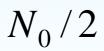
4.1



$$N(\omega) = \begin{cases} \frac{N_0}{2} & |\omega| \le \omega_c \\ 0 & |\omega| > \omega_c \end{cases}$$

$$R(\tau) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} N(\omega) \exp(j\omega\tau) d\omega = \frac{N_0 \omega_c}{2\pi} \cdot \frac{\sin \omega_c \tau}{\omega_c \tau}$$

 $\mathbf{0}$ σ

$$6_N^2 = R(0) \to \sigma_n^2 = \frac{N_0 \omega_c}{2\pi} = \frac{N_0}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\Delta t}$$

$$x(t) = n(t)$$

$$p(x, x_2, ..., x_N/0) = \frac{1}{(2\pi\sigma_n^2)^{N/2}} \exp\{-\frac{1}{2\sigma_n^2} \sum_{k=1}^N x_k^2\}$$

 $\mathbf{x}_{\mathbf{k}}$ $\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{t})$

$$x(t) = s(t) + n(t)$$

$$x(t)$$
 $p(x/s)$

s(t)

$$p(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_N/s) = \frac{1}{(2\pi\sigma_n^2)^{N/2}} \exp\{-\frac{1}{2\sigma_n^2} \sum_{K=1}^{N} (x_k - s_k)^2\}$$

 s_k s(t)

$$\lambda(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_N) = \frac{p(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_N / s)}{p(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_N / 0)}$$

$$= \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2\sigma_n^2} \left[\sum_{k=1}^N (x_k - s_k)^2 - \sum_{k=1}^N x_k^2 \right] \right\}$$

$$= \exp\left\{\frac{\Delta t}{N_0} \left[2\sum_{k=1}^{N} x_k s_k - \sum_{k=1}^{N} s_k^2 \right] \right\}$$

$$\lambda(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_N) = \exp\left\{\frac{\Delta t}{N_0} \left[2\sum_{k=1}^N x_k s_k - \sum_{k=1}^N s_k^2\right]\right\} > \lambda_0$$

 H_1

$$\Delta t \frac{2}{N_0} \sum_{k=1}^{N} x_k s_k > \ln \lambda_0 + \frac{\Delta t}{N_0} \sum_{k=1}^{N} s_k^2$$

$$\Delta t \sum_{k=1}^{N} x_k s_k > \frac{N_0}{2} \ln \lambda_0 + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t \sum_{k=1}^{N} s_k^2$$

$$\omega_c$$
 Δt 0 N

$$T = N\Delta t$$

 \mathbf{O}

$$\int_{0}^{T} x(t)s(t)dt > \frac{N_{0}}{2} \ln \lambda_{0} + \frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{T} s^{2}(t)dt$$

$$\frac{N_0}{2}\ln\lambda_0 + \frac{1}{2}E = G_0$$

$$G > G_0$$
 \mathbf{H}_1

 $\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{t})$ \mathbf{G} $\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{t})$ $G > G_0$ $\lambda > \lambda_0$ $\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{t})$ \mathbf{G} \mathbf{G}

 $x_k - s_k$ $\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{t}) - \mathbf{s}(\mathbf{t})$

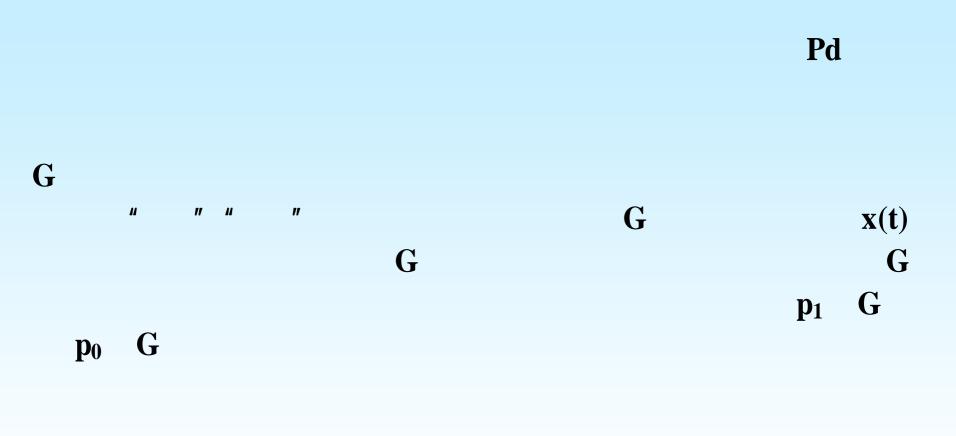
 $\mathbf{G} \qquad \mathbf{x}(\mathbf{t}) \qquad \mathbf{s}(\mathbf{t})$

0

$$H_0: s_0(t)$$

$$H_1: S_1(t)$$

$$s(t) = s_1(t) - s_0(t)$$



$$\mathbf{H_0}$$

$$x(t)=n(t)$$

$$E[x(t)] = E[n(t)] = 0$$

G

$$E[G] = E\left[\int_0^T x(t) \cdot s(t)dt\right] = \int_0^T E[x(t)] \cdot s(t)dt = 0$$

$$\mathbf{H}_1$$

$$x(t) = n(t) + s(t)$$

$$E[G] = E\{\int_0^T [n(t) + s(t)]s(t)dt\} = \int_0^T s^2(t)dt = E$$

 H_1

G

 H_0

$$D[G] = E\{[G - E[G]]^{2}\}\$$

$$= E\{[\int_{0}^{T} x(t)s(t)dt]^{2}\}\$$

$$= E[\int_{0}^{T} \int_{0}^{T} n(t_{1})n(t_{2})s(t_{1})s(t_{2})dt_{1}dt_{2}]\$$

$$= \int_{0}^{T} \int_{0}^{T} E[n(t_{1})n(t_{2})]s(t_{1})s(t_{2})dt_{1}dt_{2}]\$$

$$= \frac{N_{0}}{2} \int_{0}^{T} \int_{0}^{T} \delta(t_{1} - t_{2})s(t_{1})s(t_{2})dt_{1}dt_{2}]\$$

$$= \frac{N_{0}}{2} \int_{0}^{T} s^{2}(t)dt = \frac{N_{0}E}{2}$$

$$p_0(G)$$
 $p_1(G)$

$$p_0(G) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi N_o E}} \exp\left[-\frac{G^2}{N_o E}\right]$$

$$_{1}() \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi_{o}}} \exp \frac{()^{2}}{0}$$

$$\alpha = \int_{G_0}^{\infty} P_o(G) dG = \int_{G_0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi N_o E}} \exp \left[-\frac{G^2}{N_o E} \right] dG$$

$$u = \frac{G}{\sqrt{\frac{N_o E}{2}}}$$

$$u = \frac{G}{\sqrt{\frac{N_o E}{2}}} \qquad G_o \qquad \frac{G_o}{\sqrt{\frac{N_o E}{2}}} = u_0$$

$$\alpha = \int_{u_0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp(-\frac{u^2}{2}) du = 1 - \Phi(u_0)$$

 (\mathbf{x})

$$\mathbf{P_d}$$

$$P_{d} = \int_{G_{o}}^{\infty} p_{1}(G)dG = \int_{G_{o}}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi N_{o}E}} \exp \left[-\frac{(G-E)^{2}}{N_{o}E} \right] dG$$

$$v = \frac{G - E}{\sqrt{\frac{N_o E}{2}}} \qquad u_0 = \frac{G_0}{\sqrt{\frac{N_o E}{2}}}$$

$$\frac{G_o}{\sqrt{\frac{N_o E}{2}}} - \sqrt{\frac{2E}{N_o}} = u_0 - \sqrt{d}$$

$$P_d = \int_{u_0 - \sqrt{d}}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp(-\frac{v^2}{2}) dv = 1 - \Phi(u_0 - \sqrt{d})$$

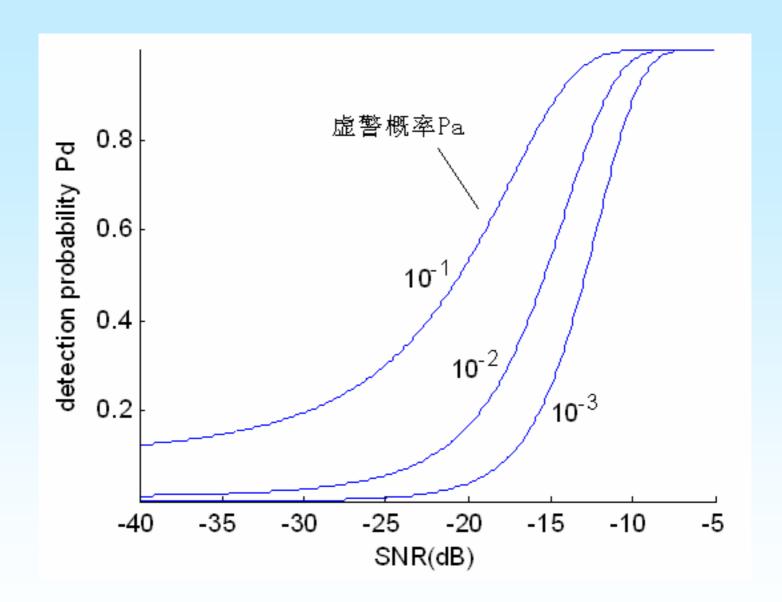
$$v = u - \sqrt{d} \quad \mathbf{d}$$

 V_4 P_d

 P_d d ROC

1/4 d

 P_d 4.3



 $u_o \qquad d \qquad u_o \qquad P_d$

4.2.1

 $s(t,\varphi_s)$

 φ_{s}

 φ_s

0 2Ë

$$p(\varphi_s) = \frac{1}{2\pi}$$

 $\frac{N_0}{2}$

 $\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{t})$

X(t)=n(t)

p(x/o)

 $x(t) = n(t) + s(t, \varphi_s)$

 φ_{s} $\mathbf{n}(\mathbf{t})$

 $\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{t})$

 $p(x, \varphi_s/s)$

$$\mathcal{A}(\mathbf{x},\varphi_s)$$
 φ_s

 φ_{s}

 φ_s

 $\mathbf{p} \quad \boldsymbol{\varphi}_{s}$

 φ_{s}

$$p(x, \varphi_s / s) = p_s(x/\varphi_s)p(\varphi_s)$$

$$p(x/s) = \int_0^{2\pi} p(x/\varphi_s) p(\varphi_s) d\varphi_s$$

$$p(x/\varphi_s)$$

 φ_{s}

 $\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{t})$

$$\lambda(x) = \frac{p(x/s)}{p(x/o)}$$

$$= \frac{\int_0^{2\pi} p(x/\varphi_s) p(\varphi_s) d\varphi_s}{p(x/0)}$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \lambda(x/\varphi_s) p(\varphi_s) d\varphi_s$$

$$\lambda(x/\varphi_s) = \frac{p(x/\varphi_s)}{p(x/0)}$$

 φ_s

 $\lambda(x)$

$$\lambda(x/\varphi_s)$$
 φ_s

$$\Delta t \rightarrow o$$

$$\lambda(x/\varphi_s)$$

$$\lambda(x/\varphi_s) = \exp\left\{\frac{2}{N_0} \int_0^T x(t)S(t,\varphi_s)dt - \frac{1}{N_0} \int_0^T S^2(t,\varphi_s)dt\right\}$$

$$= \exp\left\{\frac{2}{N_o}G(\varphi_s) - \frac{E(\varphi_s)}{N_o}\right\}$$

$$E(\varphi_s) = \int_o^T S^2(t, \varphi_s) dt$$

$$G(\varphi_s) = \int_0^T x(t)s(t,\varphi_s)dt$$

$$\varphi_s$$

$$\varphi_s$$

$$G(\varphi_s)$$

$$S(t, \varphi_s) = A\sin(\omega_c t + \varphi_s) \qquad 0 \le t \le T$$

$$S(t, \varphi_s) = A \sin \omega_c t \cdot \cos \varphi_s + A \cos \omega_c t \cdot \sin \varphi_s$$

$$S_s(t) = A\sin\omega_c t$$

$$S_c(t) = A\cos\omega_c t$$

$$S(t, \varphi_s) = S_s(t) \cos \varphi_s + S_c(t) \sin \varphi_s$$

$$G(\varphi_s)$$

$$G(\varphi_s) = \int_0^T S(t, \varphi_s) x(t) dt$$

$$= \int_{0}^{T} \left[S_{s}(t) \cos \varphi_{s} + S_{c}(t) \sin \varphi_{s} \right] x(t) dt$$

$$=G_s\cos\varphi_s+G_c\sin\varphi_s$$

$$G_s = \int_0^T S_s(t) x(t) dt$$

$$G_c = \int_0^T S_c(t) x(t) dt$$

$$\mathbf{Z}$$
 $\tilde{\mathsf{A}}$

$$Z = \sqrt{G_s^2 + G_c^2}$$

$$\theta = tg^{-1} \frac{G_c}{G_s}$$

$$G_{\rm s} = Z\cos\theta$$

$$G_c = Z \sin \theta$$

$$G(\varphi_s) = Z\cos\theta\cos\varphi_s + Z\sin\theta\sin\varphi_s = Z\cos(\varphi_s - \theta)$$

$$E(\varphi_s) = \int_0^T S^2(t, \varphi_s) dt = \int_0^T A^2 \sin^2(\omega_c t + \varphi_s) dt$$
$$= \frac{A^2}{2} T = E$$
 4-36

$$\lambda(x/\varphi_s) = \exp\left\{\frac{2}{N_0}Z \cdot \cos(\varphi_s - \theta) - \frac{E}{N_0}\right\}$$

4-35

4-36

$$\lambda(x)$$

$$\lambda(x) = \int_0^{2\pi} \lambda(x/\varphi_s) p(\varphi_s) d\varphi_s$$

$$= \exp(-\frac{E}{N_0}) \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \exp\left\{\frac{2}{N_0} Z \cos(\varphi_s - \theta)\right\} d\varphi_s$$

$$= \exp(-\frac{E}{N_0})I_0(\frac{2Z}{N_0})$$
 4-37

$$I_0(u) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \exp\{u \cdot \cos(\varphi - \theta)\} d\varphi$$

$$\lambda(x) = \exp(-\frac{E}{N_0})I_0(\frac{2Z}{N_0}) > \lambda_0$$

$$\frac{H_1}{H_1}$$

$$\ln I_0(\frac{2Z}{N_0}) > \ln \lambda_0 + \frac{E}{N_0}$$
(4-38)

$$I_0(u)$$
 u

Z

$$Z > \frac{N_0}{2} \operatorname{arc} I_0[\lambda_0 \exp(\frac{E}{N_0})]$$
 4-39

 \mathbf{Z}_0

$$Z_0 = \frac{N_0}{2} \operatorname{arc} I_0[\lambda_0 \exp(\frac{E}{N_0})]$$
 4-40

$$Z > Z_0$$
 $\lambda(x) > \lambda_0$

X(t) Z_0

4.4

$$Z > Z_0$$

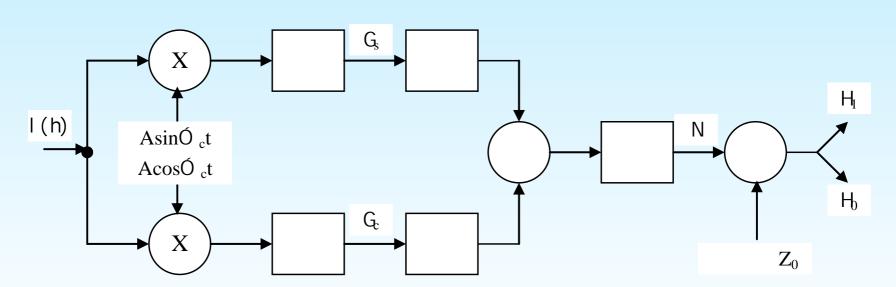
$$\lambda(x) > \lambda_0$$

x(t)

Z

 Z_0

4.4



4.4



 $A\sin\omega_c t \quad A\cos\omega_c t$

 \mathbf{Z} x(t) \mathbf{Z}

 ${f G}$ ${m arphi}_s$

 $G_S G_C G_S G_C$ φ_s

 \mathbf{Z}^2 φ_s φ_s

 \mathbf{G}

p(Z/0)

p(Z/s) P_d α

> $Z = \sqrt{G_S^2 + G_C^2}$ Z

 $\mathbf{G}_{\mathbf{S}}$ $\mathbf{G}_{\mathbf{C}}$ $\mathbf{G}_{\mathbf{C}}$

$$E[G_S / \varphi_S] = E \cos \varphi_S$$

$$E[G_C/\varphi_S] = E\sin\varphi_S$$

$$E = \frac{A^2}{2}T$$

$$\sigma_{G_S}^2 = \sigma_{G_C}^2 = \sigma_{G_O}^2 = \frac{N_0 E}{2}$$

$$G_S$$
 G_C

$$P_1(G_S, G_C / \varphi_S) = P_1(G_S / \varphi_S) P_1(G_C / \varphi_S)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma_{G_0}^2} \exp \left[-\frac{(G_S - E\cos\varphi_S)^2 + (G_C - E\sin\varphi_S)^2}{2\sigma_{G_0}^2} \right]$$

$$G_s = Z\cos\theta$$
 $G_c = Z\sin\theta$

$$P_1(Z,\theta/\varphi_S) = P_1(G_S,G_C/\varphi_S) \cdot |J|$$

$$J = \frac{\partial (G_S, G_C)}{\partial (Z, \theta)} = \begin{vmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ -Z \sin \theta & Z \cos \theta \end{vmatrix} = Z$$

$$p_1(Z, \theta/\varphi_S) = \frac{Z}{2\pi\sigma_{G_0}^2} \exp\left[-\frac{Z^2 + E^2 - 2ZE\cos(\theta - \varphi_S)}{2\sigma_{G_0}^2}\right]$$

$$\theta$$
 0 2π

$$p_1(Z/\varphi_S) = \frac{Z}{\sigma_{G_0}^2} I_0(\frac{ZE}{\sigma_{G_0}^2}) \exp(-\frac{Z^2 + E^2}{2\sigma_{G_0}^2})$$

$$\varphi_s$$
 , φ_s

$$p_1(Z) = \int_0^{2\pi} p_1(Z/\varphi_S) \frac{d\varphi_S}{2\pi}$$

$$= \frac{Z}{\sigma_{G_0}^2} I_0(\frac{ZE}{\sigma_{G_0}^2}) \exp(-\frac{Z^2 + E^2}{2\sigma_{G_0}^2})$$

Z

$$H_0, E = 0, I_0(0) = 1$$

$$p_0(Z) = \frac{Z}{\sigma_{G_0}^2} \exp(-\frac{Z^2}{2\sigma_{G_0}^2})$$
 4-4

7

Z

Pd

 α

$$\alpha = \int_{Z_0}^{\infty} \frac{Z}{\sigma_{G_0}^2} \exp(-\frac{Z^2}{2\sigma_{G_0}^2}) dz$$

$$Z^2 \qquad \qquad z^2$$

$$= \exp(-\frac{Z_0^2}{2\sigma_{G_0}^2}) = \exp(-\frac{z_0^2}{2})$$
 4-43

$$z_0 = \frac{Z_0}{\sigma_{G_0}}$$

$$P_{d} = \int_{Z_{0}}^{\infty} \frac{Z}{\sigma_{G_{0}}^{2}} \exp(-\frac{Z^{2} + E^{2}}{2\sigma_{G_{0}}^{2}}) I_{0}(\frac{ZE}{\sigma_{G_{0}}^{2}}) dZ$$

$$= \int_{Z_{0}}^{\infty} z \exp(-\frac{z^{2} + d^{2}}{2}) I_{0}(d \cdot z) dz$$

$$d = \frac{E}{\sigma_{G_{0}}}, z = \frac{Z}{\sigma_{G_{0}}}$$
4-44

d z_0 **ROC** P_d α

4.5 ROC

1dB

4.2.2

$$\Delta f_d = f_c \cdot \frac{2v_r}{c} \qquad v_r$$

 Δf_d

 \mathbf{c} \mathbf{v}_r

$$S(t, \omega_s, \varphi_s) = A\sin(\omega_s t + \varphi_s)$$
 $0 \le t \le T$

 $\mathbf{A} \qquad \qquad \boldsymbol{\varphi}_{\scriptscriptstyle S} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{0} \quad \mathbf{2}\pi$

 ω_s (ω_L, ω_M) $p(\omega_S)$

 $\frac{N_0}{2}$

$$\omega_s$$
 ω_s

$$\lambda(x/\omega_s) = \exp(-\frac{E}{N_0})I_0(\frac{2Z}{N_0})$$
 4-45

$$Z = \{ \left[\int_0^T x(t) A \sin \omega_s t dt \right]^2 + \left[\int_0^T x(t) A \cos \omega_s t dt \right]^2 \}^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\lambda(x)$$

$$\lambda(x) = \int_{\omega_I}^{\omega_M} \lambda(x/\omega_s) p(\omega_s) d\omega_s$$
 4-46

$$\begin{cases} \omega_i = \omega_L + i(\Delta\omega) \\ M = \frac{\omega_M - \omega_L}{\Delta\omega} \end{cases}$$

$$i = 1, 2, \cdots, M$$

$$\lambda(x)$$

$$\lambda(x) = \sum_{i=1}^{M} \lambda(x/\omega_i) P(\omega_i)$$
 4-47

$$P(\omega_i) = p(\omega_i) \Delta \omega$$

M

 $\mathbf{H_0}$

$$\omega_i$$
 $\mathbf{H_i}$

$$H_0: \qquad x(t) = n(t)$$

$$\mathbf{H}$$

$$H_0: \qquad x(t) = n(t)$$

$$H_1: \qquad x(t) = n(t) + A\sin(\omega_1 t + \varphi_s)$$

$$\vdots$$

$$\vdots$$

$$H_M: x(t) = n(t) + A\sin(\omega_M t + \varphi_s)$$

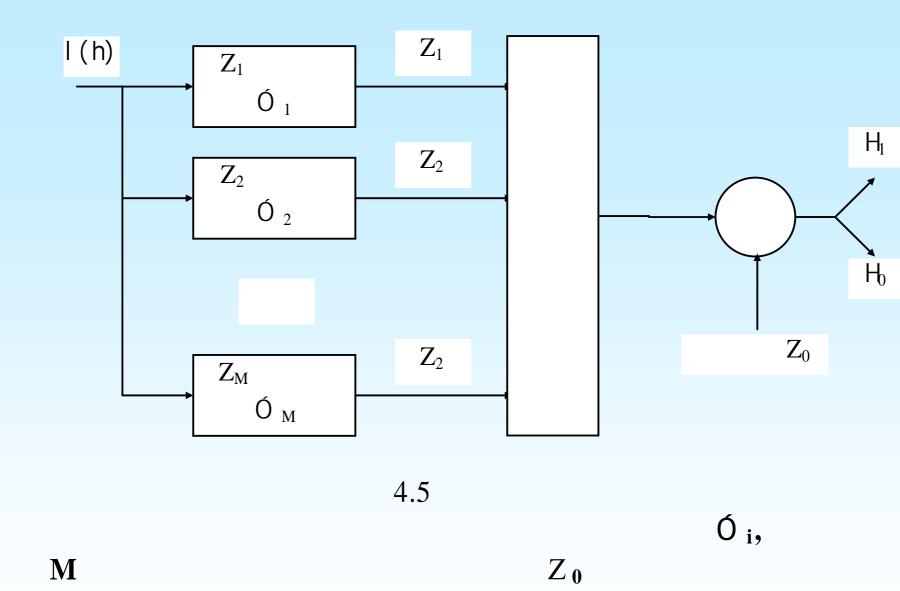
$$P(\omega_i)$$
 H_i

$$\lambda_i = \frac{p(x/\omega_i)}{p(x/o)} = \exp(-\frac{E}{N_0})I_o(\frac{2Z_i}{N_0})$$
 4-48

$$\begin{array}{cccc} \lambda_i & \lambda_0 & \mathbf{H_o} \\ & \lambda_i & \mathbf{H_i} \\ & \mathbf{Z_i} \\ & Z_0 = \frac{N_0}{2} arc I_0 [\lambda_0 \exp(\frac{E}{N_0})] \\ & \mathbf{H_i} & \mathbf{Z_i} \end{array}$$

 Z_i

 H_0



Γ W 2TW 2TW

$$\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{t})$$
 -2 π W,2 π W

$$0 \le t \le T$$

T

$$x(t) = \sum_{n=-TW}^{TW} X(n) \exp(j\omega_n t)$$
 (4-49)

$$X(n) = \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T x(t) \exp(-j\omega_n t) dt \qquad (4-50)$$

$$\omega_n = n \frac{2\pi}{T}$$
 $X(n) = X(\omega_n)$ n

(-TW~TW)

$$X(n)=a(n)+jb(n)$$
 $x(t)$

$$x(t) = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{TW} [2a(n)\cos\omega_n t - 2b(n)\sin\omega_n t]$$
 (4-51)

$$a(n) = \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T x(t) \cos(\omega_n t) dt$$
 (4-52)

$$b(n) = -\frac{1}{T} \int_0^T x(t) \sin(\omega_n t) dt$$
 (4-53)

 $\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{t})$ $\mathbf{X}(\mathbf{n})$ $\mathbf{0}$ \mathbf{T}

X(n) a(n) b(n)

E[x(t)]=0

 $\mathbf{X}(\mathbf{n})$ $\mathbf{a}(\mathbf{n})$ $\mathbf{b}(\mathbf{n})$ $\mathbf{b}(\mathbf{n})$

X(n) a(n)

 $\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{t})$ $\mathbf{X}(\mathbf{n}) \quad \mathbf{a}(\mathbf{n}) \quad \mathbf{b}(\mathbf{n})$

E[X(n)] = E[a(n)] = E[b(n)] = 0

$$a(n)$$
 $a(m)$ $b(n)$ $b(m)$ $a(n)$ $b(m)$

Γ

$$E[a(n)a(m)] = \begin{cases} \frac{S_x(\omega_n)}{2T} & n = m\\ 0 & n \neq m \end{cases}$$

$$E[b(n)b(m)] = \begin{cases} \frac{S_x(\omega_n)}{2T} & n = m\\ 0 & n \neq m \end{cases}$$

$$E[a(n)b(m)] = 0 n m$$

$$S_x(\omega_n)$$
 $x(t)$

$$X(n)$$
 $X(m)$

$$E[X(n)X^*(m)] = E\{[a(n) + jb(n)][a(m) - jb(m)]\}$$

$$= E[a(n)a(m)] + E[b(n)b(m)] + jE[a(m)b(n)] - jE[a(n)b(m)]$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{S_x(\omega_n)}{T} & n = m \\ 0 & n \neq m \end{cases}$$

 ${
m T}$

a(n) b(m)

$$a(n)$$
 $b(n)$ $x(t)$

X(n)

$$X(n)$$
 $a(n)$

b(n)

a(n) b(n)

$$p\left[a(n),b(n)\right] = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot \frac{S_x(\omega_n)}{2T}} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2} \frac{2T}{S_x(\omega_n)} \left[a^2(n) + b^2(n)\right]\right\}$$

$$a^{2}(n) + b^{2}(n) = |X(n)|^{2}$$

$$\sigma_{X_n}^2 = \frac{S_x(\omega_n)}{T}$$

X(n)

$$p[X(n)] = \frac{1}{\pi \sigma_{X_n}^2} \exp\left[-\frac{|X(n)|^2}{\sigma_{X_n}^2}\right]$$
 4-55

$$p[a(n),b(n)]$$
 $p[X(n)]$

$$X(n)$$
 $p[a(n),b(n)]$ $X(n)$

$$\{X(n)\}$$
 $x(t)$

$$\overline{x}(t) = 0$$
, $X(0) = 0$

$$X(-n)=X*(n)$$

$$TW : X(1), X(2), \cdots x(TW).$$
 TW

TW
$$\mathbf{X} \quad X = [X(1), X(2), \dots X(TW)]$$

$$\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{t})$$

$$X(1), X(2), \cdots X(TW)$$

X

X

$$p(X) = \prod_{n=1}^{TW} \frac{1}{\pi \sigma_{X_n}^2} \exp\left[-\frac{\left|X(n)\right|^2}{\sigma_{X_n}^2}\right]$$

$$= \left[\prod_{n=1}^{TW} \frac{1}{\pi \sigma_{X_n}^2}\right] \cdot \exp\left[-\sum_{n=1}^{TW} \frac{\left|X(n)\right|^2}{\sigma_{X_n}^2}\right]$$

$$4-56$$

$$H_0$$

$$x(t) = n(t)$$

$$N(\omega)$$

$$\sigma_{X_n}^2\Big|_{H_0} = \frac{S_x(\omega_n)}{T}\Big|_{H_0} = \frac{N(\omega_n)}{T}$$

$\mathbf{H_0}$ X

$$p_0(\mathbf{X}) = A \exp \left\{ -\sum_{n=1}^{TW} T \frac{\left| X(n) \right|^2}{N(\omega_n)} \right\}$$

$$\mathbf{A}$$
 $X(n)$

$$H_1$$

$$x(t) = s(t) + n(t)$$

$$S(\omega)$$

$$\sigma_{X_n}^2\Big|_{H_1} = \frac{N(\omega_n)}{T} + \frac{S(\omega_n)}{T}$$

$\mathbf{H_1} \qquad \mathbf{X}$

$$p_1(\mathbf{X}) = B \exp \left\{ -\sum_{n=1}^{TW} T \cdot \frac{\left| X(n) \right|^2}{N(\omega_n) + S(\omega_n)} \right\}$$

$$\mathbf{B}$$
 $X(n)$

$$\lambda(\mathbf{X}) = \frac{p_1(\mathbf{X})}{P_0(\mathbf{X})}$$

$$= \frac{B}{A} \exp\left\{ \sum_{n=1}^{TW} T |X(n)|^2 \left[\frac{1}{N(\omega n)} - \frac{1}{N(\omega_n) + S(\omega_n)} \right] \right\}$$

$$\lambda(x)$$

$$\lambda_0$$

$$\frac{B}{A} \exp \left\{ \sum_{n=1}^{TW} T |X(n)|^2 \left[\frac{1}{N(\omega_n)} - \frac{1}{N(\omega_n) + S(\omega_n)} \right] \right\} > \lambda_0$$

 H_1

$$G = \sum_{n=1}^{TW} T |X(n)|^2 \left[\frac{1}{N(\omega_n)} - \frac{1}{N(\omega_n) + S(\omega_n)} \right]$$

$$> \ln \left[\frac{A}{B} \lambda_0 \right] = G_0$$

$$4-57$$

 $\mathbf{G} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{G} > \mathbf{G}_0$

$$\lambda(x) > \lambda_0$$

$$H(\omega)$$

$$|H(\omega)| = \left[\frac{1}{N(\omega)} - \frac{1}{N(\omega) + S(\omega)}\right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= \left[\frac{S(\omega)}{N(\omega)[N(\omega) + S(\omega)]}\right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$Y(n) = X(n)H(\omega_n), Y(n)$$
 $x(t)$

$$H(\omega)$$

$$G = T \sum_{n=1}^{TW} |X(n)H(\omega_n)|^2 = T \sum_{n=1}^{TW} |Y(n)|^2 > G_0$$

4-58

X(n)

$$\int_{0}^{T} y^{2}(t)dt = 2T \sum_{n=1}^{TW} |Y(n)|^{2}$$

y(t)

Y(n)

 ω_n

$$G = \frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{T} y^{2}(t)dt > G_{0}$$
 4-59
H₁

4-58

0 T

 $\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{t})$

Go

1

 $S(\omega)$ $N(\omega)$

 $(-2\pi W, 2\pi W)$

 H_0 H_1

 $H(\omega)$

 $\int_0^T \left[x(t) \right]^2 dt$

 \mathbf{T}

$$H(\omega)$$

$$|H(\omega)| = \left\{ \frac{S(\omega)}{N(\omega)[N(\omega) + S(\omega)]} \right\}^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$|H(\omega)| \approx \frac{S^{\frac{1}{2}}(\omega)}{N(\omega)}$$
 4-60

$$|H(\omega)|$$

$$|H(\omega)| = \frac{1}{N^{\frac{1}{2}}(\omega)} \cdot \frac{S^{\frac{1}{2}}(\omega)}{N^{\frac{1}{2}}(\omega)}$$

$$\frac{1}{N^{\frac{1}{2}}(\omega)}$$

1 " "

$$\frac{S(\omega)}{N(\omega)}$$

$$\frac{S^{\frac{1}{2}}(\omega)}{N^{\frac{1}{2}}(\omega)}$$

$$\frac{S(\omega)}{N(\omega)}$$