

# Biostatistics BT2023

Lecture 2 and 3: UNIX programing, GNU Plotting

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#### What is UNIX

- Introduced in 1969 in BELL labs (NOKIA), it is a multitasking operating system.
- The idea was to have a convenient platform for programmers developing software.
- GNU is an extensive collection of free software; 383 packages until January 2022
- BASH (Bourne-Again SHell), GRUB, GCC, GFORTRAN, GNUPLOT etc
- Text editor "vi"
- sed, awk,



## **Text Editors**

- Notepad
- Emacs
- Vim

Command mode
Insert mode
Replace mode

- pwd
- mkdir
- cd
- Is -Itr
- grep egrep
- find
- awk
- clear
- du -sh
- alias in bash
- cat
- >>
- history
- tab
- date
- head
- tail
- More

## **Basic UNIX commands**

- cp -r
- rm -f
- mv
- ssh
- scp
- ipconfig
- rsync
- chmod
- any\_command -h or -help
- tab to complete
- control r to back search
- expr

!!! Disclaimer: Do not try to memorize these commands

Save your memory to better things, its enough to know there

exists a tool called sed, awk, cat, grep etc

#### What is Truth



- Belief: A statement that is not scientifically provable in the same way as facts, laws, hypotheses or theories. Scientifically disproven beliefs can still be held to be true.
- Hypothesis: A tentative statement such as if A happens then B must happen that can be tested by direct experiment or observation. A proven hypothesis can be expressed as a law or a theory. A disproven hypothesis can sometimes be retested and found correct as measurements improve.
- Conjectures: An idea, hypothesis is a conjecture which can be tested.
- **Fact:** A basic statement established by experiment or observation. All facts are true under specific conditions. Some facts may be false when re-tested with better instruments.
- Law: A logical relationship between two or more things that is based on a variet y of facts and proven hypothesis. It is often a mathematical statement of how two or more quantities relate to each other.
- Theory: An explanation for why certain laws and facts exist that can be tested to determine its accuracy.



## **Python**

Python is an object oriented high level programming language Conceived in 1980 in Netherlands.

## **Objects**

Data

Procedure



#### **Statistics**

## **Descriptive statistics**

Summarize important characteristics of a set of measurements

#### Inferential statistics

Procedure for making inferences about the population's characteristics drawn from the sample



## Population, Sampling and statistical inference



Sampling has to random

**Example**: Poll results by calling few homes

Average salary by collecting data at IITH



# Steps for inferential statistics

- Specify the question and identify the populations.
- How to select sample
- Select the sample and analyze the information
- Make the inference about the population
- Determine the reliability of inference



## **Descriptive statistics**

#### Variable

Independent variable (x axis)

Dependent variable (y axis)

sin(x)

X

**Qualitative** 

Quantitative

Discrete Continuous

Number of patient We

Students infected with COVID

weight

height

distance

**CGPA** 

Example

Cases by Country Reported by MHLW as of April 19, 2020

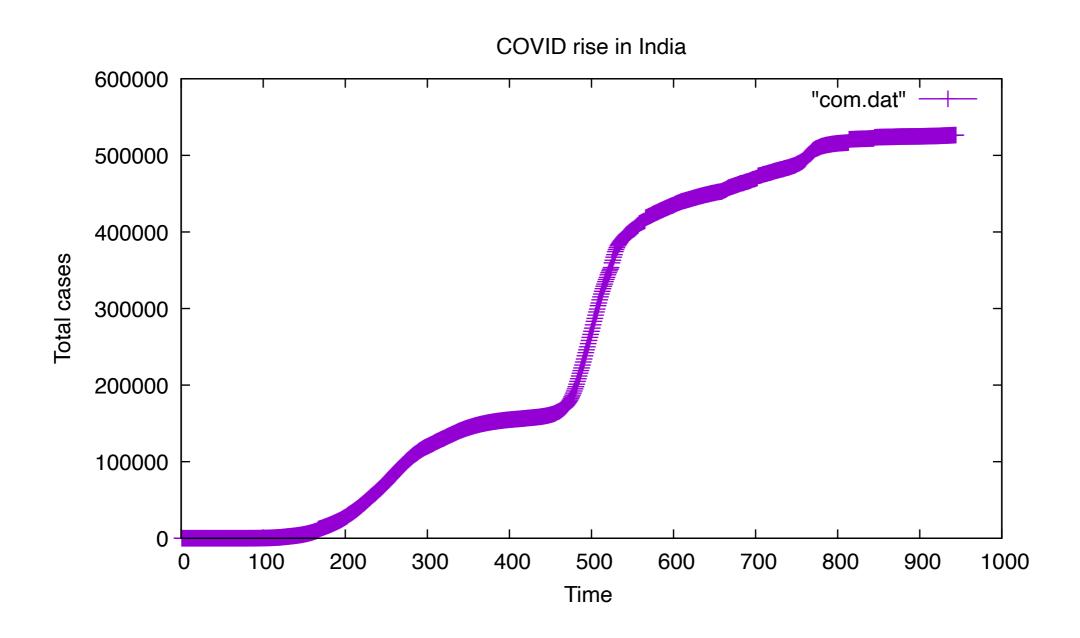
	Infections	Fatalities
United States	726,645	38,664
Spain	191.726	20,043
Italy	175,925	23,227
Germany	143,160	4,459
Britain	114,217	15,464
France	111,821	19,323
China	82,735	4,632
Turkey	82,329	1,890
Iran	80,868	5,031
Russia	36,738	515
South Korea	10,661	234
Japan	10,361	161

Created by Nippan.com based on data from the Ministry of Health, Labor, and Welfard.

# Some plotting software

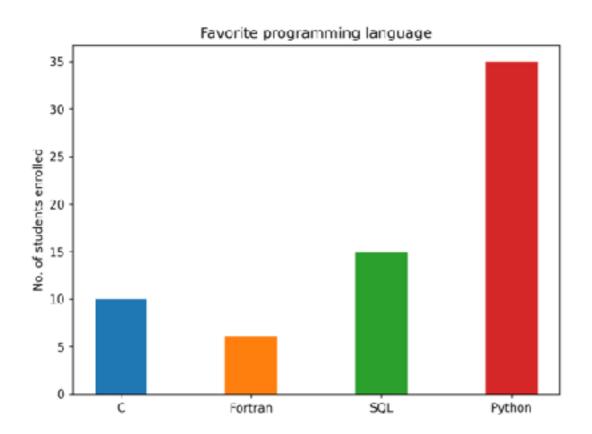
- GNUPLOT
- MATLAB
- MATHMATICA
- XMGRACE
- ORIGIN
- PYTHON (MATPLOTLIB PYPLOT)

# Line plot

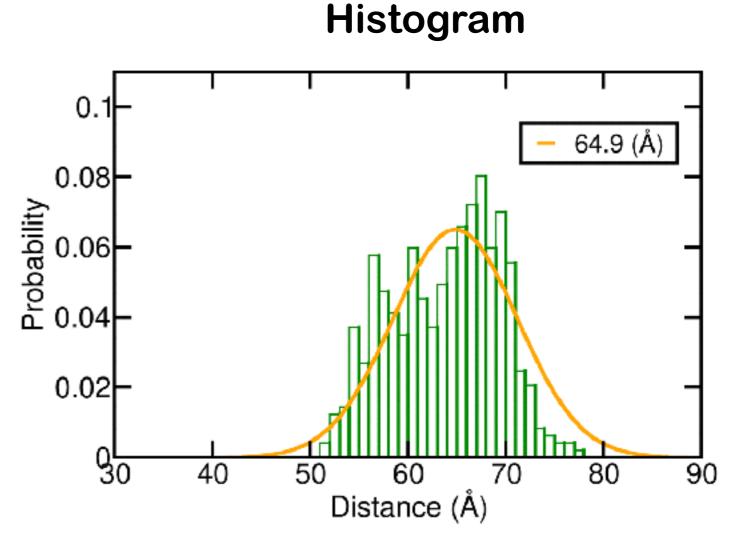


# Histogram and bar plot

## **Bar plot**



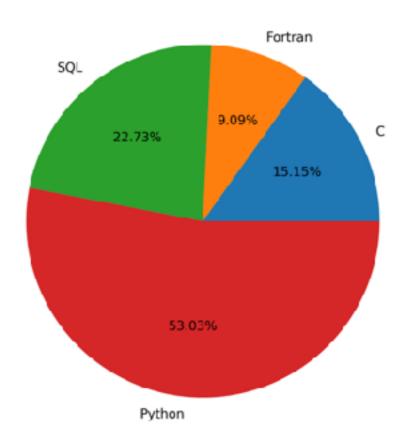
diagrammatic comparison of discrete variables



frequency distribution of continuous variables.

# Making "nice" plots

- Making an "<u>informative</u>, <u>easy to interpret</u> and <u>attractive</u>" plot is important, it makes your statement more clear and help during discussions, presentations etc.
- To solve the problem, the first step is to identify what the problem is
- What is wrong with the chart on the left

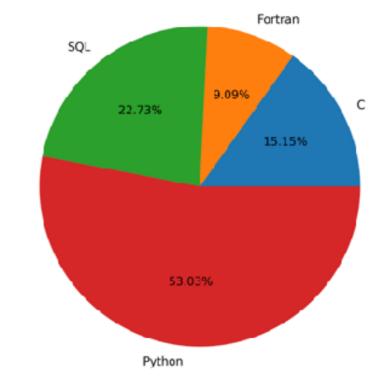


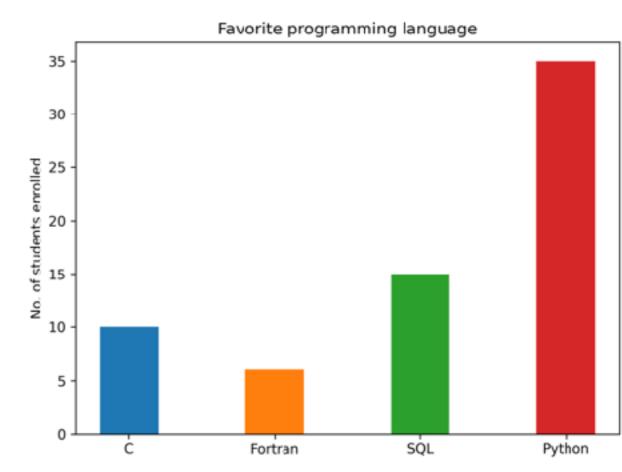


# **Converting data into figures**

Favorite programming language	Number of students
C	10
Python	35
Fortran	6
SQL	15

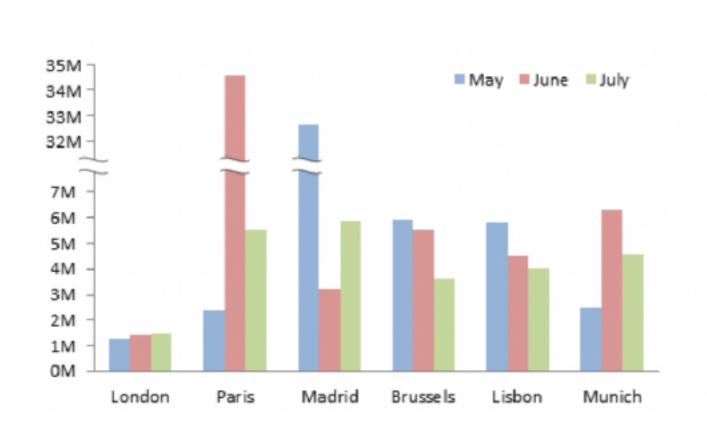
Problems with Pie chart or bar plot?



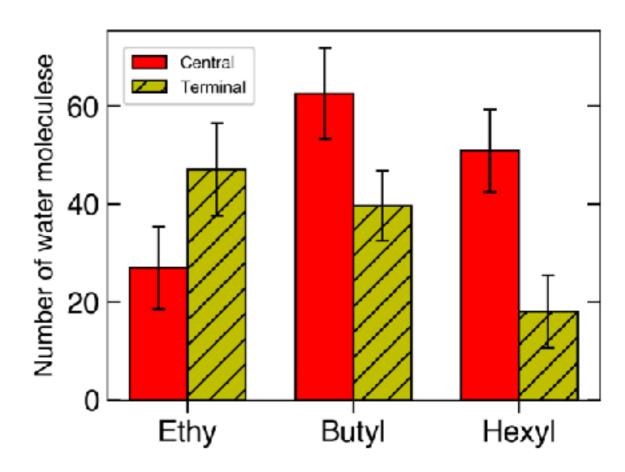


# Some more about bar plot

### **Broken axis**



## **Error bars**





#### What is UNIX

- GUI vs command base interface
- There is always a computer code for GUI based interface
- Command based interface is suitable for programmers.
- Every action you do with mouse has a command version, so you see that programmers do not use mouse.

Name a command you use in GUI, we will try to see what is syntax



## **Next Class**

2:30 PM Friday, 11 August 2022

Plotting and data visualization continue .....

**Python programming**