TÖL304G Forritunarmál

Hópverkefni 9

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Kóði:

Kóðinn er á mynda-formi svo að syntax helst og kóðinn sé eins auðlesinn og hægt er. Sé þörf á að eiga við kóðann má finna hann í viðauka 1 aftast í skýrslunni.

```
;;; Design document
;;; -----
;;; Exported
;;; Use: val s = makeSet();
;;; Pre: Nothing.
;;; Post: s contains a new empty set of
;;; values that are allowed as
       arguments to the imported function comp.
;;;
;;; Imported
;;; Use: val c = comp(x,y);
;;; Pre: x and y are values that are
        allowed to be stored in the sets
        implemented here.
;;; Post: c is an integer that is <0 if x
;;; must precede y, >0 if y must
       precede x, and ==0 if x and y
        are equal.
;;; Note: comp should define an ordering on
;;; the values allowed in the sets.
;;; The ordering should ensure that
        any finite set of values has a
        least element.
;;;
;;; Use: s.add(x);
;;; Pre: s is a set that can contain x.
;;; Post: x has been added to s if it was
;;; not already in s. If x was
        was already in s then s is
        unchanged.
;;;
```

```
;;;
;;; Use: val e = s.isEmpty();
;;; Pre: s is a set.
;;; Post: e contains true if s is empty,
         false otherwise.
777
;;; Use: val c = s.contains(x);
;;; Pre: s is a set that can contain x.
;;; Post: c is true if s contains x, false
         otherwise.
;;;
;;; Use: val m = s.min();
;;; Pre: s is a set, not empty.
;;; Post: m is the minimal value in s,
         according to the imported
         function comp.
;;;
;;;
;;; Use: s.remove(x);
;;; Pre: s is a set that can contain x.
;;; Post: If s contained x then x has
        been removed from s, otherwise
         s is unchanged.
111
;;; Use: val r = s.mapReduce(op,f,u);
;;; Pre: s is a set.
;;;
        op is a binary function,
         f is a unary function.
;;;
         u is some value such that
         the expression in the post-
;;;
         condition can be computed.
;;;
;;; Post: The expression
          u ! f(x1) ! f(x2) ! ... ! f(xN)
        has been computed, where x!y
         is equivalent to op(x,y) and
;;;
         the computation is performed
;;;
        from left to right, and the
;;;
         values x1,x2,...,xN are all the
;;;
         values in s in ascending order.
;;;
```

```
......
"set.mmod" =
makeSet = fun makeSet();
}}
{ {
makeSet =
  obj()
   {
      var set;
      ;;; Data invariant:
      ;;; set contains a set of integers x1, x2, ..., xN, represented by a
list of integers [x1, x2, ..., xN].
      msg add(x)
         if (this.contains(x) == false)
          {
            set = x:set;
          }
      };
      msg isEmpty()
         set == [];
```

};

```
msg contains(x)
       if (set == [])
           false;
       }
       else
        {
           val f = filterList(fun(z){z==x}, set);
           if (f == null)
           {
              false;
           else
              true;
           }
       }
   };
   msg min()
       minHelper(head(set), set);
   };
   msg remove(x)
       if (this.contains(x))
           set = filterList(fun(z){z!=x}, set);
       }
   };
   msg mapReduce(op,f,u)
      mapReduceHelper(op, f, u, set);
   };
};
```

```
;;; Helper functions.
;;; Use: val m = minHelper(x, thisList);
;;; Pre: x is an integer.
           thisList is a set of integers x1, x2, ..., xN.
;;; Post: Minimum number
minHelper =
    fun(x, thisList)
        if (head(thisList) < x)</pre>
            if (tail(thisList) == null)
               x;
             }
             else
                minHelper(head(thisList), tail(thisList));
        }
        else
            if (tail(thisList) == null)
                 x;
             }
             else
                minHelper(x, tail(thisList));
            }
        }
    };
```

```
;;; Use: mapReduceHelper(op, f, u, x);
   ;;; Pre: op is a function 'c -> 'b -> 'c,
              f is a function 'a -> 'b,
    ;;;
               u is a value of type 'c,
               x=x1, s2, ..., xN is a set of values of type 'a.
   ;;; Post: u+f(x1)+f(x2)+...+f(xN), calculated from left to right,
               where p+g = (op p q). This is a value of type 'c.
   mapReduceHelper =
       fun(op, f, u, x)
           if (x==[])
           {
               u;
           }
           else
           {
               mapReduceHelper(op, f, op(u, f(head(x))), tail(x));
           }
       };
}}
BASIS
```

```
;;; A test program.
"testset.mexe" = main in
{ {
main =
   fun()
    {
       try
        {
           var x = [1,9,2,8,3,7,4,6,5];
           val s = makeSet(); ;;; A set of integers
           while( x )
               ;;; Loop invariant:
               ;;; s contains a subset of the set {1..9}.
               ;;; The list x contains exactly the rest of
               ;;; the set {1..9}.
               s.remove(head(x)); ;;; Should have no effect
               s.add(head(x));
               s.add(head(x)); ;;; Should have no effect
               x = tail(x);
           };
           writeln(s.isEmpty());    ;;; Should write false
           writeln(s.mapReduce(fun(x,y)(x+y),fun(x)(x));
                                                             ;;; Should write 4
           s.mapReduce(fun(x,y){[]},fun(x){write(x)},[]);
                                                              ;;; Should write 1
23456789
           writeln();
           he set
           writeln(s.isEmpty());    ;;; Should write true
       }
       catch (e)
           printExceptionTrace(&e)
       }
   };
}}
"set.mmod"
;;; Use: val c = comp(x,y);
;;; Pre: x and y are integers.
;;; Post: x is <0 if x < y, =0 if x = y, >0 if x > y.
comp =
   fun(x,y)
       x<y && (return -1);</pre>
       y<x && (return 1);</pre>
   };
}}
BASIS
```

```
;;; Another test program.
"testset2.mexe" = main in
{ {
main =
    fun()
    {
        try
        {
            var x = [[1], [9], [2], [8], [3], [7], [4], [6], [5]];
            while( x )
                ;;; Loop invariant:
                ;;; s contains a subset of the set {[1]..[9]}.
                ;;; The list x contains exactly the rest of
                ;;; the set {[1]..[9]}.
                s.remove(head(x)); ;;; Should have no effect
                s.add(head(x));
                s.add(head(x));
                                  ;;; Should have no effect
                x = tail(x);
            writeln(s.isEmpty());
                                   ;;; Should write false
            writeln(s.mapReduce(fun(x,y){x+y},fun(x){head(x)},0)); ;;; Should write
 45
            s.mapReduce(fun(x,y){[]},fun(x){write(x)},[]);
                                                                  ;;; Should write
 [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9]
           writeln();
            while( !s.isEmpty() ) { s.remove(s.min()) };
                                                            ;;; Should empty t
he set
            writeln(s.isEmpty());          ;;; Should write true
        }
       catch (e)
           printExceptionTrace(&e)
        }
    };
}}
"set.mmod"
{ {
;;; Use: val c = comp(x,y);
;;; Pre: x and y are non-empty lists containing integers.
;;; Post: c is <0 if head(x) \leq head(y), =0 if head(x) = head(y),
         >0 if head(x)>head(y).
comp =
    fun(x,y)
       head(x) < head(y) && (return -1);</pre>
       head(y) < head(x) && (return 1);</pre>
       0
    };
}}
BASIS
```

Viðauki 1

```
Kóði:
;;; Design document
;;; ========
;;;
;;; Exported
;;; -----
;;;
;;; Use: val s = makeSet();
;;; Pre: Nothing.
;;; Post: s contains a new empty set of
;;;
       values that are allowed as
       arguments to the imported
•••
      function comp.
•••
,,,
;;; Imported
;;; -----
;;;
;;; Use: val c = comp(x,y);
;;; Pre: x and y are values that are
      allowed to be stored in the sets
•••
,,,
      implemented here.
;;; Post: c is an integer that is <0 if x
      must precede y, >0 if y must
;;;
      precede x, and ==0 if x and y
•••
;;;
      are equal.
;;; Note: comp should define an ordering on
```

```
the values allowed in the sets.
;;;
       The ordering should ensure that
;;;
       any finite set of values has a
;;;
       least element.
;;;
• • • •
;;; Use: s.add(x);
;;; Pre: s is a set that can contain x.
;;; Post: x has been added to s if it was
       not already in s. If x was
;;;
       was already in s then s is
;;;
•••
       unchanged.
;;;
;;; Use: val e = s.isEmpty();
;;; Pre: s is a set.
;;; Post: e contains true if s is empty,
       false otherwise.
,,,
•••
;;; Use: val c = s.contains(x);
;;; Pre: s is a set that can contain x.
;;; Post: c is true if s contains x, false
;;;
       otherwise.
;;; Use: val m = s.min();
;;; Pre: s is a set, not empty.
;;; Post: m is the minimal value in s,
       according to the imported
;;;
       function comp.
,,,
;;;
;;; Use: s.remove(x);
;;; Pre: s is a set that can contain x.
```

```
;;; Post: If s contained x then x has
;;;
      been removed from s, otherwise
      s is unchanged.
;;;
;;;
;;; Use: val r = s.mapReduce(op,f,u);
;;; Pre: s is a set.
      op is a binary function,
;;;
      f is a unary function.
•••
      u is some value such that
;;;
      the expression in the post-
;;;
      condition can be computed.
;;;
;;; Post: The expression
       u ! f(x1) ! f(x2) ! ... ! f(xN)
;;;
;;;
      has been computed, where x!y
      is equivalent to op(x,y) and
;;;
      the computation is performed
•••
      from left to right, and the
•••
      values x1,x2,...,xN are all the
•••
      values in s in ascending order.
;;;
;;;
"set.mmod" =
{{
makeSet = fun makeSet();
}}
!
{{
makeSet =
```

```
obj()
        {
                var set;
               ;;; Data invariant:
                       set contains a set of integers x1, x2, ..., xN, represented by a list of
integers [x1, x2, ..., xN].
               msg add(x)
                {
                       if (this.contains(x) == false)
                        {
                               set = x:set;
                        }
                };
               msg isEmpty()
                {
                       set == [];
                };
               msg contains(x)
                {
                       if (set == [])
                        {
                               false;
                        }
                        else
                        {
                               val f = filterList(fun(z)\{z==x\}, set);
                               if (f == null)
```

```
{
                             false;
                      }
                      else
                      {
                             true;
                      }
               }
       };
       msg min()
       {
              minHelper(head(set), set);
       };
       msg remove(x)
       {
              if (this.contains(x))
               {
                      set = filterList(fun(z)\{z!=x\}, set);
               }
       };
       msg mapReduce(op,f,u)
       {
              mapReduceHelper(op, f, u, set);
       };
};
;;; Helper functions.
```

```
;;; Use:val m = minHelper(x, thisList);
;;;
       Pre:
               x is an integer.
                       thisList is a set of integers x1, x2, ..., xN.
,,,
...
              Minimum number
minHelper =
       fun(x, thisList)
        {
               if (head(thisList) < x)
               {
                       if (tail(thisList) == null)
                       {
                               х;
                       }
                       else
                       {
                               minHelper(head(thisList), tail(thisList));
                       }
               }
               else
               {
                       if (tail(thisList) == null)
                       {
                               х;
                       }
                       else
                       {
                               minHelper(x, tail(thisList));
                       }
               }
```

```
};
```

```
;;; Use:mapReduceHelper(op, f, u, x);
       ;;; Pre: op is a function 'c -> 'b -> 'c,
       ;;;
                               f is a function 'a -> 'b,
                               u is a value of type 'c,
        ;;;
                               x=x1, s2, ..., xN is a set of values of type 'a.
        ;;;
                       u+f(x1)+f(x2)+...+f(xN), calculated from left to right,
       ;;; Post:
                               where p+g = (op p q). This is a value of type 'c.
       ,,,
       mapReduceHelper =
               fun(op, f, u, x)
               {
                       if (x==[])
                       {
                               u;
                       }
                       else
                       {
                               mapReduceHelper(op, f, op(u, f(head(x))), tail(x));
                       }
               };
}}
*
BASIS
;;; A test program.
"testset.mexe" = main in
{{
main =
```

```
fun()
       {
               try
               {
                      var x = [1,9,2,8,3,7,4,6,5];
                      val s = makeSet();
                                             ;;; A set of integers
                      while(x)
                      {
                              ;;; Loop invariant:
                              ;;; s contains a subset of the set \{1..9\}.
                              ;;; The list x contains exactly the rest of
                              ;;; the set {1..9}.
                              s.remove(head(x)); ;;; Should have no effect
                              s.add(head(x));
                              s.add(head(x));
                                                 ;;; Should have no effect
                              x = tail(x);
                      };
                      writeln(s.isEmpty()); ;;; Should write false
                      writeln(s.mapReduce(fun(x,y)\{x+y\},fun(x)\{x\},0));
                                                                               ;;; Should write
45
                      s.mapReduce(fun(x,y){[]},fun(x){write(x)},[]);
                                                                             ;;; Should write
123456789
                      writeln();
                      while(!s.isEmpty()) { s.remove(s.min()) };
                                                                          ;;; Should empty the
set
                      writeln(s.isEmpty()); ;;; Should write true
               }
               catch(e)
               {
                      printExceptionTrace(&e)
               }
       };
```

```
}}
"set.mmod"
{ {
;;; Use: val c = comp(x,y);
;;; Pre: x and y are integers.
;;; Post: x is <0 if x<y, =0 if x==y, >0 if x>y.
comp =
       fun(x,y)
       {
              x<y && (return -1);
              y<x && (return 1);
               0
       };
}}
*
BASIS
;;; Another test program.
"testset2.mexe" = main in
{{
main =
  fun()
  {
     try
     {
       var x = [[1],[9],[2],[8],[3],[7],[4],[6],[5]];
       val s = makeSet(); ;;; A set of non-empty integer lists
```

```
while(x)
       {
          ;;; Loop invariant:
          ;;; s contains a subset of the set {[1]..[9]}.
          ;;; The list x contains exactly the rest of
          ;;; the set {[1]..[9]}.
          s.remove(head(x)); ;;; Should have no effect
          s.add(head(x));
                            ;;; Should have no effect
          s.add(head(x));
          x = tail(x);
       };
       writeln(s.isEmpty()); ;;; Should write false
       writeln(s.mapReduce(fun(x,y)\{x+y\},fun(x)\{head(x)\},0)); ;;; Should write 45
       s.mapReduce(fun(x,y){[]},fun(x){write(x)},[]);
                                                              ;;; Should write
[1][2][3][4][5][6][7][8][9]
       writeln();
       while(!s.isEmpty()) { s.remove(s.min()) };
                                                          ;;; Should empty the set
       writeln(s.isEmpty()); ;;; Should write true
     }
     catch(e)
     {
       printExceptionTrace(&e)
     }
  };
}}
"set.mmod"
{{
;;; Use: val c = comp(x,y);
;;; Pre: x and y are non-empty lists containing integers.
```