# **Map-aware Motion Prediction**

Course 4, Module 2, Lesson 2



## **Learning Objectives**

- Describing a set of assumptions made by map-aware algorithms to improve motion prediction
- Define a lane follow method to improve positional prediction
  - Identify strategies to handle multiple future lane choices
- Determine methods for velocity modulation around regulatory elements
- Identify issues and short-falls with the map-aware assumptions

## **Assumptions to Improve Prediction**

#### Positional Assumptions

- Vehicles on driving lane usually follow the given drive lane
- Changing drive lanes is usually prompted by an indicator signal



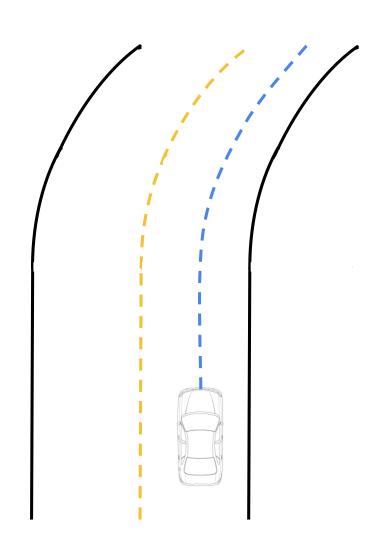
#### Velocity Assumptions

- Vehicles usually modify their velocity when approaching restrictive geometry (tight turns)
- Vehicles usually modify the velocity when approaching regulatory elements



#### **Improvement of Position Estimation**

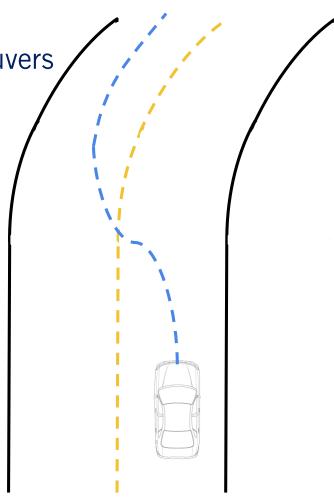
- Roadways with natural curvature
- Vehicles on drive lane usually follow the given drive lane
- The predicted path is set to follow the center of the driving lane which the dynamic vehicle is on



## **Improvement of Path Prediction**

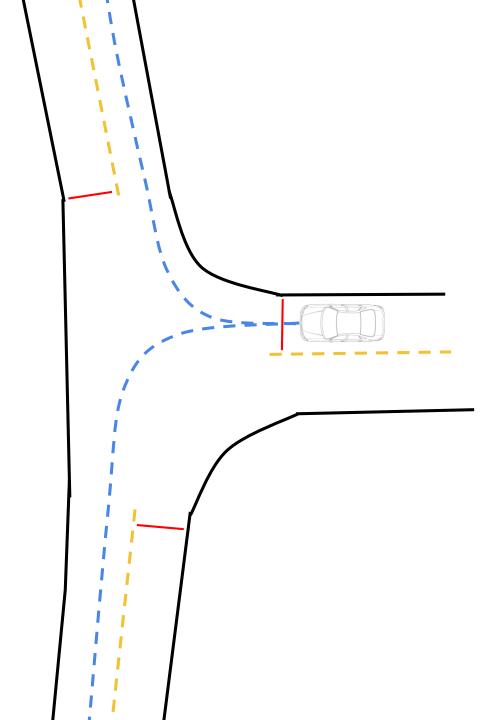
• Problems with the model:

 Difficult to predict lane change maneuvers without extra information



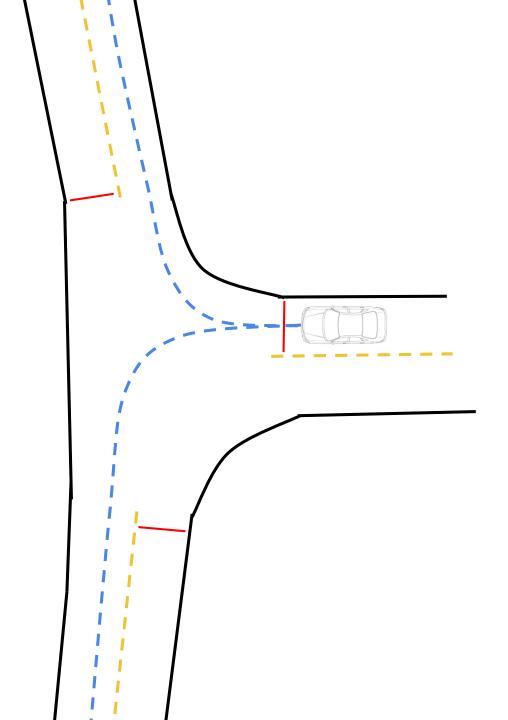
## **Improvement of Path Prediction**

- Problems with the model:
  - Difficult to predict lane change maneuvers without extra information
  - Multiple possible lanelets such as when on an intersection



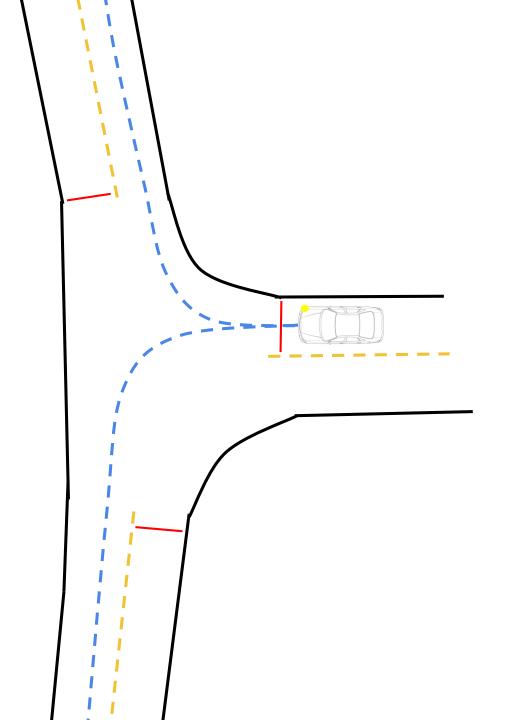
# **Improvement of Path Prediction**

- Solution with the model:
  - Most likely prediction
  - Multi-hypothesis prediction



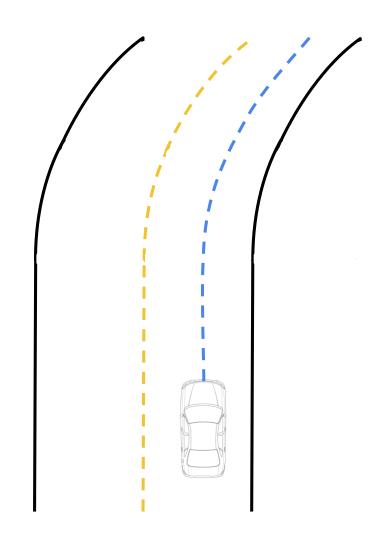
## **Multi-hypothesis Approach**

- Consider the range of all possible motions
  - Left, right, stay stopped
- Provides more information to local planner
- Safer due to human error (forgotten turn signal)



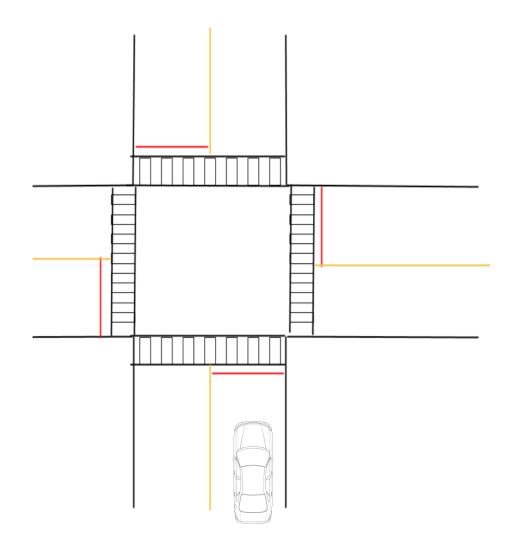
## Improvements to Velocity Prediction

- Road curvature can be used to improve the velocity prediction over the path
  - Maximum lateral acceleration:
    0.5 -1 m/s<sup>2</sup>



## Improvements to Velocity Prediction

- Road curvature can be used to improve the velocity prediction over the path
- Improve the velocity prediction based on regulatory elements in the environment
  - Stop locations, deceleration profiles
  - Lanelet priors



## **Issues with the Assumptions**

- Vehicles don't always stay within their lane or stop at regulatory elements
- Vehicles off of the road map cannot be predicted using this method

#### **Summary**

- Described a set of assumptions made by map-aware algorithms to improve motion prediction
- Defined position-based and velocity-based prediction enhancements
  - Identify strategies to generated multiple hypotheses
- Identified issues with the map-aware assumptions
- Next: Calculating time to collision