

# class05.R

Hyeonseok

2021-10-13

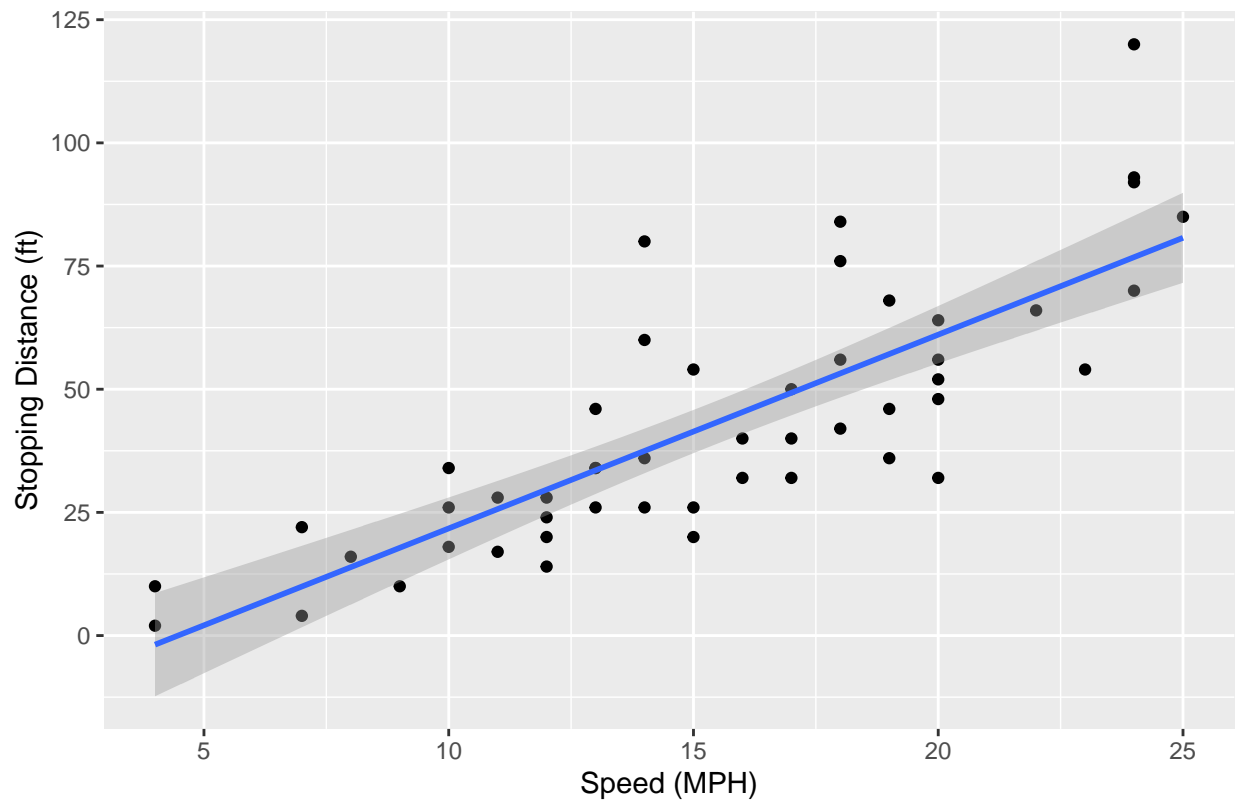
```
# Class 05: Data Visualization  
  
# Today we are going to use ggplot2 package  
  
# First we need to load the package!  
# install.packages("ggplot2")  
library(ggplot2)  
  
# we will use this inbuilt "cars" dataset first  
head(cars)
```

```
##   speed dist  
## 1     4    2  
## 2     4   10  
## 3     7    4  
## 4     7   22  
## 5     8   16  
## 6     9   10
```

```
# All ggplots have at least 3 layers,  
# data + aes + geoms  
ggplot(data=cars) +  
  aes(x=speed, y=dist) +  
  geom_point() +  
  geom_smooth(method="lm") +  
  labs(title="Stopping Distance of Old Cars",  
        x="Speed (MPH)",  
        y="Stopping Distance (ft)")
```

```
## 'geom_smooth()' using formula 'y ~ x'
```

## Stopping Distance of Old Cars



*# Side-note: ggplot is not the only graphics system*  
*# a very popular one is good old "base" R graphics*

```
url <- "https://bioboot.github.io/bimm143_S20/class-material/up_down_expression.txt"
genes <- read.delim(url)
head(genes)
```

```
##      Gene Condition1 Condition2      State
## 1   A4GNT -3.6808610 -3.4401355  unchanging
## 2   AAAS  4.5479580  4.3864126  unchanging
## 3  AASDH  3.7190695  3.4787276  unchanging
## 4   AATF  5.0784720  5.0151916  unchanging
## 5   AATK  0.4711421  0.5598642  unchanging
## 6 AB015752.4 -3.6808610 -3.5921390  unchanging
```

*# Q. How many genes are in the dataset?*  
nrow(genes)

```
## [1] 5196
```

*# Q. How many columns are in the dataset?*  
colnames(genes)

```
## [1] "Gene"      "Condition1" "Condition2" "State"
```

```
ncol(genes)
```

```
## [1] 4
```

```
# Q. How many genes are "up"?
```

```
table(genes$State)
```

```
##
```

```
##      down  unchanged      up
```

```
##      72      4997      127
```

```
# Q. What % are up?
```

```
round(table(genes$State)/nrow(genes)*100, 2)
```

```
##
```

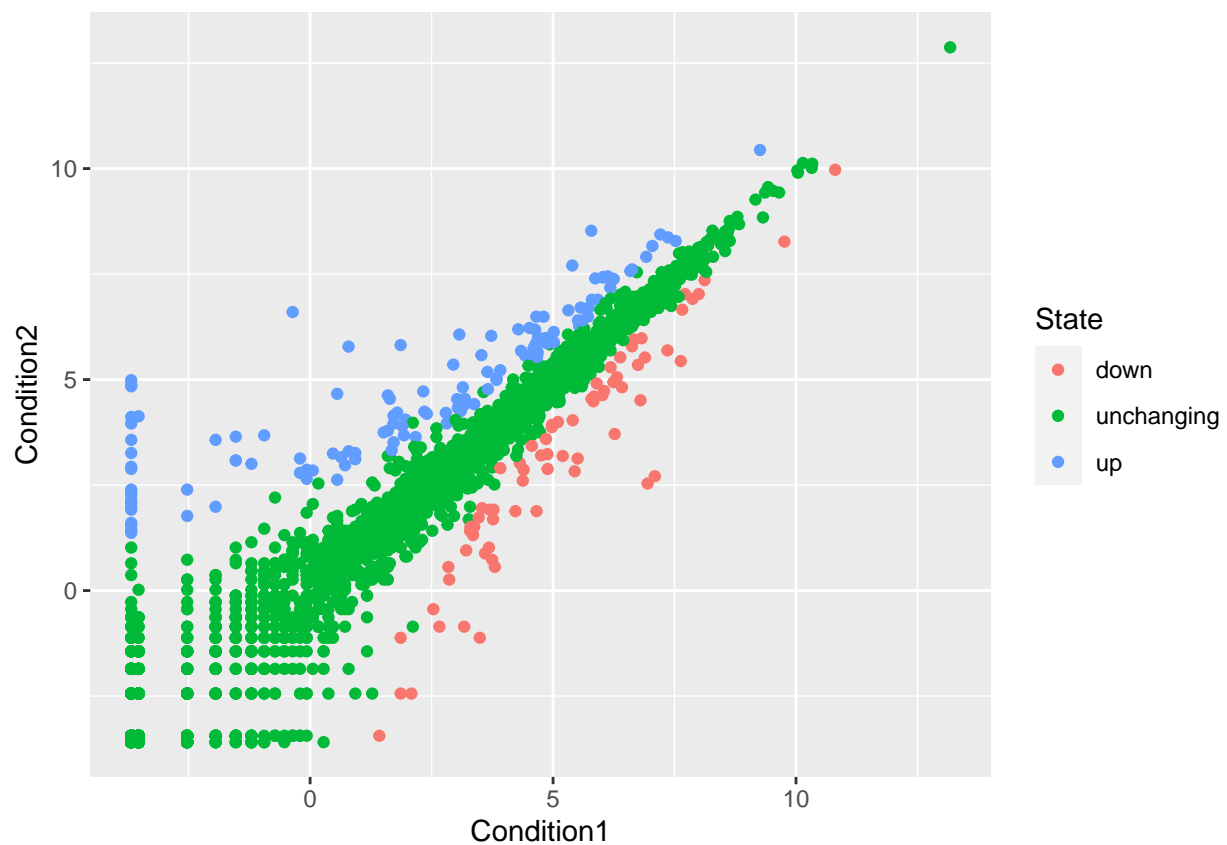
```
##      down  unchanged      up
```

```
##      1.39      96.17      2.44
```

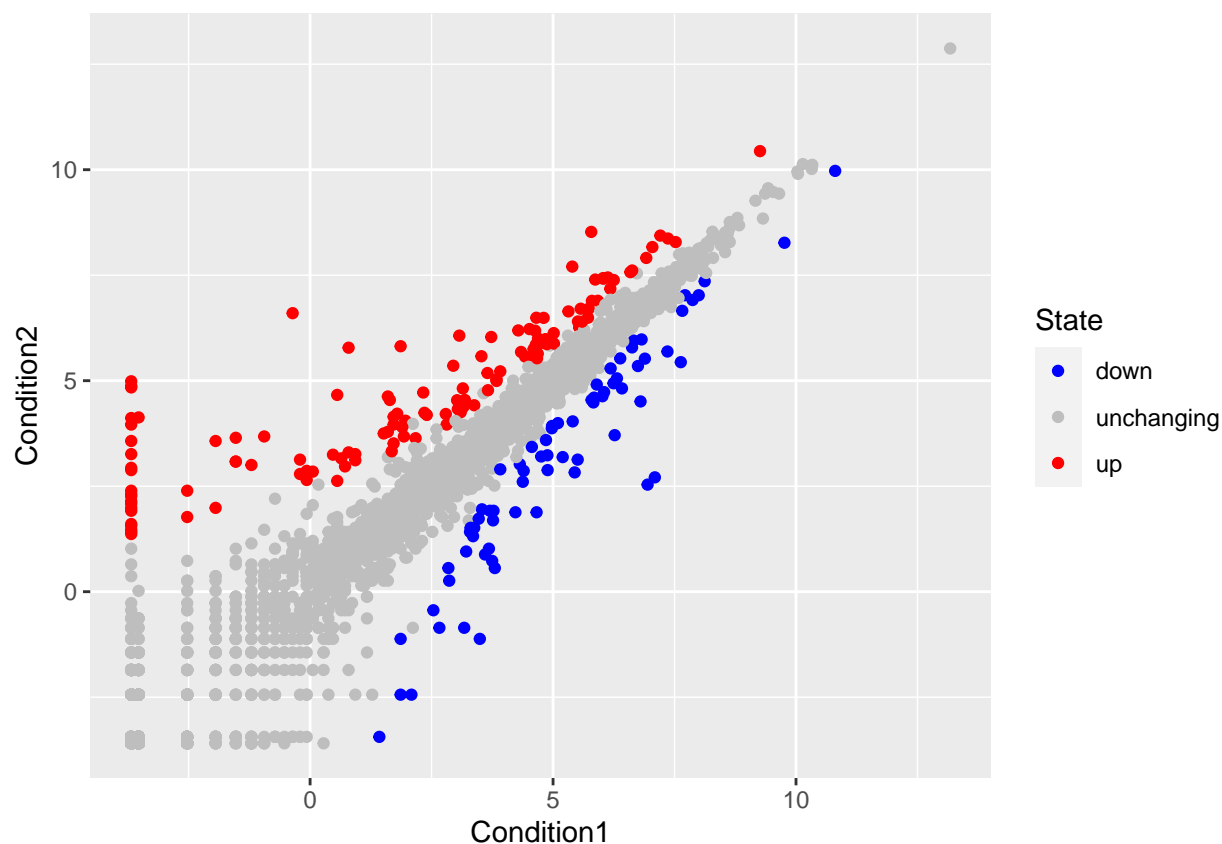
```
# Lets make a figure
```

```
p <- ggplot(genes) +  
  aes(x=Condition1, y=Condition2, col=State) +  
  geom_point()
```

```
p
```



```
# I like it but not the default colors, lets change them
p + scale_colour_manual(values=c("blue","gray","red"))
```

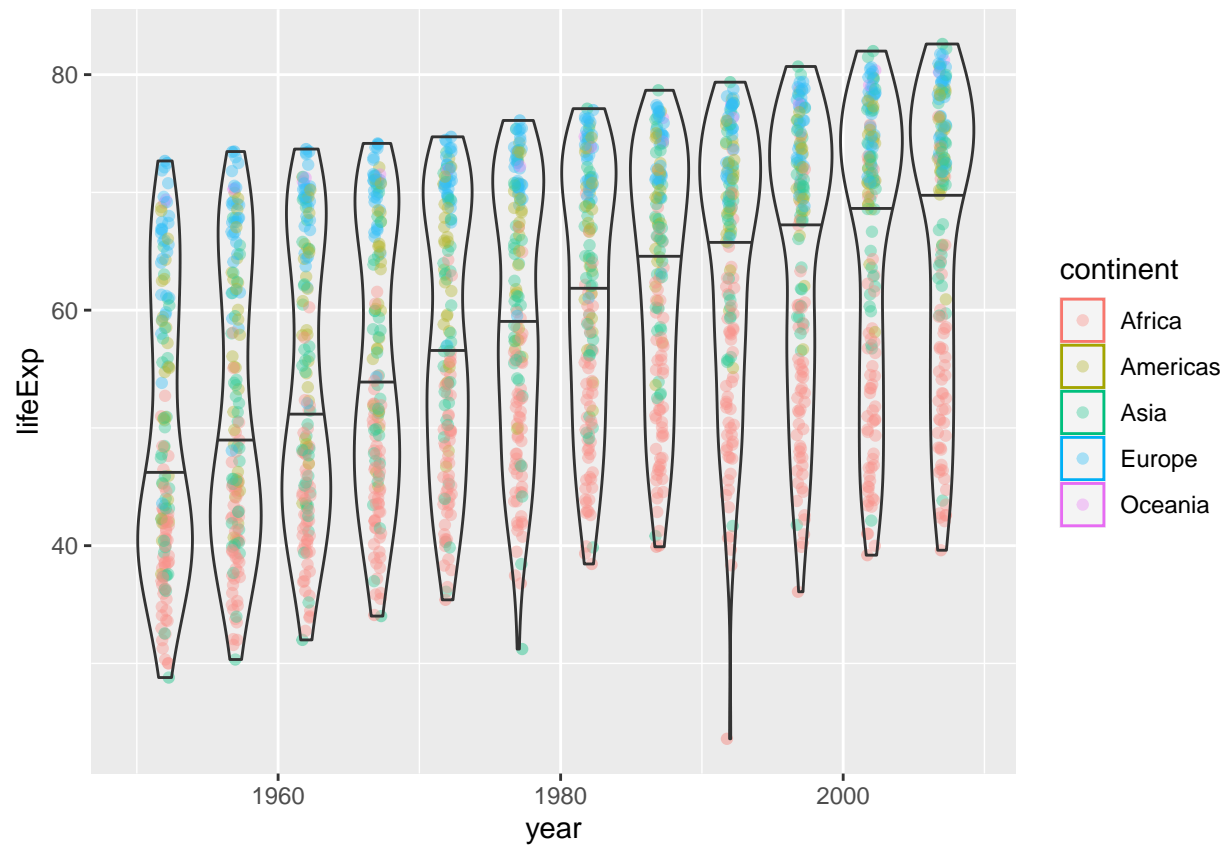


```
# I will give a title to the plot,
# and change the names of x-axis and y-axis
p <- p +
  labs(title="Gene Expression Changes Upon Drug Treatment",
        x="Control (no drug)",
        y="Drug Treatment")

# Lets explore the gapminder dataset
# install.packages("gapminder")
library(gapminder)
head(gapminder)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 6
##   country    continent  year lifeExp      pop gdpPercap
##   <fct>      <fct>    <int>  <dbl>    <int>    <dbl>
## 1 Afghanistan Asia      1952   28.8  8425333    779.
## 2 Afghanistan Asia      1957   30.3  9240934    821.
## 3 Afghanistan Asia      1962   32.0 10267083    853.
## 4 Afghanistan Asia      1967   34.0 11537966    836.
## 5 Afghanistan Asia      1972   36.1 13079460    740.
## 6 Afghanistan Asia      1977   38.4 14880372    786.
```

```
# Lets make a new plot of year vs lifeExp
ggplot(gapminder) +
  aes(x=year, y=lifeExp, col=continent) +
  geom_jitter(width=0.3, alpha=0.4) +
  geom_violin(aes(group=year), alpha=0.2,
             draw_quantiles = 0.5)
```



```
# Install the plotly
# install.packages("plotly")
# library(plotly)
# ggplotly()
```