

My simply Git Cheatsheet



# **Using Git**

## **Global Settings**

Related Setup: https://gist.github.com/hofmannsven/6814278

Related Pro Tips: https://ochronus.com/git-tips-from-the-trenches/

Interactive Beginners Tutorial: http://try.github.io/

#### Reminder

Press minus + shift + s and return to chop/fold long lines!

Show folder content: 1s -1a

#### **Notes**

Do not put (external) dependencies in version control!

#### Setup

See where Git is located: which git

Get the version of Git: git --version

Create an alias (shortcut) for git status: git config --global alias.st status

#### Help

Help: git help

### General

Initialize Git: git init

Get everything ready to commit:  $\operatorname{\mathsf{git}}$  add .

Get custom file ready to commit: git add index.html

Commit changes: git commit -m "Message"

Add and commit in one step: git commit -am "Message"

Remove files from Git: git rm index.html

Update all changes: git add -u

Remove file but do not track anymore: git  ${\tt rm}$  --cached index.html

Move or rename files: git mv index.html dir/index\_new.html

Undo modifications (restore files from latest committed version): git checkout -- index.html

Restore file from a custom commit (in current branch): git checkout 6eb715d -- index.html

#### Reset

Go back to commit: git revert 073791e7dd71b90daa853b2c5acc2c925f02dbc6

Soft reset (move HEAD only; neither staging nor working dir is changed): git reset --soft 073791e7dd71b90daa853b2c5acc2c925f02dbc6

Undo latest commit: git reset --soft HEAD~

Mixed reset (move HEAD and change staging to match repo; does not affect working dir): git reset --mixed 073791e7dd71b90daa853b2c5acc2c925f02dbc6

Hard reset (move HEAD and change staging dir and working dir to match repo): git reset --hard 073791e7dd71b90daa853b2c5acc2c925f02dbc6

### **Update & Delete**

Test-Delete untracked files: git clean -n

Delete untracked files (not staging): git clean -f

Unstage (undo adds): git reset HEAD index.html

Commit to most recent commit: git commit --amend -m "Message"

Update most recent commit message: git commit --amend -m "New Message"

#### **Branch**

Show branches: git branch

Create branch: git branch branchname

Change to branch: git checkout branchname

Create and change to new branch: git checkout -b branchname

Rename branch: git branch -m branchname new\_branchname Or: git branch --move branchname new\_branchname

Show all completely merged branches with current branch: git branch --merged

Delete merged branch (only possible if not HEAD): git branch -d branchname or: git branch --delete branchname

Delete not merged branch: git branch -D branch\_to\_delete

### Merge

True merge (fast forward): git merge branchname

Merge to master (only if fast forward): git merge --ff-only branchname

Merge to master (force a new commit): git merge --no-ff branchname

Stop merge (in case of conflicts): git merge --abort

Stop merge (in case of conflicts): git reset --merge // prior to v1.7.4

Merge only one specific commit: git cherry-pick 073791e7

Rebase: git checkout branchname » git rebase master Or: git merge master branchname (The rebase moves all of the commits in master onto the tip of branchname.)

Squash multiple commits into one: git rebase -i HEAD~3 (source)

### Stash

Put in stash: git stash save "Message" Show stash: git stash list Show stash stats: git stash show stash@{0} Show stash changes: git stash show -p stash@{0} Use custom stash item and drop it: git stash pop stash@{0} Use custom stash item and do not drop it: git stash apply stash@{0} Delete custom stash item: git stash drop stash@{0} Delete complete stash: git stash clear Gitignore & Gitkeep About: https://help.github.com/articles/ignoring-files Useful templates: https://github.com/github/gitignore Add or edit gitignore: nano .gitignore Track empty dir: touch dir/.gitkeep Log Show commits: git log Show oneline-summary of commits: git log --oneline Show oneline-summary of commits with full SHA-1: git log --format=oneline Show oneline-summary of the last three commits: git log --oneline -3 Show only custom commits: git log --author="Sven" git log --grep="Message" git log --until=2013-01-01 git log -since=2013-01-01

Show only custom data of commit: git log --format=short git log --format=full git log --format=fuller git log -format=email git log --format=raw

Show changes: git log -p

Show every commit since special commit for custom file only: git log 6eb715d.. index.html

Show changes of every commit since special commit for custom file only: git log -p 6eb715d.. index.html

Show stats and summary of commits: git log --stat --summary

Show history of commits as graph: git log --graph

Show history of commits as graph-summary: git log --oneline --graph --all --decorate

### Compare

Compare modified files: git diff

Compare modified files and highlight changes only: git diff --color-words index.html

Compare modified files within the staging area: git diff --staged

Compare branches: git diff master..branchname

Compare branches like above: git diff --color-words master..branchname^

Compare commits: git diff 6eb715d git diff 6eb715d..HEAD git diff 6eb715d..537a09f

Compare commits of file: git diff 6eb715d index.html git diff 6eb715d..537a09f index.html

Compare without caring about spaces: git diff -b 6eb715d..HEAD Or: git diff --ignore-space-change 6eb715d..HEAD

Compare without caring about all spaces: git diff -w 6eb715d..HEAD Or: git diff --ignore-all-space 6eb715d..HEAD

Useful comparings: git diff --stat --summary 6eb715d..HEAD

Blame: git blame -L10,+1 index.html

### **Releases & Version Tags**

Show all released versions: git tag

Show all released versions with comments: git tag -1 -n1

Create release version: git tag v1.0.0

Create release version with comment: git tag -a v1.0.0 -m 'Message'

Checkout a specific release version: git checkout v1.0.0

#### Collaborate

Show remote: git remote

Show remote details: git remote -v

Add remote origin from GitHub project: git remote add origin https://github.com/user/project.git

Add remote origin from existing empty project on server: git remote add origin

ssh://root@123.123.123.123/path/to/repository/.git

Remove origin: git remote rm origin

Show remote branches: git branch -r

Show all branches: git branch -a

 $Compare: \ {\tt git} \ {\tt diff} \ {\tt origin/master..master}$ 

Push (set default with -u ): git push -u origin master

Push: git push origin master

Force-Push: git push origin master --force

Fetch: git fetch origin

Fetch a custom branch: git fetch origin branchname:local\_branchname

Pull: git pull

Pull specific branch: git pull origin branchname

Merge fetched commits: git merge origin/master

Clone to localhost: git clone https://github.com/user/project.git OT: git clone ssh://user@domain.com/~/dir/.git

Clone specific branch to localhost: git clone -b branchname https://github.com/user/project.git

Delete remote branch (push nothing): git push origin :branchname or: git push origin --delete branchname

#### **Archive**

Create a zip-archive: git archive --format zip --output filename.zip master

Export/write custom log to a file: git log --author=sven --all > log.txt

# **Troubleshooting**

Ignore files that have already been committed to a Git repository: http://stackoverflow.com/a/1139797/1815847

# Security

Hide Git on the web via <code>.htaccess</code> : RedirectMatch 404 /\.git (more info here: http://stackoverflow.com/a/17916515/1815847)

# Large File Storage

Website: https://git-lfs.github.com/

Install: brew install git-lfs

Track \*.psd files: git 1fs track "\*.psd" (init, add, commit and push as written above)



yolayne commented on 28 Jan 2015

Small typo under "General" section:

Get verything ready to commit: git add .



wreckday commented on 11 Feb 2015

good one!



Bhavik3 commented on 13 Feb 2015

it helps a lot for me ....thanks



hofmannsven commented on 16 Feb 2015

Thanks, also updated the typo



boonchu commented on 17 Feb 2015

I thought about quick manual for git. You did it. Thanks.



ghost commented on 18 Mar 2015

Great work. Any of the branch stuff work for releases? When migrating for example, I am able to run (in Unix) for remote in git branch -- I grep -v '->'; do git branch -- track \$remote; done and then upon a push, get all of my branches to the new repo. Any shortcuts for the releases?

Owner



SekharBeri commented on 31 Mar 2015

Great work it helps me lot thank you



ryrych commented on 2 May 2015

Thanks for the info how to chop long files! It is especially useful for generated translations.js - every time you make a little change in a translation first you get hundreds of lines before and then the same amount of lines after (as there's only one line in the file)



jfmercer commented on 5 Jun 2015

Great work. Thanks.



adampmoss commented on 18 Aug 2015

Thanks for this. Bookmarked.



tomer-ben-david commented on 7 Sep 2015

Best git cheatsheet, bookmarked.



tomer-ben-david commented on 8 Sep 2015

I tend to use this alot, do you as well?

Show working tree status and ignore untracked files: git status -uno



boobiebewbs commented on 23 Sep 2015

how do I set myself as a normal branch not a master branch?



NZOzzDeveloper commented on 28 Jan 2016

thanks for the cheat sheet :)



baluragala commented on 3 Feb 2016

Superb !!! Great Cheatsheet..



jsroyal commented on 6 Feb 2016

Awesome!!



kropiv commented on 23 May 2016

thanks a lot!



developersamim commented on 29 Jun 2016

very helpful... awesome tutorial



mhdphp commented on 3 Jul 2016

Excellent... thanks!



kishorboddu commented on 5 Jul 2016

thanks a lot, very helpful



adharjain commented on 13 Jul 2016

Awsome Help!



tiennv90 commented on 8 Aug 2016

thank you very much for making this script



rjangheldotcom commented on 8 Aug 2016

nice work, thanks.



Brentophillips commented on 13 Oct 2016

Best list I've found, thanks! I have a large folder in a GitHub repo master branch with too many pngs inside to delete manually online. Any chance you can go through the steps, in order and for a beginner, showing how, after I've cloned my repo on my desktop, I can delete a folder and return the repo?



Nzalo commented on 18 Oct 2016

thanks for this 👍



phaniapsr commented on 11 Nov 2016

Covered all basic commands.. Thanks alot



stevexyz commented on 5 Dec 2016

Get everything ready to commit including deletion and renaming: git add -A .



stevexyz commented on 6 Dec 2016

See the last actions on the repo: "git reflog"



khalidrizvi commented on 26 Jan 2017

very helpful



srinivas1787 commented on 28 Jan 2017

Awesome Sir.... Really very help ful :)



fazlearefin commented on 5 Feb 2017

Get everything ready to commit: git add .

If you are not in the base of the git repo, this command does not add all files to staging area. Better to use

git add -A



Rongcong commented on 9 Feb 2017

It's brilliant. Thanks for your contribution!



jackbraj commented on 14 Feb 2017

There is a typo in "Merge to master (forc a new commit): git merge --no-ff branchname". It should be force?



SARAN-thala commented on 20 Feb 2017

Nice one.

It's very useful for beginners to Git.



JaharshKotha commented on 23 Feb 2017

What about going to different versions in the log?



mohammedfouad90 commented on 16 Mar 2017

Good work man .. Thanks :)



ileontiuc commented on 1 Apr 2017

Hi! very nice overview!

do you know if there a way of checking whether the changes from a specific commit are still maintained in another commit? (via git terminal)



imusman commented on 12 Apr 2017

**Example Link** 



sipoma commented on 28 Apr 2017

Well Done!!! Very Very Useful



KateGH commented on 13 May 2017

Thank you for sharing, really useful!!



wiseosho commented on 30 May 2017

Thank you for sharing!.



huoxudong125 commented on 14 Jul 2017

Git Cheat Sheets from Github



edwinpopham commented on 9 Aug 2017

Cool easy place to get a reminder about some commands



parameshnalla commented on 21 Aug 2017

Great work. Thank you



michaeljwiebe commented on 12 Sep 2017

Awesome, thanks for this resource! Just one question here, this seems like it can't be right since its the same command...

Commit to most recent commit: git commit --amend -m "Message"

Update most recent commit message: git commit --amend -m "New Message"



JerryKacmar commented on 12 Sep 2017

Great list, thanks for this.

I would add:

Show history of changes for one file: gitk [filename]



amoljore751986 commented on 22 Sep 2017

Thanks, Very helpful



MuraraAllan commented on 23 Sep 2017

Thank you!



count48 commented on 9 Oct 2017

This will be there on my bookmarks forever, thanks for putting this together @hofmannsven



yh2n commented on 18 Oct 2017

Very helpful, thanks!



AwakenedOne commented on 6 Nov 2017

Thanks. A huge time saver and very helpful.



rajops commented on 9 Nov 2017

Nice that you but together most of the Git commands, thanks 👍





sanyog96 commented on 12 Nov 2017

Thanks



JimmyCDChen commented on 21 Nov 2017

Thanks!



Arkangel17 commented on 30 Nov 2017

awesome. thanks! hoangthach252 commented on 5 Dec 2017 The best cheat sheets. Thanks! huoxudong125 commented on 20 Dec 2017 Thanks abdelaziz321 commented on 30 Jan Very helpful 👍 Valentina9091 commented on 12 Feb Thanks a lot, very helpful pksjw commented on 27 Feb This is handy, thanks! cavrilionis commented on 1 Mar Thanks for this. Bookmarked. Joshhortt commented 20 days ago Awesome Cheatsheet, Thanks buddy! tech0909 commented 20 days ago

Nice!

Nice! one

bestorw01 commented 20 days ago