

24. KEY HIGHLIGHTS

- 543 Parliamentary Constituencies.
- Total electors 71,69,85,101.
- Out of these male – 37,47,58,801 and female – 34,22,26,300.
- 8,070 Candidates contested.
- 7,514 male candidates contested (93.1 %).
- 556 women candidates contested (6.9 %).
- Maximum no. Of Candidates – 43 in Chennai South Constituency.
- Minimum no. Of Candidates – 3 kokrajhar (Assam) and Nagaland Constituencies.
- Maximum Electors – 11,60,06,374 in Uttar Pradesh.
- Minimum Electors – 45,983 in Lakshadweep.
- Voter Turnout - All India – 58.19%.
- Voter Turnout – Maximum 90.32% in Tamluk, West Bengal.
- Voter Turnout - Minimum 25.55% in Srinagar, Jammu & Kashmir.
- Maximum Votes Polled by a Candidate – 8,32,224 C.M. CHANG (Nagaland).
- Minimum Votes Polled by a Candidate – 118 by RAJA L.D (Chennai South).
- Number of Polling Station setup – 8,34,919.
- Highest Polling Station was at Auleyphu (Leh AC) under Ladakh PC at 15,300 Ft.
- Number of observers deployed – 2,046.
- Number of micro observers deployed – 1,39,284.
- Polling Staff deployed – 46,90,575.
- Number of Control units utilized – 9,08,643.
- Number of ballot units – 11,83,543.
- Number of video graphers deployed – 74,729.
- Number of digital camera deployed – 40,599.
- 119 special trains comprising 3060 coaches used for transporting CPF personnel.
- 55 helicopters were deployed who performed more than 600 sorties.
- In 645 polling stations repoll/adjourned poll were ordered.
- 86,782 villages/hamlets were identified under vulnerability mapping.
- 3,73,861 persons were booked under various preventive sections.
- 79 PCs were identified as Naxal affected.
- 1,18,604 polling stations had a higher deployment of security personnel.
- Out of the 1623 candidates fielded by national parties 376 won.
- Out of 394 candidates fielded by state parties 146 won.
- Out of 2222 candidates of un-recognized registered parties 12 won.
- Out of 3831 independent candidates 9 won.