```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <omp.h>
#include <climits>
using namespace std;
void min_reduction(vector<int>& arr) {
int min_value = INT_MAX;
#pragma omp parallel for reduction(min: min_value)
for (int i = 0; i < arr.size(); i++) {
if (arr[i] < min_value) {</pre>
min_value = arr[i];
}
cout << "Minimum value: " << min_value << endl;</pre>
}
void max_reduction(vector<int>& arr) {
int max_value = INT_MIN;
#pragma omp parallel for reduction(max: max_value)
for (int i = 0; i < arr.size(); i++) {
if (arr[i] > max_value) {
max_value = arr[i];
}
}
cout << "Maximum value: " << max_value << endl;</pre>
void sum_reduction(vector<int>& arr) {
```

```
int sum = 0;
#pragma omp parallel for reduction(+: sum)
for (int i = 0; i < arr.size(); i++) {
sum += arr[i];
}
cout << "Sum: " << sum << endl;
}
void average_reduction(vector<int>& arr) {
int sum = 0;
#pragma omp parallel for reduction(+: sum)
for (int i = 0; i < arr.size(); i++) {
sum += arr[i];
}
cout << "Average: " << (double)sum / arr.size() << endl;</pre>
int main() {
vector<int> arr = {5, 2, 9, 1, 7, 6, 8, 3, 4};
min_reduction(arr);
max_reduction(arr);
sum_reduction(arr);
average_reduction(arr);
bubble sort
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
```

```
#include <omp.h>
using namespace std;
void bubble_sort_odd_even(vector<int>& arr) {
bool isSorted = false;
while (!isSorted) {
isSorted = true;
#pragma omp parallel for
for (int i = 0; i < arr.size() - 1; i += 2) {
if (arr[i] > arr[i + 1]) {
swap(arr[i], arr[i + 1]);
isSorted = false;
}
}
#pragma omp parallel for
for (int i = 1; i < arr.size() - 1; i += 2) {
if (arr[i] > arr[i + 1]) {
swap(arr[i], arr[i + 1]);
isSorted = false;
}
}
int main() {
vector<int> arr = {5, 2, 9, 1, 7, 6, 8, 3, 4};
double start, end;
// Measure performance of parallel bubble sort using odd-
//even transposition
```

```
start = omp_get_wtime();
bubble_sort_odd_even(arr);
end = omp_get_wtime();
cout << "Parallel bubble sort using odd-even transposition time: " << end - start << endl;</pre>
}
merge sort
include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <omp.h>
using namespace std;
void merge(vector<int>& arr, int I, int m, int r) {
    int i, j, k;
    int n1 = m - l + 1;
    int n2 = r - m;
    vector<int> L(n1), R(n2);
    for (i = 0; i < n1; i++) {
         L[i] = arr[l + i];
    }
    for (j = 0; j < n2; j++) {
         R[j] = arr[m + 1 + j];
    }
    i = 0;
    j = 0;
    k = I;
    while (i < n1 \&\& j < n2) {
```

```
if (L[i] \le R[j]) {
             arr[k++] = L[i++];
         } else {
             arr[k++] = R[j++];
         }
    }
}
void merge_sort(vector<int>& arr, int I, int r) {
    if (l < r) {
         int m = I + (r - I) / 2;
#pragma omp task
         merge_sort(arr, I, m);
#pragma omp task
         merge_sort(arr, m + 1, r);
         merge(arr, I, m, r);
    }
}
void parallel_merge_sort(vector<int>& arr) {
#pragma omp parallel
    {
#pragma omp single
         merge_sort(arr, 0, arr.size() - 1);
    }
}
int main() {
    vector<int> arr = {5, 2, 9, 1, 7, 6, 8, 3, 4};
    double start, end;
    // Measure performance of sequential merge sort
    start = omp_get_wtime();
```

```
merge_sort(arr, 0, arr.size() - 1);
    end = omp_get_wtime();
    cout << "Sequential merge sort time: " << end - start <<endl;</pre>
    // Measure performance of parallel merge sort
    arr = {5, 2, 9, 1, 7, 6, 8, 3, 4};
    start = omp_get_wtime();
    parallel_merge_sort(arr);
    end = omp_get_wtime();
    cout << "Parallel merge sort time: " << end - start <<endl;</pre>
    }
bfs
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <queue>
#include <omp.h>
using namespace std;
const int MAXN = 1e5;
vector<int> adj[MAXN + 5]; // adjacency list
bool visited[MAXN + 5]; // mark visited nodes
void bfs(int start_node) {
  queue<int> queue;
  queue.push(start_node);
  while (!queue.empty()) {
```

```
int current_node = queue.front();
     queue.pop();
     if (!visited[current_node]) {
       visited[current_node] = true;
       cout << "Visited node: " << current_node << endl;</pre>
       #pragma omp parallel for
       for (int i = 0; i < adj[current_node].size(); i++) {</pre>
         int next_node = adj[current_node][i];
         if (!visited[next_node]) {
           #pragma omp critical
           queue.push(next_node);
         }
       }
    }
  }
}
int main() {
  cout << "Please enter the number of nodes: ";</pre>
  int n; // number of nodes
  cin >> n;
  cout << "Please enter the number of edges: ";</pre>
  int m; // number of edges
  cin >> m;
  for (int i = 1; i \le m; i++) {
```

```
cout << "Enter edge " << i << ": ";
    int u, v; // edge between u and v
    cin >> u >> v;
    adj[u].push_back(v);
    adj[v].push_back(u);
  }
  cout << "Enter the starting node of BFS: ";</pre>
  int start_node; // start node of BFS
  cin >> start_node;
  bfs(start_node);
  return 0;
}
dfs
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <stack>
#include <omp.h>
using namespace std;
const int MAXN = 1e5;
vector<int> adj[MAXN + 5]; // adjacency list
bool visited[MAXN + 5]; // mark visited nodes
```

```
void dfs(int start_node) {
  stack<int> stack;
  stack.push(start_node);
  while (!stack.empty()) {
    int current_node = stack.top();
    stack.pop();
    if (!visited[current_node]) {
       visited[current_node] = true;
       cout << "Visited node: " << current_node << endl;</pre>
       #pragma omp parallel for
       for (int i = 0; i < adj[current_node].size(); i++) {</pre>
         int next_node = adj[current_node][i];
         if (!visited[next_node]) {
           #pragma omp critical
           stack.push(next_node);
         }
       }
    }
 }
}
int main() {
  cout << "Please enter the number of nodes: ";</pre>
  int n; // number of nodes
  cin >> n;
```

```
cout << "Please enter the number of edges: ";</pre>
int m; // number of edges
cin >> m;
for (int i = 1; i <= m; i++) {
  cout << "Enter edge " << i << ": ";
  int u, v; // edge between u and v
  cin >> u >> v;
  adj[u].push_back(v);
  adj[v].push_back(u);
}
cout << "Enter the starting node of DFS: ";</pre>
int start_node; // start node of DFS
cin >> start_node;
dfs(start_node);
return 0;
```

#Assignment 1: Linear regression by using Deep Neural network: Implement Boston housing price prediction problem by Linear regression using Deep Neural network. Use Boston House price prediction dataset.

```
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense,Flatten
from sklearn import preprocessing
(X_train, y_train), (X_test, y_test) = keras.datasets.boston_housing.load_data(
print("Training data shape:", X train.shape)
print("Testing data shape:", X test.shape)
print("Train output data shape:",y train.shape)
print("Actual Test output data shape:",y test.shape)
X train[0]
y train[0]
y train
## Normalize the data
X train=preprocessing.normalize(X train)
X train
X train[0]
X train[1]
```

```
X test=preprocessing.normalize(X test)
X test
X test[0]
y test[0]
## Model Building
X train[0].shape
model=Sequential()
model.add(Dense(128,activation='relu',input shape= X train[0].shape))
model.add(Dense(64, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(32,activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(1))
model.summary()
model.compile(loss='mse',optimizer='rmsprop',metrics=['mae'])
history=
model.fit(X train, y train, epochs=100, batch size=1, verbose=1, validation dat
a=(X test, y test))
test input=[(0.0024119, 0. , 0.01592969, 0. , 0.00105285,
       0.01201967, 0.17945359, 0.00778265, 0.00782786, 0.6007879,
       0.04109624, 0.77671895, 0.03663436)]
print("Actual output:15.2")
print("Predicted Output:", model.predict(test input))
test input=[(4.07923050e-05, 1.54587284e-01, 3.80378407e-03,
0.00000000e+00,
       7.77620881e-04, 1.42595058e-02, 2.94184285e-02, 1.17486336e-02,
       3.74757051e-03, 6.52077269e-01, 2.75446433e-02, 7.40857215e-01,
       5.82747215e-03)]
print("Actual output:42.3")
print("Predicted Output:", model.predict(test input))
```

```
y_pred=model.predict(X_test)
```

y\_pred

```
from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
r2_score(y_test,y_pred)
```