

ASSIGNMENT 9.3

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BATCH: 05

TASK 1:

Basic Docstring Generation

Scenario

You are developing a utility function that processes numerical lists and must be properly documented for future maintenance.

Requirements

- Write a Python function to return the sum of even numbers and sum of odd numbers in a given list
- Manually add a Google Style docstring to the function
- Use an AI-assisted tool (Copilot / Cursor AI) to generate a function-level docstring
- Compare the AI-generated docstring with the manually written docstring
- Analyze clarity, correctness, and completeness

INPUT and OUTPUT

```
(15) def sum_even_odd(numbers):
    """Calculates the sum of even and odd numbers in a list.

    Args:
        numbers (list of int): A list containing integer values.

    Returns:
        tuple: A tuple containing two integers:
            - The sum of even numbers.
            - The sum of odd numbers.

    Example:
        >>> sum_even_odd([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
        (6, 9)
    """
    even_sum = 0
    odd_sum = 0
    for num in numbers:
        if num % 2 == 0:
            even_sum += num
        else:
            odd_sum += num
    return even_sum, odd_sum

# Example usage
if __name__ == "__main__":
    nums = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
    even, odd = sum_even_odd(nums)
```

```
[15] print(f"Sum of even numbers: {even}")
✓ 0s print(f"Sum of odd numbers: {odd}")

# --- AI-style docstring for comparison ---

def sum_even_odd(numbers):
    """
    Computes the total sum of even and odd integers from the input list.

    Parameters:
        numbers (list[int]): List of integers to process.

    Returns:
        tuple[int, int]: First element is the sum of even numbers,
                        second element is the sum of odd numbers.

    Example:
        sum_even_odd([1, 2, 3, 4, 5]) -> (6, 9)
    """
    even_sum = 0
    odd_sum = 0
    for num in numbers:
        if num % 2 == 0:
            even_sum += num
        else:
            odd_sum += num
    return even_sum, odd_sum

Sum of even numbers: 6
Sum of odd numbers: 9
```

TASK 2:

You are developing a student management module that must be easy to understand for new developers.

Requirements

- Write a Python program for an `sru_student` class with the following:
 - Attributes: `name`, `roll_no`, `hostel_status`
 - Methods: `fee_update()` and `display_details()`
- Manually write inline comments for each line or logical block
- Use an AI-assisted tool to automatically add inline comments
- Compare manual comments with AI-generated comments
- Identify missing, redundant, or incorrect AI comments

Prompt:

Create a Python class `sru_student` with manual and AI-generated inline comments and include a comparison for lab submission

INPUT and OUTPUT

```

class sru_student:
    # Constructor to initialize student attributes
    def __init__(self, name, roll_no, hostel_status):
        self.name = name
        self.roll_no = roll_no
        self.hostel_status = hostel_status
        self.fee = 0

    # Method to update or display fee information
    def fee_update(self, amount):
        self.fee = amount
        print(f"Fee updated to: {self.fee}")

    # Method to display all student details
    def display_details(self):
        print("Student Details:")
        print(f"Name: {self.name}")
        print(f"Roll No: {self.roll_no}")
        print(f"Hostel Status: {self.hostel_status}")
        print(f"Fee: {self.fee}")

# ---- Store Your Given Data ----

# Create object with your details
student1 = sru_student("k.hithesh", "2303AS1291", "Yes")

# Update fee (example value)
student1.fee_update(95000)

```

```

# Print all details
student1.display_details()

...
Fee updated to: 95000
Student Details:
Name: k.hithesh
Roll No: 2303AS1291
Hostel Status: Yes
Fee: 95000

```

TASK 3:

You are building a small calculator module that will be shared across multiple projects and requires structured documentation.

Requirements

- Write a Python script containing 3–4 functions (e.g., add, subtract, multiply, divide)
- Manually write NumPy Style docstrings for each function
- Use AI assistance to generate:
 - A module-level docstring
 - Individual function-level docstrings
- Compare AI-generated docstrings with manually written ones
- Evaluate documentation structure, accuracy, and readability

Prompt:

Generate a Python calculator program with NumPy-style docstrings,

AI-generated docstrings, and a comparison for lab submission

```

"""
calculator.py

A simple calculator module that provides basic arithmetic operations.
This module can be reused in different projects.
"""

def add(a, b):
    """
    Add two numbers.

    Parameters
    -----
    a : int or float
        First number
    b : int or float
        Second number

    Returns
    -----
    float
        Sum of a and b
    """
    return a + b

def subtract(a, b):
    """
    Subtract two numbers.

```

```

    Parameters
    -----
    a : int or float
        First number
    b : int or float
        Second number

    Returns
    -----
    float
        Difference of a and b
    """
    return a - b

def multiply(a, b):
    """
    Multiply two numbers.

    Parameters
    -----
    a : int or float
        First number
    b : int or float
        Second number

    Returns
    -----
    float
        Product of a and b

```

```

    return a * b

def divide(a, b):
    """
    Divide two numbers.

    Parameters
    -----
    a : int or float
        Dividend
    b : int or float
        Divisor

    Returns
    -----
    float
        Division result

    Raises
    -----
    ValueError
        If divisor is zero
    """
    if b == 0:
        raise ValueError("Cannot divide by zero")
    return a / b

# Testing the functions
print("Add:", add(10, 5))
print("Subtract:", subtract(10, 5))

```

```
def divide(a, b):  
    """  
    Divides a by b and returns the result.  
    Raises  
    -----  
    ValueError  
    If divisor is zero  
    """  
    if b == 0:  
        raise ValueError("Cannot divide by zero")  
    return a / b  
  
# Testing the functions  
print("Add:", add(10, 5))  
print("Subtract:", subtract(10, 5))  
print("Multiply:", multiply(10, 5))  
print("Divide:", divide(10, 5))  
  
Add: 15  
Subtract: 5  
Multiply: 50  
Divide: 2.0
```