Targeted Questions.

- 1. How many bits are used in an IPv4 address?
- 2. Can you explain what a network prefix is?
- 3. What is the maximum number of subnets that can be created for a given IP range?
- 4. What is the purpose of private IP addresses? Why are they important?
- 5. Are there any limitations with using private IP addresses? If yes, then what are they?
- 6. Is it possible to have duplicate public IP addresses on different hosts? If not, why?
- 7. What's the difference between reserved and static IP addresses?
- 8. What is the default subnet mask for a Class C IP address?
- 9. Since we're running out of IPv4 addresses, how do you think the future will look like?
- 10. What is the main advantage of using IPv6 over IPv4?
- 11. What does DHCP stand for?
- 12. Does every host need to use DHCP? Can you give some examples where this might not be needed?
- 13. What happens if two devices are assigned the same IP address by mistake?
- 14. What is the basic structure of an IPv6 address?
- 15. Can you explain the role of ARP in TCP/IP networks?
- 16. What are some common open ports and their uses in TCP/IP networks?
- 17. Can you explain what traceroute is? What is its benefit?
- 18. What is the primary function of a router?
- 19. What protocols make up the Internet protocol suite?
- 20. What is the main difference between HTTP and HTTPS?