1. Introduction

The BattleC project involves the design and implementation of a two-player interactive Battleship game in C++, adhering to the principles of structured programming, object-oriented design, and efficient AI techniques. The game pits a human player against an AI agent, following traditional Battleship rules.

This report outlines the core features, implementation details, challenges faced, and future enhancements for the project.

2. Game Rules and Objectives

Game Rules:

- The game is played on two 10x10 grids, one for each player.
- Ships of varying lengths are placed horizontally or vertically on the grid.
- Players take turns guessing the location of the opponent's ships.
- o A ship is sunk when all its coordinates are hit.

Winning Condition:

The first player to sink all of their opponent's ships wins.

3. Implementation Details

The project was implemented in C++ using structured programming and OOP techniques. It consists of the following components:

3.1. Class Design

1. Ship Class:

- Represents a ship with properties such as name, size, coordinates, and the number of hits taken.
- o Methods:
 - addCoordinate(): Adds a coordinate to the ship.
 - occupiesCoordinate(): Checks if a coordinate belongs to the ship.
 - hit(): Registers a hit on the ship.
 - isSunk(): Checks if the ship is sunk.

2. Board Class:

- Represents the player's grid and handles ship placement, attacks, and visual representation.
- Methods:
 - placeShip(): Validates and places a ship on the board.

- receiveAttack(): Processes an attack on the grid.
- display(): Displays two boards side by side.
- displayScoreboard(): Displays the scoreboard.
- allShipsSunk(): Checks if all ships are sunk.

3. Main Game Logic:

 Manages game flow, including player inputs, Al decision-making, scoring, and win/lose conditions.

3.2. Al Implementation

The AI agent, was implemented with two primary modes of operation:

1. HUNT Mode:

- All randomly selects a cell using a checkerboard pattern for efficiency.
- Switches to TARGET mode upon hitting a ship.

2. TARGET Mode:

- The Al targets adjacent cells to the last hit to sink the ship efficiently.
- Determines the ship's orientation after two consecutive hits (horizontal or vertical).
- o Prioritizes adjacent cells based on proximity and logical progression.

3.3. Scoring and Winning Mechanism

Real-Time Scoreboard:

Displays moves made and ships destroyed by both players.

• Game Completion:

- Declares a winner once all ships of one player are sunk.
- Displays final statistics, including the number of moves and ships destroyed by each player.

4. Challenges Faced

1. Al Complexity:

 Designing a robust AI that transitions smoothly between HUNT and TARGET modes while ensuring efficiency required careful debugging and optimization.

2. Board Visualization:

 Displaying two boards side by side with clear visual indicators for hits, misses, and ships required thoughtful design and formatting.

5. Results and Features

- Core Features:
 - Interactive gameplay with human vs. Al.
 - o Smart Al with strategic decision-making.
 - Real-time scoreboard for tracking moves and destroyed ships.
 - o Clear game completion mechanics with winner declaration.
- **Game Output Example**: During gameplay, the boards and scoreboard are displayed as follows:

Enter coordinate to attack (e.g., B6): d2 You missed.

Al attacks A3 Al hits your ship!

Al attacks B3
Al hits your ship!
Al sank your Cruiser!

Al attacks A5

Al missed.

Your		Board:											AI's Board:									
	Α	В	С	D	Ε	F	G	Н	Ι	J		Α	В	С	D	Ε	F	G	Н	I	J	
1	X	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ		0		0		1	0		•	0	0	0					
2	X	Χ	Χ	Х	0			0		0	2	0		•	0	0	0					
3	Χ	Χ	X	0	0		0		0		3	0			0	0	0				•	
4	X	Χ	Χ			0		0		0	4	0		•	0	0	0			Χ		
5	0						0	S	S		5	0			0	X	X			Χ	•	
6	•	0		0		0		0		0	6	0		•		0	0			0		
7			0		0				0		7	0			0	0	X			Χ	•	
8	•			0		0		0		0	8	0		•	0	0	0					
9							0				9					0	0			0	•	
10		0		0		0		0			10					Χ						

=== Scoreboard ===

Player Moves: 39 Ships Destroyed: 0 AI Moves: 47 Ships Destroyed: 4

6. Future Enhancements

1. Improved Al Strategy:

- Incorporate probability maps to predict ship locations in HUNT mode.
- Add machine learning for adaptive AI based on previous games.

2. Multiplayer Mode:

o Allow two human players to play against each other.

3. Enhanced Visualization:

 Implement a graphical user interface (GUI) for better interactivity and visuals.

4. Game Variations:

 Add variations like Salvo Mode (multiple shots per turn) and Fog of War (hidden boards).

7. Conclusion

The BattleC project successfully implements a challenging, interactive game of Battleship with a competitive AI opponent. By combining efficient algorithms, object-oriented design, and engaging gameplay mechanics, the project demonstrates the principles of software engineering and game development effectively.