systemPipeR: NGS workflow and report generation environment

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1 Introduction

systemPipeR provides utilities for building end-to-end analysis workflows with automated report generation for next generation sequence (NGS) applications such as RNA-Seq, ChIP-Seq, VAR-Seq and many others (Girke, 2014). An important feature is support for running command-line software, such as NGS aligners, on both single machines or compute clusters. This includes both interactive job submissions or batch submissions to queuing systems of clusters (tested only with Torque). For instance, systemPipeR can be used with most command-line aligners such as BWA (Li, 2013; Li and Durbin, 2009), TopHat 2 (Kim et al., 2013) and Bowtie 2 (Langmead and Salzberg, 2012), as well as the R-based NGS aligner Rsubread (Liao et al., 2013). Efficient handling of complex sample sets and experimental designs is facilitated by a well-defined sample annotation infrastructure which improves reproducibility and user-friendliness of many typical analysis workflows in the NGS area (Lawrence et al., 2013).

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2 Getting Started

2.1 Installation

The R software can be downloaded from CRAN (http://cran.at.r-project.org/) and the systemPipeR package from GitHub (https://github.com/tgirke/systemPipeR). The systemPipeR package can be installed from R using the install.packages command after downloading and uncompressing the package directory.

- > system("R CMD build systemPipeR") # Builds package
- > install.packages("systemPipeR.X.X.X.tar.gz", repos=NULL, type="source") # Installs the package

2.2 Loading the Package and Documentation

- > library("systemPipeR") # Loads the package
- > library(help="systemPipeR") # Lists all functions and classes
- > vignette("systemPipeR") # Opens this PDF manual from R

2.3 Sample FASTQ Files

The mini sample FASTQ files used by this overview vignette as well as the associated workflow reporting vignettes can be downloaded from here. The chosen data set SRP010938 contains 18 paired-end (PE) read sets from *Arabidposis thaliana* Howard et al. (2013). To minimize processing time during testing, each FASTQ file has been subsetted to 90,000-100,000 random sampled PE reads that map to the first 100,000 nucleotides of each chromosome of the *A. thalina* genome. The corresponding reference genome sequence (FASTA) and its GFF annotion files (provided in the same download) have been truncated accordingly. This way the entire test sample data set is less than 200MB in storage space. A PE read set has been chosen for this test data set for flexibility, because it can be used for testing both types of analysis routines requiring either SE (single end) reads or PE reads.

3 Structure of targets file

The targets file defines all FASTQ files and sample comparisons of an analysis workflow. The following shows the format of a sample targets file provided by this package.

- > library(systemPipeR)
- > targetspath <- pasteO(system.file("extdata", package="systemPipeR"), "/targets.txt")
- > read.delim(targetspath, comment.char = "#")

	FileName	SampleName	Factor	SampleLong	Experiment	Date
1	./data/SRR446027_1.fastq	M1A	M1	Mock.1h.A	1	23-Mar-2012
2	./data/SRR446028_1.fastq	M1B	M1	Mock.1h.B	1	23-Mar-2012
3	./data/SRR446029_1.fastq	A1A	A1	Avr.1h.A	1	23-Mar-2012
4	./data/SRR446030_1.fastq	A1B	A1	Avr.1h.B	1	23-Mar-2012
5	./data/SRR446031_1.fastq	V1A	V1	Vir.1h.A	1	23-Mar-2012
6	./data/SRR446032_1.fastq	V1B	V1	Vir.1h.B	1	23-Mar-2012
7	./data/SRR446033_1.fastq	M6A	M6	Mock.6h.A	1	23-Mar-2012
8	./data/SRR446034_1.fastq	M6B	M6	Mock.6h.B	1	23-Mar-2012
9	./data/SRR446035_1.fastq	A6A	A6	Avr.6h.A	1	23-Mar-2012
10	./data/SRR446036_1.fastq	A6B	A6	Avr.6h.B	1	23-Mar-2012

```
11 ./data/SRR446037_1.fastq
                                   V6A
                                                Vir.6h.A
                                           ۷6
                                                                  1 23-Mar-2012
12 ./data/SRR446038_1.fastq
                                   V6B
                                           ۷6
                                                Vir.6h.B
                                                                  1 23-Mar-2012
                                                                  1 23-Mar-2012
13 ./data/SRR446039_1.fastq
                                  M12A
                                          M12 Mock.12h.A
14 ./data/SRR446040_1.fastq
                                  M12B
                                          M12 Mock.12h.B
                                                                  1 23-Mar-2012
15 ./data/SRR446041_1.fastq
                                          A12 Avr.12h.A
                                                                  1 23-Mar-2012
                                  A12A
16 ./data/SRR446042_1.fastq
                                          A12 Avr.12h.B
                                                                  1 23-Mar-2012
                                  A12B
17 ./data/SRR446043_1.fastq
                                  V12A
                                          V12 Vir.12h.A
                                                                  1 23-Mar-2012
18 ./data/SRR446044_1.fastq
                                          V12 Vir.12h.B
                                                                  1 23-Mar-2012
                                  V12B
```

Structure of targets file for paired end (PE) samples.

- > library(systemPipeR)
- > targetspath <- paste0(system.file("extdata", package="systemPipeR"), "/targetsPE.txt")</pre>
- > read.delim(targetspath, comment.char = "#")[1:2,1:6]

```
FileName1 FileName2 SampleName Factor SampleLong Experiment 1 ./data/SRR446027_1.fastq ./data/SRR446027_2.fastq M1A M1 Mock.1h.A 1 2 ./data/SRR446028_1.fastq ./data/SRR446028_2.fastq M1B M1 Mock.1h.B 1
```

Comparisons are defined in the header lines of the targets starting with '# <CMP>'. The function readComp imports the comparison and stores them in a list.

> readComp(file=targetspath, format="vector", delim="-")

```
$CMPset1
[1] "M1-A1"
              "M1-V1"
                        "A1-V1"
                                   "M6-A6"
                                             "M6-V6"
                                                        "A6-V6"
                                                                  "M12-A12" "M12-V12" "A12-V12"
$CMPset2
 [1] "M1-A1"
               "M1-V1"
                         "M1-M6"
                                    "M1-A6"
                                              "M1-V6"
                                                         "M1-M12"
                                                                   "M1-A12"
                                                                             "M1-V12"
                                                                                        "A1-V1"
                                    "A1-M12"
                                                                             "V1-A6"
[10] "A1-M6"
               "A1-A6"
                          "A1-V6"
                                              "A1-A12"
                                                         "A1-V12"
                                                                   "V1-M6"
[19] "V1-M12"
               "V1-A12"
                         "V1-V12"
                                    "M6-A6"
                                              "M6-V6"
                                                         "M6-M12"
                                                                   "M6-A12"
                                                                             "M6-V12"
                                                                                        "A6-V6"
[28] "A6-M12" "A6-A12"
                         "A6-V12"
                                    "V6-M12"
                                              "V6-A12"
                                                        "V6-V12"
                                                                   "M12-A12" "M12-V12" "A12-V12"
```

4 Structure of param file and SYSargs container

The param file defines the parameters of the command-line software. The following shows the format of a sample param file provided by this package.

```
> parampath <- paste0(system.file("extdata", package="systemPipeR"), "/tophat.param")
> read.delim(parampath, comment.char = "#")
```

PairSet	Name	Value
modules	<na></na>	bowtie2/2.1.0
modules	<na></na>	tophat/2.0.8b
software	<na></na>	tophat
cores	-p	4
other	<na></na>	-g 1segment-length 25 -i 30 -I 3000
outfile1	-0	<filename1></filename1>
outfile1	path	./results/
outfile1	remove	<na></na>
outfile1	append	.tophat
outfile1	$\verb"outextension"$.tophat/accepted_hits.bam
${\tt reference}$	<na></na>	./data/tair10.fasta
infile1	<na></na>	<filename1></filename1>
infile1	path	<na></na>
	modules modules software cores other outfile1 outfile1 outfile1 outfile1 reference infile1	modules <na> modules <na> software <na> cores -p other <na> outfile1 -o outfile1 path outfile1 remove outfile1 append outfile1 outextension reference <na> infile1 <na></na></na></na></na></na></na>

The systemArgs function imports the definitions of both the param file and the targets file, and stores all relevant information as SYSargs object.

```
> args <- systemArgs(sysma=parampath, mytargets=targetspath)
> args
```

An instance of 'SYSargs' for running 'tophat' on 18 samples

Several accessor functions are available that are named after the slot names of the SYSargs object class.

```
> names(args)
 [1] "modules"
                  "software"
                                           "other"
                                                       "reference" "results"
                              "cores"
                                                                                "infile1"
 [8] "infile2"
                 "outfile1"
                                           "outpaths"
                              "sysargs"
> modules(args)
[1] "bowtie2/2.1.0" "tophat/2.0.8b"
> cores(args)
[1] 4
> outpaths(args)[1]
```

M1A "/rhome/tgirke/Projects/github/systemPipeR/vignettes/results/SRR446027_1.fastq.tophat/accepted_hits.bam"

> sysargs(args)[1]

"tophat -p 4 -g 1 --segment-length 25 -i 30 -I 3000 -o /rhome/tgirke/Projects/github/systemPipeR/vignettes

The content of the param file can be returned as JSON object as follows (requires rjson package).

> systemArgs(sysma=parampath, mytargets=targetspath, type="json")

5 Workflow

5.1 Define environment settings and samples

Load package:

> library(systemPipeR)

Construct SYSargs object from param and targets files.

```
> args <- systemArgs(sysma="tophat.param", mytargets="targetsPE.txt")</pre>
```

5.2 FASTQ quality report

The following seeFastq and seeFastqPlot functions generate and plot a series of useful quality statistics for a set of FASTQ files including per cycle quality box plots, base proportions, base-level quality trends, relative k-mer diversity, length and occurrence distribution of reads, number of reads above quality cutoffs and mean quality distribution.

```
> fqlist <- seeFastq(fastq=infile1(args), batchsize=10000, klength=8)
> pdf("./results/fastqReport.pdf", height=18, width=4*length(fqlist))
> seeFastqPlot(fqlist)
> dev.off()
```

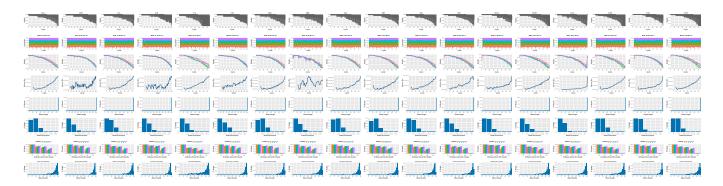


Figure 1: QC report for 18 FASTQ files.

5.3 Alignment with Tophat 2

Build Bowtie 2 index.

```
> moduleload(modules(args)) # Skip if module system is not available
```

> system("bowtie2-build ./data/tair10.fasta ./data/tair10.fasta")

Execute SYSargs on a single machine without submitting to a queuing system of a compute cluster.

> bampaths <- runCommandline(args=args)</pre>

Submit to compute nodes.

```
> qsubargs <- getQsubargs(queue="batch", cores=cores(args), memory="mem=10gb", time="walltime=20:00:00")
```

> (joblist <- qsubRun(args=args, qsubargs=qsubargs, Nqsubs=18, package="systemPipeR"))</pre>

Alignment Stats

```
> read_statsDF <- alignStats(args, fqgz=TRUE)</pre>
```

> write.table(read_statsDF, "results/alignStats.xls", row.names=FALSE, quote=FALSE, sep="\t")

Create symbolic links for viewing BAM files in IGV

```
> symLink2bam(sysargs=args, htmldir=c("~/.html/", "somedir/"),
              urlbase="http://myserver.edu/~username/",
              urlfile="IGVurl.txt")
```

5.5 Alignment with Bowtie 2 (here for miRNA profiling experiment)

Run as single process without submitting to cluster, e.g. via qsub -1.

```
> args <- systemArgs(sysma="bowtieSE.param", mytargets="targets.txt")</pre>
```

Submit to compute nodes

> bampaths <- runCommandline(args=args)</pre>

```
> qsubargs <- getQsubargs(queue="batch", cores=cores(args), memory="mem=10gb", time="walltime=20:00:00")
> (joblist <- qsubRun(args=args, qsubargs=qsubargs, Nqsubs=18, package="systemPipeR"))
```

5.6 Read counting for mRNA profiling experiments

```
Create txdb (do only once)
> library(GenomicFeatures)
> txdb <- makeTranscriptDbFromGFF(file="data/tair10.gff", format="gff", dataSource="TAIR", species="A. tha.
> saveDb(txdb, file="./data/tair10.sqlite")
Read counting with summarizeOverlaps in parallel mode with multiple cores
> library(BiocParallel)
> txdb <- loadDb("./data/tair10.sqlite")</pre>
> eByg <- exonsBy(txdb, by="gene")</pre>
> bfl <- BamFileList(outpaths(args), yieldSize=50000, index=character())
> multicoreParam <- MulticoreParam(workers=4); register(multicoreParam); registered()
> counteByg <- bplapply(bfl, function(x) summarizeOverlaps(eByg, x, mode="Union", ignore.strand=TRUE, inte.
> countDFeByg <- sapply(seq(along=counteByg), function(x) assays(counteByg[[x]])$counts)</pre>
> rownames(countDFeByg) <- names(rowData(counteByg[[1]])); colnames(countDFeByg) <- names(bfl)</pre>
> rpkmDFeByg <- apply(countDFeByg, 2, function(x) returnRPKM(counts=x, ranges=eByg))
> write.table(countDFeByg, "results/countDFeByg.xls", col.names=NA, quote=FALSE, sep="\t")
> write.table(rpkmDFeByg, "results/rpkmDFeByg.xls", col.names=NA, quote=FALSE, sep="\t")
```

5.7 Read counting for miRNA profiling experiments

Download miRNA genes from miRBase

```
> system("wget ftp://mirbase.org/pub/mirbase/19/genomes/My_species.gff3 -P ./data/")
> gff <- import.gff("./data/My_species.gff3", asRangedData=FALSE)
> gff <- split(gff, elementMetadata(gff)$ID)
> bams <- names(bampaths); names(bams) <- targets$SampleName
> bfl <- BamFileList(bams, yieldSize=50000, index=character())
> countDFmiR <- summarizeOverlaps(gff, bfl, mode="Union", ignore.strand=FALSE, inter.feature=FALSE) # Note
> rpkmDFmiR <- apply(countDFmiR, 2, function(x) returnRPKM(counts=x, gffsub=gff))
> write.table(assays(countDFmiR)$counts, "results/countDFmiR.xls", col.names=NA, quote=FALSE, sep="\t")
> write.table(rpkmDFmiR, "results/rpkmDFmiR.xls", col.names=NA, quote=FALSE, sep="\t")
```

5.8 Correlation analysis of samples

```
> library(ape)
> rpkmDFeByg <- read.table("./results/rpkmDFeByg.xls", check.names=FALSE)
> rpkmDFeByg <- rpkmDFeByg[rowMeans(rpkmDFeByg) > 50,]
> d <- cor(rpkmDFeByg, method="spearman")
> hc <- hclust(as.dist(1-d))
> plot.phylo(as.phylo(hc), type="p", edge.col="blue", edge.width=2, show.node.label=TRUE, no.margin=TRUE)
```

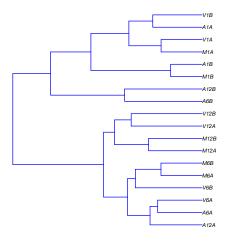


Figure 2: Correlation dendrogram of samples.

5.9 DEG analysis with edgeR

```
> library(edgeR)
> targets <- read.delim(targetspath, comment="#")</pre>
> cmp <- readComp(file=targetspath, format="matrix", delim="-")
> cmp[[1]]
      [,1]
             [,2]
 [1,] "M1"
             "A1"
 [2,] "M1"
             "V1"
             "V1"
 [3,] "A1"
 [4,] "M6"
 [5,] "M6"
             "V6"
 [6,] "A6"
             "V6"
 [7,] "M12" "A12"
 [8,] "M12" "V12"
 [9,] "A12" "V12"
```

Run edgeR

> edgeDF <- run_edgeR(countDF=countDFeByg, targets=targets, cmp=cmp[[1]], independent=FALSE, mdsplot="")
Filter and plot DEG results for up and down regulated genes. Because of the toy sample set used in this vignette, the

FDR value has been set to a relatively high threshold (here 10%). More commonly used FDR cutoffs are 1% or 5%.

> DEG_list <- filterDEGs(degDF=edgeDF, filter=c(Fold=2, FDR=10))</pre>

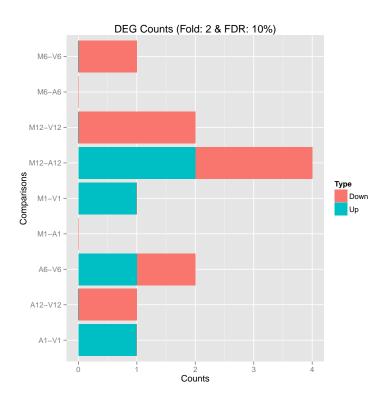


Figure 3: Up and down regulated DEGs.

- > names(DEG_list)
- > DEG_list\$Summary

5.10 GO term enrichment analysis of DEGs

Instructions for obtaining GO annotations from *biomaRt*. Note there are usually various alternative sources from where those annotations can be obtained, including the *.db genome annotation packages from Bioconductor.

```
> library("biomaRt")
> listMarts() # Choose BioMart databases, here vb_mart_22 (VectorBase)
> m <- useMart("ENSEMBL_MART_PLANT"); listDatasets(m) # Choose genome from VectorBase, here aaegypti_eg_geners
> m <- useMart("ENSEMBL_MART_PLANT", dataset="athaliana_eg_gene")
> listAttributes(m) # Choose data types you want to download
> go <- getBM(attributes=c("go_accession", "tair_locus", "go_namespace_1003"), mart=m)
> go <- go[go[,3]!="",]; go[,3] <- as.character(go[,3])
> go[go[,3]=="molecular_function", 3] <- "F"; go[go[,3]=="biological_process", 3] <- "P"; go[go[,3]=="cell"]
> go[1:4,]
> dir.create("./data/GO")
> write.table(go, "data/GO/GOannotationsBiomart_mod.txt", quote=FALSE, row.names=FALSE, col.names=FALSE, sol.names=FALSE, sol.names=FALSE, sol.names=FALSE, sol.names=FALSE)
> readGOorg(myfile = "data/GO/GOannotationsBiomart_mod.txt", outdir="data/GO", colno = c(1,2,3))
> gene2GOlist(outdir="data/GO", rootUK=FALSE)
```

Running the enrichment analysis

```
> edgeDF <- read.delim("results/edgeRglm_allcomp.xls", row.names=1, check.names=FALSE)
> DEGlist <- filterDEGs(degDF=edgeDF, filter=c(Fold=2, FDR=5))
> up_down <- DEGlist$UporDown; names(up_down) <- paste(names(up_down), "_up_down", sep="")
> up <- DEGlist$Up; names(up) <- paste(names(up), "_up", sep="")</pre>
```

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```
> down <- DEGlist$Down; names(down) <- paste(names(down), "_down", sep="")
> DEGlist <- c(up_down, up, down)
> DEGlist <- DEGlist[sapply(DEGlist, length) > 0]
> loadData("data/GO")
> BatchResult <- GOCluster_Report(setlist=DEGlist, method="all", id_type="gene", CLSZ=10, cutoff=0.9, gocated to be a substant of the substant of th
```

6 Version Information

> goBarplot(gos, gocat="CC")

- > toLatex(sessionInfo())
 - R version 3.1.0 (2014-04-10), x86_64-unknown-linux-gnu
 - Locale: C
 - Base packages: base, datasets, grDevices, graphics, grid, methods, parallel, stats, utils
 - Other packages: AnnotationDbi 1.26.0, BSgenome 1.32.0, Biobase 2.24.0, BiocGenerics 0.10.0, BiocParallel 0.6.1, Biostrings 2.32.0, Category 2.30.0, DBI 0.2-7, GO.db 2.14.0, GOstats 2.30.0, GenomeInfoDb 1.0.2, GenomicAlignments 1.0.1, GenomicRanges 1.16.3, IRanges 1.22.9, Matrix 1.1-4, RSQLite 0.11.4, Rsamtools 1.16.1, ShortRead 1.22.0, XVector 0.4.0, annotate 1.42.0, edgeR 3.6.2, ggplot2 1.0.0, graph 1.42.0, limma 3.20.6, rjson 0.2.14, systemPipeR 1.0.11
 - Loaded via a namespace (and not attached): AnnotationForge 1.6.1, BBmisc 1.7, BatchJobs 1.2, BiocStyle 1.2.0, GSEABase 1.26.0, MASS 7.3-33, RBGL 1.40.0, RColorBrewer 1.0-5, Rcpp 0.11.2, XML 3.98-1.1, bitops 1.0-6, brew 1.0-6, checkmate 1.0, codetools 0.2-8, colorspace 1.2-4, digest 0.6.4, fail 1.2, foreach 1.4.2, genefilter 1.46.1, gtable 0.1.2, hwriter 1.3, iterators 1.0.7, lattice 0.20-29, latticeExtra 0.6-26, munsell 0.4.2, plyr 1.8.1, proto 0.3-10, reshape2 1.4, scales 0.2.4, sendmailR 1.1-2, splines 3.1.0, stats4 3.1.0, stringr 0.6.2, survival 2.37-7, tools 3.1.0, xtable 1.7-3, zlibbioc 1.10.0

7 Funding

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8 References

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