## ME41055 Multibody Dynamics B

Spring Term 2019

## Homework Assignment 2 (HW2)

Redo Homework Assignment 1a–1d but now by using the systematic approach by means of the application of the Virtual Power Method and Lagrangian Multipliers. In doing this you will have to define, among other things, the constraints according to  $C_k(x_i) = 0$  and differentiate these. You should take extra care in this differentiation. Be sure that your expressions are correct, preferably use symbolic software like the Symbolic Toolbox in Matlab. An example is readily available on Brightspace.

- a: Derive the equations of motion and the joint constraint equations using the systematic approach.
- b,c,d: Solve for the accelerations of the center of mass of the two bodies together with the Lagrange multipliers  $\lambda_k$  in the three initial condition cases from Assignment 1. Check your results and interpret the nature and value of the Lagrange Multipliers (this should also be in your report!).

Now add a constraint to the system such that the right end of the second bar, point C, moves over a vertical line going through the origin (Note: the gravity still works horizontally). Calculate the the accelerations of the center of mass of the two bodies together with the Lagrange multipliers (and interpret the Lagrange multipliers, in particular the new one!) for the following three cases:

- e. Both bars vertical up and zero speeds.
- f. Both bars vertical up and with an initial angular speed of  $\omega = 30$  rpm clockwise on bar 1.
- g. Both bars horizontal, that is point C is at the origin, with zero speeds, but an additional applied force of  $F_y = 10$  N in B, that is at the end of bar 1 in the vertical direction. Here you will have trouble finding a unique solution. Can you explain why? What is the problem? (Hint: Investigate the size and the rank of the DAE matrix  $[\mathbf{M}, \mathbf{C}_{,\mathbf{x}}^T; \mathbf{C}_{,\mathbf{x}}, \mathbf{0}]$ , and calculate the null space.)