

1. 设  $f(x) = x^2$ ,  $0 \leq x \leq 1$ , 而  $S(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin n\pi x$ , 其  $b_n = 2 \int_0^1 f(x) \sin n\pi x dx$ ,

$n=1, 2, \dots$ , 则  $S(-\frac{1}{2}) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ ; 设  $x^2 = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n \cos nx$ ,  $-\pi \leq x \leq \pi$ , 则  $a_2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .

解  $S(-\frac{1}{2}) = -S(\frac{1}{2}) = -\frac{1}{4}$ ;  $a_2 = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x^2 \cos 2x dx = 1$

2. 设  $f(x)$  是周期为  $2\pi$  的周期函数, 且  $f(x)$  在  $[-\pi, \pi)$  上的表达式为

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & -\pi \leq x < 0 \\ x, & 0 \leq x < \pi \end{cases}, \quad f(x) \text{ 的傅里叶级数 } \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx) \text{ 的和}$$

函数为  $S(x)$ , 则  $S(9\pi) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ ,  $b_3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .

解

$$S(x) = S(\pm k \cdot 2\pi + \alpha) = S(\pm k \cdot 2l + \alpha) = S(\alpha)$$

$$S(9\pi) = S(4 \times 2\pi + \pi) = S(\pi) = \frac{0 + \pi}{2} = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$b_3 = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin 3x dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x \sin 3x dx = \frac{1}{3}$$

3. 设  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x+1, & 0 \leq x \leq \frac{1}{2} \\ x-1, & \frac{1}{2} < x \leq 1 \end{cases}$   $S(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin n\pi x$  ( $-\infty < x < +\infty$ ), 其中

$b_n = 2 \int_0^1 f(x) \sin n\pi x dx$ , 则  $S(-\frac{5}{2})$  等于 ( )

(A)  $-\frac{1}{2}$       (B)  $\frac{1}{2}$       (C)  $-\frac{3}{2}$       (D)  $\frac{3}{2}$

解  $S(-\frac{5}{2}) = S(-2 - \frac{1}{2}) = S(-\frac{1}{2}) = -S(\frac{1}{2}) = -\frac{1}{2}$