

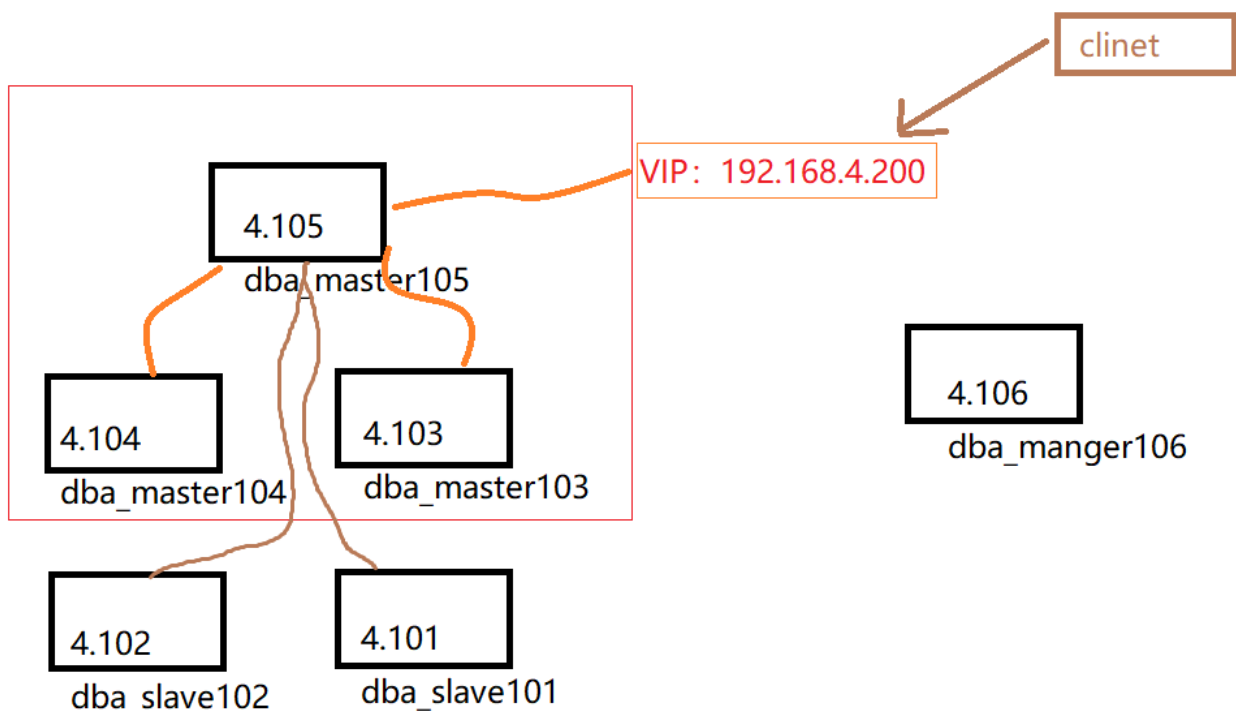
# 部署MySQL高可用集群（MHA软件+主从同步实现）

## 介绍：

**作用：**高可用集群采用的是主备模式，当主角色的主机宕机后，备用主机自动接替主角色的主机提供服务给客户端，实现数据库的热备。

## 一、操作步骤

### 1. 拓扑图体现



### 2. 配置系统基本环境

#### 2.1.1 配置ip地址，设置主机名

```
host1 ]# nmcli connection modify eth0 ipv4.method manual ipv4.addresses
192.168.4.101/24 connection.autoconnect yes //配置ip地址
host1 ]# nmcli connection up eth0 //激活网卡
host1 ]# hostnamectl set-hostname dba_slave101.a.com //设置主机名
```

```
host2 ]# nmcli connection modify eth0 ipv4.method manual ipv4.addresses
192.168.4.102/24 connection.autoconnect yes
host2 ]# nmcli connection up eth0
host2 ]# hostnamectl set-hostname dba_slave102.a.com
```

```
host3 ]# nmcli connection modify eth0 ipv4.method manual ipv4.addresses
192.168.4.103/24 connection.autoconnect yes
host3 ]# nmcli connection up eth0
host3 ]# hostnamectl set-hostname dba_master103.a.com
```

```
host4 ]# nmcli connection modify eth0 ipv4.method manual ipv4.addresses
192.168.4.104/24 connection.autoconnect yes
host4 ]# nmcli connection up eth0
host4 ]# hostnamectl set-hostname dba_master104.a.com
```

```
host5 ]# nmcli connection modify eth0 ipv4.method manual ipv4.addresses
192.168.4.105/24 connection.autoconnect yes
host5 ]# nmcli connection up eth0
host5 ]# hostnamectl set-hostname dba_master105.a.com
```

```
host6 ]# nmcli connection modify eth0 ipv4.method manual ipv4.addresses
192.168.4.106/24 connection.autoconnect yes
host6 ]# nmcli connection up eth0
host6 ]# hostnamectl set-hostname dba_manager106.a.com
```

### 2.2.1 配置安全防护策略

```
dba_master104 ]# systemctl disable firewalld.service //关闭防火墙
dba_master104 ]# sed -i s/SELINUX=enforcing/SELINUX=disabled/ /etc/selinux/config
//关闭selinux，但是需要重启才能生效
```

### 2.3.1 配置服务器之间ssh免密登录

```
dba_master104 ]# ssh-keygen //创建ssh密钥
dba_master104 ]# for i in {101..105};; do ssh-copy-id root@192.168.4.$i;
done //将密钥传送到几台客户机，101-105的机器都需要做这样的操作
```

### 2.4.1 配置yum仓库

```

dba_slave101 ~]# yum-config-manager --add ftp://192.168.4.254/rhel7 //创建yum源
dba_slave101 ~]# echo gpgcheck=0 >> /etc/yum.repos.d/192.168.4.254_rhel7.repo
dba_slave101 ~]# yum clean all
dba_slave101 ~]# yum repolist

```

### 3. 搭建数据库环境以及授权

#### 3.1.1 安装mysql, 修改MySQL的密码为123456, 以下操作需要在101-105都操作。

```

dba_slave101 ~]# tar xvf mysql-5.7.17-1.el7.x86_64.rpm-bundle.tar //解压软件包
dba_slave101 ~]# rm -rf mysql-community-server-minimal-5.7.17-1.el7.x86_64.rpm //删除冲突包, minimal版MySQL
dba_slave101 ~]# yum install perl-JSON //安装MySQL需要的依赖包
dba_slave101 ~]# rpm -ivh mysql-community-*.rpm //安装MySQL
dba_slave101 ~]# systemctl start mysqld //启动MySQL服务
dba_slave101 ~]# a=`grep 'temporary password' /var/log/mysqld.log | awk -F'localhost: ' '{print $2}'`; mysql -uroot -p$a //MySQL5.7的数据库初始密码会放在日志文件里面, 需要查找出来, 直接将结果给到启动进入MySQL

mysql> set global validate_password_policy=0; //只验证长度, 不验证密码复杂性
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

```

```

mysql> set global validate_password_length=6; //修改密码长度, 默认值是8个字符
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

```

```

mysql> alter user user() identified by "123456"; //修改登录密码
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

```

#### 3.2.1 数据库授权;

在主机105 104 103 检查是否有同步数据的用户 repluser

```
mysql> show grants for repluser@"%";
```

在主机101~105 做如下授权

```
mysql> grant all on *.* to root@"%" identified by "123456";
```

```

在主机101~105 做如下设置
mysql> set global relay_log_purge=off;    //禁止自动删除sql日志

```

### 3.2.2 主放权，所有从同步主master105；

```

dba_master105 ~]# vim /etc/my.cnf
    plugin-load = "rpl_semi_sync_master=semisync_master.so;rpl_semi_sync_slave=semisync_slave.so"
    rpl-semi-sync-master-enabled = 1
    rpl-semi-sync-slave-enabled = 1
    server_id=105      // 指定服务器id好
    log-bin=master51   //启用binlog日志，设置日志名
    binlog-format="mixed" //指定日志格式

```

```

dba_master105 ~]# systemctl restart mysqld
dba_master105 ~]# mysql -uroot -p123456
mysql> grant replication slave on *.* to repluser@"%" identified by '123qqq...A';
//设置同步复制的授权用户
Query OK, 0 rows affected, 1 warning (0.00 sec)

```

```

mysql> show master status\G    //查看master状态
***** 1. row *****
      File: master51.000001    //日志名
      Position: 154          //偏移量
      Binlog_Do_DB:
      Binlog_Ignore_DB:
      Executed_Gtid_Set:
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

```

```

dba_master104 ~]# vim /etc/my.cnf
    plugin-load = "rpl_semi_sync_master=semisync_master.so;rpl_semi_sync_slave=semisync_slave.so"
    rpl-semi-sync-master-enabled = 1
    rpl-semi-sync-slave-enabled = 1
    server_id=104
    log-bin=master41
    binlog-format="mixed"
dba_master104 ~]# systemctl restart mysqld
dba_master104 ~]# mysql -uroot -p123456
mysql> grant replication slave on *.* to repluser@"%" identified by '123qqq...A';
mysql> change master to master_host="192.168.4.105",master_user="repluser",master_password="123qqq...A",master_log_file="master51.000001",master_log_pos=154; //设置同步的主库
Query OK, 0 rows affected, 2 warnings (0.27 sec)
mysql> start slave; //开启从库复制模式
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> show slave status\G
***** 1. row *****
      Slave_IO_State: Waiting for master to send event
      Master_Host: 192.168.4.105
      Master_User: repluser
      Master_Port: 3306
      Connect_Retry: 60
      Master_Log_File: master51.000001
      Read_Master_Log_Pos: 154
      Relay_Log_File: dba_master104-relay-bin.000002
      Relay_Log_Pos: 319
      Relay_Master_Log_File: master51.000001
      Slave_IO_Running: Yes
      Slave_SQL_Running: Yes
      .....
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

```

```

dba_master103 ~]# vim /etc/my.cnf
    plugin-load = "rpl_semi_sync_master=semisync_master.so;rpl_semi_sync_slave=semisync_slave.so"
    rpl-semi-sync-master-enabled = 1
    rpl-semi-sync-slave-enabled = 1
    server_id=103
    log-bin=master31
    binlog-format="mixed"
dba_master103 ~]# systemctl restart mysqld
dba_master103 ~]# mysql -uroot -p123456
mysql> grant replication slave on *.* to repluser@"%" identified by '123qqq...A';
mysql> change master to master_host="192.168.4.105",master_user="repluser",master_password="123qqq...A",master_log_file="master51.000001",master_log_pos=154;
Query OK, 0 rows affected, 2 warnings (0.31 sec)
mysql> start slave;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
mysql> show slave status \G
***** 1. row *****
      Slave_IO_State: Waiting for master to send event
      Master_Host: 192.168.4.105
      Master_User: repluser
      Master_Port: 3306
      Connect_Retry: 60
      Master_Log_File: master51.000001
      Read_Master_Log_Pos: 154
      Relay_Log_File: dba_master103-relay-bin.000002
      Relay_Log_Pos: 319
      Relay_Master_Log_File: master51.000001
      Slave_IO_Running: Yes
      Slave_SQL_Running: Yes
      .....
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

```

```
dba_slave102 ~]# vim /etc/my.cnf
server_id=102
dba_slave102 ~]# systemctl restart mysqld
dba_slave102 ~]# mysql -uroot -p123456
mysql> change master to master_host="192.168.4.105",master_user="repluser",m
aster_password="123qqq...A",master_log_file="master51.000001",master_log_pos
=154;
Query OK, 0 rows affected, 2 warnings (0.46 sec)
mysql> start slave;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)
mysql> show slave status \G
***** 1. row *****
Slave_IO_State: Waiting for master to send event
Master_Host: 192.168.4.105
Master_User: repluser
Master_Port: 3306
Connect_Retry: 60
Master_Log_File: master51.000001
Read_Master_Log_Pos: 154
Relay_Log_File: dba_slave102-relay-bin.000002
Relay_Log_Pos: 319
Relay_Master_Log_File: master51.000001
Slave_IO_Running: Yes
Slave_SQL_Running: Yes
.....
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```

dba_slave101 ~]# vim /etc/my.cnf
server_id=101
dba_slave101 ~]# systemctl restart mysqld
dba_slave101 ~]# mysql -uroot -p123456
mysql> change master to master_host="192.168.4.105",master_user="repluser",m
aster_password="123qqq...A",master_log_file="master51.000001",master_log_pos
=154;
Query OK, 0 rows affected, 2 warnings (0.46 sec)
mysql> start slave;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)
mysql> show slave status \G
***** 1. row *****
Slave_IO_State: Waiting for master to send event
Master_Host: 192.168.4.105
Master_User: repluser
Master_Port: 3306
Connect_Retry: 60
Master_Log_File: master51.000001
Read_Master_Log_Pos: 154
Relay_Log_File: dba_slave101-relay-bin.000002
Relay_Log_Pos: 319
Relay_Master_Log_File: master51.000001
Slave_IO_Running: Yes
Slave_SQL_Running: Yes
.....
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

```

## 4. 配置mha高可用数据库集群

### 4.1 安装mha需要的perl环境包



## 4.101-4.105 全部安装

```
cd mha-soft-student/
yum -y install perl-*.rpm
yum -y install perl-DBD-mysql
rpm -ivh mha4mysql-node-0.56-0.el6.noarch.rpm //安装mha的node软件包
```

## 106管理机安装

```
dba_manager106 ~]# cd mha-soft-student/
dba_manager106 ~]# yum -y install perl-*.rpm
dba_manager106 ~]# yum -y install perl-DBD-mysql
dba_manager106 ~]# rpm -ivh mha4mysql-node-0.56-0.el6.noarch.rpm //管理机
切记需要先安装mah-node再装manager，否则会报错。
dba_manager106 ~]# yum -y install perl-ExtUtils-* perl-CPAN*
dba_manager106 ~]# tar -zxvf mha4mysql-manager-0.56.tar.gz
dba_manager106 ~]# cd mha4mysql-manager-0.56/
dba_manager106 ~]# perl Makefile.PL
dba_manager106 ~]# make
dba_manager106 ~]# make install
dba_manager106 ~]# cp bin/* /usr/local/bin/ //将命令文件拷贝到系统，默认已经有的
dba_manager106 ~]# mkdir /etc/mha_manager //创建目录来存放管理文件
dba_manager106 ~]# cp samples/conf/appl.cnf /etc/mha_manager/ //拷贝主配置文件
dba_manager106 ~]# cp samples/scripts/master_ip_failover /usr/local/bin/
//复制故障转移文件

dba_manager106 ~]# vim /etc/mha_manager/appl.cnf
[server default]
manager_workdir=/etc/mha_manager //指定mha管理服务目录
manager_log=/etc/mha_manager/manager.log //指定管理服务产生的日志文件
路径
master_ip_failover_script=/usr/local/bin/master_ip_failover //指定故障转移脚本

ssh_user=root //系统账号
ssh_port=22 //系统端口
repl_user=repluser //同步账号
repl_password=123qqq...A //同步密码
user=root //mysql登录账号
password=123456 //MySQL登录密码

[server1]
hostname=192.168.4.105
candidate_master=1 //主数据库1

[server2]
hostname=192.168.4.104
candidate_master=1

[server3]
hostname=192.168.4.103
candidate_master=1
```

```
[server4]
hostname=192.168.4.102
no_master=1    //不做主的数据库1

[server5]
hostname=192.168.4.101
no_master=1
```

```
dba_manager106 ~]# vim /usr/local/bin/master_ip_failover    //故障转移脚本主
要就是定义虚拟ip跟关闭虚拟ip接口
my $vip = '192.168.4.200/24'; # Virtual IP
my $key = "1";
my $ssh_start_vip = "/sbin/ifconfig eth0:$key $vip";
my $ssh_stop_vip = "/sbin/ifconfig eth0:$key down";
dba_manager106 ~]# ifconfig eth0:1 192.168.4.100/24
```

## 5. 测试环节

```
dba_manager106 ~]# masterha_check_ssh --conf=/etc/mha_manager/appl.cnf    //
测试ssh免密登录情况
Tue Aug 28 15:53:05 2018 - [info] All SSH connection tests passed successful
ly.
```

```
dba_manager106 ~]# masterha_check_repl --conf=/etc/mha_manager/appl.cnf    //
测试repl同步情况是否正常
Tue Aug 28 17:23:21 2018 - [warning] master_ip_failover_script is not define
d.
Tue Aug 28 17:23:21 2018 - [warning] shutdown_script is not defined.
Tue Aug 28 17:23:21 2018 - [info] Got exit code 0 (Not master dead).
MySQL Replication Health is OK.
```

```
dba_manager106 ~]# masterha_manager --conf=/etc/mha_manager/appl.cnf    </de
v/null >/data/mha/mag.log 2>&1 &    //开启mha服务器并运行到后台，如果不运行
到后台将会占用一个终端不能关闭
dba_manager106 ~]# masterha_check_status --conf=/etc/mha_manager/appl.cnf
//检查mha状态
appl (pid:14817) is running(0:PING_OK), master:192.168.4.105
```

## 6. 错误以及排错方法

## 6.1 masterha\_check\_repl --conf=/etc/mha\_manager/app1.cnf 检测错误

### 6.1.1、xxx原因报错

```
[root@mgm56 ~]# masterha_check_repl --conf=/etc/mha_manager/app1.cnf
Sat Aug 25 18:59:14 2018 - [warning] Global configuration file /etc/masterha_default.cnf not found. Skipping.
Sat Aug 25 18:59:14 2018 - [info] Reading application default configuration from /etc/mha_manager/app1.cnf..
Sat Aug 25 18:59:14 2018 - [info] Reading server configuration from /etc/mha_manager/app1.cnf..
Sat Aug 25 18:59:14 2018 - [info] MHA::MasterMonitor version 0.56.
Sat Aug 25 18:59:14 2018 - [error] [/usr/local/share/perl5/MHA/ServerManager.pm, ln301] Got MySQL error when connecting 192.168.4.63(192.168.4.63:3306) :1045:Access denied for user 'root'@'192.168.4.66' (using password: YES), but this is not a MySQL crash. Check MySQL server settings.
at /usr/local/share/perl5/MHA/ServerManager.pm line 297.
Sat Aug 25 18:59:14 2018 - [error] [/usr/local/share/perl5/MHA/ServerManager.pm, ln301] Got MySQL error when connecting 192.168.4.61(192.168.4.61:3306) :1045:Access denied for user 'root'@'192.168.4.66' (using password: YES), but this is not a MySQL crash. Check MySQL server settings.
at /usr/local/share/perl5/MHA/ServerManager.pm line 297.
Sat Aug 25 18:59:14 2018 - [error] [/usr/local/share/perl5/MHA/ServerManager.pm, ln301] Got MySQL error when connecting 192.168.4.64(192.168.4.64:3306) :1045:Access denied for user 'root'@'192.168.4.66' (using password: YES), but this is not a MySQL crash. Check MySQL server settings.
at /usr/local/share/perl5/MHA/ServerManager.pm line 297.
Sat Aug 25 18:59:14 2018 - [error] [/usr/local/share/perl5/MHA/ServerManager.pm, ln301] Got MySQL error when connecting 192.168.4.65(192.168.4.65:3306) :1045:Access denied for user 'root'@'192.168.4.66' (using password: YES), but this is not a MySQL crash. Check MySQL server settings.
at /usr/local/share/perl5/MHA/ServerManager.pm line 297.
Sat Aug 25 18:59:14 2018 - [error] [/usr/local/share/perl5/MHA/ServerManager.pm, ln301] Got MySQL error when connecting 192.168.4.62(192.168.4.62:3306) :1045:Access denied for user 'root'@'192.168.4.66' (using password: YES), but this is not a MySQL crash. Check MySQL server settings.
at /usr/local/share/perl5/MHA/ServerManager.pm line 297.
Sat Aug 25 18:59:15 2018 - [error] [/usr/local/share/perl5/MHA/ServerManager.pm, ln309] Got fatal error, stopping operations
Sat Aug 25 18:59:15 2018 - [error] [/usr/local/share/perl5/MHA/MasterMonitor.pm, ln424] Error happened on checking configurations. at /usr/local/share/perl5/MHA/MasterMonitor.pm line 326.
Sat Aug 25 18:59:15 2018 - [error] [/usr/local/share/perl5/MHA/MasterMonitor.pm, ln523] Error happened on monitoring servers.
Sat Aug 25 18:59:15 2018 - [info] Got exit code 1 (Not master dead).
MySQL Replication Health is NOT OK!
```

6.1.1 解决思路就是，重新来一遍。哈哈^\_^

6.1.2、mysql的授权其他机器远程访问的权限没有设置好。