	TV	radio	newspaper	sales
0	230.1	37.8	69.2	22.1
1	44.5	39.3	45.1	10.4
2	17.2	45.9	69.3	9.3
3	151.5	41.3	58.5	18.5
4	180.8	10.8	58.4	12.9
195	38.2	3.7	13.8	7.6
196	94.2	4.9	8.1	9.7
197	177.0	9.3	6.4	12.8
198	283.6	42.0	66.2	25.5
199	232.1	8.6	8.7	13.4

200 rows × 4 columns

```
In [6]: df.columns
```

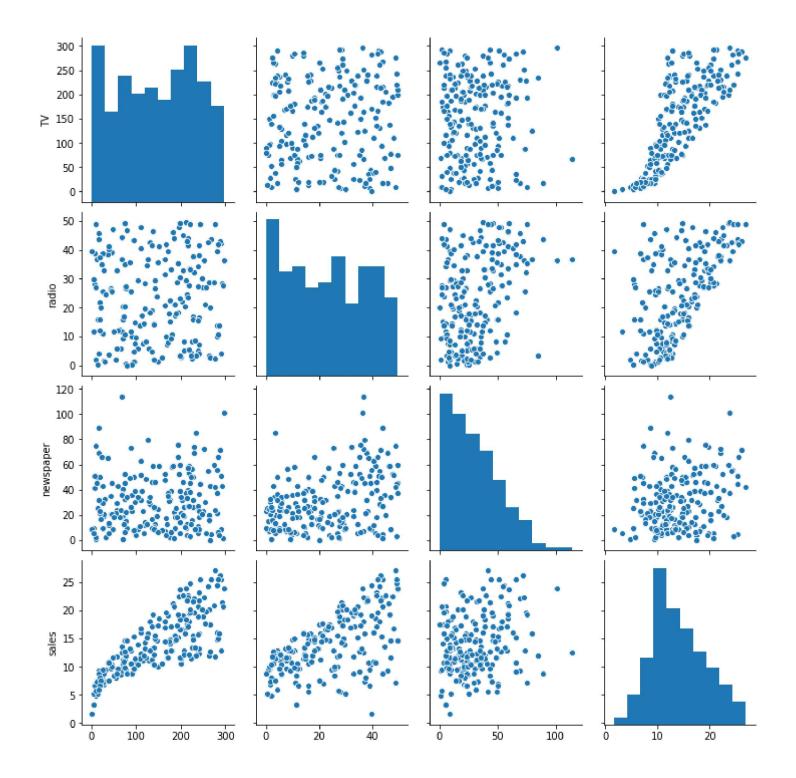
Out[6]: Index(['TV', 'radio', 'newspaper', 'sales'], dtype='object')

In [15]: df.describe()

Out[15]:

	TV	radio	newspaper	sales
count	200.000000	200.000000	200.000000	200.000000
mean	147.042500	23.264000	30.554000	14.022500
std	85.854236	14.846809	21.778621	5.217457
min	0.700000	0.000000	0.300000	1.600000
25%	74.375000	9.975000	12.750000	10.375000
50%	149.750000	22.900000	25.750000	12.900000
75%	218.825000	36.525000	45.100000	17.400000
max	296.400000	49.600000	114.000000	27.000000

In [17]: sns.pairplot(df)
 plt.show()



```
In [18]: df.corr()
```

Out[18]:

	TV	radio	newspaper	sales
TV	1.000000	0.054809	0.056648	0.782224
radio	0.054809	1.000000	0.354104	0.576223
newspaper	0.056648	0.354104	1.000000	0.228299
sales	0.782224	0.576223	0.228299	1.000000

TV

In [20]: X

Out[20]:

_		TV	radio	newspaper
	0	230.1	37.8	69.2
	1	44.5	39.3	45.1
	2	17.2	45.9	69.3
	3	151.5	41.3	58.5
	4	180.8	10.8	58.4
	195	38.2	3.7	13.8
	196	94.2	4.9	8.1
	197	177.0	9.3	6.4
	198	283.6	42.0	66.2
	199	232.1	8.6	8.7

200 rows × 3 columns

```
In [21]: y
Out[21]: 0
                22.1
                10.4
         1
                 9.3
         2
         3
                18.5
                12.9
         195
                 7.6
         196
                 9.7
         197
                12.8
                25.5
         198
         199
                13.4
         Name: sales, Length: 200, dtype: float64
In [28]: from sklearn.preprocessing import PolynomialFeatures
         polynomial_converter = PolynomialFeatures(degree=2,include_bias= False)
In [29]: X_poly = polynomial_converter.fit_transform(X)
In [30]: X_poly.shape
Out[30]: (200, 9)
In [31]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(X_poly,y,test_size=0.3,random_state=101)
In [32]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
         model = LinearRegression()
         model.fit(X_train,y_train)
Out[32]: LinearRegression()
In [33]: train predictions = model.predict(X train)
         test predictions = model.predict(X test)
```

```
In [34]: train_res = y_train-train_predictions
         test_res= y_test-test_predictions
In [35]: model.score(X train,y train)
Out[35]: 0.9868638137712757
In [36]: model.score(X test,y test)
Out[36]: 0.9843529333146783
In [37]: from sklearn.model selection import cross val score
         scores = cross_val_score(model,X_poly,y,cv=5)
         scores
Out[37]: array([0.98795615, 0.98937857, 0.99129812, 0.95889074, 0.99374691])
In [39]: | scores.mean()
Out[39]: 0.9842540981580088
In [43]: from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error
         MAE = mean_absolute_error(y_test, test_predictions)
         MAE
Out[43]: 0.4896798044803816
In [44]: from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error
         MSE = mean_squared_error(y_test, test_predictions)
         MSE
Out[44]: 0.4417505510403749
In [46]: RMSE = np.sqrt(MSE)
         RMSE
Out[46]: 0.6646431757269271
```

```
In [58]: train_rmse_errors=[]
test_rmse_errors = []

for d in range(1,10):
    polynomial_converter = PolynomialFeatures(degree=d,include_bias=False)
    X_poly = polynomial_converter.fit_transform(X)

    X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(X_poly,y,test_size=0.3,random_state=101)

    model = LinearRegression()
    model.fit(X_train,y_train)

    train_pred = model.predict(X_train)
    test_pred = model.predict(X_test)

# Calculate Errors

train_RMSE = np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(y_train,train_pred))
test_RMSE = np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(y_test,test_pred))

train_rmse_errors.append(train_RMSE)
test_rmse_errors.append(test_RMSE)
```

In [59]: train rmse errors

```
In [60]: test_rmse_errors
Out[60]: [1.5161519375993877,
          0.6646431757269271,
          0.5803286825165038,
          0.5077742649213964,
          2.5758311664662017,
          4.4926997025114845,
          1381.404421689979,
          4449.599748615518,
          95891.24543526022]
In [63]: plt.plot(range(1,10),train_rmse_errors,label="TRAIN")
         plt.plot(range(1,10),test_rmse_errors,label="TEST")
         plt.legend()
         plt.show()
           100000
                    - TRAIN
                     TEST
           80000
           60000
```

40000

20000

```
In [65]: plt.plot(range(1,5),train_rmse_errors[:4],label="TRAIN")
          plt.plot(range(1,5),test_rmse_errors[:4],label="TEST")
          plt.legend()
          plt.show()
           1.8
                                                      TRAIN
           1.6
                                                      TEST
           1.4
           1.2
           1.0
           0.8
           0.6
           0.4
                            2.0
                                                 3.5
                     1.5
                                   2.5
                                          3.0
               1.0
                                                        4.0
In [72]: final_Poly_converter =PolynomialFeatures(degree=3,include_bias=False)
          final model = LinearRegression()
          final_model.fit(final_Poly_converter.fit_transform(X),y)
Out[72]: LinearRegression()
In [74]: from joblib import dump, load
In [75]: dump(final_model , 'sales_poly_model.joblib')
Out[75]: ['sales_poly_model.joblib']
In [77]: | dump(final_Poly_converter, 'poly_converter.joblib')
Out[77]: ['poly_converter.joblib']
In [78]: loaded poly = load("poly converter.joblib")
          loaded_model = load("sales_poly_model.joblib")
```