Submission by:

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Big Data Processing

(Assignment 3)

Title: Implementation of MapReduce Algorithm on Multi-Node Hadoop Cluster

Objective:

The objective of this project is to set up a multi-node EC2 instance on AWS, install Hadoop, implement the MapReduce algorithm in both single-node and multi-node clusters using the Hadoop streaming utility, and compare the execution time between the two setups.

Setup Multi-Node EC2 Instances:

- 1. Log in to the AWS Management Console.
- 2. Navigate to the EC2 dashboard.
- 3. Launch four EC2 instances in the Mumbai region and south availability zone.
- 4. Choose the Ubuntu OS during creation of EC2 instances.
- 5. Named the instances according to my student ID.
- 6. Assigned appropriate security groups and key pairs.
- 7. Noted down the public IP addresses or DNS names of each instance.

Install Hadoop:

- 1. SSH into each EC2 instance using the key pair.
- 2. Install Java Development Kit (JDK 8) if not already installed.
- 3. Download the Hadoop distribution 2.7.3 and extract it.
- 4. Configure Hadoop by editing configuration files (hadoop-env.sh, core-site.xml, hdfs-site.xml, mapred-site.xml, etc.).
- 5. Format the Hadoop file system using hadoop namenode -format.
- 6. Start the Hadoop daemons: start-dfs.sh and start-yarn.sh.
- 7. Verify the Hadoop installation through the web interface.

Implement MapReduce:

- 1. Write the mapper and reducer code in python.
- 2. Upload the code to a directory on the master node.
- 3. Ensure the input data is available and accessible to Hadoop.
- 4. Run the MapReduce job using the Hadoop streaming utility.
- 5. Monitor the job progress through the Hadoop web interface.

6. Check the output directory for the results upon completion.

```
#Mapper.py

#!/usr/bin/python3 -0
import sys

#Loop through each line in the input
for line in sys.stdin:

# Remove leading and trailing whitespace
line = line.strip()

# Split the line into words
words = line.split()

# Emit key-value pairs of word and count of 1
for word in words:
    print(word,"\t",1)
```

```
#Reducer.py
#!/usr/bin/python3 -0
import sys
#Initialize variables to keep track of current word and its count
current \ word = None
current\_count = 0
#Loop through each line in the input
for line in sys.stdin:
  #Split the line into word and count, separated by tab
  word, count = line.strip().split('\t', 1)
  #Convert count to integer
  count = int(count)
  #If the word is the same as the current word, increment its count
  if word == current_word:
     current_count += count
  else:
     #If the word is different, print the current word and its count
     if current word:
```

```
print(current_word, "\t",current_count)

#Update current word and its count
    current word = word
    current count = count

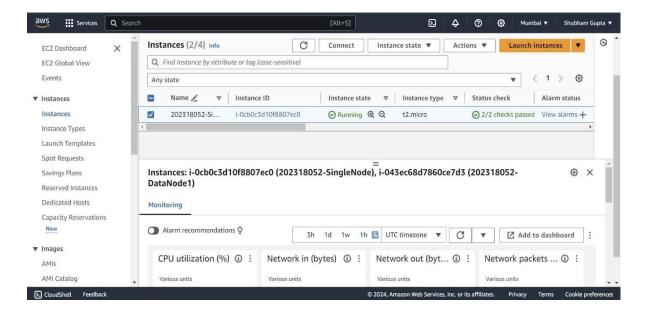
#Print the last word and its count
if current word:
    print(current_word, "\t",current_count)
```

Compare Execution Time:

- 1. Record the start time before running the MapReduce job.
- 2. Execute the job on both single-node and multi-node clusters.
- 3. Note the completion time after each execution.
- 4. Calculate the execution time difference between the two setups.

Results and Screenshots:

1) Single Node



Without Hadoop

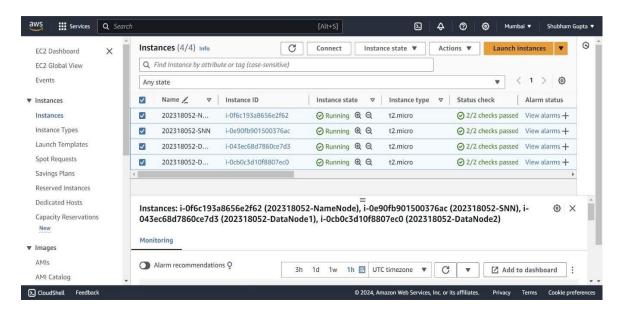
```
real 1m6.636s
user 0m5.413s
sys 0m0.466s
ubuntu@ip-172-31-41-195:~$
```

With Hadoop

```
ubuntugip-172-31-41-195:-5 time hadoop jar /home/ubuntu/hadoop/share/hadoop/tools/lib/hadoop-streaming-2.9.1.jar -mapper /home/ubuntu/mapper.py -redu cer /home/ubuntu/reducer.py -input /input/corpus.txt -output /output/wordscounts
package_Doblar: [/tmp/hadoop-unjars@ac56889905174872]] [] /tmp/streamjo@ac52178782669992725.jar tmpDir=null
24/02/24 05:08:12 INFO client.RMProxy: Connecting to ResourceManager at localhost/127.0.0.1:8032
24/02/24 05:08:12 INFO client.RMProxy: Connecting to ResourceManager at localhost/127.0.0.1:8032
24/02/24 05:08:13 INFO mapreduce.Jobsubnitter: number of splits:2
24/02/24 05:08:13 INFO mapreduce.Jobsubnitter: number of splits:2
24/02/24 05:08:13 INFO mapreduce.Jobsubnitter: number of splits:2
24/02/24 05:08:13 INFO mapreduce.Jobsubnitter: Submitting tokens for job: job_1708748829675_0005
24/02/24 05:08:14 INFO mapreduce.Jobs: The url to track the job: http://tp-172-31-41-195.ap-south-1.compute.internal:8088/proxy/application_1708748829
24/02/24 05:08:14 INFO mapreduce.Job: Running job: job_1708748829675_0005
24/02/24 05:08:20 INFO mapreduce.Job: App 0% reduce 0%
24/02/24 05:08:20 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 0% reduce 0%
24/02/24 05:08:20 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 36% reduce 0%
24/02/24 05:08:30 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 36% reduce 0%
24/02/24 05:08:50 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 100% reduce 0%
24/02/24 05:08:51 INFO mapreduce.
```

```
real 2m17.928s
user 2m13.154s
sys 0m3.162s
ubuntu@ip-172-31-41-195:~$
```

2) Multi-Node cluster



With Hadoop multi-node cluster

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-42-2:=/hadoop$ sbin/start-all.sh
This script is Deprecated. Instead use start-dfs.sh and start-yarn.sh
Starting namenodes on [ip-172-31-42-2.ap-south-1.compute.internal]
ip-172-31-42-2.ap-south-1.compute.internal: starting namenode, logging to /home/ubuntu/hadoop/logs/hadoop-ubuntu-namenod
172.31.42.2: starting datanode, logging to /home/ubuntu/hadoop/logs/hadoop-ubuntu-datanode-ip-172-31-42-2.out
172.31.44.214: starting datanode, logging to /home/ubuntu/hadoop/logs/hadoop-ubuntu-datanode-ip-172-31-44-214.out
172.31.32.110: starting datanode, logging to /home/ubuntu/hadoop/logs/hadoop-ubuntu-datanode-ip-172-31-32-110.out
```

```
ubuntumity-172-31-42-2:-$ hadoop jar /home/ubuntu/hadoop/share/hadoop/tools/lib/hadoop-streaming-2.9.1.jar -mapper /home/ubuntu/mapper.py -reducer /home/ubuntu/reducer.py -input /input/corpus.txt -output /output/wordcounts
packageJobJar: [/tmp/hadoop-unjar1936485731669817299/] [] /tmp/streamjob7987625646435885579.jar tmpDir=null
24/02/24 10:53:14 INFO client.RMProxy: Connecting to ResourceManager at /172.31.42.2:8032
24/02/24 10:53:15 INFO client.RMProxy: Connecting to ResourceManager at /172.31.42.2:8032
24/02/24 10:53:15 INFO mapreduce.JobSubmitter: number of splits:2
24/02/24 10:53:15 INFO mapreduce.JobSubmitter: number of splits:2
24/02/24 10:53:15 INFO mapreduce.JobSubmitter: number of splits:2
24/02/24 10:53:15 INFO mapreduce.JobSubmitter: Submitting tokens for job: job_1708769543844_0002
24/02/24 10:53:15 INFO mapreduce.JobSubmitter: Submitting tokens for job: job_1708769543844_0002
24/02/24 10:53:15 INFO mapreduce.Job: The url to track the job: http://ip-172-31-42-2.ap-south-1.compute.internal:8088/proxy/application_170876954384
4_0002/
24/02/24 10:53:15 INFO mapreduce.Job: Running job: job_1708769543844_0002
24/02/24 10:53:15 INFO mapreduce.Job: Map 08 reduce 08
24/02/24 10:53:24 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 08 reduce 08
24/02/24 10:53:57 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 58% reduce 08
24/02/24 10:53:57 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 58% reduce 08
24/02/24 10:53:57 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 58% reduce 08
24/02/24 10:53:57 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 100% reduce 08
24/02/24 10:54:16 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 100% reduce 090%
```

```
real 0m37.713s
user 0m32.432s
sys 0m4.448s
ubuntu@ip-172-31-42-2:~$
```

Conclusion:

In conclusion, setting up a multi-node Hadoop cluster on AWS and implementing MapReduce algorithms allows for distributed data processing has significantly improve performance compared to single-node setups. The comparison of execution times shows efficiency of the cluster configuration.