\mathbf{Q} : What will be the output of the following quantum circuit given input $|010\rangle.$

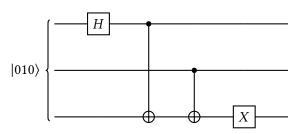


Figure 0.1: Quantum circuit

Solution: The question can be solved using matrices but below solution uses Bra-Ket notation.

$$\begin{aligned} |\psi_1\rangle &= |010\rangle \\ |\psi_2\rangle &= \frac{|0\rangle + |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} |10\rangle \\ |\psi_2\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |010\rangle + |110\rangle \\ |\psi_3\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |010\rangle + |111\rangle \\ |\psi_4\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |011\rangle + |110\rangle \\ |\psi_5\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |010\rangle + |111\rangle \end{aligned}$$

 \mathbf{Q} : What will be the output of the following quantum circuit given input $|110\rangle.$

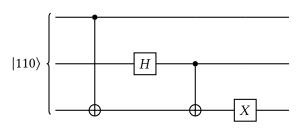


Figure 0.2: Quantum circuit

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned} |\psi_1\rangle &= |110\rangle \\ |\psi_2\rangle &= |111\rangle \\ |\psi_3\rangle &= |1\rangle \frac{|0\rangle - |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} |1\rangle \\ |\psi_3\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|101\rangle - |111\rangle) \\ |\psi_4\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|101\rangle - |110\rangle) \\ |\psi_5\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|100\rangle - |111\rangle) \end{aligned}$$

 \mathbf{Q} : What will be the output of the following quantum circuit given input $|111\rangle.$

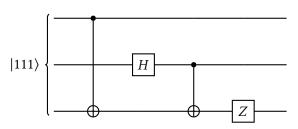


Figure 0.3: Quantum circuit

Solution

$$\begin{aligned} |\psi_1\rangle &= |111\rangle \\ |\psi_2\rangle &= |110\rangle \\ |\psi_3\rangle &= |1\rangle H |1\rangle |0\rangle \\ |\psi_3\rangle &= |1\rangle \frac{|0\rangle - |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} |0\rangle \\ |\psi_3\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|100\rangle - |110\rangle) \\ |\psi_4\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|100\rangle - |111\rangle) \\ |\psi_5\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|100\rangle + |111\rangle) \end{aligned}$$

Q : What will be the output of the following quantum circuit given input $|00\rangle$.

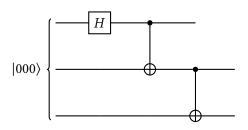


Figure 0.4: Quantum circuit

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned} |\psi_1\rangle &= |000\rangle \\ |\psi_2\rangle &= H \, |0\rangle \, |00\rangle \\ |\psi_2\rangle &= \frac{|0\rangle + |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} \, |00\rangle \\ |\psi_2\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|000\rangle + |100\rangle) \\ |\psi_3\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|000\rangle + |110\rangle) \\ |\psi_4\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|000\rangle + |111\rangle) \end{aligned}$$

 \mathbf{Q} : What will be the output of the following quantum circuit given input $|111\rangle.$

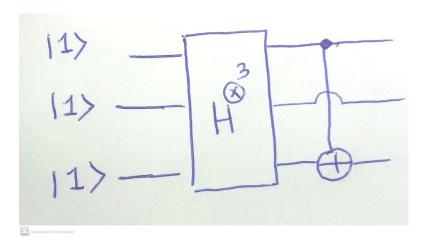


Figure 0.5: Quantum circuit

Solution

$$\begin{split} |\psi_1\rangle &= |111\rangle \\ |\psi_2\rangle &= H^{\bigotimes 3} |111\rangle \\ |\psi_2\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2^3}} (|000\rangle - |001\rangle - |010\rangle + |011\rangle - |100\rangle + |101\rangle + |110\rangle - |111\rangle) \\ |\psi_2\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2^3}} (|000\rangle - |001\rangle - |010\rangle + |011\rangle - |101\rangle + |100\rangle + |111\rangle - |110\rangle) \end{split}$$