

# Summary of General 4-parameter Response Function with different skewness controls

$$R(T) = \frac{\alpha f(T, s) (T_{pk}^* - T)}{\sigma} \left[ 2 - \frac{(T_{pk}^* - T)}{\sigma} \right]$$

$\alpha$  = height of response

$\sigma$  = breadth of response

$s$  = skewness control

$T_{pk}^*$  = shifted peak temperature.

3 good examples/choices:

Power Law:  $\Rightarrow T_{pk}^* = T_{pk} \left( \frac{s+1}{s} \right)$  (true peak temperature,  $s=n$  in earlier notes)

$$\Rightarrow R(T) = \frac{\alpha T^s [T_{pk} (\frac{s+1}{s}) - T]}{\sigma} \left[ 2 - \frac{(T_{pk} (\frac{s+1}{s}) - T)}{\sigma} \right]$$

(2) Q10 exponential:

$$f(T, s) = e^{sT} \Rightarrow T_{pk}^* = T_{pk} + \frac{1}{s}$$

$$\Rightarrow R(T) = \frac{\alpha e^{sT} [(T_{pk} + \frac{1}{s}) - T]}{\sigma} \left[ 2 - \frac{((T_{pk} + \frac{1}{s}) - T)}{\sigma} \right]$$

(3) Boltzmann-Arrhenius expression:

$$f(T, s) = e^{-\frac{s}{T}} \Rightarrow T_{pk}^* = T_{pk} (1 - \frac{T_{pk}}{s}) \quad (s = \frac{E}{k} \text{ for Boltzmann})$$

$$\Rightarrow R(T) = \frac{\alpha e^{-\frac{s}{T}} [T_{pk} (1 - \frac{T_{pk}}{s}) - T]}{\sigma} \left[ 2 - \frac{(T_{pk} (1 - \frac{T_{pk}}{s}) - T)}{\sigma} \right]$$