Package 'SPADEVizR'

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```
Type Package
```

Title Visualization and statistical analyses of cell clustering results generated by the SPADE clustering algorithm

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Description

Flow and mass cytometry are experimental techniques used for the characterization of cell phenotypes. Automatic gating algorithms can be used to automatically identified clusters of cells having similar phenotypes. The SPADE algorithm has been proposed as a new way to analysis and explore mass-cytometry data. This algorithm performs a density-based down-sampling combined with an agglomerative hierarchical clustering. XXX While SPADE offers new opportunities for identifying cell populations, complementary approaches are needed to improve the characterization of identified cell populations. SPADEVizR is an R package designed to better visualize and analyze SPADE clustering results. This package extends the original SPADE outputs with techniques such as parallel coordinates, heatmaps, multidimensional scaling, volcano plots or streamgraph representations. Moreover several statistical methods allow the identification of SPADE clusters with relevant biological behaviors.

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```
Imports data.table,
      flowCore,
      ggdendro,
      ggnetwork,
      ggplot2,
      ggrepel,
      gridExtra,
      gtable,
      gtools,
      igraph,
      methods,
      MASS,
      network,
      plyr,
      reshape2
LazyData true
```

Suggests knitr

VignetteBuilder knitr **RoxygenNote** 5.0.1

${\sf R}$ topics documented:

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Visualization of abundant clusters

Description

Generates a scatter plot representation showing for each cluster its mean abundance and associated p-value.

Usage

```
abundantClustersViewer(AC, show.cluster_sizes = TRUE,
    show.all_labels = FALSE)
```

Arguments

```
AC an object of class AC (object returned by the 'computeAC()' function)
show.cluster_sizes
a logicial specifing if dot sizes are proportional to cell counts
show.all_labels
a logicial specifing if all cluster labels must be shown (or just significant clusters)
```

Details

By default, only significant abundant clusters are labeled. Labels for all clusters can be displayed by setting the 'show.all_labels' parameter to TRUE.

Value

```
a 'ggplot' object
```

AC-class

Abundant Clusters (AC class) definition

Description

The 'AC' object is a S4 object containing the information related to the abundant clusters in a given biological condition. Moreover this object contains all parameters used in the statistical analysis.

Details

A cluster is considered as a significant abundant cluster if its associated p-value and mean are below the specific thresholds 'th.pvalue' and 'th.mean'.

The 'print()' and 'show()' can be used to display a summury of this object. Moreover all information about this object could be saved as a tab separated file using the 'export()' method. This object is returned by the 'identifyAC()' function.

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Slots

sample.names a character vector containing the samples used to compute the abundant clusters cluster.size a numeric vector containing the number of cells (– sum of all samples –) for each

cluster

use.percentages a logical specifying if computation was performed on percentage of cell abundance

method a character containing the name of the statistical test used to identify the abundant clusters method.adjust a character containing the name of the multiple correction method used (if any)

th.mean a numeric value specifying the mean threshold

th.pvalue a numeric value specifying the p-value threshold

result a data.frame containing for each cluster (first column): the mean (second column) and the standard deviation (third column) of the biological condition, the associated p-value (fourth column) and a logical (fifth column) specifying if the cluster is significantly abundant.

boxplotViewer

Visualization of cluster enrichment profiles conditions

Description

Generate a boxplot representation displaying the cell abundance for each cluster. Clusters are gathered by given biological conditions.

Usage

```
boxplotViewer(Results, conditions, clusters = NULL, use.percentages = TRUE,
    show.legend = FALSE, show.violin = TRUE)
```

Arguments

Results a SPADEResults or Results object

conditions conditions a named vector providing the correspondence between a sample name

(in rownames) and the condition of this sample: NA to exclude a sample from

tests

clusters a character vector containing the clusters names to be vizualised (by default all

clusters will be displayed)

use.percentages

a logical specifying if the visualisation must be performed on percentage

show. legend a logical specifying if the legend must be displayed

show.violin a logical specifying if the count distribution must be displayed

Details

Cells clusters are colored based on theirs associated biological samples.

Value

```
a 'ggplot' object
```

CC-class 5

CC-class

Correlated Clusters (CC class) definition

Description

The 'CC' object is a S4 object containing coefficient of correlation associated between each cluster and a phenotypic variable. Moreover this object contains all parameters used in the statistical analysis.

Details

A cluster is considered as a significant correlated cluster if its associated p-value and correlation threshold are below the specific thresholds 'th.pvalue' and 'th.correlation'.

The 'print()' and 'show()' can be used to display a summury of this object. Moreover all information about this object could be saved as a tab separated file using the 'export()' method. This object is returned by the 'identifyCC()' function.

Slots

sample.names a character vector containing the samples used to compute correlated clusters

variable a numeric vector containing the expression values of the associated variable

cluster.size a numeric vector containing number of cells (– sum of all samples –) for each cluster

use.percentages a logical specifying if computation was performed on percentage of cell abundance

method a character containing the name of the statistical test used to identify the CC

method.adjust a character containing the name of the multiple correction method used (if any)

th.correlation a numeric value specifying the correlation threshold (R)

th.pvalue a numeric value specifying the p-value threshold

result a data.frame containing for each cluster (first column): the coefficiant of correlation R (second column), the associated p-value (third column) and a logical (fourth column) specifying if the cluster is significantly correlated.

classifyEnrichmentProfiles

Classification of clusters based on their enrichment profiles

Description

Classifies clusters based on their enrichment profiles.

```
classifyEnrichmentProfiles(Results, method = "hierarchical_h",
  method.parameter = NULL)
```

Arguments

Results a Results or SPADEResults object

method a character specifying the clustering method among one of those: 'hierarchical_h','hierarchical_k','k-

means','eigencell','clique' (hierarchical_h by default)

method.parameter

a numeric specifying the numeric value required by the selected method

Details

The classification is done on cell abundances of each clusters and could be performed using 5 methods:

- "hierarchical_k" This method first compute the pearson correlation matrix and then use this matrix to performs a hierarchical classification. The hierarchical classification is cutted is order provided the desired number of classes. This number of classes must be provided as a numeric integer using the 'method.parameter' parameter. It is to note that negative correlations are considered as uncorrelated;
- "hierarchical_k" This method works in the same way than 'hierarchical_k' but the height where the hierarchical tree is specified. This height is correlation threshold and must be a numeric double (between 0 and 1 included) provided using the 'method.parameter' parameter.
- "eigencell" This method compute the performs a eigen vector decomposition and then calculate the correlations between cluster expressions and these vectors. Clusters which correlate above a specific threshold with the same eigen vector are classified together. This correlation threshold must be a numeric double (between 0 and 1 included) provided using the 'method.parameter' parameter.
- "clique" This method first compute the pearson correlation matrix and then use this matrix to generate an undirected graph. In this graph, an edge is drawn between two nodes if the correlation coefficient in the adjacency matrix is above a specific threshold. This correlation threshold must be a numeric double (between 0 and 1 included) provided using the 'method.parameter' parameter. The largest cliques are then researched in this graph. Cliques correspond to subgraph in which every two distinct vertices are adjacent. Finally the founded cliques are considered as classes of cluster.

Value

a S4 object of class 'EnrichmentProfiles'

classifyPhenoProfiles Classification of clusters based on their phenotype profiles

Description

Classifies clusters based on their phenotype profiles.

```
classifyPhenoProfiles(Results, method = "hierarchical_h",
  method.parameter = NULL)
```

clusterViewer 7

Arguments

Results or SPADEResults object

method a character specifying the clustering method among one of those: "hierarchi-

cal_h", "hierarchical_k", "k-means", "eigencell", "clique"

method.parameter

a numeric specifying the numeric value required by the selected method

Details

The classification is done on cell abundances of each clusters and could be performed using 5 methods:

- "hierarchical_k" This method first compute the pearson correlation matrix and then use this matrix to performs a hierarchical classification. The hierarchical classification is cutted is order provided the desired number of classes. This number of classes must be provided as a numeric integer using the 'method.parameter' parameter. It is to note that negative correlations are considered as uncorrelated:
- "hierarchical_k" This method works in the same way than 'hierarchical_k' but the height where the hierarchical tree is specified. This height is correlation threshold and must be a numeric double (between 0 and 1 included) provided using the 'method.parameter' parameter.
- "eigencell" This method compute the performs a eigen vector decomposition and then calculate the correlations between cluster expressions and these vectors. Clusters which correlate above a specific threshold with the same eigen vector are classified together. This correlation threshold must be a numeric double (between 0 and 1 included) provided using the 'method.parameter' parameter.
- "clique" This method first compute the pearson correlation matrix and then use this matrix to generate an undirected graph. In this graph, an edge is drawn between two nodes if the correlation coefficient in the adjacency matrix is above a specific threshold. This correlation threshold must be a numeric double (between 0 and 1 included) provided using the 'method.parameter' parameter. The largest cliques are then researched in this graph. Cliques correspond to subgraph in which every two distinct vertices are adjacent. Finally the founded cliques are considered as classes of cluster.

Value

a S4 object of class 'PhenoProfiles'

clusterViewer

Visualization of cluster phenotypes

Description

Generates a parallel coordinate plot representation showing for each cluster the marker median expressions.

```
clusterViewer(Results, clusters = NULL, samples = NULL, markers = NULL,
    show.mean = "both")
```

8 computeClique

Arguments

Results a SPADEResults or Result object

clusters a character vector containing the clusters names to be vizualised (by default all

clusters will be displayed)

samples a named vector specifying the samples to used

markers a character vector specifying the markers to be displayed

show mean a character specifying if marker means expression should be displayed, possible

value are among: "none", "only" or "both"

Details

If 'Results' is an object of class 'SPADEResults' object then the quantile ranges will be displayed using a ribbon.

The 'samples' parameter required a named vector providing the correspondence between a sample name (in rowname) and the logical value TRUE to show this sample or FALSE otherwise.

The 'show.mean' parameter allows to vizualize three kinds of information:

- "none" value will show marker median expressions for each selected samples;
- "only" value will show only the mean of median maker expressions for all selected samples (displayed as black dashed line);
- "both" value will show marker median expressions for each selected samples together with the mean of median maker expressionsons for all selected samples.

Value

a list of ggplot objects

computeClique

Internal - Clique percolation classification

Description

This function is used internally to classify clusters enrichment profiles or phenotype profiles using a clique percolation algorithm.

Usage

```
computeClique(data, clique.correlation.th = 0.7)
```

Arguments

data a numeric matrix with all clusters in rownames clique.correlation.th

a numeric value indicating the correlation coefficient threshold

Details

XXX

Value

a dataframe containing for each cluster, its name and class

compute Eigen Cell Clusters

Internal - Eigen vector classification

Description

This function is used internally to classify clusters enrichment profilies or phenotype profiles using eigen vector decomposition.

Usage

```
computeEigenCellClusters(data, eigencell.correlation.th = 0.8)
```

Arguments

```
data a numeric matrix with all clusters in rownames eigencell.correlation.th a numeric value indicating the correlation coefficient threshold
```

Details

XXX

Value

a dataframe containing for each cluster, its name and class

```
computeHierarchicalClustering
```

Internal - Hierarchical classification

Description

This function is used internally to classify clusters enrichment profilies or phenotype profiles using a hierarchical algorithm.

Usage

```
computeHierarchicalClustering(data, class.number = NULL,
    hierarchical.correlation.th = 0.8)
```

Arguments

```
data a matrix with all clusters in rownames
class.number a numeric specifying the number of classes
hierarchical.correlation.th
a numeric value specifying the cut height
```

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Details

This function compute the pearson correlation matrix associated to the provided matrix. It is to note that negative correlations are considered as uncorrelated. This correlation matrix is used to performs a hierarchical classification. If 'class.number' is NULL, classification will be determined base on the cut height correlation threshold.

Value

a dataframe containing for each cluster, its name and class

computeKmeans

Internal - Kmeans classification

Description

This function is used internally to classify clusters enrichment profilies or phenotype profiles using a k-means algorithm.

Usage

```
computeKmeans(data, k = NULL)
```

Arguments

data a numeric matrix with cluster names in rownames k a numeric specifying the desired number of classes

Details

XXX

Value

a dataframe containing for each cluster, its name and class

computePhenoTable

Internal - Generatate a matrix of marker expression scores describing phenotypes

Description

This function generate a numeric matrix of expression scores for each marker of each cluster.

```
computePhenoTable(SPADEResults, num = 5)
```

computeQuantile 11

Arguments

SPADEResults a SPADEResults object

num a numeric value specifying the number of markers expression categories

Details

XXX

Value

a numeric matrix of expression scores

 ${\tt compute} \\ {\tt Quantile}$

Internal - Compute quantile with FCS flowset marker by marker

Description

This function is used internally to compute the maker range quantiles.

Usage

```
computeQuantile(flowset, probs = c(0.05, 0.95))
```

Arguments

flowset a flowCore flowset

probs a numeric vector of 2 values specifying the quantiles to compute

Details

This function performs the exact calculation of quantiles with all cells but needs more memory than 'computeQuantile.approximation'.

Value

a numeric matrix containing the quantiles of each marker

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```
{\tt computeQuantile.approximation}
```

Internal - Compute quantile with FCS flowset sample by sample

Description

This function is used internally to provide the mean of quantiles from each sample to seed up computation.

Usage

```
computeQuantile.approximation(flowset, probs = c(0.05, 0.95))
```

Arguments

flowset a flowCore flowset

probs a numeric vector of 2 values specifying the quantiles to compute

Details

This function performs an approximate calculation of quantiles using less memory than compute-Quantile.

Value

a numeric matrix containing the quantiles of each marker

```
correlated Clusters Viewer
```

Visualization of correlated clusters

Description

Generate a scatter plot representation showing for each cluster

Usage

```
correlatedClustersViewer(CC, show.cluster.sizes = TRUE,
    show.all_labels = FALSE)
```

Arguments

```
CC an object of class 'CC' (object returned by the 'computeCC()' function)
show.cluster.sizes
a logicial specifing if dot sizes are proportional to cell counts
show.all_labels
a logicial specifing if all cluster label must be show or just significant cluster
```

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Details

By default, only significant correlated clusters are labeled. Labels for all clusters can be displayed by setting the 'all.label' parameter to TRUE.

Value

```
a 'ggplot' object
```

countViewer	Visualization of cluster sizes

Description

Generate a two dimensional vizualisation showing the number of cells (sum of selected samples) of each cluster.

Usage

```
countViewer(Results, samples = NULL, clusters = NULL, min.cells = 0,
    sort = TRUE, show.samples = TRUE)
```

Arguments

Results	a SPADEResults or Results object
samples	a named vector providing the correspondence between samples name (in rowname) and the logical value TRUE to use these samples (all samples by default)
clusters	a character vector containing the clusters names to be vizualised (by default all clusters will be displayed)
min.cells	a numeric specifying the minimun number of cell (sum of all selected samples) to display a cluster
sort	a logical specifying if clusters will be to be sorted (descending) based on the sum of all selected samples for each cluster
show.samples	a logical specifying if the number of cells for all selected samples will be displayed

Details

XXX

Value

```
a 'ggplot' object
```

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DEC-class

Differentially Enriched Clusters (DEC class) definition

Description

The 'DEC' object is a S4 object containing the information related to the differentially enriched clusters between two given biological conditions. Moreover this object contains all parameters used in the statistical analysis.

Details

A cluster is considered as a differentially enriched cluster if its associated p-value and fold-change are below the specific thresholds 'th.pvalue' and 'th.fc'.

The 'print()' and 'show()' can be used to display a summury of this object. Moreover all information about this object could be saved as a tab separated file using the 'export()' method. This object is returned by the 'identifyDEC()' function.

Slots

sample.cond1 a character specifying the names of the samples of the first biological condition
sample.cond2 a character specifying the names of the samples of the second biological condition
cluster.size a numeric vector containing number of cells (- sum of all samples -) for each
cluster

use.percentages a logical specifying if computation was performed on percentage of cell abundance

method a character containing the name of the statistical test used to identify the DEC

method.adjust a character containing the name of the multiple correction method used (if any)

method.paired a logical indicating if the statistical test have been performed in a paired manner

th.fc a numeric value specifying the fold-change threshold

th.pvalue a numeric value specifying the p-value threshold

result a data.frame containing for each cluster (first column): the fold-change (second column) and the standard deviation (third column) for the first biological condition, the fold-change (fourth column) and the standard deviation (fifth column) for the second biological condition, the associated p-value (sixth column) and a logical (seventh column) specifying if the cluster is significantly differentially enriched.

distogramViewer

Visualization of marker co-expressions

Description

Generate a distogram representation showing the marker co-expressions.

```
distogramViewer(Results, clusters = NULL, samples = NULL, markers = NULL)
```

EnrichmentProfiles-class 15

Arguments

Results a SPADEResults or Results object

clusters a character vector containing the clusters names to be use (by default all clusters

will be used)

samples a character vector specifying the samples to use

markers a character vector specifying the markers to be displayed

Details

XXX

Value

a list of 'ggplot' objects

EnrichmentProfiles-class

Classification of clusters based on their enrichment profiles (EnrichmentProfiles class) definition

Description

The 'EnrichmentProfiles' is a S4 object containing the information related to the cluster classification based on theirs enrichment profiles.

This object contains all information about the classification method and parameters used.

Details

Five methods are available to classify cellular clusters: 'hierarchical_k', 'hierarchical_h', 'kmeans', 'eigencell' and 'clique'. Each method can paramaterized using the 'method.parameter' parameter.

The 'print()' and 'show()' can be used to display a summury of this object. Moreover all information about this object could be saved as a tab separated file using the 'export()' method. This object is returned by the 'classifyEnrichmentProfiles()' function.

Slots

method a character specifying the method used to classify cluster

method.parameter a numeric parameters associated with the chosen method

cluster.size a numeric vector with the number of cell in each cluster (sum of all samples)

cluster.number a numeric providing the number of cluster

class.number a numeric providing the number of classes

classes a two column dataframe with the cluster in first column and corresponding classe in the second column

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exclude.markers

Internal - Removing of cell markers to exclude from a matrix

Description

This function is used internally to remove one or several cell markers.

Usage

```
exclude.markers(data, exclude, colnames.FCS = NULL)
```

Arguments

data a numeric matrix or flowset

exclude a character vector containing the cell markers to be excluded (case insentive)

colnames.FCS a character vector containing colnames if data is a FCS flowset

Details

If the data parameter is a dataframe the colnames.FCS parameter is ignored but if the data parameter is a flowset, the colnames.FCS parameter is required.

Value

a numeric matrix without the cell markers to exclude

export

Exportation of SPADEVizR objects

Description

Exports a SPADEVizR object into a tab separated file.

```
export(object, filename = "export.txt")
## S4 method for signature 'Results'
export(object, filename = "export.txt")
## S4 method for signature 'AC'
export(object, filename = "export.txt")
## S4 method for signature 'DEC'
export(object, filename = "export.txt")
## S4 method for signature 'CC'
export(object, filename = "export.txt")
```

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```
## S4 method for signature 'PhenoProfiles'
export(object, filename = "export.txt")

## S4 method for signature 'EnrichmentProfiles'
export(object, filename = "export.txt")
```

Arguments

object a SPADEVizR object

filename a character indicating the location of output file

Value

none

filter.medians

Internal - filter medians to exclude from a matrix

Description

This function is used internally to remove raw or transform medians from SPADE matrix. CVS medians are always removed.

Usage

```
filter.medians(data, use.raw.medians = FALSE)
```

Arguments

```
data a SPADE matrix use.raw.medians a logicial specifying if "transformed" or "raw" medians will be use (FALSE by default)
```

Value

a numeric matrix without the cell markers to exclude

generateReport

Generate a report including SPADEVizR plots.

Description

Generate a customizable report based on SPADEVizR vizualisation features.

```
generateReport(Results, PDFfile, reports = c("pheno", "kinetic", "cluster",
   "kinetic_cluster", "tree", "disto", "stream", "MDS_clusters"),
   clusters = NULL, markers = NULL, assignments = NULL,
   stat.objects = list(), profile.objects = list(), width = 29.7,
   height = 21)
```

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Arguments

Results	a 'SPADEResults' or 'Result' object
PDFfile	a character specifying the output path
reports	a character vector specifying the names and the order of the desired plots among: XXX .
clusters	a character vector of clusters to include in the report (all will be included by default)
markers	a character vector of markers to include in the report (all will be included by default)
assignments	a 2 column data.frame with the samples names in rownames providing firstly the timepoints (numeric) and secondly the individuals (caracter) of the experiment
stat.objects	a list of stat.object to be displayed in the report (object of class 'DEC', 'AC' or 'CC')
profile.object	S
	a list of profile.objects to be displayed in the report (object of class 'PhenoProfiles' or 'EnrichmentProfiles')
width	a numeric specifying the plot width
height	a numeric specifying the plot height

Description

This function is used internally to build the element needed for an heatmap

Usage

```
ggheatmap(matrix, dendrogram.type = "rectangle", num = 5,
  clustering.markers = NULL)
```

Arguments

 $\label{eq:matrix} \mbox{ a numeric matrix containing the markers expression categories } \\ \mbox{dendrogram.type}$

a caracter spycifing the look of dendrograms ("rectangle" or "triangle", "rectan-

gle" by default)

num a numeric value specifying the number of markers expression categories

 ${\tt clustering.markers}$

a character vector of clustering markers

Value

a list of 3 plots (top dendrogram, right dendrogram, heatmap)

ggheatmap.plot 19

ggheatmap.	plot

Internal - Generate an heatmap by assembling elements

Description

This function displays the heatmap elements build by 'ggheatmap()'

Usage

```
ggheatmap.plot(list, col.width = 0.15, row.width = 0.15)
```

Arguments

list the list of ggplot object provided by ggheatmap

col.width size of horizontal dendrogram row.width size of vertical dendrogram

Value

a ggplot2 axis

g_axis

Internal - Extraction of ggplot axes

Description

This function is used internally to extract axes from a 'ggplot' objet.

Usage

```
g_axis(gplot, x.axis = !y.axis, y.axis = !x.axis)
```

Arguments

gplot a 'ggplot' plot

x.axis a logical value specifying if the x-axis must be extracty.axis a logical value specifying if the y-axis must be extract

Details

It is to note that 'x' and 'y' are mutuality excluded (both cannot be both TRUE) with priority to 'x'.

Value

```
a 'ggplot' axis object
```

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g_dendro

Internal - Build a dendrograms plot

Description

This function is used internally to generate a 'ggplot' dendrogram.

Usage

```
g_dendro(dist, row = !col, col = !row)
```

Arguments

dist a numeric matrix containing distances between objects

row a logical value specifying if the horizontal dendrogram must be computed col a logical value specifying if the vertical dendrogram must be computed

Details

It is to note that 'row' and 'col' are mutuality excluded (both cannot be both TRUE) with priority to row.

Value

a 'ggplot' dendrogram object

g_legend

Internal - Extraction of ggplot legend

Description

This function is used internally to extract the legend from a 'ggplot' objet.

Usage

```
g_{legend(gplot)}
```

Arguments

gplot

a 'ggplot' plot

Value

a 'ggplot' legend object

identifyAC 21

identifyAC	Identification of the Abundant Clusters	

Description

This function is used to identifed the abundant clusters. That is to say clusters that have cell abundance statistically greather than a specific threshold.

Usage

```
identifyAC(Results, condition, use.percentages = TRUE, method = "t.test",
  method.adjust = NULL, th.pvalue = 0.05, th.mean = 0)
```

Arguments

Results a 'Results' or 'SPADEResults' object

condition a named vector providing the correspondence between a sample name (in rowname) and the logical value TRUE to test abordance for this sample or EALSE

name) and the logical value TRUE to test abondance for this sample or FALSE

otherwise

use.percentages

a logical specifying if the computations should be performed on percentage

method a character specifying the statistical method used to identifed the abundant clus-

ters. The parameter can take the values "t.test" or "wilcox.test"

method.adjust a character specifying if the p-values should be corrected using multiple cor-

rection methods among: "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "bonferroni", "BH",

"BY" and "fdr" (from 'stats::p.adjust' method)

th.pvalue a numeric specifying the p-value threshold

th.mean a numeric specifying the abundance mean threshold

Value

```
a S4 object of class 'AC'
```

identifyCC	Identification of the correlation of SPADE cluster with a cynetics phe-
	notype

Description

This function is used to identifed correlated clusters. That is to say clusters that correlate with a phenotypic variable.

```
identifyCC(Results, variable, use.percentages = TRUE, method = "pearson",
  method.adjust = NULL, th.pvalue = 0.05, th.correlation = 0.75)
```

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Arguments

Results a 'Results' or 'SPADEResults' object

variable a numerical named vector providing the correspondence between a sample name

(in rowname) and the specific phenotype or NA to ignore a sample

use.percentages

a logical specifying if the computations should be performed on percentage

method a character indicating the correlation method to use : "pearson", "spearman"

method.adjust a character specifying if the p-values should be corrected using multiple cor-

rection methods among: "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "bonferroni", "BH",

"BY" and "fdr" (from 'stats::p.adjust' method)

th.pvalue a numeric specifying the p-value threshold

th.correlation a numeric specifying the absolute value of the correlation coefficient threshold

Value

a S4 object of class 'CC'

identifyDEC

Identification of the Differentially Enriched Clusters

Description

This function is used to identifed differentially enriched clusters. That is to say clusters that are differentially enriched two biologicals conditions.

Usage

```
identifyDEC(Results, conditions, use.percentages = TRUE, method = "t.test",
  method.adjust = NULL, method.paired = FALSE, th.pvalue = 0.05,
  th.fc = 1)
```

Arguments

Value

Results a 'Results' or 'SPADEResults' object

conditions a named vector providing the correspondence between a sample name (in row-

names) and the condition of this sample: NA to exclude a sample from tests, 1

or 2 to attribute this sample, respectively to the first or second condition

use.percentages

a logical specifying if the computations should be performed on percentage

method a character specifying the name of the statistical test to use "t.test" or "wilcox.test"

method.adjust a character specifying if the p-values should be corrected using multiple cor-

rection methods among: "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "bonferroni", "BH",

"BY" and "fdr" (from 'stats::p.adjust' method)

method.paired a logical indicating if the statistical test must be performed in a paired manner

th.pvalue a numeric specifying the p-value threshold th.fc a numeric specifying the fold-change threshold

a S4 object of class 'DEC'

importSPADEResults 23

importResults	Import clustering results generated by other algorithms	

Description

The 'importX()' function imports cell clustering results from two dataframes ('cells.count' and 'marker.expressions'). This function returns a 'Result' object.

Usage

```
importResults(cells.count, marker.expressions)
```

Arguments

cells.count a dataframe of cells abondances with clusters in row and samples in column marker.expressions

a dataframe containing median marker expression values for each cluster of each sample. In additions of markers, the 2 two first columns are are dedicated to "cluster" and "sample"

Details

The detailled format of 'cells.count' dataframe must be formated as following:

cluster	sample1	sample1
cluster1	749	5421
cluster2	450	412

The detailled format of 'marker.expressions' dataframe must be formated as following:

sample	cluster	marker1	marker2
sample1	cluster1	0.2	0.3
sample1	cluster2	0.1	0.3
sample2	cluster1	0.5	2.3
sample2	cluster2	1	1.3

Value

a S4 object of class 'Results'

importSPADEResults	Import clustering results generated by SPADE	

Description

The 'importSPADEResults()' function imports SPADE cell clustering results from a specified path. This function returns a 'SPADEResult' object.

24 kinetics Viewer

This function import the expression matrix and count matrix as well as the SPADE tree. This function apply an hyperbolic sine transformation to imported FCS data and compute the maker range quantiles.

Usage

```
importSPADEResults(path, dict = data.frame(),
  exclude.markers = c("cell_length", "FileNum", "density", "time"),
  probs = c(0.05, 0.95), use.raw.medians = FALSE,
  quantile.approximation = FALSE)
```

Arguments

path a character specify the path of SPADE results folder

dict a two column dataframe providing the correspondence between the original

marker names (first column) and the real marker names (second column)

exclude.markers

a character vector of markers to exclude (case insentive)

probs a vector of probabilities with 2 values in [0,1] to compute maker range quantiles.

First is the lower bound and second is the upper bound.

use.raw.medians

a logicial specifying if "transformed" or "raw" medians will be use in the cluster

expression matrix (FALSE by default)

quantile.approximation

a logicial specifying if maker range quantiles are computed using all cells (FALSE),

or is the means of the quantile of each samples (TRUE)

Details

The computation of maker range quantiles can be approximated using 'quantile.approximation' parameter which is more efficient in term of loading time and memory usage.

Value

a S4 object of class 'SPADEResults'

kineticsViewer

Visualization of cluster enrichment profiles kinetics

Description

Generates a kinetics plot representation showing for each cluster its enrichment profiles at each timepoint of each individual.

```
kineticsViewer(Results, assignments, clusters = NULL,
  use.percentages = TRUE)
```

MDSViewer 25

Arguments

Results a SPADEResults or Results object

assignments a 2 column data.frame with the samples names in rownames providing firstly the

timepoints (numeric) and secondly the individuals (caracter) of the experiment

clusters a character vector containing the clusters names to be vizualised (by default all

clusters will be displayed)

use.percentages

a logical specifying if the visualisation should be performed on percentage

Details

XXX

Value

a 'ggplot' object

MDSViewer

Visualization of SPADE cluster similarities using MDS

Description

Generate a Multidimensional Scaling (MDS) representation showing the similarities between SPADE results based on theirs phenotypes.

Usage

```
MDSViewer(Results, use.percentages = TRUE, assignments, clusters = NULL,
   space = "clusters", dist.method = "euclidean")
```

Arguments

Results a SPADEResults or Results object

use.percentages

a logical specifying if the visualisation should be performed on percentage

assignments a 2 column data.frame with the samples names in rownames providing firstly the

timepoints (numeric) and secondly the individuals (caracter) of the experiment

clusters a character vector containing the clusters names to be vizualised (by default all

clusters will be displayed)

space a caracter specifying the space ("clusters" or "samples", cluster by default)

dist.method a character string containing the name of the distance measure to use

Details

XXX

Value

a list of ggplot objects

26 PhenoProfiles-class

names

Definition of class names

Description

Provides the name of each SPADEVizR object

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Results'
names(x)

## S4 method for signature 'SPADEResults'
names(x)

## S4 method for signature 'AC'
names(x)

## S4 method for signature 'DEC'
names(x)

## S4 method for signature 'CC'
names(x)

## S4 method for signature 'PhenoProfiles'
names(x)

## S4 method for signature 'EnrichmentProfiles'
names(x)
```

Arguments

Х

a SPADEVizR object

Value

a character providing the name of the object

PhenoProfiles-class

Classification of clusters based on their phenotype profiles (Pheno-Profiles class) definition

Description

The 'PhenoProfiles' is a S4 object containing the information related to the cluster classification based on theirs marker expressions.

This object contains all information about the classification method and parameters used.

phenoViewer 27

Details

Five methods are available to classify cellular clusters: 'hierarchical_k', 'hierarchical_h', 'kmeans', 'eigencell' and 'clique'. Each method can paramaterized using the 'method.parameter' parameter.

The 'print()' and 'show()' can be used to display a summury of this object. Moreover all information about this object could be saved as a tab separated file using the 'export()' method. This object is returned by the 'classifyPhenoProfiles()' function.

Slots

cluster.number a numeric providing the number of cluster

method a character specifying the method used to classify cluster

method.parameter a named list of parameters used by the classification method

cluster.size a numeric vector containing the number of cells associated with each cluster (– sum of all samples –)

class.number a numeric value specifying the number of clusters

classes a two column dataframe with the cluster in first column and corresponding classe in the second column

phenoViewer

Pheno Viewer

Description

Heatmap Viewer aims to xxx

Usage

```
phenoViewer(SPADEResults, pheno.table = NULL, num = 5)
```

Arguments

SPADEResults a SPADEResults object (Results object is not accepted)

pheno.table a result of the function computePhenoTable

num a numeric indicating the precision of computed expression scores

Details

XXX

Value

a list of ggplot objects

28 print

plot

Graphical representation for some SPADEVizR objects

Description

This function generates a graphical representation for 'AC', 'DEC', 'CC', 'PhenoProfiles' and 'EnrichmentProfiles' objects.

Usage

```
plot(x, y = NULL, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'DEC,missing'
plot(x, y = NULL, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'AC,missing'
plot(x, y = NULL, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'CC,missing'
plot(x, y = NULL, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'PhenoProfiles,ANY'
plot(x, y = NULL, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'EnrichmentProfiles,ANY'
plot(x, y = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

Х

a 'AC', 'DEC', 'CC', 'PhenoProfiles' or 'EnrichmentProfiles' object

Value

a 'ggplot' object

print

Textual previews for all SPADEVizR objects

Description

Prints a previews for a SPADEVizR object.

```
## S4 method for signature 'Results'
print(x)
## S4 method for signature 'SPADEResults'
print(x)
```

profiles Viewer 29

```
## S4 method for signature 'AC'
print(x)

## S4 method for signature 'DEC'
print(x)

## S4 method for signature 'CC'
print(x)

## S4 method for signature 'PhenoProfiles'
print(x)

## S4 method for signature 'EnrichmentProfiles'
print(x)
```

Arguments

Χ

a SPADEVizR object

Value

none

profilesViewer

profilesViewer

Description

Generate a graph representation of PhenoProfiles classes

Usage

```
profilesViewer(profile.object, show.cluster.sizes = TRUE)
```

Arguments

Details

XXX

Value

```
a 'ggplot' object
```

30 Results-class

rename.markers

Internal - Renaming cell markers

Description

This function is used internally to rename the cell markers based on a dictionary.

Usage

```
rename.markers(header, dictionary)
```

Arguments

header a character vector containing the original maker names

dictionary a character vector containing a correspondence between the original and the new

marker names

Details

Dictionary is a data.frame used to rename the marker names. The first column must correspond to the original marker names, the second column must correspond to the new marker names.

Value

a character vector containing the renamed marker names

Results-class

Results class definition

Description

The Results object is a S4 object containing cell clustering results obtained from various automatic gating algorithms.

This object mainly stores the count matrix (i.e. the number of cells associated with each cluster of each sample) and the cell cluster phenotypes (i.e. the marker median expressions for each cluster). It is to note that the Results object is a super class of the SPADEResult object.

Details

The 'cells.count' dataframe stores the number of cells associated with each cluster of each sample. This dataframe has in row the clusters and in column the samples.

The 'marker expressions' dataframe stores the marker median expressions for each cluster. This dataframe has in the first the sample names, in the second column the cluster names, and the maker median expressions in the others columns.

The 'print()' and 'show()' can be used to display a summury of this object. Moreover all information about this object could be saved as a tab separated file using the 'export()' method. This object is returned by the 'importX()' function.

show 31

Slots

cells.count a dataframe containing the number of cells for each cluster of each sample
marker.expressions a numerical dataframe containing marker median expressions for each cluster of each sample
sample.names a character vector containing the sample names
marker.names a character vector containing the markers names
cluster.number a numeric specifying the number of cell clusters

show

Textual previews for SPADEVizR objects

Description

Show a previews for a SPADEVizR objects.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Results'
show(object)

## S4 method for signature 'SPADEResults'
show(object)

## S4 method for signature 'AC'
show(object)

## S4 method for signature 'DEC'
show(object)

## S4 method for signature 'CC'
show(object)

## S4 method for signature 'PhenoProfiles'
show(object)

## S4 method for signature 'EnrichmentProfiles'
show(object)
```

Arguments

object a SPADEVizR object

Value

none

32 SPADEResults-class

SPADEResults-class

SPADEResults class definition

Description

The 'SPADEResults' object is a S4 object containing cell clustering results obtained from SPADE.

This object inherits from the 'Result' object and stores the count matrix (i.e. the number of cells associated with each cluster of each sample) and the cell cluster phenotypes (i.e. the marker median expressions for each cluster). In addition to the 'Result' object, the 'SPADEResults' object contains information about SPADE clustering results, such as the SPADE tree, the clustering makers and the FCS files.

Details

The 'print()' and 'show()' can be used to display a summury of this object. Moreover all information about this object could be saved as a tab separated file using the 'export()' method. This object is returned by the 'importSPADEResult()' function.

Slots

cells.count a dataframe containing the number of cells for each cluster of each sample

marker.expressions a numerical dataframe containing marker median expressions for each cluster of each sample

sample.names a character vector containing the sample names

marker.names a character vector containing the markers names

cluster.number a numeric specifying the number of cell clusters

use.raw.medians a logical specifying if the marker expressions correspond to the raw or transformed data

dictionary a two column data.frame providing the correspondence between the original marker names (first column) and the real marker names (second column)

marker.clustering a logical vector specifying marker that have been used during the clustering precedure

flowset a flowSet object containing the imported SPADE FCS file

fcs.files a character vector containing the absolute path of the original FCS files

quantiles a numeric data.frame containing the quantiles for each each markers of cluster

graph a igraph object containing the SPADE tree

graph.layout a numeric matrix containing the layout of the SPADE tree

stat_steamgraph 33

```
{\it stat\_steamgraph} \qquad {\it Internal - Plot \ a \ steamgraph \ (from \ by \ ggTimeSeries : https://github.com/Ather-Energy/ggTimeSeries)} :
```

Description

XXX

Usage

```
stat_steamgraph(mapping = NULL, data = NULL, show.legend = NA,
inherit.aes = TRUE, na.rm = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

```
mapping xxx
data xxx
show.legend xxx
inherit.aes xxx
na.rm xxx
```

Details

XXX

Value

XXX

streamgraphViewer	streamgraphViewer
streamgraphviewer	streamgraphviewei

Description

Generate a streamgraph representation showing the evolution of cell count in clusters across samples

Usage

```
streamgraphViewer(Results, order = NULL, clusters = NULL)
```

Arguments

Results a SPADEResults or Results object

order a named vector a named vector providing the correspondence between a sample

name (in rownames) and an integer ordering samples in numeric (NA to exclude

this sample)

clusters a character vector containing the clusters names to be vizualised (by default all

clusters will be displayed)

34 volcano Viewer

Details

XXX

Value

```
a 'ggplot' object
```

treeViewer

Visualization of combined SPADE trees

Description

Generates a tree representation showing combined SPADE trees.

Usage

```
treeViewer(SPADEResults, samples = NULL, stat.object = NULL,
  vertex_size = c(1, 15))
```

Arguments

SPADEResults a SPADEResults object (Results object is not accepted)

samples a named vector providing the correspondence between samples name (in row-

name) and the logical value TRUE to use these samples for cell counting (all

samples by default)

stat.object an AC, DEC or CC object to highligth significant clusters in the SPADE tree

vertex_size a numeric vector of two values indicating the range of

Details

XXX

Value

a list of ggplot objects

volcanoViewer

Visualization of differentially enriched clusters

Description

Generates a Volcano plot representation showing for each cluster

```
volcanoViewer(DEC = NULL, fc.log2 = TRUE, show.cluster.sizes = TRUE,
    show.all_labels = FALSE)
```

volcanoViewer 35

Arguments

DEC an object of class 'DEC' (object returned by the 'computeDEC()' function)

fc.log2 a logicial specifing if fold-change or log2(fold-change) is use

show.cluster.sizes

a logicial specifing if dot sizes are proportional to cell counts

show.all_labels

a logicial specifing if all cluster labels must be show or just significant cluster

Details

By default, only significant differentially enriched clusters are labeled. Labels for all clusters can be displayed by setting the 'all.label' parameter to TRUE.

Value

a 'ggplot' object

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