lec4 step8 BarStack Aligned Stage7

November 30, 2022

```
[]: ## Python basics for novice data scientists, supported by Wagatsuma Lab@Kyutech
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     # # @Time : 2020-11-30
     # # @Author : Hiroaki Wagatsuma
     # # @Site : https://qithub.com/hirowqit/2A1 python intermediate_course
     # # @IDE
                 : Python 3.9.14 (main, Sep 6 2022, 23:29:09) [Clang 13.1.6]
      \hookrightarrow (clang-1316.0.21.2.5)] on darwin
     # # @File
                  : lec4_step8_BarStack_Aligned_Stage7.py
[1]: import numpy as np
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```
import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

#prFill=[90 60 50 50 50 90 40 30 80 40 20]/100; 
prFill=np.array([90, 60, 50, 50, 50, 90, 40, 30, 80, 40, 20]) 
prFill=prFill/100 
fillLine=np.full(len(prFill),True) 
LineT=[] 
tmp=[]
```

```
k=0
for i in range(len(prFill)):
#for i in range(5):
#for i in range(5):
    if fillLine[i]:
        remF=1-prFill[i]
        IDrem=np.where((prFill[i+1:len(prFill)] <= remF) & fillLine[i+1:</pre>
→len(prFill)])
        tmp=i
        fID=i
        #j=0
        while IDrem[0].size > 0:
            fID=IDrem[0][0]+fID+1
            tmp=np.append(tmp,fID)
            remF=remF-prFill[fID]
            IDrem=np.where((prFill[fID+1:len(prFill)] <= remF) & fillLine[fID+1:</pre>
→len(prFill)])
        LineT.append(tmp)
        fillLine[tmp]=False
          print("k;",k)
          print("LineT;",LineT)
        k=k+1
          print("k;",k)
#
# int 'numpy.ndarray'
f_LineT = [np.array(i) if type(i)==int else i for i in LineT]
\#lenLineT=cell2mat(cellfun(@(x) length(x), LineT, 'UniformOutput', false));
lenLineT = [i.size for i in f LineT]
#stackBarD=zeros(size(LineT,2),max(lenLineT));
stackBarD = np.zeros((np.shape(f_LineT)[0],max(lenLineT)))
#stackBarD
               prFill
for i in range(len(f_LineT)):
    tmp = f_LineT[i]
    stackBarD[i,0:lenLineT[i]] = prFill[tmp]
print(stackBarD)
y_data_stack = []
y_data_stack = tuple([np.append(y_data_stack, i) for i in stackBarD])
x_label = [i+1 for i in range(len(prFill))]
x_stack_label = [i+1 for i in range(len(stackBarD))]
y_label = np.arange(0, 12, 2)
y_label =[i/10 for i in y_label]
#2
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(30,20), dpi=50)
init_fig = fig.add_subplot(2 , 1, 1)
```

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stack_fig = fig.add_subplot(2, 1, 2)
# https://www.yutaka-note.com/entry/matplotlib_axis
init_fig.set_xlabel("store ID", size = 25)
init_fig.set_xticks(x_label)
init_fig.set_xticklabels(x_label, size=20)
init_fig.set_ylabel("Action Steps(AS)", size = 25)
init fig.set yticks(y label)
init_fig.set_yticklabels(y_label, size=20)
init_fig.set_ylim(0 , 1)
init_fig.grid(True)
bar = init_fig.bar(x_label, prFill, color = 'w', edgecolor = 'black', linewidthu
→= '5')
   BAR
for i in range(len(bar)):
       cx = bar[i].get_x() + bar[i].get_width() / 2
       cy = bar[i].get_y() + bar[i].get_height() / 2
       init_fig.text(cx, cy, x_label[i], size= 20, color="k", ha="center", u
→va="center")
       init_fig.text(cx, cy-0.05, str(f'{prFill[i]*100:.0f}') +'%',size= 20, u
# https://www.yutaka-note.com/entry/matplotlib_axis
stack_fig.set_xlabel("Line ID", size = 25)
stack_fig.set_xticks(x_stack_label)
stack_fig.set_xticklabels(list(map(lambda label:'L' + str(label),__
stack_fig.set_ylabel("Action Steps(AS)", size = 25)
stack_fig.set_yticks(y_label)
stack_fig.set_yticklabels(y_label, size=20)
stack_fig.set_ylim(0 , 1)
stack_fig.grid(True)
bottom = np.zeros(stackBarD.T.shape[1])
for i in range(stackBarD.T.shape[0]):
   if i ==0:
```

```
s_bar = stack_fig.bar(x_stack_label, stackBarD.T[i], color = 'w',__

    degecolor ='black', linewidth = '5')

   else:
       s_bar = stack_fig.bar(x_stack_label, stackBarD.T[i], bottom= bottom,__
bottom = np.add(bottom, stackBarD.T[i])
for i in range(stackBarD.shape[0]):
   baseY=0
   for j in range(stackBarD.shape[1]):
       if stackBarD[i][j]>0:
          if f LineT[i].size ==1:
              key = f LineT[i]
              tmp = prFill[key]
          else:
              key = f_LineT[i][j]
              tmp = prFill[key]
          ypos = tmp/2
          stack_fig.text(s_bar[i].get_x() + s_bar[i].get_width() / 2, baseY+_
stack_fig.text(s_bar[i].get_x() + s_bar[i].get_width() / 2, baseY+_
\rightarrowypos - 0.05, str(f'{tmp*100:.0f}') +'%', size= 20, color="k", ha="center", \square

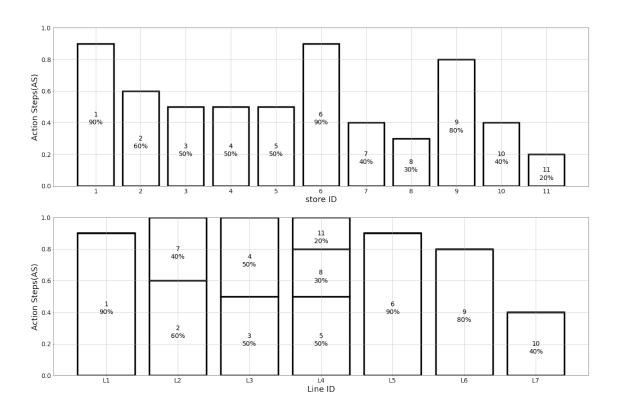
ya="center")

          baseY = baseY + tmp
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.9/site-packages/numpy/core/fromnumeric.py:1970: VisibleDeprecationWarning: Creating an ndarray from ragged nested sequences (which is a list-or-tuple of lists-or-tuples-or ndarrays with different lengths or shapes) is deprecated. If you meant to do this, you must specify 'dtype=object' when creating the ndarray.

```
result = asarray(a).shape
```

[[0.9 0. 0.] [0.6 0.4 0.] [0.5 0.5 0.] [0.5 0.3 0.2] [0.9 0. 0.] [0.8 0. 0.] [0.4 0. 0.]



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