Notes on "Topoi" by Goldblatt

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1 Chapter 3: Arrows instead of epsilons

1.1 Exercise Solutions

1.1.1 3.1.

In any category

- 1. $g \circ f$ is monic if both f and g are monic.
- 2. If $g \circ f$ is monic, then so is f.

Solutions

(1)

If $(g \circ f) \circ h_1 = (g \circ f) \circ h_2$, then

$$\begin{array}{rcl} (g\circ f)\circ h_1 &=& (g\circ f)\circ h_2\\ g\circ (f\circ h_1) &=& g\circ (f\circ h_2)\\ f\circ h_1 &=& f\circ h_2 \quad (\because \text{g is monic})\\ h_1 &=& h_2 \quad (\because \text{f is monic}) \end{array}$$

Therefore, $(g \circ f)$ is monic.

(2)

If $f \circ h_1 = f \circ h_2$, then

$$\begin{array}{rcl} g\circ (f\circ h_1) & = & g\circ (f\circ h_2) \\ (g\circ f)\circ h_1 & = & (g\circ f)\circ h_2 \\ & h_1 & = & h_2 \quad (\because f\circ g \text{ is monic}) \end{array}$$

Hence, f is monic.