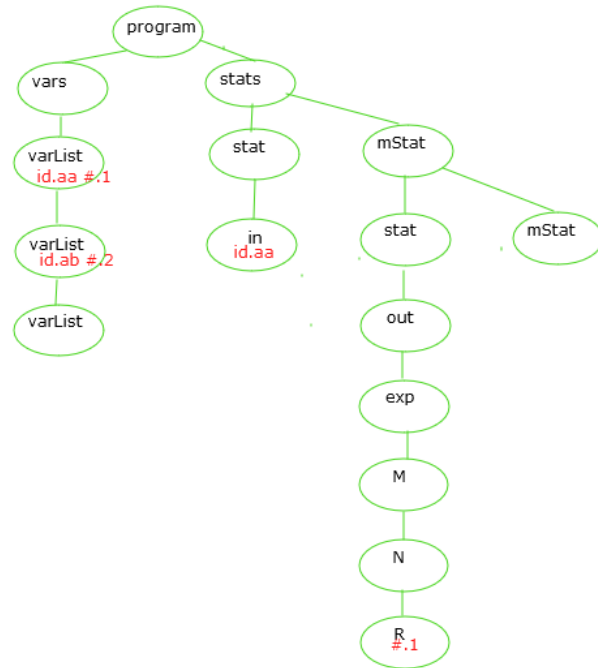


```

let aa = 1
ab = 2 .
main
  scan aa .
  print 1 .
end

```



Note:
You can store all tokens but only those needed to be stored, as explained elsewhere (ids, #s, and arithmetical/relational operators), are stored as they are processed.

If you left-factorized something like expression or VarList you would have extra nodes in the tree but the shape should be the same. The shape, and the needed tokens, are what is important. Here they are not left-factorized but instead implemented with the trick as explained in suggestions.

On empty transitions you may have empty nodes or skip the nodes - here they are shown.

P2 output (preorder, - is one indentation)

```

program
- vars
-- varList id aa 1 #tk 1 1 // token, instance, line 1 if you process lines
--- varList id ab 2 #tk 2 2
---- varList
- stats
-- stat
--- stat
---- in id aa 4
--- mStat
---- stat
----- stat
----- out
----- exp
----- M
----- N
----- R #tk 1 5
--- mStat

```