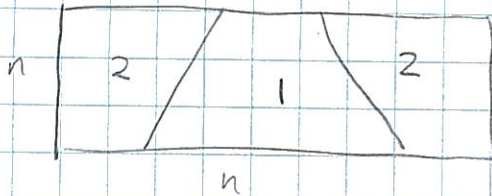


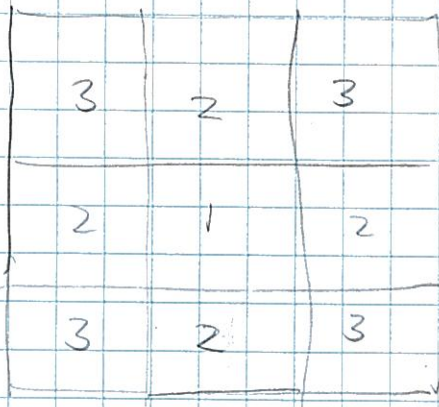
Notes on simultaneous vs. sequential space cuts ①

11/30/2010



$$N = n^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_{\infty}(N) &= 2 T_{\infty}(N/3) + \Theta(1) \\ &= \Theta(N^{\log_3 2}) \\ &\approx \Theta(N^{0.63}) \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} T_{\infty}(N) &= 3 T_{\infty}(N/9) + \Theta(1) \\ &= \Theta(N^{1/2}) \end{aligned}$$

d dimensions

$$\begin{aligned} T_{\infty}(N) &= (d+1) T_{\infty}(N/3^d) + \Theta(1) \\ &= \Theta(N^{\log_3 (d+1)}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\lg(d+1)}{d \lg 3} = \frac{\log_3(d+1)}{d}$$

d	exponent
2	0.50
3	0.42
4	0.37

$$\begin{aligned} A(N) &= 2 B(N/3) + \Theta(1) \\ B(N) &= 3 A(N/3) + \Theta(1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A(N) &= 6 A(N/9) + \Theta(1) \\ &= N^{\log_9 6} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Theta(N^{0.815}) \quad \lg 6 = \frac{\lg 3 + \lg 2}{\lg 3 + \lg 3}$$

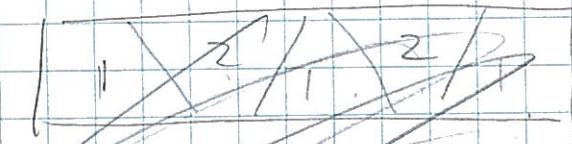
2D + time

$$\begin{aligned} A_1(N) &= 2 A_2(N/3) + \Theta(1) \\ A_2(N) &= 2 B(N/3) + \Theta(1) \\ B(N) &= 3 A_1(N/3) + \Theta(1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_1(N) &= 12 A_1(N/27) + \Theta(1) \\ &= \Theta(N^{\log_3 12}) \\ &\approx \Theta(N^{0.75}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A(N) &= 3 B(N/9) + \Theta(1) \\ B(N) &= 3 A(N/3) + \Theta(1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A(N) &= 9 A(N/27) + \Theta(1) \\ &= \Theta(N^{\log_3 9}) \\ &\approx \Theta(N^{0.667}) \end{aligned}$$



$$T_2(N) = 2T_2(N/5) + \Theta(1)$$

$$= \Theta(N^{\log_5 2}) = \Theta(N)$$

One spatial at a time

$$A_1(N) = 2A_2(N/3) + \Theta(1)$$

⋮

$$A_d(N) = 2B(N/3) + \Theta(1)$$

$$B(N) = 3A_1(N/3) + \Theta(1)$$

$$A_1(N) = 2^d \cdot 3 \cdot A_1(N/3^{d+1}) + \Theta(1)$$

$$= \Theta(N^{\log_3 2^{d+1}} 2^{d \cdot 3})$$

$$\text{exp.} = \frac{\log(2^{d \cdot 3})}{\log(3^{d+1})} = \frac{d \log 2 + \log 3}{(d+1) \log 3}$$

$$= \frac{d \log_3 2 + 1}{d+1}$$

$$\log_3 2 = 0.63$$

d	exponent
1	.815
2	.754
3	.723
4	.705

Simultaneous spatial cuts

$$A(N) = (d+1) B(N/3^d) + \Theta(1)$$

$$B(N) = 3 A(N/3) + \Theta(1)$$

$$A(N) = 3(d+1) A(N/3^{d+1}) + \Theta(1)$$

$$= \Theta(N^{\log_{3^{d+1}}(3(d+1))})$$

$$\text{exp.} = \frac{\log(3(d+1))}{(d+1)\log 3}$$

d	exp.
1	0.815
2	.667
3	.565
4	.493