Exercise 1

Hou, Jue

014695647

[jue.hou@helsinki.f](mailto:jue.hou@gmail.com)i

1. Activation functions
   1. ReLU

When it comes to , the result of the derivative of ReLU is always 1. When it comes to , the result of the derivative of ReLU is always 0. It will cause some problem if the derivative equals to zero. So, according to some online literature, it is usually use a very small value (e.g. 0.0000001) instead of 0 in practise. Or we can use some approximation function. For example, , where the bigger k, the better approximation.

1. Forming neural networks

-1

0

0

-1

1

1

0

1

1

0

1

0

0

1

-2

1

ReLU

ReLU