME'].value_counts())
receipts2.reset_index(inplace = True)
receipts2.columns = ['STORE NAME', 'RECEIPT COUNT']
receipts2.head(20)
```

	STORE_NAME	RECEIPT_COUNT
0	WALMART	6931
1	AMAZON	2778
2	TARGET	1805
3	DUNKIN DONUTS	1780
4	MCDONALD'S	1632
5	DOLLAR TREE STORES INC	1403
6	WALGREENS	1393
7	PUBLIX	1224
8	COSTCO	1102
9	SAM'S CLUB	993
10	ALDI	869
11	CVS	854
12	THE HOME DEPOT	845
13	DOLLAR GENERAL STORE	832
14	PRICE CUTTER	683
15	KROGER	678
16	FOOD LION	610
17	STAR DRAGON	551
18	LOWE'S HOME IMPROVEMENT	523
19	KEY FOOD FRESH	513

```
receipts_final = pd.merge(receipts1, receipts2, on=['STORE_NAME'])
receipts_final['AVERAGE_PRICE_PER_BILL'] = receipts_final['TOTAL_SPENT']/receipts_final['RECEIPT_COUNT']
receipts_final1 = receipts_final.sort_values(by = 'AVERAGE_PRICE_PER_BILL', ascending = False).reset_index(drop = True)
receipts_final2 = receipts_final1[receipts_final1['RECEIPT_COUNT'] > 10]
receipts_final2[receipts_final2['TOTAL_SPENT'] > 0]
```

AVERAGE_PRICE_PER_BILL	RECEIPT_COUNT	TOTAL_SPENT	STORE_NAME	
2172.521233	73	158594.05	BURLINGTON	8
1257.218500	100	125721.85	380 LENOX MEAT CORPORATION	20
1033.425082	61	63038.93	PIONEER SUPERMARKETS	22
571.378667	15	8570.68	KOHLS	52
318.234706	68	21639.96	BEST BUY	117
1.040000		00.04	0000000400 0455	FC0C

items1 = receipt_items.groupby(by=['BRAND_CODE'])['TOTAL_FINAL_PRICE'].sum()

items1 = pd.DataFrame(items1).reset_index()

items1.sort_values(by = 'TOTAL_FINAL_PRICE', ascending = False, inplace = True)

items1.reset_index(drop = True, inplace = True)

items1.head(20)

	BRAND_CODE	TOTAL_FINAL_PRICE
0	STARBUCKS	64715.82
1	FRESH	62568.76
2	KIRKLAND SIGNATURE	22221.71
3	GREAT VALUE	19669.38
4	MEMBER'S MARK	11303.68
5	KROGER	7041.33
6	PUBLIX	6574.47
7	MARLBORO	6183.76
8	GE	5629.94
9	APPLE	5403.16
10	H-E-B	5348.47
11	COKE	5187.09
12	SCOTT	5047.47
13	PEPSI	4781.71
14	LIFEPROOF	4571.18
15	COORS LIGHT	4339.98
16	GATORADE	4178.97
17	COSTCO	3939.63
18	MAINSTAYS	3607.87
19	DEWALT	3542.83

✓ 0s completed at 3:58 PM