

Practical – 5

AIM: Demonstrate various Ways to handle Events

Source Code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">

<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-
scale=1.0">
  <title>Document</title>
</head>

<body>

  <button id="addevent"> with add event listener</button>
  <button id="oc" onclick="r();"> with onclick</button>

  <button id="ocd"> with DOM onclick</button>
  <p id="p"></p>
  <script src="./events.js"></script>
</body>

</html>
```

```
let p = document.getElementById("p");
function r() {
  p.innerHTML = `handle by onclick in html`
}
let btn1 = document.getElementById("addevent")
let btn2 = document.getElementById("ocd")
btn1.onclick = () => {
  p.innerHTML = `handle with add event listner in js`
}
btn2.onclick = function () {
  p.innerHTML = `handle by with DOM Onclick property in js`
}
```

Output:

with add event listener with onclick with DOM onclick

handle with add event listner in js

with add event listener with onclick with DOM onclick

handle by onclick in html

with add event listener with onclick with DOM onclick

handle by with DOM Onclick property in js

AIM: Write the Script to Change the background color randomly after every 1 mins

Source Code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">

<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Document</title>
</head>

<body>
  <h1>
    Changing bg color every minute
  </h1>
  <script src="./random_bg.js"></script>
</body>

</html>
```

```
const colors = ["violet", "indigo", "blue", "green", "yellow", "orange", "red"];

let getc = function () {
  var color = colors[Math.floor(Math.random() * colors.length)];
  document.body.style.backgroundColor = color;
}

setInterval(getc, 1000);
```

Output:



Changing bg color every minute



Changing bg color every minute

AIM: Create Arrays of Colors and Apply these colors in order to tr background of table

Source Code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">

<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-
scale=1.0">
  <title>Document</title>
</head>

<body>
  <table border="2">
    <tr>
      <th> sr. no </th>
      <th> Name </th>
      <th> ID </th>
    </tr>
    <tr>
      <td> 1</td>
      <td> Hiranj </td>
      <td> 21it068 </td>
    </tr>
    <tr>
      <td> 2</td>
      <td> Henil</td>
      <td>21it085</td>
    </tr>
    <tr>
      <td>3</td>
      <td>Hit </td>
      <td> 21it067</td>
    </tr>
    <tr>
      <td> 4 </td>
      <td> Jay</td>
      <td> 21it064</td>
    </tr>
    <tr>
      <td> 5 </td>
      <td> Harshal </td>
      <td>21cs029</td>
```

```
</tr>
<tr>
  <td> 6 </td>
  <td> keyur </td>
  <td> 21dcs107 </td>
</tr>
<tr>
  <td> 7 </td>
  <td> parth </td>
  <td> 21it094</td>
</tr>
</table>
<script src="./table.js"></script>
</body>
</html>
```

```
const colors = ["violet", "indigo", "blue", "green", "yellow", "orange", "red"];
let t = document.getElementsByTagName("tr");
for (let i = 0; i < t.length; i++) {
  t[i].style.backgroundColor = colors[i];
}
```

Output:

sr. no	Name	ID
1	Hiranj	21it068
2	Henil	21it085
3	Hit	21it067
4	Jay	21it064
5	Harshal	21cs029
6	keyur	21dcs107
7	parth	21it094

AIM: Zoom image on mouseover and zoom out on mouse out**Source Code:**

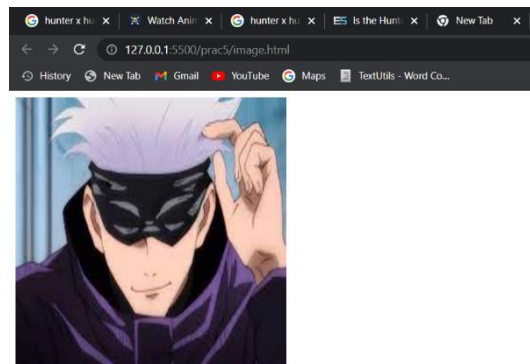
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">

<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Document</title>
  <style>
    img {
      height: 5vh;
      width: 5vh;
    }
  </style>
</head>

<body>
  
  <script src="./image.js"></script>
</body>

</html>
console.log("conn")
let img = document.getElementById("id_gojo")
console.log(img)
let zoomIn = function () {
  img.style.height = "50vh";
  img.style.width = "50vh";
}

let zoomOut = function () {
  img.style.height = "5vh";
  img.style.width = "5vh";
}
img.addEventListener("mouseover", zoomIn);
img.addEventListener("mouseleave", zoomOut);
```

Output:

AIM: Change the location of image based on arrow key of keyboard using callback function**Source Code:**

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">

<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Document</title>
</head>

<body>
  
  <script src="./arrowkey.js"></script>
</body>

</html>
```

```
console.log("connected ")

var img = document.getElementById("id_gojo");

let move = function (e) {
  let key = e.keyCode;
  console.log(key);
  if (key == 39) {
    let inc = parseInt(img.style.left, 10) + 10;
    console.log(inc);
    img.style.left = `${inc}px`;
  }
  if (key == 37) {
    let inc = parseInt(img.style.left, 10) - 10;
    console.log(inc);
    img.style.left = `${inc}px`;
  }
  if (key == 40) {
    let inc = parseInt(img.style.top, 10) + 10;
    console.log(inc);
    img.style.top = `${inc}px`;
  }
  if (key == 38) {
    let inc = parseInt(img.style.top, 10) - 10;
    console.log(inc);
    img.style.top = `${inc}px`;
  }
  console.log(img)
}

document.addEventListener("keydown", move);
```

Output:



Conclusion: from the above program I have learned the event handling in javascript.