# Midterm Project

#### CS426 - Mobile Device Application Development

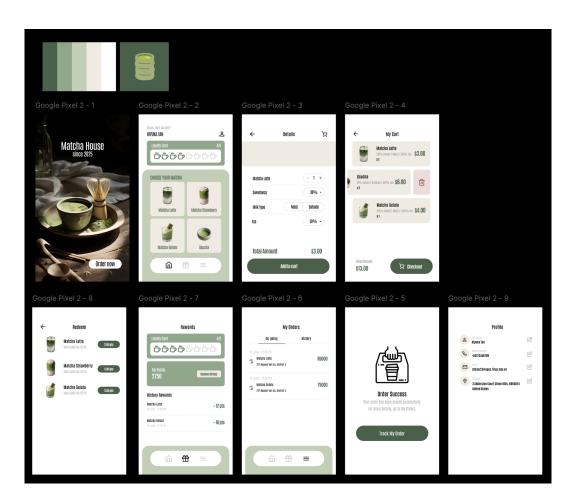
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#### Abstract

MatchaHouse is a multi-screen Android application developed in Kotlin, supported by Room for local data persistence. It models a digital matcha shop, offering a full user experience—from browsing products and customizing orders to tracking purchases and redeeming rewards. The app features a dynamic loyalty system, profile management, and a structured Room database with modular DAOs for clean and reactive data access. This project highlights key Android development practices including UI responsiveness, user state handling, and offline storage.

Novel features or requirements beyond the scope of assignment. Additional features include a database for back-end, first-launch profile redirection, dynamic favorite updates, cart item aggregation, reward feedback, and profile editing with progress retention.

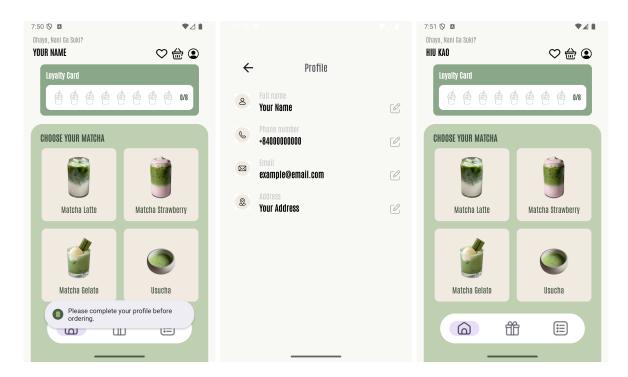


### Cao Thanh Hieu - 23125034

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### 1 Home Screen

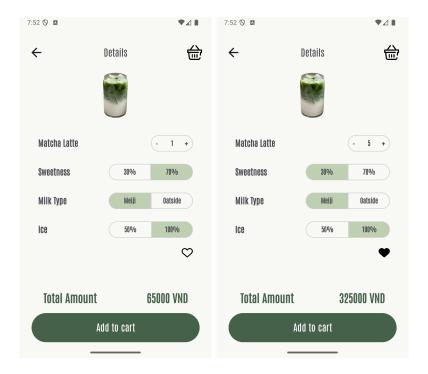


### 1.1 Assignment Requirements

- Implement the fundamental UI layout for the home screen.
- Integrate the specified header element including greetings, user's name and entries for Favourites, Cart and Profile.
- Implement a functional bottom navigation controller.
- Display the user's loyalty card status.
- Populate and render a Grid Layout of available matcha products.
- Implement an on-click listener for list items that navigates the user to the corresponding product Details screen

- After installation, when the user launches the app for the first time, they are automatically directed to the Profile tab to ensure that shipping information is updated before proceeding.
- When clicking back, new information is handled by override OnResume function.

### 2 Details

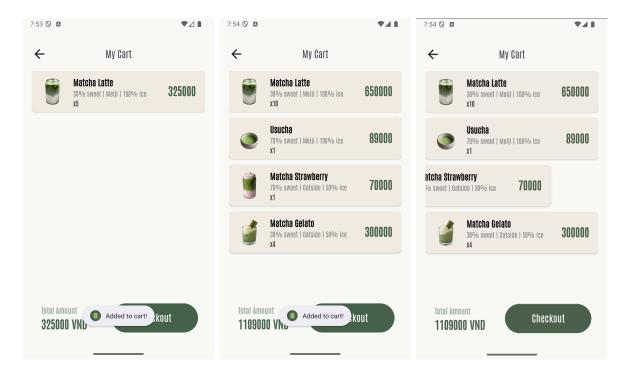


### 2.1 Assignment Requirements

- Implement UI controls to allow users to customize product options, including Quantity, Sweetness, Milk Type, Ice.
- On Add to Cart button press, persist the customized item to the cart's state and trigger a navigation event to the My Cart screen.
- Implement a icon click event to view the current items in the cart without navigating away from the details screen.
- Ensure the total amount dynamically updates in the UI in real-time as the user modifies item quantity or custom options.
- Implement on-press back event to return to the Home Screen.

- An Add to Favourite feature is implemented to allow users to save customized drink configurations.
- The favorite icon dynamically updates its state in response to any changes in the product options, ensuring accurate visual feedback based on the current selection.

# 3 My Cart

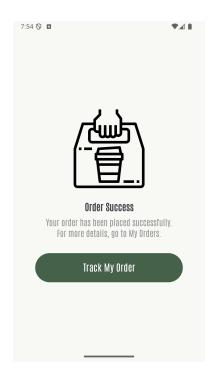


### 3.1 Assignment Requirements

- Implement the basic layout for the cart screen.
- Display a RecyclerView of all matcha items added to cart, reflecting their selected customizations.
- Compute and display the aggregate total price of all items in the cart.
- Implement the gesture detection on-swipe-left to remove items from the cart.
- On Checkout button press, navigate to the Order Success screen.

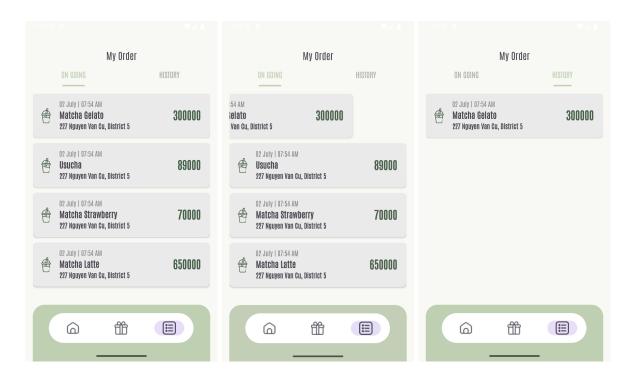
- When a user adds an item with the same product options as an existing item in cart, the application does not create a duplicate entry in the RecyclerView. Instead, it increments the quantity of the existing item, effectively aggregating identical selections to maintain a concise and organized cart view.
- A simple log message is displayed to inform the user that an item has been successfully added to the cart.

### 4 Order Success



- Implement the layout for the order success confirmation screen.
- On Track My Order press, navigate to the My Orders screen.

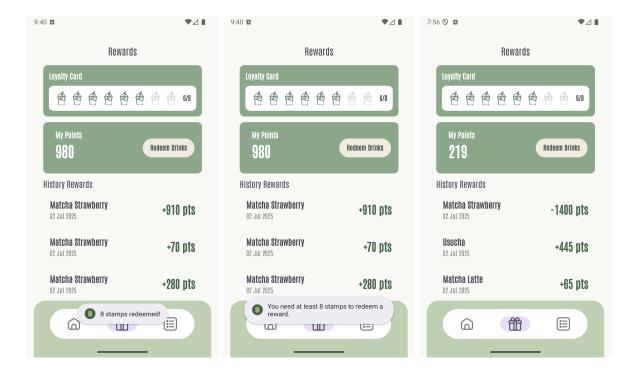
# 5 My Orders



 $\bullet$  Implement the basic layout for the order history screen.

- Render a list segregating ongoing and completed/past orders.
- Implement an event handler on-swipe to transition an order's state from On Going to History.

#### 6 Rewards



### 6.1 Assignment Requirements

- Implement the primary layout for the Rewards screen.
- For each completed order, increment the loyalty card stamp count by one, up to a maximum of eight.
- Implement an event on-click on the white field of Loyalty Card subtract stamp count by 8 for each drink redeemed.
- Implement logic to award reward points based on the total monetary value of each order and display them in a list.
- Display the sum of all accumulated reward points.

- Redeemed points are recorded and displayed in the History Rewards section for user reference.
- When the user attempts to exchange stamps for a drink, a notification message is displayed indicating whether the redemption was successful or if the user has insufficient stamps.

## 7 Redeem Rewards



### 7.1 Assignment Requirements

On a user action, allow the exchange of accumulated points for a product, and correctly decrement the total points.

### 7.2 Additional Features

A simple log appears after each drink redeem.

### 8 Profile



### 8.1 Assignment Requirements

- Implement the user profile screen layout.
- Enable an edit mode via an icon press, allowing for modification of user profile data

#### 8.2 Additional Features

When editing the user profile, the existing values for points and drinkCount are preserved to ensure continuity of reward tracking.

## 9 Favourite (additional features)



Implement the gesture detection on-swipe-left to remove items from the favourite.

### 10 Back-end Setting

Room database is designed for this match shop application and manages various entities related to user profiles, orders, cart items, favorites, and point tracking. It supports persistent storage, reactive data flows using Kotlin Flows, and prepopulates user profile data on first launch.

The database schema comprises six key entities, each representing a distinct data model within the application.

• Drink

Although not stored in the database, this data class represents predefined static

drink menu items used for UI rendering and business logic. Fields: id, name, price, drawableName.

#### • CartItem (cart\_items table)

Represents individual items added to the user's shopping cart. Fields: id, drinkName, drinkImage, sweetness, milkType, iceLevel, quantity, totalAmount.

#### • OrderItem (orders table)

Captures completed and ongoing drink orders along with relevant metadata. Fields: id, drinkName, drinkImage, sweetness, milkType, iceLevel, quantity, totalAmount, address, timestamp, status.

#### • PointsHistory (points\_history table)

Maintains a log of loyalty points earned by the user across different purchases. Fields: id, drinkName, pointsEarned, timestamp.

#### • FavoriteDrink (favorite\_drinks table)

Stores user-defined drink customizations marked as favorites. This entity uses a composite primary key to ensure uniqueness based on customization parameters. Fields: drinkName, drinkImage, sweetness, milkType, iceLevel.

#### • UserProfile (user\_profile table)

Stores personal and account-related information for the user, including drink counts and accumulated points.

Fields: id, fullName, phoneNumber, email, address, drinkCount, points.

For each activity that requires interaction with the database, a corresponding Data Access Object (DAO) is defined to encapsulate the necessary queries and operations.