

BA PRE-SESSION 2019

MATHEMATICS

Problem 1.1)  $\frac{x^{32+1}}{x^{9+2+2}} = \frac{x^{39}}{x^{13}} = x^{26}$

Problem 1.2)  $8^2 \times 8^x = 8^4$   
 $8^{2+x} = 8^4$   
 $2+x = 4$   
 $x = 2$

Problem 1.3)  $\frac{y}{x} = \frac{1}{3}$   $\frac{y^4}{x^4} = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^4 = \frac{1}{81}$

Problem 1.4)  $\frac{\sqrt{4^{15}}}{\sqrt{4^{14}}} = 2^{15-14} = 2$

Problem 1.5) a. TRUE c. FALSE  
 b. TRUE d. FALSE

Problem 1.6)  $x \geq e^e$   $[e^e, \infty]$

Problem 2.1)  $F = a + bC$   $C=0, F=32$   $C=100, F=212$

$32 = a + b(0)$

$212 = a + b(100)$

$a = 32$

$212 = 32 + 100b$

$F = 32 + 1.8C$

$b = 1.8$

$C = \frac{F-32}{1.8}$

$C = 32 + 1.8C$

$C = -40$

Problem 2.2)  $f(y) = 3y - 12$

$0 = 3y - 12$

$y = 4$

Problem 2.3)  $x^2 - 6x + 2 = 2$

$x^2 = 6x$

$x = 6$

Problem 2.4)  $\ln(1.03)^x = \ln(3)$   
 $x = \ln(3) / \ln(1.03) = 37 \text{ years}$

Problem 2.5)  $\pi^{\log_{\pi}(\frac{1}{\pi^5})} = \pi^{-5}$   
 $\log_{\pi}\left(\frac{1}{\pi^5}\right) = -5$

Problem 3.1) Sum of infinite geometric series  
 $= 2.67$

Problem 3.2)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{x^2 - 5^2}{(x-5)} = \frac{(x-5)(x+5)}{(x-5)} = 10$

Problem 3.3)  $f'(x) = 3x^2$   
 At  $(-2, -12) = 12$

Problem 3.4)  $f'(x) = \frac{(x^2-1)(5x^4) - (x^5+3)(2x)}{(x^2-1)^2}$

$\frac{5x^6 - 3x^6 - 5x^4 - 6x}{(x^2-1)^2}$

Problem 3.5)  $f'(x) = 9x^8$   
 $f''(x) = 72x^7$

Problem 3.6) No.  $1/x$  is continuous at all  $x$  except 0. It is undefined at  $x=0$ .

Problem 3.7)  $d = 12x^2 - 12$

$d_1 \quad 0 = 12x^2 - 12$

$x = \pm 1$

$\frac{d^2}{dx^2} = 24x$

At  $x = 1 \rightarrow$  local minimum

At  $x = -1 \rightarrow$  local maximum

Problem 3.8)  $f(2,3) = 8-9$   
 $= -1$

Problem 3.9)  $x - 3y > 0$   
 $x > 3y$ ,  $x$  is tve  
 &  $y$  is tve

Problem 3.10)  $\frac{d}{dx} = 5y^7x^4 + \frac{2x}{y^3}$

Problem 3.11)  $\sqrt{xy} - x - y$   
 No local maxima  
 No local minima.

Problem 3.12)

Problem 4.1)  $B \cdot A \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 9 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 \\ 2 & 1 \\ 7 & 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2+0+7 & 5+0+6 \\ 18+2+35 & 45+1+30 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 11 \\ 55 & 76 \end{bmatrix}$

Problem 4.2)  $A \cdot B \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 4 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 46+6 & 20+3 & 0+6 \\ 0+2 & 0+1 & 0+2 \\ 8+4 & 4+2 & 0+4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 46 & 23 & 6 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 12 & 6 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$

Problem 4.3) Transpose =  $\begin{bmatrix} e & 2 & 4 \\ 93 & 6.1 & \pi \\ 4.7 & 4.22 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

Problem 4.4)  $\det = 16 - 12$   
 $= 4$

Problem 5.1) Sample space is total no. of possible outcomes.  $6^2 = 36$ .

Problem 5.2) Probability that ⊕ve drug test is drug user = 24.6%

Problem 5.3)  $P(S) = 1/6$

$RV = 1/6 \times 20 = 3.3$