Dijkstra's Shortest Path Search

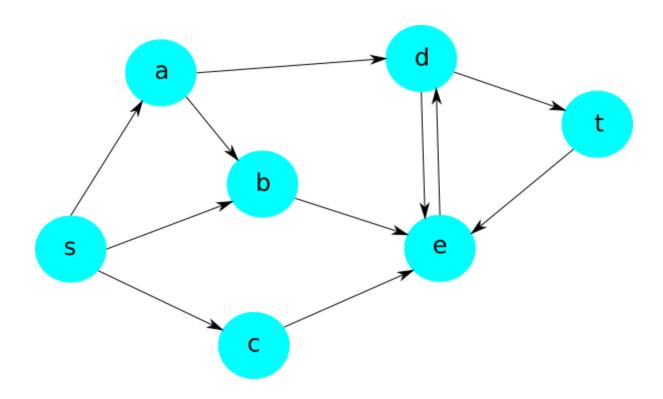
Course 4, Module 3, Lesson 2



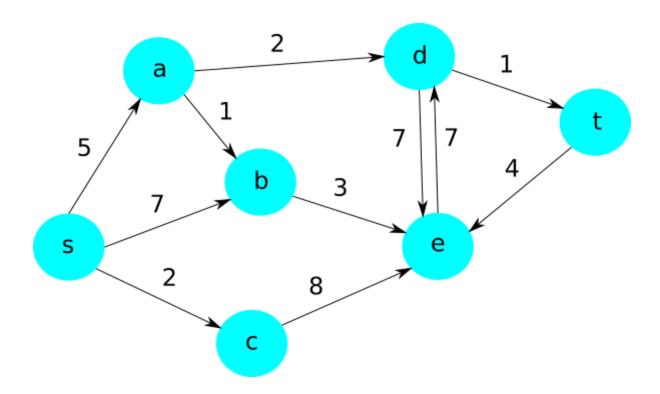
Learning Objectives

- Understand the difference between weighted and unweighted graphs
- Recognize the value of weighted graphs to the mission planning problem
- Be able to implement Dijkstra's algorithm in a mission planning context to find the shortest path to a destination in a graph

Unweighted Graph



Weighted Graph



Dijkstra's Algorithm

Algorithm Dijkstra's(G,s,t)

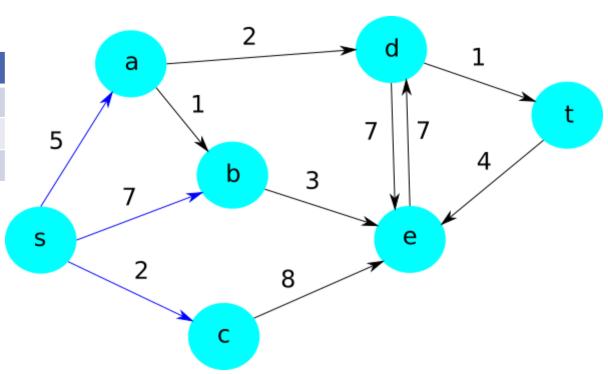
```
open ← MinHeap()
      closed \leftarrow Set()
      predecessors ← Dict()
      open. push(s, 0)
      while!open.isEmpty() do
6.
         u, uCost \leftarrow open. pop()
        if isGoal(u) then
8.
           return extractPath(u, predecessors)
        for all v \in u. successors()
10.
           if v \in closed then
11.
               continue
12.
           uvCost \leftarrow edgeCost(G, u, v)
13.
           if v \in \text{open then}
14.
               if uCost + uvCost < open[v] then
15.
                   open[v] \leftarrow uCost + uvCost
16.
                   predecessors[v] \leftarrow u
17.
           else
18.
               open. push(v, uCost + uvCost)
               predecessors [v] \leftarrow u
19.
20.
         closed. add(u)
```

Example - Processing s

Open Min Heap:

Node	Cost to vertex
С	2
а	5
b	7

Closed Set: s



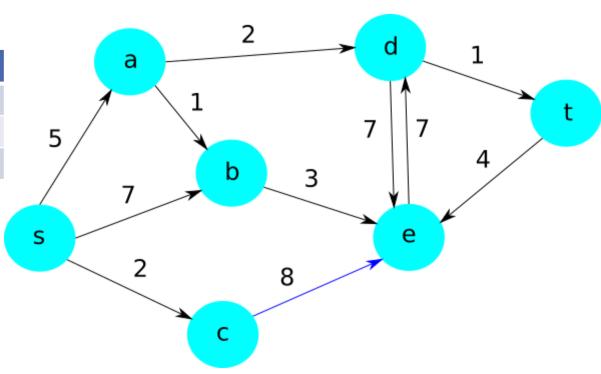
Example - Processing c

Open Min Heap:

Node	Cost to vertex
а	5
b	7
е	10

Closed Set: s

C



Example - Processing a

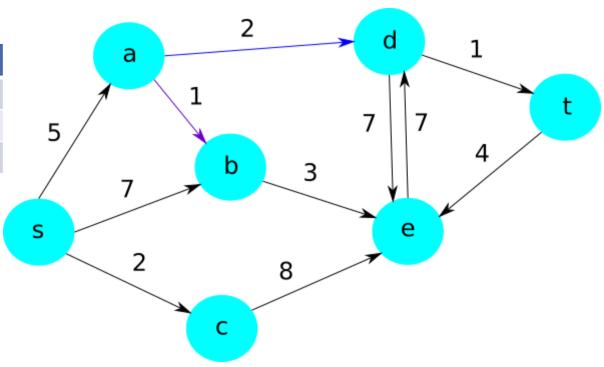
Open Min Heap:

Node	Cost to go
b	6
d	7
е	10

Closed Set: s

C

a



Example - Processing b

Open Min Heap:

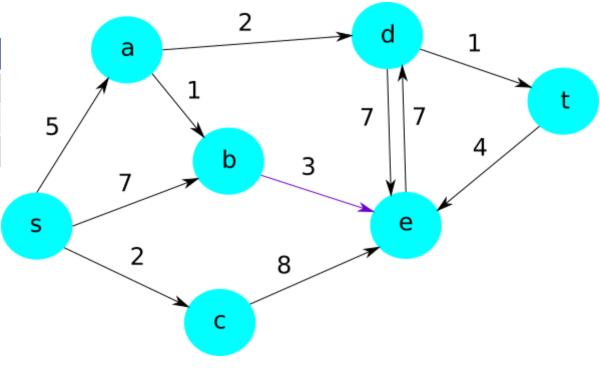
Node	Cost to go
d	7
е	9

Closed Set: s

C

a

b



Example - Processing d

Open Min Heap:

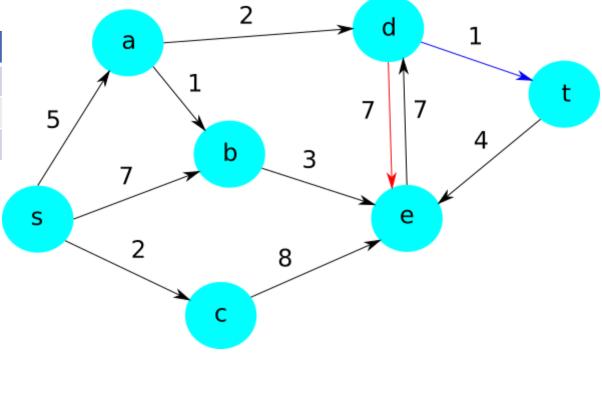
Node	Cost to go
t	8
е	9

Closed Set: s

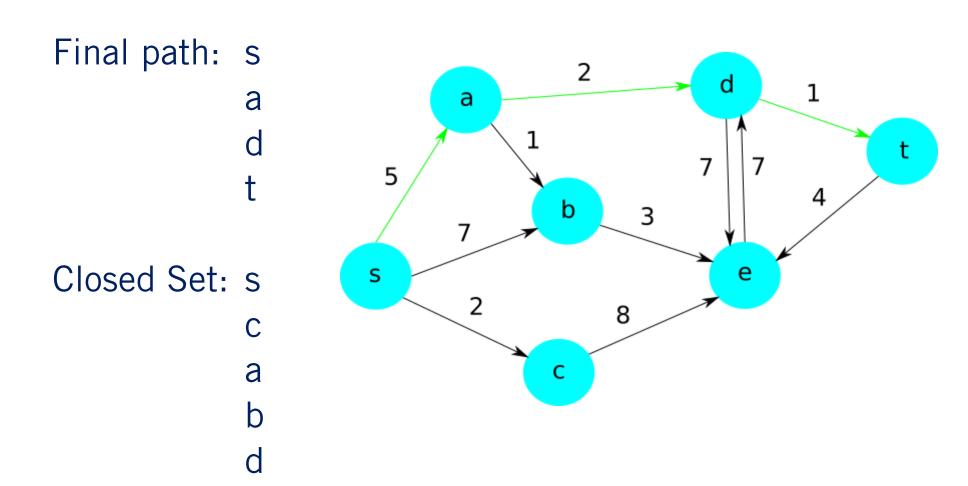
a

b

d



Example - Optimal Path



Search on a Map

- Example map of Berkeley, California
 - o 2,097 vertices
 - o 5,740 edges
- Example map of New York City, New York
 - 54,837 vertices
 - o 140,497 edges





Summary

- Introduced the concept of a weighted graph
- Developed the use case of a weighted graph for mission planning
- Introduced Dijkstra's algorithm for searching weighted graphs for the shortest path to a destination



