Gabarito da Prova I

Exercício 1

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int a = 0;
    int r = 2;
    while (1)
    {
        sleep(1);
        printf("%d\n", a);
        a = a + r;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Exercício 2

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int a = 1;
    int r = 3;
    while (1)
    {
        sleep(1);
        printf("%d\n", a);
        a = a * r;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Exercício 3

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int r = 2;
    int a = 1;

    while ( a < 1000 )
    {
        sleep(1);
        printf("%d\n", a);
        a = a * r;
    }
}</pre>
```

Exercício 4

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
     int a = 1;
     int r = 2;
     int i = 0;
     int soma = 0;
     while (i < 10)
     {
           sleep(1);
           printf("a_%d = %d\n", i, a);
           soma = soma + a;
           a = a + r;
           i = i + 1;
     }
     printf("soma = %d\n", soma);
     return 0;
}
```

Exercício 5

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int fx;
    int x;
    for (x = 1; x <= 10; x++)
    {
        sleep(1);
        fx = 3*x - 5;
        printf("f(%d) = %d\n", x, fx);
    }
}</pre>
```

Exercício 6

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>

#define EPSILON 1.0e-4

int main()
{
    float a = 1, b = 2, c = 5;
    float fx;
    float x;

    for (x = 0.0; (x - 10.0) <= EPSILON; x = x + 0.05)
    {
        fx = a*x*x + b*x + c;
        printf("f(%.2f) = %5.20lf\n", x, fx);
    }
}</pre>
```